

THE QUINCY PATRIOT.

DEVOTED TO MORALS, EDUCATION, AGRICULTURE, NEWS AND GENERAL LITERATURE.

VOLUME XIX.

QUINCY, MASS., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1854.

NUMBER XL.

Apothecary Store.
MRS. F. HAYDEN returns thanks to her friends and the public, for their long-continued patronage, and offers an enlarged stock of superior Family Medicines, selected with care.
Also—various articles for Invalids: Pearls and prepared Barkley, Parina, Grains, cracked Wheat, Sage, Tanica, Oat-flour, Corn Starch, Broom, &c. Jellies, Raspberry and Lemon Syrup, Guava Paste, &c. Shoulder Braces and Supporters of various kinds, Gum Elastic Breast Pumps, Glass Pipes and Shells, patent Inflating Shields, Tubes, and Belts, spread Plasters, Glass and Metal Syringes, Bed-pans, Horse-shoe Nipples, Fresh Brooches, &c. &c.
Fresh European Leeches always on hand.
Physicians' prescriptions put up with care and attention.
She is also receiving the new and popular medicine of the day, as they appear in this and other cities. Washington, near of Stone Temple, Quincy, Nov. 1.

Botanic Medicine Depot,
Corner of Hancock and Granite Streets.

DR. MARDEN having taken the stand formerly kept by Dr. Goodnow, and having made considerable additions to his former stock of
Medicine, Perfumery, Fancy Articles, &c., &c., &c.
he now offers them to the public on the most reasonable terms. He is happy to say, that his stock of Medicines comprises every kind of the articles used in the Reformed Practice of Medicine, carefully selected and of the first quality; and having secured the services of a person of long experience in the business, he is confident every reasonable expectation will be gratified.
Quincy, Nov. 26.

Paper Hangings.
JUST received new styles of Paper Hangings, and for sale cheap for cash.
DANIEL BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, March 25.

A Great Book!
For Bookellers and Agents for every Town and City in New England to sell.

Mrs. Stowe's New Work,
ENTITLED
SUNNY MEMORIES,

FOREIGN LANDS.
A Book of Travels.

By Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe.
Author of 'Uncle Tom's Cabin,' &c.
Compressed in Two Volumes, duodecimo, of over Eight Hundred Pages, elegantly printed, and
Illustrated with Sixty-six Engravings, from designs by Billings and other artists.
PRICE—TWO DOLLARS.

PERSONS desiring of engaging in the sale of the above Book, will find it a profitable investment, as our new work, by the author of 'Uncle Tom's Cabin' will be eagerly sought for by the thousands who have read that book, and there is already a family in New England but will be induced to purchase a copy.
A liberal discount made to Bookellers, Agents, and others, who wish to engage in the sale of the above.
Circulars, containing particulars in regard to price, etc., furnished on application to the publishers.

Phillips, Sampson & Co.,
Publishers and Booksellers,
110 Washington Street,
Boston, July 22.

Dried Apples.
2000 POUNDS for sale cheap for cash.
DANIEL BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, March 25.

Soaps and Perfumes.
CHOICE Soaps and Perfumes, and various other articles for the Toilette.
Glen's Pearl Powder; Harrison's Magnolia; Shand's Lily White; Swift's Ointment and Ointment; Chinese Mercurial; 2 celebrated Toilet Powder; French's Toilet Powder for infants; Puff Boxes; &c., &c.
For sale by
MRS. F. HAYDEN.
Quincy, March 11.

New Grocery
AND
PROVISION STORE!
THE Store lately occupied by J. & H. H. FAXON, has been leased by the subscriber, and will be occupied for the sale of
W. L. GORDON, Groceries, Provisions, Stone and Earthen Ware.
He hopes, by offering to the public a varied and carefully selected stock, at the lowest prices, to secure favor and patronage. He will respectfully solicit a call from all desiring goods of any kind in his line.
OZEN JOSELYN.
Quincy, Nov. 12.

Painted Carpeting.
4, 6, 8, 10—of the best quality, for sale by
J. W. MUNROE.
Quincy, July 12.

Cramps, Pains, etc.
MRS. HAYDEN's Emulsion, for External and Internal Use, to relieve cramps, pains, spasms, etc., etc. Put up in bottles of three and six—each for sale by
MRS. F. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Feb. 11.

Tooth Ache!
NEVER any person aches, who is afflicted with the Tooth Ache, that he may find relief at Dr. MARDEN'S, which will effect an instantaneous and permanent cure without the cold or the least danger of injury from the application of the remedy.
Quincy, Dec. 24.

For the Complexion
EMPIRICAL Orange Flower Lotion, Fontaine's Balm of a Thousand Flowers, Milk of Rose, Ammoniac for Tan Sunburn, &c., &c. For sale by
MRS. F. HAYDEN.
Quincy, May 7.

OFFICE OF PUBLICATION,
Over I. W. Munroe's Store, on Hancock Street

JOHN A. GREEN, Editor.

CONDITIONS.

Two Dollars per annum in advance, and if delayed until the end of the year, then THREE Dollars will be required.
No subscription nor advertisement will be discontinued previous to the payment of all arrears, unless at the option of the publisher.
Advertisements correctly and conspicuously inserted at the customary prices, and will be charged for until ordered out.
The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to their own immediate business.
Letters and communications, postage paid, will receive early attention.

AGENTS.

The following gentlemen are authorized to receive pay and requested to procure subscribers:
Railway Village, JOSIAH BABCOCK.
West District, GEORGE H. LOCKE.
Milton, CHARLES BEECH.
Dorchester, ORIN P. BACON.
Weymouth, F. A. KINGSBURY.
Abington, JOSEPH CLEVELAND.
Salem, SAMUEL A. TURNER.
New York City, FREEMAN H. TURNER.
Brooklyn, (N. Y.), GERSHOM DREW.

Miscellaneous.

One of the Mean Men.

Many instances have been cited of meanness, and several persons have been held up as examples, possessing that quality in a superlative degree. One of the most 'eminent' men of this class was a 'boss carpenter.' He had, of course, a youngest apprentice, on whom his meanness was concentrated, like the rays of the sun converged by a burning glass.

The boy, whom we will call Joe, and who was very cunning and shrewd wital, was obliged to submit to much rigor as regarded the severity of his labors and the scantiness of his clothing and food. One evening Joe was slipping on the fragments of a repast that had been set before some guests—the good wife had 'company' that afternoon—and he committed the enormity of applying a lump of butter that was left on his plate to a crumb of gingerbread which he was about to swallow. Alas for poor Joe! his master opened the kitchen door just as he was opening his mouth, and before he could swallow the delicious morsel his crime was detected.

The indignant master was struck agast at first by this species of juvenile turpitude, but he seized the young epicure by the hair of his head and gave him an unmerciful beating.

Joe went to bed sorrowing, but comforted himself with the reflection that he was fourteen years old, and had but seven more years to be flogged for eating buttered gingerbread.

Joe was ingenious, and before he had composed himself to sleep that night, he formed a plan of revenge upon his master.

According to that plan he arose early next morning, and as he was hurrying on his clothes he muttered,—

'I'll fix a story on to the old feller; I'll make a laugh again him; I'll learn him how to lick me like lizes.'

As soon as Joe was dressed, he rushed into the streets, and ran towards the principal hotel, bawling lustily and simulating the most clamorous grief. As he tore along the streets, bawling like a yearling bull, and rubbing his eyes with a dingy pocket-handkerchief, he naturally attracted the attention of every person within sight or hearing. By the time he had reached the front of the hotel, quite a crowd was ready to intercept him, as he made a feint to rush by.

'What's the matter?' cried a dozen of voices.

'Oh dear! Oh dear! it's so dreadful!' bellowed Joe, twisting his countenance into the similitude of a baked apple.

'What's so dreadful?'

'O, my master's dead—died sich an awful death, too—O dear!'

'Your master's dead—awful death! How did it happen? Stop your confounded bawling, and tell us about it.'

'O, dear!' said Joe, his voice broken with sobs, 'you know what a small soul my master had, what an old feller (sob) he was for money (sob). Wal, it appears that somebody (sob) had suthen again him, (sob) and went last night—Oh, dear! oh dear! it's so orful!'

'Look here, young man; stop that crying and tell the story.'

'Wal, my master, he used to sleep with his mouth wide open, a snoring, (sob) and somebody went last night and baited the steel trap with a fo-pence, and set it on his pillow, and ketches his soul afore mornin' and left his body in the bed! Boo-hoo-hoo. O, dear!'

And with this Joe made a break through the astonished crowd and disappeared around a corner, while the welkin was ringing with shouts of laughter.

Joe's master did not hear the last of his awful decease for a long time, and those who knew him best declare that Joe's story was no myth, and that the longer his body walks about, clutching greedily every thing that the law allows him, the stronger evidence he gives that he is troubled with no such incubrance as a soul.

No!

No! That is a very short word. It has a very short meaning sometimes. It often blasts fond anticipations; it may change the whole tenor of a life. In matrimonial matters it would be better that it should be oftener said than it is, for many of that sex sometimes say No, when they mean Yes, and should use the shorter word when they do not.

One Sunday evening, not long ago, a minister perform a marriage ceremony—both parties said Yes at the proper time, and the reverend gentleman said Amen.

'I want you to perform the same thing for me,' said a well-dressed, youngish man to the minister.

'When?'

'Now—right off—to night.'

'Can't you put it off a little? It will make it rather late.'

'No—the lady says now or never, and I am very anxious. Will you go?'

'Yes; where is it?'

'Close by—only a few steps. We are all ready, and will not detain you but a few minutes on your way home.'

He went to the place, which was a respectable boarding house, and every thing evinced decorum. The lady—young and pretty, neatly dressed, and altogether a desirable partner for the gentleman—was presented, and a short prayer as usual upon such occasions, offered, and then hands joined.

'You, with the full sense of the obligations you assume, do promise, here in the presence of God and these witnesses, that you will take this woman, whose right hand you clasp in yours, to be your lawful, wedded wife, and as such you will love and cherish her forever.'

'I do.'

'And you, Miss, on your part, will you take this man to be your lawful, wedded husband?'

'NO!'

We have heard in time past, when show-ers were fashionable, some pretty heavy claps of thunder; but none that ever rattled about tympanum of that bridegroom was quite so loud as that stunning little monosyllable.

'No, I never will!' said she most emphatically, and walked away proudly to her seat, leaving her almost-husband looking and probably feeling just the least trifle in the world foolish.

The minister remonstrated—not to induce her to change that No for Yes, but for trifling with him in a solemn duty of his calling, and asked for an explanation.

'I mean no disrespect to you, sir, or to trifle with your duty, or the solemn obligation you were called upon to ratify; but I had no other way to vindicate my character. I came to the city a poor sewing girl. I worked for this man. He made proposals of marriage to me, but from other circumstances I doubted his sincerity, and left his employment and went back to the country for a while. When I returned, I found the door of my former boarding house closed against me, and this lady, whom I had esteemed as a kind friend, cold and quite indisposed to renew my acquaintance; and I insisted upon knowing the reason. I learned that this man had blackened my character, denied his proposals of marriage, and said I was—a matter what. I said to the lady, 'let me come back and I will prove my innocence. Will you believe what I say, if he will now marry me?'

'Yes; I certainly will, and so will all who know you.'

I renewed the acquaintance—he renewed his proposals—I accepted, and said, 'Yes, get the minister at once.' He slandered me—I deceived him. I proved my words true, and his false. It was the only way a poor, helpless girl had to avenge herself upon a man who had proved himself unworthy to be her husband. It was only at the right time, to say one word—one little word. I have said it. I hope it will be a lesson to men, an example to other girls, and that in many other and different circumstances they will learn to say No.'

'If I was angry for a single moment,' said the minister, 'I carried none of it over the threshold. It was a severe lesson, but well applied. I went home pondering upon the value of that word—No.'—N. Y. Tribune.

The Candid Mind.

There is nothing sheds so fine a light upon the human mind as candor. It was called whiteness by the ancients, for its purity and beauty; and it has always won the esteem

due to the most admirable of all virtues. However little sought for or practised, all do it the homage of their praise, and all feel the power and charm of its happy influences.

The man whose opinions make the deepest mark upon his fellows; whose influence is most lasting and efficient; whose friendship is instinctively sought, where all others have proved faithless, is not the man of brilliant parts, or flattering tongue, or splendid genius, or commanding power; but he whose lucid candor and ingenuous truth transmit the heart's real feelings pure and without refraction. There are other qualities which are more showy, and other traits that have a higher place in the world's code of honor, but none wear better, or gather less tarnish by use, or claim a deeper homage in that silent reverence which the mind must pay to virtue.

As it is the most beautiful, so it is the safest of moral qualities. None fall into so few mistakes—none so free from the pain of doing wrong, as those who walk amidst the pit-falls and miasmas, passions and errors of our tainted life clothed habitually with candor. The rare and comely union of prudence and of principle, of firmness and forbearance, of truth and zeal, of earnestness of feeling and discrimination of views, is to be found only in minds pervaded and enlarged by candor.

To love and to seek, in all things, the truth—to choose and adhere to, before the solicitations of passion, or the power of prejudice, or the force of public opinion, or the claims of interest or power, what ever is right and true; to believe at every juncture of experience or thought, that nothing is so good, or desirable, or trustworthy, as truth; to scent the truth amidst all the unpopulous disguises which too often disfigure it in this world—this must be safest and best, whatever we may think of it, if God really reigns, and there be an eternal distinction between truth and falsehood, right and wrong. In nothing have men so vital an earnestness as in truth. Nothing should we so earnestly strive to get at, or hold so fast when obtained. 'Buy the truth and sell it not.'—[Green Leaves.]

Lord's Prayer.

This is an authentic prayer which Christ set as a model, not as a form. It is the universal prayer. Besides its simplicity, its depth, its comprehensiveness, its majesty, there have gathered about this transparent model extensive interests. For now near two thousand years, it has been the prayer of all Christians. It was spoken by Christ. It was remembered and used by the Apostles. Their disciples adopted it. It became a universal prayer. It has lived both in the pure and in the corrupt church. While the learned and cultivated felt its significance, and breathed it forth as a part of their daily devotion, the poorest laborers, the most ignorant Christian servants were also touched by it, and comforted. It was embedded into the conglomerated liturgies of the Church; and while in magnificent cities, and from the recesses of grand cathedrals it was uttered by gorgeous priests, amidst the smoke of incense, and chanting choirs, it still retained its simplicity, its depth, its spirituality. This sweet prayer lay amidst the Romish ritual like some little lake amidst mountains, piled up about it, overgrown with rank luxuriance, and full of the pomp of the seasons, while the lake lay tranquilly reflecting heaven in its bosom.

But while cathedrals listened to it, so did caves and dens of the earth, whither fled trembling and persecuted Christians from the wrath of corrupted hierarchs of a corrupted religion. This prayer has served its benign purpose in all languages, and under every sky. Would you run eagerly to behold the spot where some memorable battle was fought? Would you turn aside and feel your heart stirred when standing upon the spot where Milton wrote his mighty epic? Would you feel the shadows of old days hovering about you, were you to stand in Luther's old church, or university room? Would you reverently stand, as I did, upon the place where Jonathan Edwards, a missionary among Stockbridge Indians, wrote his masterly treatise upon the Will?

All these are mental states, most natural to noble natures that feel themselves spoken to and rebuked for their littleness in every spot where some great heart has lived; and spoken to and inspired to heroism in every place where great and imperishable deeds have happened. What then shall one feel in the presence of this blessed prayer? It is the Lord's prayer. It has been the prayer of his universal Church! It was this that our mother taught us. It was the sacred sentence of this prayer that first opened our lips with the language of devotion. It is dear to our memory. It is full of the mists and budding desires of childhood. It is perfumed with parents' love. It is full of suggestions of home, brother and sister, and mother. It was evening prayer. When the sun had

gone down, when shadows stretched themselves forth more widely, when the evening star hung silent over the horizon, when even insects were full of chirpings, and the belated bat flung himself noisily about for his food, then in the hush of the day, bended before a mother's knee, with little hands innocently put together, and held in hers, with stammering repetition we echo with our child's voice, the soft low voice of mother as she uttered with love and awe this divinest prayer.

It is, therefore, as sacred as use, as love, as memory, as devotion, as the hope of heaven, and the love of goodness can make it! No using will wear it away. It is like the atmosphere. Stones crumble under continual footsteps, the hardest wood will wear under the softest hands that do ply it for years; but one may rush through the air for ever, and it cannot be chafed or worn. It has recovering force like fabled spiritual natures, when wounded, with instant power to heal itself. And like that ethereal sunlit atmosphere is this divine prayer, that remains fresh in everlasting youth; no uttering can make it true, no frequency can wear it out, no repetitions can tire the soul of it. It begins life with us, it goes through life dearer at every period; and when age begins to shiver and tremble among our decaying boughs, this is that which, like the dandel sought out for David, lies in our bosom, and lends us warmth, and breathes another life into our decaying life!—Henry Ward Beecher.

A Rich Case.

Some years ago an Irishman was knocked down and robbed. He accused a man of having committed the robbery; in due time the case came up for trial. The Irishman being upon the stand, was cross-examined, after having sworn positively to the guilt of the prisoner, he was examined by one of our keenest lawyers, and something like the following was the result:—

'You say that the prisoner at the bar is the man who assaulted and robbed you?'

'Yes.'

'Was it by moonlight when the occurrence took place?'

'Divil the bit of it.'

'Was it starlight?'

'Not a whit; it was so dark that you could not have seen your hand before you.'

'Was there a light shining from any house near by?'

'Divil a bit iv a house was there anywhere about.'

'Well, then, if there was no moon, no starlight, no light from any house, and so dark that you could not see even your hand before you, how are you able to swear that the prisoner is the man? How did you see him?'

'Why, yer honor, when the spalpeen struck me, (may the devil fly away wid him,) the fire flew out iv my eyes so bright that you might have seen to pick up a pin; you could, be jabbers.'

The court, jury, counsel and spectators exploded with shouts at this quaint idea, and the prisoner was directly after declared not guilty.

The Check Rein.

When Stewpudy harnesses his horse for dragging brick up a grade, the horse's head is pulled back towards his tail and anchored there by the senseless and merciless check rein. The arrangement is unnatural; the animal is constrained by it. He must inevitably lose strength by it, for it disturbs the vital force and induces an unnatural action in the muscles of the neck, head, shoulders, and mouth. There are actually less energy and vigor left for the limbs and chest than there would be if the stupid contrivance were jerked off and thrown over the nearest fence. If reason cannot teach this promptly to any man, just let him try the experiment by putting a martingale upon himself and go to wrestling, or putting a check in the jaws of a boxer that shall extend down his back to his belt.

Who beside the British use the check rein, saving their free trade slaves and general imitators, the Americans? The French do not use it; the Germans do not; the Indians and Spaniards of South America, who literally live on horseback and are perfect horsemen, do not; the Spaniards of Europe do not, nor do the Turks. The most observant and most natural people in the world are free from this mischievous error. It is strange to us that the English and ourselves did not, years and years ago, reason upon the constantly witnessed fact that when a check rein was loosened at a tavern stop, or in a stable, the poor horse always stretched out his neck and hung down his head. That was his language for saying that the strap hurt him and wearied him, and that he was heartily glad to be relieved from it.

The genius that first proposed the mechanical feat of lifting himself up by the seat of

his breeches must have been the author of the theory that the check rein held the horse up and kept him from falling. The mechanical action in the two cases must be precisely the same. If the reader will reflect for a moment he will see that no suspending power can be derived except from without the animal. A post, tree, or beam, is just as indispensable to the support of a horse as to the support of a man intent on suicide. A horse can't hang himself up in the air by the terrets on his back any more than a man can by pulling upwards at his neck handkerchief.

The check rein should be abolished. It wastes motive power. Its use is unhealthy, for it disturbs the otherwise naturally and equally distributed vital forces. It shortens the life of the horse. It diminishes his speed and lessens the free and quick action so essential to the animal's safety and that of his driver. It is of no use, and cannot confer dignity or grace to an animal that was made by the Lord. Had man got up the horse, check reins and all sorts of contrivances would have been allowable not only, but perhaps necessary; but the work of the Great Artist cannot be improved upon.

Brethren of the press, let us emancipate the horse from the British check rein.—By-jalo Democrat.

Family Government.

Family government does not consist in watching children with a suspicious eye, frowning at their merry outbursts of innocent hilarity, suppressing their joyous laughter, and moulding them into melancholy little models of patriarchal gravity. And when they have been in fault, it is not to punish them simply on account of the injury you may have chanced to suffer in consequence of their fault, while the disobedience is suffered to pass without rebuke. Nor is it to overwhelm the little culprit with a flood of angry words; to stun him with a deafening noise; to call him by hard names, which do not express his misdeeds; to load him with epithets which would be extravagant if applied to a fault of tenfold enormity; or to declare with passionate vehemence, that he is the worst child in the neighborhood, and likely to come to the gallows.

But it is to watch anxiously the first risings of sin, and kindly to repress them; to counteract the earliest workings of selfishness; to suppress the first beginnings of rebellion against rightful authority; to teach an implicit, unquestioning, and cheerful obedience to the will of the parent, as a preparation for future allegiance to the requirements of civil authority, and for subjection to the will of God, the Great Ruler and Father; it is to punish a fault because it is a fault, because it is sinful and contrary to the commands of God, without reference to whether it may, or may not, have been productive of immediate injury to the parent or others. It is to reprove with calmness and composure, and not with angry irritation, in a few words fitly chosen, and uttered in a low and serious tone, and not with a torrent of abuse; to punish as often as you threaten, and threaten only when you see the absolute necessity of punishment; to say what you mean, and then do as you say. It is, in a word, to govern your family as in the sight of Him who has made you a parent, and given you authority to train up and govern your children for Him; and who will reward your fidelity with such blessings as he bestowed on Abraham, or punish your neglect with such curses as he visited on Eli.—Christian Almanac.

Politics or the Gospel.

The question whether our Congregational brethren are to be instructed by their pastors in politics, or in the gospel, is one which we should judge will soon have to be considered. A loyal son of New England, a gentleman and a Christian of the highest standing, whose home is now in a different section of the country, but who has recently been on a visit to his native region, said in our hearing, within a few days, that 'he did not know but that it would be well to send some gospel preachers to New England,' that during his late visit he 'had heard Nebraska preached much more than the gospel.' Testimony to the same effect has come from other sources. An intelligent New England correspondent, in a late letter to a widely circulated journal, intimates, that unless there should soon be an end to political preaching, many of the Congregational churches must be divided, as the conservative portions of the congregations are determined they will not endure the prevalent desecration of the pulpit. He also says, that if the present state of things continues, many will be driven into the Episcopal church, as the most conservative body among them. A friend was recently present in a Congregational church, when the pastor read from the pulpit a call for a church meeting, together with two sets of resolutions, the one from a portion of the people protest-

ing against his new-fangled progress preaching, and the other sustaining him in his course. It was obvious that a breach had been made, and that there were ample materials for a warfare. Our brethren will probably discover, when it is too late, that it might have been better for them to follow the example of Christ and the apostles, by preaching the gospel, and letting politics alone.—Presbyterian.

Correspondence.

LOWELL, Sept. 26, (Evening) '54.

The Democratic Convention assembled in the City Hall, over the Depot, has just closed its proceedings. One hundred and forty-six towns were represented; the credentials bearing the names of over nine hundred persons. The delegates present from Quincy were Messrs. J. A. Green, Edward Avery, George Cahill, Doctors Pattee and Duggan.

The editor of the Quincy Patriot was chosen by the Convention a member of the State Democratic Committee for the year ensuing, a deserved compliment to the Democrats of Quincy.

Hon. Isaac Adams, a very worthy gentleman of South Boston, was President of the Convention.

A long time was taken up as usual, in preliminary business, and almost every motion, however unimportant, gave rise to debate.

The Nebraska and anti-Nebraska elements of the Convention were evidently developed by the choice of President. Mr. Adams, a supporter of the National Administration, receiving 297, and Hon. J. M. Usher, anti-Nebraska, 236 votes. Twenty scattering votes were thrown probably for candidates of the same views as Mr. Adams. So that it may be fairly inferred that three-fifths of the Convention are Nebraska 'to the hilt.'

Early in the afternoon, the Hon. Henry W. Bishop, notwithstanding he had declined, was re-nominated by acclamation for Governor, and Caleb Stetson, Esq. of Braintree, for Lieut. Governor;—both good men, and if elected, will fill these honorable posts with honor to themselves and Massachusetts.

The 'tug of war' came with the Resolutions.—Doctor Loring of Salem, as chairman of the Committee to whom was referred this important matter. The first resolution declares an adherence to the doctrine of the Baltimore Platform of 1852, which lie at the foundation of every true democratic struggle in state or nation, and in support of which the last great national victory was won.

The second resolution endorses the administration of President Pierce,—congratulating the country in our successful intercourse with foreign nations by treaty and correspondence, and it goes on to say, that by an energetic defence of our citizens in every part of the world, this administration has enhanced the value of the American flag, and increased the attractions of our Republic as a palladium of liberty to all people and states, which join us and acknowledge allegiance to us.

The third resolution recognizes the principles of self-government, and the power of the people into whatever bond united with each other, whether in state, county, town, district or territory, to control their own institutions.

The fourth resolve advocates freedom of religious opinion in its widest sense.

The fifth resolution advocates in eloquent language State Reforms; and the last resolve approves, changing our national armories, from the superintendence of the military to the civil power.

Mr. Usher was the principal speaker in opposition to the resolutions of the committee, and Mr. Cook of Lenox, in their favor. A most exciting and tumultuous debate followed, and 'order did not reign in Warsaw.' Mr. Usher displayed great ability in his speech, and settled the question in his favor as possessing a high order of talents.

Mr. Cook also is a fine speaker, and took the Convention by surprise. His speech was very eloquent and able.

After much 'noise and confusion,' the resolutions were adopted nearly by a unanimous vote, and thus the measures of the national administration are fully endorsed by the Democracy of Massachusetts, through their delegates.

The vote for Bishop will probably be small, but his friends reckon with confidence on 25,000. From present appearances the Know-nothing vote, which will be large, is to be divided between Washburn and Wilson on fusion principles. The election will be triangular, and the choice of Governor go to the Legislature. Should the Know-nothings run a district candidate, the Fusion will be complete, and the name of the new Governor is not yet known.

At noon, I strolled over the city and found Lowell what it is represented to be—a pleasant and very flourishing place, the Manchester of America. Lowell is now, I believe, the second city in size of Massachusetts, having a population in 1850 of 22,325, with

a valuation of about \$17,000,000. It is worth a trip to the "city of spindles" to see in a visit to the mighty hosts of factories there, what human industry and enterprise can accomplish by the triumph of machinery.

THE QUINCY PATRIOT.

Saturday, October 7th, 1854.

"BORN TO NO MASTER, OF NO SECT ARE WE."

The Lyceum.

In a few weeks the Lyceum will open for the season under the auspices of the new President, Edward Avery, Esq. It will be difficult to procure a course of lectures superior to that of last year. The course was also well patronized by the public. The meetings were less disturbed by the boys and girls than usual.

We have no fears, however, but that a series of lectures will be delivered before the Lyceum as entertaining and useful as in any former winter. To enable the government to procure the best lecturers, it is necessary for the community to extend a liberal patronage. It is a great damper to the recipient of an invitation to lecture before the Lyceum, especially if he be a particularly eminent man, to read at the close, "we usually pay ten dollars for a lecture." If the Lyceum is as well supported as during the last winter, we doubt not, the lectures will be as interesting and instructive.

As for the disturbances to which the Lyceum, and, not only the Lyceum, but all public meetings have been subjected in past years, we would advise the new government to test the virtue of those laws which have been made to prevent such disturbances. Let one or two of those who annoy and disturb the audience be complained of before some magistrate, that they may receive the penalty annexed to such an offence. A few examples would have a good effect and be the means of insuring order in all public meetings.

Books. Another sale of Books, Stationery and Fancy Goods will be held this day, at the Quincy Bookstore, by our affable auctioneer, George H. French. By reference to the advertisement, it will be seen that the sale is to be held at 2 1/2 o'clock. This is done from a desire to afford an opportunity to ladies to attend these sales, as many were desirous of doing last Saturday evening. Therefore ladies, be on hand, as such goods will be sold as you are always wanting, and you can get them at bargains.

An evening sale is to be held at 6 1/2 o'clock. These books and other articles are not, as many suppose, shop-worn trash, but are new and perfect. We understand it to be an experiment on the part of those concerned in it, and no poor or damaged goods will be sold, but just such stock as is bought for retailing. Let all attend and "bid," and make the experiment a successful one.

RAILROAD TIME. We were furnished by an attaché of the Depot in this town, with the alteration in the railroad time, which we published last week, and as several errors occurred much disappointment was experienced. We expect that the running time as published to-day is correct.

The new arrangements seem to give general dissatisfaction, and we are at a loss to conceive upon what grounds the alterations were made. People who often visit New York from this and the neighboring towns, by the present injudicious arrangements on this route, have told us that they shall hereafter patronize other roads which manifest a disposition to accommodate them.

MILITARY. "The True Blues," a military corps from Boston, composed of the "bone and sinew" of the North End, with seventy odd muskets, and accompanied by the Boston Brass Band, visited this town on Thursday last, fired at target, and dined at the Hancock House.

The Shields' Artillery will practice at target shooting and drill at the Hancock House in this town, on Wednesday next.

QUINCY STONE BANK. The following gentlemen were re-elected Directors, at the annual meeting on the 3d inst., viz:—Josiah Brigham, Lemuel Brackett, Adam Curtis, Nathaniel White, James Newcomb, Daniel Baxter and Charles Marsh of Quincy; Octavius T. Rogers of Milton; Apollon Randall and Edward Potter of Braintree; James Torrey of Weymouth.

A semi-annual dividend of 4 1/2 per cent has been declared by this bank.

MOUNT WOLLASTON BANK. At the annual meeting of this banking institution, the following gentlemen were re-elected Directors for the ensuing year, viz:—Charles Francis Adams, Lewis Bass, Clift Rodgers, Bryant B. Newcomb, Israel W. Munroe, Joseph W. Robertson and Francis M. Johnson of Quincy; Alva Morrison of Braintree; Joseph B. Whitaker of Milton.

This Bank pays a semi-annual Dividend of 4 per cent.

POLITICAL. The Whigs of Norfolk County, at their convention, on Tuesday last, nominated as candidates for the Senate, the following gentlemen, viz:—Messrs. William Aspinwall of Brookline, Edward Potter of Braintree, and Noah J. Arnold of Bellingham.

J. W. Miller of Franklin was selected as candidate for the vacancy which will exist in the Board of County Commissioners.

WHOLE TOWN COMMITTEE. At the recent caucus of the Whigs in this town, the following gentlemen were chosen a Town Committee for the ensuing year, viz:—Gideon F. Thayer, Adam Curtis, John Glover, Jr., Israel W. Munroe, Josiah Brigham, Lewis Bass, Lewis Newcomb, Lewis Bass, Jr., Horatio N. Glover, Noah Cummings, Daniel Baxter and Henry H. Faxon.

NEW GOODS. The advertisement of Messrs Savil & Co. came too late for to-day's paper. Those who wish to purchase Fall and Winter Goods or Clothing, will find their store well stocked with desirable articles and at reasonable prices. They have just replenished their large stock with articles of taste and utility, and are ready and will be happy to wait upon a multitude of customers.

A GOOD MOVE. We rec'd. stated, that a public meeting is to be held in New York City, upon the recommendation of nearly five thousand persons, to nominate John N. Genin, the latter, as an independent candidate for Mayor. His great energy, decision of character, and business talents, eminently fit him for this important office; and he would make one of the best Mayors that city ever had.

QUINCY LOOKING UP. Last Monday night, Mrs. Swinburn, a Scotch lady of this town, was presented with a pair of fine healthy children, (both sons) one weighing eight pounds, (the other eight pounds and a quarter, sixteen pounds and a quarter, good weight. We understand that they are to be entered for premium at the great baby fair which is soon to come off. We challenge competition.

BANK DIVIDENDS. Randolph Bank pays a semi-annual dividend of 5 per cent; Blue Hill Bank, Dorchester, 3 per cent; Mattapan Bank, Dorchester, 4 per cent; Abington Bank, 4 per cent; Plymouth Bank, 5 per cent; Old Colony Bank of Plymouth, 5 per cent; Hingham, \$3 per share of \$70.

CHOWDER. One of those excellent clam chowders will be served at the Granite Saloon, to-day, and will be ready in season to supply families with dinners.

FIREMEN'S MUSTER. The Tiger Engine Company of this town, accompanied by the Boston Brass Band, intend to visit Randolph on Thursday next, and join in the Firemen's Muster at that place. There will be from ten to fifteen companies present.

NEW MILLINERY GOODS. We would direct attention to the advertisement of Mrs. Kenison in to-day's paper. She has selected from the Fall and Winter styles the most beautiful and inviting, and will manufacture to order equal to any done in the city.

ANNEXATION. Meetings have recently been held in Boston and Charlestown, to determine whether the two cities should be one. The result of the vote was over fifteen hundred majority in Boston, and about three hundred majority in favor of annexation, in Charlestown, consequently the two cities are one, the latter being called North Boston. It now remains for the two governments to carry the will of the people into effect.

HOTELS IN LOWELL. In a late visit to the "City of Spindles," we had a chance to test the relative merits of the so called top first class hotels—the American and Merrimack houses. We found that the Merrimack, kept by H. Emery, was lacking in order, and after waiting about half an hour, were unable to ascertain if lodgings could be obtained. We would not advise our friends to stop over night at the Merrimack. But not so with the American, although it was crowded, as we found most excellent accommodations, a bountiful table, and a most agreeable landlord in the person of C. Going, Esq. Call at the American when you go to Lowell.

For the Patriot.

Squashes. Mr. Editor:—At the last meeting of the Niagara Engine Company, the members presented to Capt. French (their foreman) two large Marrowfat Squashes, (which were the largest I ever beheld); but the novelty of it was, that it took two stout robust men to convey them to this house, and it weighed one of them so much, that he was obliged to stop and set his squish down before he had carried it half way to the Captain's residence, and rest a moment or two, and then he attempted it again, but had only proceeded a few rods before he was obliged to ask the aid of a ship-carpenter to convey it the rest of the way.

We learned that the squashes were raised by Mr. Thomas Cushing, the toll-gather between Hingham and Weymouth.

A Mamma.

For the Patriot.

Depot Accommodations.

Mr. Editor:—The union of the Old Colony and Fall River Railroads being now effected, it is to be hoped that the new station house, so long required, will be speedily obtained. The urgent necessity of it has been apparent to every one who has had occasion to use the present building; and since the change of running on the tracks, it is more necessary than ever; the inner train is now on the western track, where passengers must wait, often exposed to the inclemency of the weather, from five to twenty-five, sometimes fifty minutes. It is not safe to wait under cover until the cars appear, as the curve at the road does not allow time to cross ahead of the engine, and outer trains are often due at the same time; daily experiences show that ere long some serious accident will occur, subjecting the Company to a greater expense than the building of half a dozen new stations would cost them; and prudence, as well as a proper regard for the convenience of their customers at this point (the most profitable one on the road) demands instantaneous action.

Special Notices.

TEMPERANCE MEETING. A Convention of the friends of Temperance will be held in the Town Hall, in Quincy, on the evening of WEDNESDAY, the 11th inst., commencing at 7 1/2 o'clock. One or more eloquent speakers from abroad will address the meeting. All friends of the cause are respectfully invited to attend.

Per order of State Committee.

THE CITIZENS of the several towns in Norfolk county in favor of a restriction of Slavery within the State, and of a total repeal of the Fugitive Slave Law, are requested to send Delegates (three times the number of Representatives in General Court to which such towns are entitled) to a County Convention, to be held at the Temperance Hall, in Dedham, on THURSDAY, the 18th day of October current, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to complete the organization of the Republican Party in the county, to nominate Candidates for Senators for the county in the next Legislature, and to transact any other business connected with the Republican party.

W. LOVERING, Norfolk County, ASAPH CHURCHILL, County, HENRY L. PIERCE, Committee.

SPECIAL NOTICE. There will be a Special Meeting of Niagara Engine Company at their Hall, on MONDAY EVENING next, at 8 o'clock. A full attendance is requested. A Chowder will also be served.

Per order JOHN HALL, Jr. Clerk.

A meeting of the Adams Literary Association will take place at their Hall, on MONDAY EVENING next, at 8 o'clock. At the last meeting of the Association, it was voted to hold their Annual Levee on the 1st of December.

J. JAMESON, President.

WILLIAM BAXTER, Secretary.

Marriages.

At Rockland, (Me.), Mr. George H. Thomas of this town, to Miss Elizabeth J. Sins of the former place.

Deaths.

In this town, on the 22d ult., Francis Grey son of Mr. Francis G. and Mrs. Elizabeth Faxon, aged 4 years, 8 months and 24 days.

AUCTION SALE.

NEW AND BEAUTIFUL BOOKS, Stationery and Fancy Goods,

AT THE QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

THIS AFTERNOON, Oct. 7, at 2 1/2 o'clock, in order to give ladies an opportunity to attend one of these sales.

—ALSO—

THIS EVENING, at 6 1/2 o'clock.

Entrance to the sale, next door to Underwood's Shoe Store.

GEORGE H. FRENCH, Auct.

Quincy, Oct. 7.

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the Goods and Estate of

CAROLINE BOWDITCH,

late of Braintree, in the County of Norfolk, Married Woman, deceased, and has accepted said trust.

All persons having demands upon the Estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto to make payment to

LEMUEL HUMPHREY, Adm'r.

Braintree, Oct. 7.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

NORFOLK, ss. At a meeting of the County Commissioners, begun and held at Dedham, within and for said County of Norfolk, on the 24th day of September, A. D. 1854.

ON the Petition aforesaid, Ordered, that the County Commissioners do meet at Howland's Hotel, in Randolph, in said County, on Friday, the 10th day of November next, at 9 o'clock, A. M., and thence proceed to view the route described in said petition, and hear and act thereon.

And that an attested copy of said petition with this order thereon be served upon the Clerk of the Town of Randolph thirty days at least before the time appointed for said view, and also that a like copy be published three weeks successively in the Quincy Patriot, a newspaper printed in Quincy, the last publication to be on the 1st day at least before said view, and that like copies be posted up in two or more public places, in said Randolph, fourteen days at least before said view, that all persons and corporations interested for or against said petition may then and there appear and be heard if they see fit.

A true copy of the original Petition on file and order thereon.

Attest, EZRA W. SAMPSON, Clerk.

Oct. 7.

Commissioners' Notice.

THE subscribers have been appointed by the Hon. Judge of Probate for the County of Norfolk, Commissioners to receive and examine the claims of creditors of the estate of

JOHN HOBART.

late of Braintree, in said County, Housewright, deceased, represented insolvent. Six months from the 23d day of September next, are allowed to creditors to bring in and prove their claims.

We shall hold meetings at the Office of N. L. White, in Braintree, on the first Mondays of November, December, January and February next, from two till four o'clock P. M. on each of said days, when and where creditors are notified to be present and prove their claims.

N. L. WHITE, } Commissioners, CALEB HOLLIS, } Braintree, Oct. 7, 1854.

To the Honorable Board of Commissioners for the County of Norfolk:—

THE undersigned, inhabitants of the Town of Randolph, in said County, would respectfully represent that public convenience and necessity require that a highway or public road should be laid out as follows, viz:—Commencing near the dwelling house of John Long, on Union Street, running northerly about 52 rods, thence turning and running westerly to North St., over land of J. Long, Loren Howard and others; and your petitioners would further represent, that there has been a petition presented to the Selectmen of said Town to lay out the same, and that they have refused, in writing, to act in the premises;—your petitioners therefore pray your Honor would proceed to view the same, and locate and cause the same to be made as the law in such case last made provides.

JOHN LONG and nine others.

The prayer of said petition is, that the road may be laid out as a town way.

JOHN LONG.

Randolph, Sept. 23, 1854.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

NORFOLK, ss. At a meeting of the County Commissioners, begun and held at Dedham, within and for said County of Norfolk, on the 24th day of September, A. D. 1854.

ON the Petition aforesaid, Ordered, that the County Commissioners do meet at Howland's Hotel, in Randolph, in said County, on Friday, the 10th day of November next, at nine o'clock, A. M., and thence proceed to view the route described in said petition, and hear and act thereon.

And that an attested copy of said petition, with this Order thereon, be served upon the Clerk of the Town of Randolph, thirty days at least before the time appointed for said view, and also that a like copy be published three weeks successively in the Quincy Patriot, a newspaper printed in Quincy, the last publication to be on the 1st day at least before said view, that all persons and corporations interested for or against said petition, may then and there appear and be heard if they see fit.

A true copy of the original Petition on file and Order thereon.

Attest, EZRA W. SAMPSON, Clerk.

Oct. 7.

To the Honorable County Commissioners of and for the County of Norfolk:—

THE undersigned citizens of Randolph, in said County, respectfully represent that the public necessity and convenience require the location of a road between Main street and Chestnut street, in said Randolph, commencing on said Main street, and running westerly over land of Josiah Clark on the northerly side of his new slaughter house and over lands of Charles Belcher, Amasa S. Niles and others, and terminating at or near the dwelling house of the late Ephraim Belcher on said Chestnut street. We further represent that in the location of the above road a large portion of the inhabitants of Tower Hill would be equally well accommodated to the highway by its location on the northerly side of the road petitioned for to be located from Tower Hill to Grove street, which is now pending in your Court undecided. And we further represent that we have good reason to believe that the route from Lowell Hill to Grove street will cost more than double for construction than the route from Chestnut street to Chestnut street as represented, and that the extra accommodation by it does not demand the extra expense. Therefore we request for you to stay further process on the Grove street route and view the route represented by us, and if in your opinion the public necessity requires its construction, that you will locate the same and cause it to be worked and completed as a public road as soon as the exigencies of the case will admit.

And as in duty bound will ever pray.

AMASA S. NILES, and one hundred and one others.

Randolph, Sept. 15th, 1854.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

NORFOLK, ss. At a meeting of the County Commissioners, begun and held at Dedham, within and for said County of Norfolk, on the 24th day of September, A. D. 1854.

ON the Petition aforesaid, Ordered, that the County Commissioners do meet at Howland's Hotel, in Randolph, in said County, on Friday, the 10th day of November next, at 9 o'clock, A. M., and thence proceed to view the route described in said petition, and hear and act thereon.

And that an attested copy of said petition with this order thereon be served upon the Clerk of the Town of Randolph thirty days at least before the time appointed for said view, and also that a like copy be published three weeks successively in the Quincy Patriot, a newspaper printed in Quincy, the last publication to be on the 1st day at least before said view, and that like copies be posted up in two or more public places, in said Randolph, fourteen days at least before said view, that all persons and corporations interested for or against said petition may then and there appear and be heard if they see fit.

A true copy of the original Petition on file and order thereon.

Attest, EZRA W. SAMPSON, Clerk.

Oct. 7.

FOR SALE,

RED AND WHITE ASH COAL, of the best quality and all sizes, in quantities to suit the purchaser.

\$8.00 per ton on the wharf, \$8.50 delivered by the purchaser.

Also, for Smith's use, a prime article of Cumberland, on the same terms.

200 cords prime Eastern Hard and Soft Wood.

100 M Eastern Bricks, at \$8.00 on the wharf.

Hard Pine Floor Boards, and all other kinds of Lumber for building purposes.

We offer our large Stock in this line as low as the lowest market price.

P. S. Thankful for the unlimited custom heretofore of our friends and patrons, we beg a continuance of the same to sustain the motto of a large office and small profits.

NATHL WHITE,

Office at Smith's wharf and Quincy Canal wharf.

Quincy, Oct. 7.

New Fashions! New Goods!!

Just Received FALL AND WINTER Bonnets, Ribbons, Flowers, &c.

BONNETS made to order, altered, bleached, pressed and colored at all seasons of the year.

Grave Clothes and Mourning Goods constantly on hand. Goods guaranteed to be as low (of the same quality) as at any other Establishment.

With a wish to execute orders to the satisfaction of all—and to appreciate favor for the past five years, a continuation of the same and the public patronage is respectfully solicited.

A. J. KENISON.

Quincy, Oct. 7.

Fall and Winter

REPORT OF FASHIONS,

AT

Liberty Hall Clothing Store,

Over C. & L. CURTISS Grocery Store,

Corner of Franklin and Liberty street,

D. RING, Merchant Tailor and Dealer

in

Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, Ready

made Clothing,

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, &c.

Together with a choice selection of Fancy

SILK VELVET, and

VESTINGS.

Those in want of good fitting Garments can depend upon getting them at this Establishment.

N. B.—Particular attention given to BOYS' CLOTHING.

Gentlemen furnishing their own Cloths will be attended to at the lowest prices.

Quincy, Oct. 7.

FOR SALE,

A LOT of Land in the west part of the town, containing about 7 acres, on a part of which is wood, of 18 years growth.

Also—A small lot of Land on Mt. Pleasant.

Also—A Pleasure Boat, 16 feet by 6 feet wide, and a Skiff, both of which are copper fastened.

Also—Two Boat Houses and Fixtures.

Also—1 first rate Rifle—new.

Any or all of the above can be had cheap by applying to

Quincy, Oct. 7.

N. H. WHITE.

Weymouth, Oct. 7.

Administrator's Sale

OF

REAL ESTATE.

PURSUANT to a License from the Court of Probate, authorized by the will of the late

Real Estate of THOMAS COLSON, late of Weymouth, deceased, as will raise a sum of money sufficient for the payment of his just debts and charges of administration—

The following described Real Estate will be sold at Public Auction, on TUESDAY, the 17th of October, at 2 o'clock, P. M., viz:—

Three and three quarters acres of Land, situated in Weymouth, with a House and Barn thereon, subject to a mortgage to secure the sum of \$187 50 and interest.

Also—One half an acre of Land in said Weymouth, with a Shop thereon, subject to a mortgage of \$75.00 and interest.

The above estate is situated on Summer street, about one mile from the Weymouth Landing.

Conditions made known at the time of sale.

JOSIAH RICHARDS, Administrator.

Weymouth, Sept. 23.

Commissioner's Notice.

Notice is hereby given that—

THE subscribers have been appointed by the Honorable Judge of Probate for the County of Norfolk, Commissioners to receive and examine the claims of creditors of the Estate of

TILDEN CROOKER,

late of Quincy, in said County, Master Mariner, deceased, represented insolvent; that six months from the 24th day of August instant, are allowed to the creditors to bring in and prove their claims; and that they will attend that service at the Office of James H. Whitman, in Pembroke, in the County of Plymouth, on the last SATURDAY of November and December next, at one o'clock P. M., on each of said days, when and where said creditors may bring in and prove their claims.

DAVID OLD AM, } Commissioners, JAMES H. WHITMAN, } Pembroke Sept. 2.

Five Dollars Reward.

THE Garden of the Subscriber was entered on the nights of Tuesday and Wednesday of last week and robbed of several barrels of fine large sweet Winter Apples.

The above reward will be paid for such information as will convict the robbers before a Court of Justice.

Mrs. E. HAYDEN.

Quincy, Sept. 30.

Boat Found.

CAME Afloat on Mount Wollaston Beach.

A small KEEL BOAT, which the owner can have by proving property and paying charges. Apply at the Mount Wollaston Farm, to

A. H. BRIGHAM.

Quincy, Sept. 23.

Squashes Stolen.

TAKEN from the Gardens in the Furnace Meadow, on Friday night, Sept. 15th, five large Marrow Squashes. The largest was estimated to weigh about four-five pounds—was a fine marrow, like the one shown in the New England Farmer of May 27th, 1854. It was cut from the vine obliquely, about the centre of the stem, giving a section of an oval form, the longest diameter being 2 1/4 inches.

The smallest of the Squashes was estimated to weigh nearly thirty pounds, was lemon shaped, and was also cut from the vine.

Each of the other three were of the same shape, and were estimated to weigh more than thirty pounds. They were broken off, leaving a part of the stem. Foot-prints very distinct, on the foot of the size of No. 9, were found near the place where the squashes grew. It is inferred that they were taken by some thief in order to raise the "wind," and that they will be offered for sale. As these Squashes were raised as an experiment to test the strength of the soil of this meadow, it would confer a favor on the owners, if the purchasers would weigh the Squashes, carefully, and give them the true weight of each, or Five Dollars will be given for the weight, well certified, to whoever may have them, and no questions asked.

S. WILLARD.

Furnace Meadow, Sept. 23.

Geo. Savil & Co.'s Column.

1854.

George Savil & Co.,

GOODNOW'S BUILDING,

Corner HANCOCK & GRANT STS.,

QUINCY.

OUR STOCK

DRESS GOODS,

MUSLINS, GINGHAMS, LA'NS,

Barages, Barage de Laines, &c.

is large and must be sold THIS MONTH, and those in

Poetry.

My Old Arm-Chair.

Let poets coin their golden dreams;
Let lovers weave their vernal themes;
And paint the earth all fair.
To me no such bright fancies throng:
I sing a humble heart's true song
Of thee, my old Arm-chair!

Poor—faded—ragged—old—
Thou'rt yet worth twice thy weight in gold;
Ay, though thy back be bare:
For thou hast held a world of worth,
A load of heavenly human earth—
My old Arm-chair!

Here sat, ah, many a year ago—
When, young, I nothing cared to know
Of life, or its great aim.
Friends (gentle hearts) who smiled and shed
Bright sunshine on my boyish head:
At last the wild clouds came—

And vain desires, and hopes dismayed,
And fears that cast the earth in shade,
My heart did fret;
And dreaming wonders, foul and fair;
And who then filled mine ancient chair,
I now forget.

Then Love came—Love!—without his wings,
Low murmuring here a thousand things
Of one I once thought fair:
'T was here he laughed, and bound my eyes,
Taking me, boy, by sweet surprise,
Here, in my old Arm-chair.

How I escaped from that soft pain,
And (nothing lessening) fell again
Into another snare!
And how again I felt his free,
Are secrets 'twixt my soul and me—
Me, and my old Arm-chair.

Years fly—old Time doth all he can:
The soft youth hardens into man;
The vapor fumes
Dissolves; Care's scars indent our brow;
Friends fall in our need—but 'Tis Thou
Art still the same.

Thou bring'st calm thoughts, strange dreams—
And fancies subtle (sometimes deep);
And the unseen Air
Which round thy honored tatters
Bears with it thoughts of other days,
That quell despair.

Let the world turn, then,—wrong or right;
Let the hired crew spin their spite;
With thee, my old friend,
With thee, companion of my heart,
I'll still try on the roughest part,
Unto the end!

Song of Harvest Home.

Our Harvest is ended—
Let's join in a song,
That the sweet-scented zephyrus
May waft it along;
O'er the hill and the valley,
The river and plain,
'Till it echoes from forest
And mountain again.

To the Lord of the Harvest
Our song we will sing
And this be the incense,
Together we bring,
For the blessings of sunshine,
Of dew and of rain;
The flowers pasture,
And fields of bright grain.

The bee-haunted valley,
And meadows are still,
And the rustle of the sickle
Has ceased on the hill;
The voice of the mower
Salutes not the morn,
For the harvest is gathered,
And safe in the barn.

The gay feathered warblers
Of orchard and grove,
Are tuning their voices
In accents of love;
And the clear sunny streamlet
Bursts forth in a song
Through the green tawny borders
It wanders along.

And the breeze of the morning,
That steals from the bowers,
The breath of its freshness,
The scent of the flowers,
With its music of murmurs,
Invites from the soil,
To a thankful thanksgiving,
For gifts of the soil.

Oh, come, while all nature
Delights to prolong
The incense of worship
In free-offered song.
If the Lord of the Harvest
Will smile on our store,
And deign us a blessing,
We ask for no more.

Anecdotes.

A professional gentleman had hanging in his room a fine large colored engraving of the head of a quadruped, vulgarly known as a jackass. A friend of his dropped in, and stopping before the picture, gazed intently upon it for a few moments, and then sang out abruptly, and, as he imagined, very wittily—"Hallo, doctor, is that your portrait?"

"Oh, no," replied the doctor coolly, "that is simply a looking-glass."

The "anxious inquirer" suddenly discovered he had some business, and departed.

A tipsy man went into a Sunday School, and for a few moments listened very attentively to the questions propounded to the scholars, but being anxious to show his knowledge of "scripture" and doctrine, he stood up, leaning on the front of the pew with both hands.

"Parson B—," said he, "ask me some of them hard ques-shuns."

Rates and Rules of Advertising.

In the Newspapers in Norfolk and Plymouth Counties, adopted at a meeting of Editors and Publishers, in said Counties, August 21, 1854.

PROBATE NOTICES.
Citations, 3 weeks, \$1.50
Allowance Accounts, 3 weeks, 1.50
Application for Appointment as Guardian, 3 weeks, 1.50
Application for Appointment as Administrator, 3 weeks, 1.50
Application for Appointment as Executor, 3 weeks, 1.50
Administrators' Notices, 3 weeks, 1.25
Executors' Notices, 3 weeks, 1.25
Commissioners' Notices, 6 weeks, 2.25
Petition to Judge of Probate, and Order of Notice thereon, 3 weeks, (per square) 1.25

CHANCERY NOTICES.
Messengers Notices, 2 weeks, 1.50
Assignments, 3 weeks, 1.25
COMMISSIONERS' AND COURT NOTICES.
County Commissioners' Notices of Roads, &c., 3 weeks, 5.00
Legislative and Court Advertisements, and other Legal Notices not embraced above, 3 weeks or less, (per square) 1.25

TRANSIENT ADVERTISEMENTS.
All Transient Advertisements, 3 weeks or less, (per square) 1.25
All Transient Advertisements, 3 weeks or less, (per half square) .75

SPECIAL NOTICES.
All Special Notices, 1 or 2 weeks, (per sq.) 1.25
" " " " 3 " " " " " " " " 1.50
" " " " 3 " " " " " " " " 1.40
" " " " 1 " " " " " " " " .75

EDITORIAL NOTICES.
All Editorial Notices, (per line) 10
YEARLY ADVERTISEMENTS.
Advertisements running one year, (per sq.) 12.00
" " " " " " " " " " " " " " 7.00
" " " " " " " " " " " " " " 4.00

To be charged at the option of the Advertiser, not oftener, however, than once a month.
All Advertisements running one year without being renewed, (per square) 10.00

BUSINESS CARDS.
Business Cards, not exceeding half a square, one year, not less than 5.00

ADVERTISING AGENTS.
All Advertising Agents to be charged at the same rates specified in the above scale.

CHARITABLE SOCIETIES.
No Advertisements to be inserted gratuitously for Charitable or other Societies, Companies, or Public Institutions.

EXHIBITIONS AND CONCERTS.
Notices of Transient Exhibitions and Concerts to be charged at full prices.

ONE SQUARE.
Twelve lines of Minion or Nonpareil type shall constitute a square.

(Signed)
JOHN A. GREEN, Quincy Patriot.
BLOSSOM & EASTBROOK, Hingham Journal.
L. B. & O. E. WESTON, Norfolk Co. Journal.
O. PUTNAM BACON, Dorchester Chronicle.
CHARLES A. S. PEARSON, Plymouth Rock.
H. O. HILDEBRAND, Dedham Gazette.
JAMES THURBER, Old Colony Memorial.
GEORGE PHINNEY, N. Bridgewater Gazette.
WELSHAM BROSSE, Massachusetts Journal.
To be inserted in the several daily Newspapers published in Norfolk and Plymouth Counties, Per order.

JOHN A. GREEN, Chairman.
O. PUTNAM BACON, Secretary.

GRANITE SALOON.
THE subscriber would most respectfully inform his friends and the public, that he has fitted up the Basement Room, in Goodnow's Building, on Granite Street, where he intends to keep a good supply of

Oysters, Fruits and Refreshments.
He hopes, by constant attention to the wants of the public, to merit a share of patronage.
LORING A. FRENCH.
Quincy, March 25.

DR. S. STOCKING,
DENTAL SURGEON,
No. 54 Tremont Row, (up stairs) Boston.
Terms for the Season.

ENTIRE Sets of Teeth, from \$35 to \$50.
Full upper or under set, from \$15 to \$40.
Parts of Sets, in favorable cases, from \$1.50 to \$3.50 per tooth. Pivot Teeth from \$1.50 to \$3.50. Filling with Gold, from 50 cents to \$3.00. Extracting 25 cents without, and 50 cents with, the use of ether. All operations warranted, and the finest gold used.

Opinions of the Boston Press.
"The long experience and correct taste of Dr. Stocking, of this city, eminently qualify him to set artificial teeth, that look well, feel well, wear well, and work well; and, what is rather remarkable, he seems to be better pleased with furnishing good work than with exorbitant prices for it—a trait not common with the profession."—Evening Traveller.

"We advise all toothless persons to call on Dr. Stocking, of this city, and procure some artificial teeth of his manufacture. We offer this advice with the more confidence, because whatever he undertakes to do, he does well. No one who is acquainted with him can doubt that Nature designed him for a dentist of the right stamp."—Morning Post.

"No Dentist among us is better qualified to improve the condition of the mouth, by setting, filling, extracting, cleansing, regulating, &c. of the teeth, than Dr. Stocking of this city. His reputation for dental skill is too well established to be doubted."—Evening Transcript.

"Dr. Stocking of this city, possesses the right qualifications for his profession;—requiring, as it does, a combination of patience, care, skill and gentleness, with a thorough knowledge of all the intricacies of the business."—Boston Journal.

"If any of our readers have got the teeth-ache, and wish to know who can extract it with the least pain, we should say, Dr. Stocking; or, if they want their teeth filled, and filled right, we should say, by all means go to Dr. Stocking. And, above all, if you wish for artificial teeth, that every body calls the perfection of art, he is the one to furnish them, and at a reasonable price."—Daily Times.

Boston, March 25.

Cure for Canker, etc.
DR. WEAVER'S Canker Cure FOR GREN-
VILLER'S Vaginal Extract, for CAN-
dor-throat and scarlet fever.
ATWOOD'S Canker Drops.
For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Feb. 11.

WHITE & FRENCH,

Attorneys at Law,
Exchange Street, --- BOSTON.
GEORGE WHITE. ASA FRENCH.
May 20.

HENRY A. RANSOM,
AUCTIONEER,
RESPECTFULLY offers his services to the public in the disposal of Real and Personal property, and hereby solicits a share of patronage.
Quincy, April 8.

KIRK & TRAVIS,
Dealers in Teas and Coffees
OF THE PUREST QUALITY.
Also, West India Goods, and pure Old Wines
And Liquors as imported, and suitable for in-
dians and sickness.
Also, London Porter and Scotch Ale, and Ha-
vanna Cigars.
WM. E. TRAVIS.
No. 106 Kneeland Street.
Boston, April 16, 1853.

ALL KINDS OF
Job Printing,
SUCH AS
POSTERS, BILLS, OF ALL KINDS,
BILL-HEADS, BLANKS, CARDS,
AND EVERY VARIETY OF
BOOK PLAIN, AND FANCY
PRINTING.

Neatly Executed at the Quincy Patriot Office,
WITH CHEAPNESS AND DESPATCH.

NATHANIEL WHITE,
---HAS FOR SALE---
LUMBER,
Nails, Lim, Brick and Sand

Coal, Hard and Soft Wood,
QUINCY CANAL WHARF.
July 10, 1852.

William E. Colburn's
Quincy and Boston Express
LEAVES BOSTON DAILY,
At 2 o'clock, P. M.,
From 24 and 25 Brattle Square, and 29
South Market Street.

All orders promptly attended to.
April 2, 1853.

ISRAEL W. MUNROE,
DEALER IN
Dry Goods, Crockery, Glass and
Hardware,

together with a full assortment of choice
W. I. GOODS & GROCERIES,
all of which will be sold at the very lowest prices
and delivered at any point of the Town free of ex-
pense.
Quincy, Jan. 22, 1853.

FISHER A. KINGSBURY,
Counsellor at Law,
Commissioner for the States of
MAINE, NEW HAMPSHIRE, VER-
MONT, CONNECTICUT, RHODE
ISLAND and NEW YORK.

Weymouth, Mass.
Nov. 26.

JOSEPH G. BRACKETT,
---DEALER IN---
LUMBER;
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
---ALSO---
Lime, Sand, Bricks and Hair.

Dimension Frames furnished at short Notice.
Purchasers will find it for their interest to
call and examine, before purchasing else-
where, as they will find a full assort-
ment at the lowest prices.
Quincy, June 12.

Francis Marden
WOULD inform the public that he has recent-
ly fitted up the shop lately occupied by Mr.
SABER, CORP LANE, and is ready to furnish all
kinds of his very best quality.
Quincy, April 2.

Horse and Cattle Medicines.
T. K. VERRY'S Arabian Horse Powder,
For Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Horse Ail-
s, etc.
Verry's Horse and Cattle LOTION.
DADD'S Horse and Cattle Medicines.
For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Jan. 25.

Perfumery, Oils, etc.
CHOICEST Perfumery, Cosmetics, Hair Oil,
Hair Dye, Dentifrice, etc., at
DR. MARDEN'S.
Quincy, Dec. 10.

Fruits.
FRESH Lemons, Oranges and Figs; also—
Dates, Pears, Tamarinds, Eve's Apples,
etc., etc. for sale at
DR. MARDEN'S.
Quincy, Dec. 10.

Look Out!
ALL persons indebted to CHARLES HOLMES,
Insolvent Debtor, previous to May 10th,
A. D. 1854, are hereby notified, that on and after
the tenth day of October next, they must not be
surprised or displeased, if more effective means
than this intimation, are used to induce them to
pay up.
W. S. MORTON, Assignee.
Quincy, Sept. 2.

Notes for Sale.
FOR SALE—The following Notes, with in-
terest—
Jerome Hersey, dated Sept. 1st, 1849, \$ 9.00
Charles Giff, dated April 13th, 1853, 24.00
Leard L. Perry, dated Sept. 7th, 1852, 7.20
Henry A. French, dated April 1st, 1852, 21.14
John S. Packard, dated June 18th, 1850, 10.00
The above Notes will be sold at a discount for
cash.
J. & H. H. FAXON.
Quincy, Sept. 2.

QUINCY

Marble & Granite Works.
MONUMENTS,
Grave Stones, Tablets, &c.
McGrath, Mitchell & Co.,
RESPECTFULLY invite
attention to this estab-
lishment, now opened near the
---South Quincy Depot---
where MONUMENTAL work
of every description, from the
simplest Grave Stone or Table-
to the most elegant and
elaborate Monument is exe-
cuted in the very best style.
Long experience in the busi-
ness, and a thorough compe-
tency in the Art of Designing,
enables the Conductors of these works to carry out
the ideas and suit the various tastes and require-
ments of persons in need of such articles.

GRANITE WORK,
---in all its forms---
FRONTS FOR BUILDINGS,
MONUMENTS, STEPS,
TOMB FRONTS, FENCE POSTS,
Underpinning, Cellar Stones, etc., etc.
furnished to order, by
C. R. & C. Mitchell.

A large collection of Monumental Designs, (all
drawn in the Establishment) and which, as well as
the work, attest the skill and competency of the
Proprietors, are on hand, and the public are re-
spectfully invited to call and inspect them.

Orders sent by Mail will be faithfully exe-
cuted with dispatch and at reasonable prices.
Quincy, July 22.

STOVES! STOVES!!
THE subscriber has
re-opened his Shop
on Hancock Street, near
opposite the Stone
Temple, where will be
found a NEW AS-
SORTMENT OF
Stoves, Tin, Japan
and Britannia
Ware as can be found
in the market.

Also—Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Work done
to order, in a neat and workmanlike manner.

The subscriber would invite his old patrons
and the public generally, to give him a call where he
will be found personally to attend to them, and all
orders done to satisfaction.

The subscriber hopes by strict attention to busi-
ness and a desire to please to merit a share of pub-
lic patronage.
CHARLES HOLMES.
Quincy, July 22.

Insurance against Fire.
QUINCY MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
INCORPORATED
1851.

THE QUINCY MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MASSACHUSETTS, has been
re-chartered and re-organized, and is now
ready to receive applications for insurance
against Fire, for five years or less, on favorable
terms.

Farmers, Mechanic, Household, Traders,
Merchants, and all Owners of Property not
insured, are solicited to patronize this Com-
pany; every effort will be made to accommodate
customers.

Letters, by mail or otherwise, from persons re-
siding at a distance, relating to Fire Insurance,
will be promptly attended to.

PRESIDENT,
WILLIAM S. MORTON;
TREASURER,
ISRAEL W. MUNROE;
SECRETARY,
STEPHEN BATES;

DIRECTORS,
Quincy, Milton,
William S. Morton, George Thompson,
Israel W. Munroe, Charles Brock,
Gideon F. Thayer, Dorchester,
Thomas C. Webb, H. W. Blanchard,
Albert Thompson, Cohasset,
Whitcomb Porter, Solomon J. Beal,
Stephen Bates, South Hingham,
William B. Duggan, Alfred Loring,
Thomas Curtis, North Brimbleton,
Sumner A. Hayward,
Royal W. Turner, Barnstable,
South Brimbleton, George Marston,
Apollon Randall.

References, by permission:
HON. GEORGE T. BIGELOW of Boston,
HON. JOSIAH QUINCY, Jr., of Boston,
HON. AMAS WALKER of North Brookfield,
HON. JAMES MAGUIRE of Randolph,
HON. SOLOMON LINCOLN of Hingham,
HON. CHARLES F. ADAMS of Quincy,
JOSIAH BRIGHAM, Esq., of Quincy.

OFFICE,
Washington Street, Quincy, near of Stone Temple.
Quincy, April 1.

New Provision Store.
THE subscriber would inform the public, that
he has fitted up the Store lately occupied by
Mr. Gridley Foltman, as a

MARKET HOUSE,
and is ready to supply the public with all kinds of
MEATS and VEGETABLES, of the best quality,
cheap for cash.

Also—BUTTER, CHEESE, DRIED AP-
PLES, BEANS, PICKLES, TRIPE, LARD,
etc., constantly on hand.
Quincy, March 18.

Pills and Bitters—Sick Headache.
D. SOULE'S Oriental Serravallo Balm Pills.
DR. HOOFLAND'S German Balm Pills.
Dr. Eastman's Celebrated SICK HEADACHE
REMEDY.
For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Jan. 25.

Blankets.
12 PAIR 10-4 heavy White Blankets—
for sale at a discount.
I. W. MUNROE.
Quincy, Feb. 4.

By Royal Letters Patent.

THE HYDROMAGEN,
---OR---
WATER-PROOF, ANTI-CONSUMPTIVE
CORK SOLES,
MANUFACTURED BY
HARCOURT, BRADLEY & CO.,
44 Market Street, Manchester.
Principal Warehouse, 102 Wood Street, Cheap-
side, London, England. American Establish-
ments, 38 Ann Street and 102 Nassau Street,
New York, U. S.

THE Hydromagen is a valuable discovery for
protecting the feet from damp or cold, and
therefore a preventative of many Lung diseases,
without any doctoring whatever. The Hydro-
magen is in the form of a sole, and worn inside
the boot or shoe. Its medicated character is a
powerful antidote to disease.

For Gentlemen it will be found agreeable,
warm, and healthy, to wear in the coldest
rainiest weather, as the foot cannot become wet
if the Hydromagen is inserted. Ladies may
wear the lightest soled boots or shoes in the most
inclement weather with impunity; while Con-
sumption, so prevalent among the young of our
country, may be thwarted by their general adop-
tion. They entirely supersede overshoes, as the
latter cause the feet to perspire in a very un-
healthy manner; and, besides, are not dangerous
wear to pedestrians in icy weather, like india
rubbers. While the latter cause the feet to ap-
pear extremely large, the Hydromagen, being a
thin slice of cork prepared, particularly
placed inside, does not increase the size of the
boot, or cause the foot to appear untidy. To
children they are extremely valuable, as they
engage in exercise with comfort and healthy
effects. Their expense is so slight as to scarce
need mention; besides, those who patronize them
will find their yearly doctor's bills much dimi-
nished thereby.

As the Hydromagen is becoming more known,
its sale is increasing to an almost incredible ex-
tent. Last year in London, Manchester, Bir-
mingham, Liverpool, Glasgow, Leeds, Dublin,
Paris, Antwerp, Hamburg, and Berlin, our sales
reached 1,732,450 pairs of Cork Soles. This
year the number will far surpass that.

Ask the Faculty their opinion of their value as
a preventative for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis,
ASTHMA and CONSUMPTION.

MEN'S SIZE, per pair, 35 cents.
LADIES' do. do. 30 do.
BOYS' & MISSES' do. 25 do.

NOTICE. From the Retail Prices we make a
very liberal allowance to Jobbers and Whole-
salers, so that any storekeeper may make a fine
profit on their sale, while they are an article that
may be kept in any store, among any class of
goods. For terms, apply to

HARCOURT, BRADLEY & CO.,
38 Ann Street, New York.
Sept. 16.

THE CHEST.
Sir Astley Cooper, Bart., M. D.,
THE EMINENT MEDICAL PRACTITIONER, HAS
LEFT A VALUABLE BEQUEST TO THE WORLD
OF HIS GREAT

Preventative of Consumption,
---AND---
Unfailing Cure for Pulmonary Diseases,
Without the use of Medicine.

SIR A. C. COOPER, invented and advised the use
of the
MEDICATED FUR CHEST PROTECTOR.
To all persons of all ages and conditions, as a
certain and a safe shield against those fearful
diseases, Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma,
Coughs, Colds, and other affections of the Lungs,
which arise from the exposed state of the chest,
according to fashion, and the continual changes
of our climate.

"The Protector" is simply a chemically pre-
pared fur, lined with silk and padded, which
suspended from the neck, covers the chest, in an
agreeable manner that, once worn, it becomes
a necessity and a comfort.

"The Protector," although but recently intro-
duced into America, is making rapid progress
through the United States, the Canadas, South
America and the West Indies. It has for a long
time been a staple article in England and on the
continent of Europe, while it has grown in many
countries to the position of an article of dress.

To demonstrate these facts enquire of any
English resident in your vicinity of his knowl-
edge of the beneficial effects of wearing the Pro-
tector, without recourse to doctoring of any kind.
The cost of wearing these articles is a mere trifle,
and one will last some years. No one who val-
ues the health of himself or his family will be
without them. The Hospitals in this country are
not alone recommending them, but rapidly intro-
ducing them. Harcourt, Bradley & Co. of Lon-
don, and Manchester, England, were originally
entrusted with the manufacture of the Protectors,
by the late Dr. Cooper, and continue to
manufacture according to his original instruc-
tions, and therefore recommend those who would
wear "The Protectors," to see to their being
genuine.

REMEMBER THIS IS A STAPLE ARTICLE, AND
NO PATENT MEDICINE.

RETAIL PRICES.
GENT'S SIZE, - - - \$1.50 each.
LADIES' do. - - - 1.00 do.
BOYS' & MISSES' SIZE - - - 75 do.

HARCOURT, BRADLEY & CO.
38 Ann & 102 Nassau-st., N. York, U. S.
PRINCIPAL WAREHOUSE, 102 Wood street, Man-
chester, England.

H. B. & Co. are establishing Depots for the sale
of "The Protector" in all parts of America.
Physicians, Surgeons, Druggists, Cloth-
iers, Dry Goods Merchants, Hatters and Mil-
liners, also Gentlemen's Furnishing Store-
keepers are entrusted with the wholesale and
retail distribution of them, and to whom most
liberal terms are offered for their enterprise,
and a splendid opportunity opens to them for
safe and profitable business. For terms, apply
to **HARCOURT, BRADLEY & CO.,**
38 Ann Street, New York, U. S.

Sept. 16.

Eastern Brick,
JUST landed and for sale, a cargo of EAST-
ERN BRICK by
JOSEPH G. BRACKETT,
Brackett's Wharf,
Quincy, August 12.

Butter!! Butter!!
TOMPKIN'S Orange Flower Lotion, Fos-
taine's Bath of a Thousand Flowers, Milk of
Roses, Amaranth for Tan Scurvy, &c. &c. For
sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, May 7.

Butter!! Butter!!
30 to 40 BUTTER, for sale cheap
for cash by
D. B. BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, Oct. 29.

Apothecary Store.

MRS. E. HAYDEN returns thanks to her
friends and the public, for their long-con-
tinued patronage, and offers an enlarged stock of supe-
rior Family Medicines, select-
ed with care.
Also—various articles for
Invalids, Pearl and prepared
Barley, Farina, Groats, cracked
Wheat, Sago, Tapioca, Oat-
flour, Corn Starch, Broma, &c.
Jellies, Raspberry and Lem-
on Syrup, Guava Paste, &c.
Shoulder Braces and Sup-
porters of various kinds, Gum
Elastic Breast Pumps, Glass
Pipes and Shells, patent sur-
gical Shields, Tubes, and Bot-
tles, sprays, Plasters, Glass
and Metal Syringes, Bed-pans, Horse-hair Mittens,
Flesh Brushes, &c. &c.
Fresh European Leeches always on hand.
Physicians' prescriptions put up with care and
attention.

She is also receiving the new and popular medi-
cine of the day, as they appear in this and other
States. Washington-st., rear of Stone Temple.
Quincy, Nov. 1.

Botanic Medicine Depot,
Corner of Hancock and Granite Streets.

DR. MARDEN having taken the stand former-
ly kept by Dr. Goodnow, and having made
considerable additions to his former stock of
Medicine, Perfumery, Fancy
Articles, &c. &c. &c.

he now offers them to the public on the most rea-
sonable terms. He is happy to say, that his stock
of Medicine comprises most, if not all, the articles
used in the Reformed Practice of Medicine, care-
fully selected and of the best quality; and having
secured the services of a person of long experience
in the business, he is confident every reasonable
expectation will be grat

THE QUINCY PATRIOT.

DEVOTED TO MORALS, EDUCATION, AGRICULTURE, NEWS AND GENERAL LITERATURE.

VOLUME XIX.

QUINCY, MASS., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1854.

NUMBER XLII.

OFFICE OF PUBLICATION,
Over I. W. Munroe's Store, on Hancock Street.

JOHN A. GREEN, Editor.

CONDITIONS.

TWO DOLLARS per annum in advance, and if delayed until the end of the year, then THREE DOLLARS will be required.

No subscription nor advertisement will be discontinued previous to the payment of all arrears, unless at the option of the publisher.

Advertisements correctly and conspicuously inserted at the customary prices, and will be charged for until ordered out.

The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to their own immediate business.

Letters and communications, postage paid, will receive early attention.

AGENTS.

The following gentlemen are authorized to receive pay and requested to procure subscribers.

Railway Village,	JOSEPH BABCOCK.
West District,	GEORGE H. LOCKE.
Milton,	CHARLES BRECK.
Dorchester,	ORIN P. RACON.
Weymouth,	F. A. KINGSBURY.
Abrington,	JOSEPH CLEVELY.
South Scituate,	SAMUEL A. TURNER.
New York City,	FREEMAN H. T.
Brooklyn, (N. Y.),	GERSHOM DREW.

Miscellaneous.

Fiat Justitia.

BY T. S. ARTHUR.

"Let justice be done, though the heavens should fall!" Mr. Elkington spoke with a firm voice and steady eye.

"Crime is often committed under the pressure of great temptation. In a moment of weakness, the unhappy subject of evil allurements falls," said the person with whom the gentleman was in conversation.

"All true," replied Mr. Elkington; "all very true. But every act has its legitimate consequence; and we wrong society, and the individual wrong doer himself, whenever we seek to interrupt so wisely ordained a relation. If a man steals from me, he is a thief. For theft, the law ordains punishment; and I hold it to be every man's duty to give up the thief to justice, if it is in his power to do so. The progress of crime is arrested thereby, and society guarded from future depredations."

"This is stating the case very generally. But general principles are never of equal application."

There are collateral considerations in every case, which may not be disregarded without wrong to the individual. And we may assume it as an undoubted truth, that in doing wrong to an individual, we wrong the body of which that individual is a member.

"There is a great deal of false philanthropy, as well as false judgment, excused by this arrangement based on exceptions to general rules," said Mr. Elkington, with an air of self-satisfaction. "For my part, I believe that more harm is done in the end by admitting the exceptions, than could possibly arise from an invariably stringent application of the rule. The man who steals, knows that he is violating a law of both God and his fellow. The statute of his country says, that for such an evil act he must suffer the penalty of imprisonment. Let then the penalty be made so sure, that escape becomes next to a moral impossibility. Let every one who becomes cognizant of an act of stealing, give up the offender to a speedy justice. For my part, painful as the necessity might be, I would not stand between justice and my own son, were he to become an offender. The stern old Roman father has left an example of unswerving justice that Christians would do well to imitate."

"The time may come when you will think a little differently," said the friend; "when collateral influences will have sufficient weight to interpose an exception to your stringent general rule."

"We'll see," returned Mr. Elkington, confidently, as the two men separated.

A few days after this conversation took place, Mr. Elkington, who was a merchant, was rather surprised to receive a notification that he had overdrawn his bank account more than two thousand dollars.

"This is a mistake," said he to himself as he opened his desk, in order to take therefrom his bank book. But the bank book was not in the usual place. After tumbling over some papers hurriedly to see if it were not concealed beneath them, he turned to one of his clerks and said:

"Where is James?"

"He hasn't been to the store this morning, sir."

"I cannot tell, sir. He made no complaint of indisposition on leaving the store last evening."

It was on the lip of Mr. Elkington to say, in a doubtful tone of voice:

"There's something wrong!" but checking the utterance thereof, he took his hat and left the store. A little while afterwards he

presented himself at the counter of the bank where he kept his deposits, and asked the book-keeper to oblige him by turning to his account.

"I see no credit here for two thousand dollars, deposited yesterday," said Mr. Elkington.

"Did you make such a deposit?" asked the book-keeper.

"I certainly did; or, at least intended to make it."

The blotter of the receiving teller was referred to, but no credit of the sum mentioned was found thereon.

"What does your bank book say," inquired the teller.

"I can't find it," said Mr. Elkington, in some confusion and perplexity of manner.

"It has been overlaid, in or upon my desk. But I know the deposit was made."

"The bank book will settle the matter at once," remarked the teller.

"I don't like the look of this at all," said Mr. Elkington to himself, as he went hurriedly back to his store. "James absent, the bank book not to be found, and no memorandum of a two thousand dollar deposit made yesterday, standing to my credit. What can it mean? Surely, that young man has not robbed me! He cannot be so base. But if he has—"

How stern and hard instantly became the countenance of the merchant.

"If he has, who is to him! I will track his steps with quick-footed justice; the ungrateful wretch!"

It was quite as bad as the merchant had suspected. James Craig, a young man in his twentieth year, whose character hitherto had stood above suspicion, in an evil hour had yielded to temptation, and became the robber of his employer. But hardly was the deed done beyond the possibility of avoiding exposure, ere the dishonesty was bitterly repented. His first act, after appropriating the two thousand dollars instead of depositing the sum in the bank, was to leave the city in the earliest train of cars for the South. In Baltimore he took lodgings in an obscure tavern, where he hid himself away from observation, hoping to remain concealed until the first search for him should be over. Here, in great humiliation and distress of mind, he awaited the progress of events, bitterly repenting his folly and crime. O! what would he not have given for restored integrity? The price of virtue and a good name was his; but the sum of two thousand dollars, which a little while before had loomed up with such a golden attraction, now seemed of no value whatever compared with the rich treasure he had parted with in order to secure it.

On the second day after Craig's arrival in Baltimore, as he sat irresolute and despondent in his room, the door thereof was thrown suddenly open, and Mr. Elkington stood before him, with sternly knit brows, and eyes that seemed as if they would pierce him through and through. Instantly the wretched young man turned pale as death, and he was for some moments so paralyzed that he could neither move nor speak.

"Humph! So I've found you, have I?" said Mr. Elkington, as he closed the door. There was a cruel menace in the tones of his voice, that left small room for hope in the mind of the guilty one, who cowered before him. "And now, what have you to say for yourself?"

"Speak!" he added more imperatively; "what have you to say for yourself?"

"Nothing," replied the young man.

"Where is my money?" said Mr. Elkington.

Craig drew from his pocket a thick roll of bank bills, and handing them to Mr. Elkington, replied:

"There it is; I have not used a dollar. God in Heaven knows how bitterly I have repented of this dreadful crime!"

The merchant was taken rather by surprise at this unexpected restitution. Still his purpose to hand the offender over to justice remained firm. He had pondered the matter closely—had even weighed the strong appeals made by certain collateral considerations—but his rigid motto—"let justice be done though the heavens should fall"—had decided his course of action, and even now a police officer awaited his summons below.

"James," said Mr. Elkington sternly, "you have crossed the rubicon of crime, and your enemy, retribution, must be met. The law wisely ordained punishment for theft. You have stolen my property, and as a good citizen, it becomes my duty to give you up to the ministers of the law, which I shall do. A police officer is in the house; you will pass from here into his hands. Unhappy young man! how have you marred your whole future life!—What insanity was upon you?"

"O Mr. Elkington!" exclaimed Craig, sinking on one knee, and lifting his aching face to that of the merchant; "do not sacrifice me to one false step, the first I have taken."

"I do not sacrifice you, James," said Mr. Elkington. "This act is your own. You have committed a crime, and it is my duty, as I have said, to hand you over to those who punish crime. I feel for you, deeply; but I cannot give place to weakness. Justice must be done though the heavens should fall. If each one against whom a crime is committed, should suffer the offender to escape, every social safeguard would be removed. No, no, James, painful as the act will be, I must give you up to justice."

And as he did so, the wretched young man started forward, and seizing his hand said imploringly:

"I have a poor, widowed mother, sir; if her son is disgraced her heart will be broken."

"You should have thought of that before, James. It is too late now."

"Do not say this! O, sir, do not say this! I am not so bad as you think. Though I wickedly took your money, I did not spend it. Every dollar is returned to you. But, ah! sir, if you ruin me before the world—if you have me removed from all contact with the virtuous, and associate me with old and hardened criminals, what hope is then left for me? If I could be overcome in temptation while surrounded with safeguards, how will I be able to stand when all these are removed? O, sir, I claim justice for myself, justice for my unhappy mother. Do not utterly ruin the widow's only son!"

"Justice! Justice!" said Mr. Elkington, in a half-bewildered manner, as he turned towards the young man. "You talk of justice!"

"Will it be best to destroy a young man when you can save him?" The voice of Craig was now firm, and his eye steady. His imminent peril had made him calmer.

"The law was made for the protection of society. You have—"

"Listen, Mr. Elkington! Hear to reason. Will society be any safer, so far as I am concerned, ten years hence, if, by your act, I am hardened into a deliberate criminal?"

The stern purpose of the merchant began to waver. Craig saw it, and grasping his hand, said:

"Think of my poor mother, and let me go free. Believe me, sir, your head will rest upon a quieter pillow than if you set the heel of imaginary justice on my heart, and crush out all innocence beneath its iron tread."

A moment or two Mr. Elkington paused. Then, in a softened voice, he said:

"What then?"

"I will pass on farther south; and, under a new name, seek to win back for myself, by honest industry, the position I have lost."

Mr. Elkington stood silent for the space of nearly a minute. "Have you any money?" he then asked.

"Enough to take me as far as New Orleans."

"James," said Mr. Elkington, his manner still more softened towards the young man, "I shall be as you wish. And to show you that I feel an awakening confidence in your good purpose, I will lend you fifty dollars. You may not readily find employment, and destitution might lead to temptation."

"Not fifty dollars, Mr. Elkington," was the quick reply, "but if you will make the sum \$20 it shall be returned if I live. Ah, sir! this generous kindness will never be forgotten. I feel it, already, as a new impulse to virtuous actions."

"May your good resolutions fail not," said Mr. Elkington, with visible emotion. Take this," and he handed Craig a small roll of bank bills. "Be true to yourself and to your mother, and all may yet be well."

"Where is my money?" said Mr. Elkington.

Ten years passed. Occasionally, in his native city, some one inquired for James Craig; but, from the time he left in disgrace, no one seemed to know anything about him. A few months after his disappearance, his mother went somewhere to the South, it was said, to join her son.

As time wore on they were forgotten, or only thought of casually by a few who had known them more intimately than the rest.

One day a southern merchant named Floyd, to whom Mr. Elkington had sold large bills of goods during the previous four or five years, but who had not visited the North during that time, called in at the store of Elkington, and mentioned his name. His hand was at once grasped cordially, and much pleasure expressed at making the personal acquaintance of a valued business correspondent.

As the two men stood, looking into each other's faces, Mr. Elkington was struck with something strangely familiar in the countenance of his visitor.

"You do not remember me?" said Floyd.

"James—James Craig! Is it possible?" exclaimed Mr. Elkington, in a low voice.

"Not James Craig. That name was dishonored. But Andrew Floyd, a name yet un tarnished, and which I trust to keep bright to the end. You were just to the good that remained in my heart, Mr. Elkington, and I am, thank God! a man again. What the consequence would have been, had your

sterner ideas of justice had their way, I shudder to imagine."

For several moments, Mr. Elkington stood silent, and in some bewilderment. Then he said in a subdued manner:

"And I shudder also. Ah! how much harm we may do by too stringent applications of general laws in particular cases. Fiat justitia is a golden rule; but when we resolve that justice shall be done, be very certain that we are not guilty of the rankest injustice."

And so we say to all. Let justice be done—but pause, and consider well the case, and be sure that something really good is not destroyed by your action. Should such, unhappily, be the result, then, instead of being just, you have surely wronged your fellow man.

Advertising.

It has been said with truth that the man who imagines he can get along without the world deceives himself egregiously. Yet there are a great many such fools in the world. They think that as long as they live and breathe, and manage to get enough to eat and drink, they have no need of the world, and could do very well without it. Some men in business act upon the same principle. They open a store and put up a sign, and then wait for customers. They live—they exist—that is about all. Their neighbors do more than this; they thrive and go ahead; they get rich and retire; while the old fog, who thinks he is everything to the world and the world nothing to him, travels along in the same old beaten track, leaving off just where he began, and dies regretted by nobody and missed by nobody.

A man, now-a-days, to do business, must let the world know who he is, what he is, and what he is doing. He must use the means put in his hands; he must advertise; he must take the papers and read them; he must stir round and let the world know he is a live man and means to do something. Advertising is a great motive power of business, and he who uses it judiciously progresses the most rapidly as well as safely.

The following capital remarks, every word of which is gospel truth, we copy from an exchange paper:—

"The advantage of advertising can no more be questioned than that it is light at noon-day. None but an old fogey ever did doubt it. More and speedier fortunes have been made through this medium than any other that can be named. In truth, for a business man to suppose he can get along without it, only shows a very great want of knowledge and sagacity—a fact which will generally result in a failure."

"Take the man just starting in most any sort of business. One, impressed with the idea that if he wants 'to do anything,' he must let the people know where he is, and what he does, launches forth upon the sea of advertising. He makes a noise, creates a sensation, gets people to talking, moving, patronizing. The public, seeing his enterprise, say that 'he's the man for us.' And they go to him. He gets business. He makes money—receives a reputation. The plain thing of it is, he takes the great highway—the golden road to success. He advertises."

The other man guesses he won't advertise. He don't think it does any good. It costs money. Messrs. Dull & Bledsoe advise him. They thought it was all folly. They always continued to get along somehow, though they never made much money—not so much as Drivehead & Co., who got rich in a short time. But they were very lucky. After this fashion of reasoning, which is no reasoning at all, he comes to the conclusion that he won't advertise. What is the result? He gets very little business, is unknown, neglected. Few people have the least idea of any such person. At least he gets a front-hand-to-mouth living. In five years if he is not a bankrupt it will be a marvel. He don't believe in advertising. The consequence is that people don't believe in giving him patronage. They go to the other place—to the man whose eyes are open and hands at work. Money spent in judicious advertising is the best of investments. There is no dodging this. It is the alchemy that changes the silver dollar into the golden eagle. Besides, people like to go to the man who does business on a liberal, drive-along way. They have confidence that he knows how to buy, make, do, and all that. 'He's the man for us,' they say as naturally as women take to matrimony."

"Let us say then, if you want business—advertise. If you don't want it, then don't advertise. In the first case you will come out at the big end, and in the other the small end of the horn."

Chocolate.

The Cacao seed, from which chocolate is prepared, are produced by the Theobroma cacao, a plant of South America; it grows to the height of twenty feet, and bears large oblong leaves and small red blossoms, which are succeeded by a thick scarlet or yellow capsule, seven or eight inches long, containing many seeds, as big as a scarlet-bean, embedded in a fleshy substance. These seeds are roasted, and the skin being taken off, they are pounded with water, and rolled and beat on a smooth surface into a paste, which is sweetened and flavored with vanilla, cinna-

mon, &c. &c., and then made up into cakes in iron moulds; when dry and hard, the cakes are put into paper cases, to keep them from the air.

Cacao contains a great deal of nutritive matter in a small compass, and is hence of great service to travellers; it is comparatively but little consumed in the United States, but much in France and Spain; and in South America it is regarded as a necessary. The oily matter which is contained in the seeds is extracted, and used in medicine under the name of butter of Cacao.

How to Prosper in Business.

In the first place, make up your mind to accomplish whatever you undertake; decide upon some particular employment and persevere in it. All difficulties are overcome by diligence and assiduity.

Be not afraid to work with your own hands, and diligently too. 'A cat in gloves catches no mice.'

Attend to your own business, and never trust it to another.

'A pot that belongs to many is ill stirred and worse boiled.'

Be abstemious. 'Who dainties love shall beggars prove.'

Rise early. 'The sleeping fox catches no poultry.'

Treat every one with respect and civility. 'Everything is gained and nothing lost by courtesy.' Good manners insure success.

Never anticipate wealth from any other source than labor.

'He who waits for dead men's shoes may have to go for a long time barefoot.'

And above all things, 'Nil Desperandum,' for 'Heaven helps those who help themselves.'

If you implicitly follow those precepts, nothing can hinder you from accumulating wealth.

Inalienable Rights.

The following are not enumerated in the Declaration of Independence:

To know any trade or business without apprenticeship or experience.

To marry without regard to fortune, state of health, position, or opinion of parents or friends.

To have wife and children dependent on the contingencies of business, and, in case of sudden death, leave them wholly unprotected.

To put off upon hiring strangers the literary, moral, and religious education of children.

To teach children no good trade, hoping they will have, when grown up, wit enough to live on the industry of other people.

To enjoy the general sympathy when made bankrupt by reckless speculations.

To chastise the Government, if possible.

To hold office without being competent to discharge its duties.

To build houses with nine and six inch walls, and to go to the funerals of tenants, firemen and others, killed by their falls, weeping over the mysterious dispensation of providence.

To build up cities and towns without parks, and call pestilence a visitation of God.

Talking and Doing.

It is no paradox in fact to assert that persons who talk the most do the least. 'He who talks much must talk in vain,' is an old and true proverb. There is nothing more tiresome than the eternal gabble of an empty headed talker. Nature does her work without making a noise about it; and a really earnest thinking man, whose head and heart are bent on great achievements, is never garrulous about what he is 'going to do.' He sets to work without noise, and the results of his efforts are often the first intimation we have of what he is driving at. There is no class of persons so tedious and tiresome as these insane and everlasting talkers.

'We from the wordy torrent fly; Who listen to the chattering pyle?'

If they undertake to do a thing, they make more talk and fuss about it than the thing is worth,—and always exaggerating trifles into immense difficulties, magnify the importance of their labors by the insurmountable obstacles they have overcome. If the reader will reflect a moment upon this subject, and call to mind the most successful and most agreeable of his acquaintances, he will invariably find that the great talkers are the small doers. The emptiest vessels are always the noisiest; and the man who fusses, splutters, and boasts of everything he does, or is going to do, is 'mere sounding brass and a tinkling cymbal.' When a person has a pleasant thought, a genial sentiment, or a new fact, let him utter it to the delight and edification of all who have ears to hear. But we know of no better method for man or woman to adopt in so-

cial life, than that which is conveyed in his Hibernicism: 'When you have nothing to say, say it; which in plain English means, say nothing. To which we will add another equally wise: When you have something to do, do it, without telling and boasting to all the world the fact that you are 'going to do it.'—N. Y. Evening Mirror.

Parloining Fruit.

In the estimation of some people it is small business to complain of fruit stealers. A man devotes his money and the best of his time to planting an orchard—digs about it and prunes it; and at the time of harvest comes expecting fruit and finds none—not because it did not bear fruit, but the boys have stolen it. Why should this receive a more favorable notice than that? Sometimes a garden is everything to its owner. The vegetable supply his family with food, the fruit he sells or appropriates to economical use. Again we ask, why should he have his fruit, melons and vegetables stolen from his garden, more than his wood in his same yard, or corn, after it is gathered in the corn-barn?

To pick up an apple on the sidewalk is one thing—to enter an enclosure daily and fill his pockets with choice fruit, is quite another thing. Beside, the product of one's garden is not to be valued by dollars and cents. The green peas and string beans, that grow in our garden, excel in richness of flavor than any that can be otherwise obtained; and so with peaches, pears, &c. We have watered and matured them, and watched their growth from day to day, and expect ere long to realize our greatest pleasure in sharing them with our family. Suppose a case—it is a case that has happened, and may be again—a gentleman has a small peach tree near his house, and the only one which yields him any fruit. It produces a few quarts of most delicious rareties. The family visit them several times a day, anxiously watching their maturity. On Monday morning they are to be gathered, for on that day visitors are expected, and must partake with the family. But Sabbath night every one is stolen!

It would not be at all surprising, at the moment of discovery, if the texts and sermons of the preceding day were forgotten. Talk not of moral young men and boys, being engaged in such business, for depend upon it if parents connive at it in their children, manhood will present a spectacle of depravity. The lad who steals fruit without remorse, will not be likely to be trusted with his employer's purse in maturer years.—Woburn Journal.

The Hours Most Fatal to Life.

We have ascertained the hour of death in 2,880 instances of all ages, and have arrived at interesting conclusions. We may remark that the population from which the dates are derived is a mixed population in every respect, and that the deaths occurred during a period of several years. If the deaths of 2,880 persons had occurred indifferently at any hour during the twenty-four hours, one hundred and twenty would have occurred at each hour. But this was by no means the case. There are two hours in which the proportion was remarkably below this, two minima in fact—namely, from midnight to one o'clock, when the deaths were 83 per cent. below the average, and from noon to one o'clock, when they were 29.4 per cent. below. From 3 to 6 o'clock A. M. inclusive, and from 3 to 7 o'clock P. M., there is a gradual increase, in the former of 23.1-2 per cent. above the average, in the latter of 5.1-2 per cent. The maximum of death is from five to six o'clock A. M., when it is forty per cent. above the average; the next, during the hour before midnight, when it is 25 per cent. in excess; a third hour of excess is from eight to ten o'clock in the morning, being 17.1-2 per cent. above. From ten A. M. to three P. M. the deaths are less numerous, being 16.1-2 per cent. below the average, the hour before noon being the most fatal. From three P. M. to 7 P. M. the deaths rise to 7.1-2 per cent. above the average, and then fall to that hour to eleven P. M., averaging 5.1-2 per cent. below the mean. During the hours from nine to eleven o'clock in the evening there is a minimum of 6.1-2 per cent. below the average. Thus the least mortality is during the mid-day hours—namely, from ten to three o'clock; the greatest during early morning hours, from three to six o'clock. About one-third of the total deaths were children under five years of age, and they show the influence of the latter still more strikingly. At all hours, from ten o'clock in the morning until midnight, the deaths are at or below the mean; the hours from ten to eleven A. M., from four to five P. M., and from nine to ten P. M., being minima, but the hour after midnight being the lowest maximum; at all the hours from two to ten A. M. the deaths are above the mean, attaining their maximum at from five to six A. M., when it is 45.1-2 per cent. above.

Apothecary Store.

MR. E. HAYDEN returns thanks to his friends and the public, for their long-continued patronage, and offers an enlarged stock of superior Family Medicines, selected with care.

Also—various articles for invalids, Pearl and prepared Barkley, Farina, Ground-cracked Wheat, Sago, Tapioca, Oat-flour, Corn Starch, Broma, &c. Jellies, Raspberry and Lemon Syrup, Guava Paste, &c. Shoulder Braces and Supporters of various kinds. Gum Elastic Breast Pumps, Glass Pipes and Shells, patent Sipping Shields, Tubes, and Bottles, spread Plaster, Glass Metal Syringes, Bed-pans, Horse-hair Mittens, &c. &c.

Fresh European Leeches always on hand. Physicians' prescriptions put up with care and attention.

She is also receiving the new and popular medicine of the day, as they appear in this and other cities. Washington-st., rear of Stone Temple, Quincy, Nov. 1.

Botanic Medicine Depot.

Corner of Hancock and Granite Streets.

DR. MARDEN having taken the stand formerly kept by Dr. Goodnow, and having made considerable additions to his former stock of

Medicine, Perfumery, Fancy

Articles, &c. &c. &c.

he now offers them to the public on the most reasonable terms. He is happy to say, that his stock of Medicine comprises most, if not all, the articles used in the Retained Practice of Medicine, carefully selected and of the first quality; and having assumed the services of a person of long experience in the business, he is confident every reasonable expectation will be gratified.

Quincy, Nov. 26.

Paper Hangings.

JUST received new styles of Paper Hangings, and for sale cheap for cash.

DANIEL BAXTER & Co.

Quincy, March 25.

CALEB PACKARD.

DEALER IN SILKS, SHAWLS, FURS, Dress and Domestic Goods of every description.

Also—White Goods, Laces, Dress and Cloak Trimmings, Gimps Brains and Embroideries, a large lot of Hosiery, and a great variety of fancy articles.

GENTS' AND BOYS'

Ready Made Clothing,

AND FURNISHING GOODS!

BOOTS, SHOES, TRUNKS, VALISES, CARPET BAGS, UMBRELLAS, HATS, CAPS, &c., &c.

FURNITURE,

of every description constantly on hand, or furnished at the shortest notice.

Also—MATTRESSES and FEATHERS of every quality. I would ask the particular attention of the public to this branch of my business.

MILLINERY GOODS!

Customers wishing Goods of this class, will find always a carefully selected Stock, of the best and best styles. BONNETS, made and trimmed.

CARPETINGS,

every style and quality; Crochery, China, Glass and Britannia Ware, Solar Lamps and shades, and a general assortment of House-keeping Goods. I would respectfully invite the attention of my friends and customers, to my present varied Stock, in which I am constantly making additions, and solicits call from desiring Goods of any kind in my line.

Quincy, Dec. 3d.

Poetry.

For the Patriot.
Acrostic.
Joyfully the morning sunlight threw its glorious golden beams
On the couch where youth was lying, tossed in
fevered troubled dreams;
Softly on her pure white forehead came the
breath of summer flowers;
Eglantine's sweet odors rising from the fairest of
earth's bowers;
Pearls hung on the leaves and blossoms, sparkles
of the silver dew;
Heavenly music, nature's songsters, echoed loud
the woodland through.
Death, relentless, grim destroyer, gazed upon
the stricken child;
Upward pointing, smiling sweetly, near her stood
a being mild;
Nearer yet, a hand of ethereal beauty on perfumed
shining wings,
Thrilling through the maiden's spirit, with a joy
naught earthly brings;
Opened now the gates of heaven, saw she all
the white-robed throng,
Nearer whirled the holy music, pealed the glad
celestial song.
Smiling on the sad group, weeping, faintly closed
her languid eyes,
Then the waiting angels, gently, bore her spirit
to the skies;
In the solemn stillness reigning, none knew when
her young life fled;
Lily paleness, icy coldness, marble features;
she was dead;
Evening came with dusky shadows, sighing o'er
the early doom,
Sighing for the loved and lost one, snatched
away in beauty's bloom.
JENNY C.
Cambridge, Mass.

The Value of Money.

Obscurely I had passed my life—
A wretched ignominy—
Till I, like Byron, woke and found
"Myself one morning famous."
All devices had life & wealth & heirs,
Though now so bright and sunny;
But, then, this change is not so strange,
I've lately had some money!
Where I went, folks ran away,
As if from burning lava!
I seemed a living emblem of
"The Poison Tree of Java."
To get money for all, I vowed,
Flock near like flies round honey;
Oh! sudden change of fortune's wind—
I've lately had some money!
I used to say some funny things,
At least I dared to think so;
But dead upon the ear they fell,
And all away did shrink so;
My mouth I never open now,
But all I say is funny;
They'll even bring hysterics on—
I've lately had some money!
The young and handsome, once I thought
That I should be or be wedded;
Mamma's dear daughter kept from me
As from a more gross disease;
The ugliest girl I could not move;
Nor her with hump and one eye;
But "angels" now run after me—
I've lately had some money!
Only subject in debate,
If an idea started,
I never listened to, and none
Cared how in scorn I snuffed it;
My slightest whimper now is heard—
No more "thou art a dream;
They cannot act without my views—
I've lately had some money!

Courageous Man.

Courageous man! who often boasts
Of conquering hearts—suffiding minds,
Victorious o'er the warfare hosts—
Alas! a woman's influence binds.
Your simple mind in mystic chains;
Your countenance shows deathlike pallor;
Your efforts show that there remains
But little of true valor!
Boast of besieging cities strong,
Of conquering where all else have failed;
But never sing o'er a noblest song,
Till you o'er a lady have prevailed.
Courageous man! you're sure in chains;
Your simple face shows deathlike pallor;
Alas! in you there now remains
But little of true valor!

Courageous soul! bow down before
That simple thing—a lady's heart!
Yes, in your feebleness, adore
The influence of a lady's art!
She loves to bind her mystic chains
Around you, laughing at your pailor;
She knows, in you there now remains
But little of true valor!

Anecdotes.

A traveller on one of the western steam-
boats, was landed near his home, and the
boat was about to leave, he bawled out,
"Hallo, captain, there's something missing
here."
"What is it?" asked the captain.
"Hang me, if I can recollect now," said
the traveller, "let me see, here's all my trunks,
boxes, two dogs, gun, and—oh, thunder! it's
my wife and little girl, that are asleep in the
cabin! I knew there was something else
missing!"
A gentleman sat down to write a deed,
and began with "Know all men by these
presents."
"You are wrong," said a bystander, "it
ought to be 'Know all men.'"
"Very well," answered the other, "if one
woman knows it, all men will, of course."
"My dinner don't agree with me," said a
man to his wife, after an extraordinary hearty
meal. "I don't blame it, my dear; I saw you
jovial it so hard."

Commissioners' Notice.

THE undersigned have been appointed by the
Hon. Judge of Probate for the County of
Norfolk, Commissioners to receive and examine
the claims of creditors of the estate of
JOHN HOBART
late of Braintree, in said County, Housewright,
deceased, represented insolvent. Six months from
the 23d day of September ult. are allowed to cred-
itors to bring in and prove their claims.
We shall hold meetings at the Office of N. L.
White, in Braintree, on the first Mondays of No-
vember, December, January and February next,
from two till four o'clock P. M. on each of said
days, when and where creditors are notified to be
present and prove their claims.
N. L. WHITE, } Commissioners.
CALEB HOLLIS, }
Braintree, Oct. 7, 1854. 6w

To the Honorable County Commissioners of and for the County of Norfolk.

THE undersigned citizens of Randolph, in
said County, respectfully represent that the
public necessity and convenience require the
location of a new Main street, and Chestnut
street, in said Randolph, commencing on
said Main street, and running westerly over land
of Josiah Clark on the northerly side of his new
slaughter-house and over lands of Charles Bel-
cher, Amos S. Niles and others, and terminating
at or near the dwelling house of the late
Ephraim Belcher on said Chestnut street. We
further represent that in the location of the above
road a large portion of the inhabitants of Tower
Hill would be equally as well accommodated as
the road proposed by it as they would be by the
road proposed to be located from said Tower
Hill to Grove street, which is now pending in
your Court undecided. And we further represent
that we have good reason to believe that the
route from Lowell Hill to Grove street is more
than double for constantly passing from the
main street to Chestnut street as represented,
and that the extra accommodation it does not
demand the extra expense. Therefore we request
for you to stay further process on the
Grove street route and view the route represented
by us, and if in your opinion the public ne-
cessity requires its construction, that you will lo-
cate the same and cause it to be worked and
completed as a public road as soon as the exigencies
of the case will admit.
Aed as in duty bound will ever pray.
AMAS S. NILES,
and one hundred and one others.
Randolph, Sept. 15th, 1854.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

NORFOLK, ss. At a meeting of the County
Commissioners, begun and held at Dedham,
within and for said County of Norfolk, on the
fourth Tuesday of September, A. D. 1854.

ON the County aforesaid, Ordered, that the
County Commissioners will meet at How-
ard's Hotel, in Randolph, in said County, on
Friday, the 10th day of November next, at 9 o'clock
A. M., and thence proceed to view the
route described in said petition, and hear and act
thereon.

And that an attested copy of said petition with
the order thereon be served upon the Clerk of
the Town of Randolph thirty days at least before
the time appointed for said view, and also that a
like copy be published three weeks successively
in the Quincy Patriot, a newspaper printed in
Quincy, the last publication to be fourteen days
at least before said view, and that like copies be
posted up in two or more public places, in said
Randolph, fourteen days at least before said view,
that all persons and corporations interested for
or against said petition may then and there appear
and be heard if they see fit.

A true copy of the original Petition on file and
order thereon.
Attest, EZRA W. SAMPSON, Clerk.
Oct. 7.

GRANITE SALOON.

THE subscriber would most respectfully in-
form his friends and the public, that he has
located in the Basement Room, in Goodnow's
Building, on Granite Street, where he intends to
keep a good supply of

Oysters, Fruits and Refreshments.

He hopes, by constant attention to the wants of
the public, to merit a share of patronage.
LOUIS A. FRENCH.
Quincy, March 25.

DR. S. STOCKING,

DENTAL SURGEON,
No. 51 Tremont Row, (op stairs), Boston.

Terms for the Season.

ENTIRE Sets of Teeth, from \$35 to \$80.
Full upper or under set, from \$15 to \$40.
Parts of Sets, in favorable cases, from \$1.50 to
\$3.50 per tooth. Pivot Teeth from \$1.50 to
\$3.00. Filling with Gold, from 50 cents to
\$3.00. Extracting 25 cents without, and
50 cents with, the use of ether. All
operations warranted, and the finest gold used.

Opinions of the Boston Press.

"The long experience and correct taste of
Dr. Stocking, of this city, eminently qualify him
to set artificial teeth, that look well, feel
well, wear well, and work well; and, what is
rather remarkable, he seems to be better pleased
with furnishing good work than with exorbi-
tant prices for it—a trait not common with the
profession."—Evening Traveller.
"We advise all toothless persons to call on
Dr. Stocking, of this city, and procure some
artificial teeth of his manufacture. We offer
for advice with the more confidence, because
whatever he undertakes to do, he does well.
No one who is acquainted with him can doubt
that Nature designed him for a dentist of the
right stamp."—Morning Post.
"No Dentist among us is better qualified to
improve the condition of the mouth, by set-
ting, filling, extracting, cleansing, regulating,
&c. of the teeth, than Dr. Stocking of this
city. His reputation for dental skill is too
well established to be doubted."—Evening
Transcript.
"Dr. Stocking of this city, possesses the right
qualifications for his profession—requiring, as
it does, a combination of patience, care,
skill and gentleness, with a thorough knowl-
edge of all the intricacies of the business."—
Evening Journal.
"If any of our readers have got the tooth-
ache, and wish to know who can extract it
with the least pain, we should say, Dr. Stock-
ing; or, if they want their teeth filled, and
filled right, we should say, with all means go to
Dr. Stocking. And above all, if you wish
the perfection of art, he is the one to furnish them,
and at a reasonable price."—Daily Times.
Boston, March 25.

Cure for Canker, etc.

DR. WEAVER'S Canker Cure. GREEN
VILLES Vegetable Extract, for canker,
sore-throat and scarlet fever.
ATWOOD'S Canker Drops.
For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Feb. 11.

WHITE & FRENCH,

Attorneys at Law,
Room No. 15, Webster Bank Building,
Exchange Street, --- BOSTON.

GEORGE WHITE. ASA FRENCH.
May 20.

HENRY A. RANSOM,

AUCTIONEER;
RESPECTFULLY offers his services to the
public in the disposal of Real and Personal
property, and hereby solicits a share of patronage.
Quincy, April 8.

KIRK & TRAVIS,

Dealers in Teas and Coffees
OF THE PUREST QUALITY.
Also, West India Goods, and pure old Wines
and Liquors as imported, and suitable for in-
valids and sickness.
Also, a fine Porter and Scotch Ale, and Ha-
vanna Cigars.
H. B. KIRK,
W. E. TRAVIS.
No. 106 Kneeland Street.
Boston, April 16, 1853.

ALL KINDS OF

Job Printing,
SUCH AS
POSTERS, BILLS, OF ALL KINDS,
BILL-HEADS, BLANKS, CARDS,
AND EVERY VARIETY OF
BOOK PLAIN, AND FANCY
PRINTING,
Neatly Executed at the Quincy Patriot Office,
WITH CHEAPNESS AND DESPATCH.

NATHANIEL WHITE,

—HAS FOR SALE—
LUMBER,
Nails, Lim, Brick and Sand
—ALSO—
Coal, Hard and Soft Wood,
QUINCY CANAL WHARF.
July 10, 1852.

William E. Colburn's

Quincy and Boston Express
LEAVES BOSTON DAILY,
At 2 o'clock, P. M.,
From 24 and 25 Brattle Square, and 29
South Market Street.
All orders promptly attended to.—43
April 2, 1853.

ISRAEL W. MUNROE,

DEALER IN
Dry Goods, Crockery, Glass and
Hardware,
together with a full assortment of choice
W. I. GOODS & GROCERIES,
all of which will be sold at the very lowest prices
and delivered at any part of the Town free of ex-
pense.
Quincy, Jan. 22, 1853.

FISHER A. KINGSBURY,

Counsellor at Law,
Commissioner for the States of
MAINE, NEW HAMPSHIRE, VER-
MONT, CONNECTICUT, RHODE
ISLAND and NEW YORK.
Nov. 26.

JOSEPH G. BRACKETT,

—DEALER IN—
LUMBER;
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
—ALSO—
Lime, Sand, Bricks and Hair.
Dimension Frames furnished at short notice.
Purchasers will find it to their interest to
call and examine, before purchasing else-
where, as they will find a full assort-
ment at the lowest prices.
Quincy, June 12.

Francis Marden

WOULD inform the public that he has recent-
ly fitted up the shop lately occupied by Mr.
SAMUEL CORLEA D., and is ready to furnish all
with Meats of the very best quality.
Quincy, April 2.

Horse and Cattle Medicines.

T. K. VERY'S Arabian Horse Powders,
for Coughs, Colics, Indisposition, Horse Ail,
etc. etc.
Very's Horse and Cattle LOTION.
DADD'S Horse and Cattle Medicines.
For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Jan. 28.

Perfumery, Oils, etc.

CHOICEST Perfumery, Cosmetics, Hair Oil,
Hair Dye, Dentifrices, etc. at
DR. MARDEN'S,
Quincy, Dec. 10. Goodnow's Building.

Fruits.

FRESH Lemons, Oranges and Figs; also—
Dates, Peaches, Tomatoes, Eve Apples,
etc. etc. for sale at DR. MARDEN'S,
Quincy, Dec. 10. Goodnow's Building.

Look Out!

ALL persons indebted to CHARLES HOLMES,
A. D. 1854, are hereby notified, that on and after
the tenth day of October next, they must not be
surprised or displeased, if more effective means
than the insinuation, are used to induce them to
pay up.
Quincy, Sept. 2.

Notes for Sale.

FOR SALE—The following Notes, with in-
terest—
Jerome Hersey, dated Sept. 1st, 1849. \$ 9.00
Charles Gill, dated April 13th, 1853. 24.10
Le.ard L. Perry, dated Sept. 7th, 1852. 7.20
Henry A. French, dated April 1st, 1852. 21.14
John S. Packard, dated June 18th, 1850. 10.00
The above Notes will be sold at a discount for
cash.
J. & R. H. FAXON.
Quincy, Sept. 2.

QUINCY

Marble & Granite Works.

MONUMENTS,
Grave stones, Tablets, &c.

McGrath, Mitchell & Co.,
RESPECTFULLY invite
attention to this estab-
lishment, now opened near the
—South Quincy Depot—
where MONUMENTAL work
of every description, from the
simplest Grave Stone or Tab-
let to the most elegant and
elaborate Monument, is exe-
cuted in the very best style.
Long experience in the busi-
ness, and a thorough compe-
tency in the Art of Designing,
enables the Conductors of these works to carry out
the ideas and suit the various tastes and require-
ments of persons in need of such articles.

GRANITE WORK,

—in all its forms—
FRONTS FOR BUILDINGS,
MONUMENTS, STEPS,
TOMB FRONTS, FENCE POSTS,
Underpinning, Cellar Stones, etc. etc.,
furnished to order, by
C. R. & C. Mitchell.
A large collection of Monumental Designs, (all
drawn in the Establishment,) and which, as well as
the work, attest the skill and competency of the
Proprietors, are on hand, and the public are re-
spectfully invited to call and inspect them.
Orders sent by Mail will be faithfully exe-
cuted with despatch and at reasonable prices.
Quincy, July 22.

STOVES! STOVES!!

THE subscriber has
opened his Shop on
Hancock Street, near
opposite the Stone
Temple, where will be
found a N. E. W. A. S.
SORTMENT of
Stoves, Tin, Japan
and Britannia
Ware as can be found
in the market.
Also, Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Work done to
order, in a neat and workmanlike manner.
The subscriber would invite his old patrons and
the public generally, to give him a call where he
will be found prepared to attend to them, and all
orders done to satisfaction.
The subscriber hopes by strict attention to busi-
ness and a desire to please to merit a share of pub-
lic patronage.
CHARLES HOLMES.
Quincy, July 22.

Insurance against Fire.

THE QUINCY MUTUAL FIRE INSUR-
ANCE COMPANY of Massachusetts, in-
sures Real and Personal Property against the haz-
ard of Fire, for five years or less, on favorable
terms.
Farmers, Mechanics, Household,ers, Traders,
Merchants, and all Owners of Property not extra-
hazardous, are solicited to patronize this Com-
pany; every effort will be made to accommodate
customers.
Letters, by mail or otherwise, from persons re-
siding at a distance, relating to Fire Insurance,
will be promptly attended to.
PRESIDENT,
WILLIAM S. MORTON;
TREASURER,
ISRAEL W. MUNROE;
SECRETARY,
STEPHEN BATES;
DIRECTORS,
Quincy, Milton,
William S. Morton, George Thompson,
Israel W. Munroe, Charles Breck,
Gideon F. Thayer, Dorchester,
Thomas C. Webb, H. W. Blanchard,
Albert Thompson, Cohasset,
Whitcomb Porter, Solomon J. Beal,
Stephen Bates, South Hingham,
William B. Duggan, Alfred Loring,
Thomas Curtis, North Bridgewater,
Royal W. Turner, Sumner A. Hayward,
South Braintree, Barnstable,
Apollon Randall, George Marston.

By Royal Letters Patent.

THE HYDROMAGEN,
—OR—
WATER-PROOF, ANTI-CONSUMPTIVE
CORK SOLES,
MANUFACTURED BY
HARCOURT, BRADLEY & CO.,
44 Market Street, Manchester.
Principal Warehouse, 102 Wood Street, Cheap-
side, London, England. American Establish-
ments, 38 Ann Street and 102 Nassau Street,
New York, U. S.

THE Hydromagen is a valuable discovery for
protecting the feet from damp or cold, and
therefore a preventative of many Lung diseases,
without any doctoring whatever. The Hydro-
magen is in the form of a sole, and worn inside
the boot or shoe. Its medicated character is a
powerful antidote to disease.
For Gentlemen it will be found agreeable,
warm, and healthy, to wear in the coldest or
rainiest weather, as the foot cannot become wet
if the Hydromagen is inserted. Ladies may
wear the lightest soled boots or shoes in the most
uncleanly weather with impunity; while Con-
sumption, so prevalent among the young of our
country, may be thwarted by their general adop-
tion. They entirely supersede overshoes, as the
latter cause the feet to perspire in a very un-
healthy manner; and, besides, are not dangerous
wear to pedestrians in icy weather, like India
rubbers. While the latter cause the feet to ap-
pear extremely large, the Hydromagen, being a
mere thin slice of cork prepared, peculiarly
inside, does not increase the size of the
boot, or cause the foot to appear untidy.
Children are extremely valuable, as they
may engage in exercise with comfort and healthily
wear them. Their expense is so slight as to scarce
need mention; besides, those who patronize them
will find their yearly doctor's bills much di-
minished thereby.

As the Hydromagen is becoming more known,
its sale is increasing to an almost incredible ex-
tent. Last year in London, Manchester, Bir-
mingham, Liverpool, Glasgow, Leeds, Dublin,
Paris, Antwerp, Hamburg, and Berlin, our sales
reached 1,732,450 pairs of Cork Soles. This
year the number will far surpass that.
Ask the Faculty their opinion of their value as
a preventative for COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCH-
TIS, ASTHMA and CONSUMPTION.
MEN'S SIZE, per pair, 35 cents.
LADIES' do. do. 30 do.
BOYS' & MISSES' do. 25 do.

NOTICE. From the Retail Prices we make a
very liberal allowance to Jobbers and Wholesale
sellers, so that any storekeeper may make a fine
profit on their sale, while they are an article that
may be kept in any store, among any class of
goods. For terms, apply to
HARCOURT, BRADLEY & CO.,
38 Ann Street, New York.
Sept. 16.

THE CHEST.

Sir Astley Cooper, Bart., M. D.,
THE EMINENT MEDICAL PRACTITIONER, HAS
LEFT A VALUABLE LEGACY TO THE WORLD
IN HIS GREAT
Preventative of Consumption,
—AND—
Unfailing Cure for Pulmonary Diseases,
Without the use of Medicine.
SIR A. C., Bart., invented and advised the use
of the
MEDICATED FUR CHEST PROTECTOR.
To all persons of all ages and conditions, as a
certain and safe shield against those fearful
diseases, Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma,
Coughs, and other affections of the Lungs,
which arise from the exposed state of the chest,
according to fashion, and the continual changes
of our climate.
"The Protector" is simply a chemically pre-
pared fur, lined with silk and padded, which, if
suspended from the neck, covers the chest in an
agreeable manner that, once worn, it becomes
a necessity and a comfort.
"The Protector," although but recently intro-
duced into America, is making rapid progress
through the United States, the Canadas, South
America and the West Indies. It has for a long
time been a staple article in England and on the
continent of Europe, while it has grown in many
countries to the position of an article of dress.
To demonstrate these facts require of any
English resident in your vicinity of his knowl-
edge of the beneficial effects of wearing the Pro-
tector, without recourse to doctoring of any kind.
The cost of wearing these articles is a mere trifle,
and one who wears them will find that they will
one health of himself or his family will be
without them. The Hospitals in this country are
not alone recommending them, but rapidly intro-
ducing them. Harcourt, Bradley & Co. of Lon-
don, and Manchester, England, were originally
entrusted with the manufacture of the Protectors,
by the lamented Dr. Cooper, and continue to
manufacture according to his original instruc-
tions, and therefore recommend those who being
wearing "The Protectors," to see to their being
genuine.
REMEMBER THIS IS A STAPLE ARTICLE, AND
NO PATENT MEDICINE.
RETAIL PRICES.
GENT'S SIZE, \$1.50 each.
LADIES' do. 1.00 do.
BOYS' & MISSES' SIZE 75 do.

HARCOURT, BRADLEY & CO.
38 Ann Street, N. York, U. S.
PRINCIPAL WAREHOUSE, 102 Wood street,
Cheapside, London.
MANUFACTORY, 44 Market street, Manches-
ter, England.
H. B. & Co. are establishing Depots for the
sale of "The Protector" in all parts of Amer-
ica. Physicians, Surgeons, Druggists, Cloth-
iers, Dry Goods Merchants, Hatters and Mil-
liners, also, Gentlemen's Furnishing Store-
keepers are entrusted with the wholesale and
retail distribution of them, and to whom most
liberal terms are offered for their enterprise,
and a splendid opportunity opens to them for
safe and profitable business. For terms, apply to
HARCOURT, BRADLEY & CO.,
38 Ann street, New York, U. S.
Sept. 16.

Eastern Brick.

JUST landed and for sale, a cargo of EAST-
ERN BRICK, by
JOSEPH G. BRACKETT,
Brackett's Wharf.
Quincy, August 12.

Blankets.

12 PAIR 10-4 heavy Whitney Blankets—
for sale at a discount.
I. W. MUNROE.
Quincy, Feb. 4.

Pills and Bitters—Sick Headache.

DOUGLASS' Oriental Sovereign Balm Pills.
DR. HOOFLAND'S German Bitters.
DR. EASTMAN'S Celebrated SICK HEADACHE
REMEDY.
For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Jan. 28.

THE HYDROMAGEN,

—OR—
WATER-PROOF, ANTI-CONSUMPTIVE
CORK SOLES,
MANUFACTURED BY
HARCOURT, BRADLEY & CO.,
44 Market Street, Manchester.
Principal Warehouse, 102 Wood Street, Cheap-
side, London, England. American Establish-
ments, 38 Ann Street and 102 Nassau Street,
New York, U. S.

THE Hydromagen is a valuable discovery for
protecting the feet from damp or cold, and
therefore a preventative of many Lung diseases,
without any doctoring whatever. The Hydro-
magen is in the form of a sole, and worn inside
the boot or shoe. Its medicated character is a
powerful antidote to disease.
For Gentlemen it will be found agreeable,
warm, and healthy, to wear in the coldest or
rainiest weather, as the foot cannot become wet
if the Hydromagen is inserted. Ladies may
wear the lightest soled boots or shoes in the most
uncleanly weather with impunity; while Con-
sumption, so prevalent among the young of our
country, may be thwarted by their general adop-
tion. They entirely supersede overshoes, as the
latter cause the feet to perspire in a very un-
healthy manner; and, besides, are not dangerous
wear to pedestrians in icy weather, like India
rubbers. While the latter cause the feet to ap-
pear extremely large, the Hydromagen, being a
mere thin slice of cork prepared, peculiarly
inside, does not increase the size of the
boot, or cause the foot to appear untidy.
Children are extremely valuable, as they
may engage in exercise with comfort and healthily
wear them. Their expense is so slight as to scarce
need mention; besides, those who patronize them
will find their yearly doctor's bills much di-
minished thereby.

As the Hydromagen is becoming more known,
its sale is increasing to an almost incredible ex-
tent. Last year in London, Manchester, Bir-
mingham, Liverpool, Glasgow, Leeds, Dublin,
Paris, Antwerp, Hamburg, and Berlin, our sales
reached 1,732,450 pairs of Cork Soles. This
year the number will far surpass that.
Ask the Faculty their opinion of their value as
a preventative for COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCH-
TIS, ASTHMA and CONSUMPTION.
MEN'S SIZE, per pair, 35 cents.
LADIES' do. do. 30 do.
BOYS' & MISSES' do. 25 do.

NOTICE. From the Retail Prices we make a
very liberal allowance to Jobbers and Wholesale
sellers, so that any storekeeper may make a fine
profit on their sale, while they are an article that
may be kept in any store, among any class of
goods. For terms, apply to
HARCOURT, BRADLEY & CO.,
38 Ann Street, New York.
Sept. 16.

THE CHEST.

Sir Astley Cooper, Bart., M. D.,
THE EMINENT MEDICAL PRACTITIONER, HAS
LEFT A VALUABLE LEGACY TO THE WORLD
IN HIS GREAT
Preventative of Consumption,
—AND—
Unfailing Cure for Pulmonary Diseases,
Without the use of Medicine.
SIR A. C., Bart., invented and advised the use
of the
MEDICATED FUR CHEST PROTECTOR.
To all persons of all ages and conditions, as a
certain and safe shield against those fearful
diseases, Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma,
Coughs, and other affections of the Lungs,
which arise from the exposed state of the chest,
according to fashion, and the continual changes
of our climate.
"The Protector" is simply a chemically pre-
pared fur, lined with silk and padded, which, if
suspended from the neck, covers the chest in an
agreeable manner that, once worn, it becomes
a necessity and a comfort.
"The Protector," although but recently intro-
duced into America, is making rapid progress
through the United States, the Canadas, South
America and the West Indies. It has for a long
time been a staple article in England and on the
continent of Europe, while it has grown in many
countries to the position of an article of dress.
To demonstrate these facts require of any
English resident in your vicinity of his knowl-
edge of the beneficial effects of wearing the Pro-
tector, without recourse to doctoring of any kind.
The cost of wearing these articles is a mere trifle,
and one who wears them will find that they will
one health of himself or his family will be
without them. The Hospitals in this country are
not alone recommending them, but rapidly intro-
ducing them. Harcourt, Bradley & Co. of Lon-
don, and Manchester, England, were originally
entrusted with the manufacture of the Protectors,
by the lamented Dr. Cooper, and continue to
manufacture according to his original instruc-
tions, and therefore recommend those who being
wearing "The Protectors," to see to their being
genuine.
REMEMBER THIS IS A STAPLE ARTICLE, AND
NO PATENT MEDICINE.
RETAIL PRICES.
GENT'S SIZE, \$1.50 each.
LADIES' do. 1.00 do.
BOYS' & MISSES' SIZE 75 do.

HARCOURT, BRADLEY & CO.
38 Ann Street, N. York, U. S.
PRINCIPAL WAREHOUSE, 102 Wood street,
Cheapside, London.
MANUFACTORY, 44 Market street, Manches-
ter, England.
H. B. & Co. are establishing Depots for the
sale of "The Protector" in all parts of Amer-
ica. Physicians, Surgeons, Druggists, Cloth-
iers, Dry Goods Merchants, Hatters and Mil-
liners, also, Gentlemen's Furnishing Store-
keepers are entrusted with the wholesale and
retail distribution of them, and to whom most
liberal terms are offered for their enterprise,
and a splendid opportunity opens to them for
safe and profitable business. For terms, apply to
HARCOURT, BRADLEY & CO.,
38 Ann street, New York, U. S.
Sept. 16.

Eastern Brick.

JUST landed and for sale, a cargo of EAST-
ERN BRICK, by
JOSEPH G. BRACKETT,
Brackett's Wharf.
Quincy, August 12.

Saturday, October 21st, 1854.

They say that this country is in danger!

Special Notices.

Also, for sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN, Quincy.
Oct. 21. Reliquary 3m* 18000 18000 18000

Deaths.

ny, known as the
MONASCO TROUPE,

Quincy, Oct. 21, 1891.

ON the foregoing petition—Ordered that the Petitioner give notice of the pendency of said petition to Franklin Evans, by causing him to be served with an attested copy of said petition and

THE undersigned, inhabitants of the Town of Randolph, in said County, would respectfully represent that public convenience and necessity

Quincy Oct 14 1891

bounded on the North by land of Andrew Thomas and the heirs of Joseph Vining, Southerly by land of Warren Shaw, Mary Thomas and the heirs of Minott Thomas. Easterly by land of Lucy Vining

be sold and conveyed and the proceeds be invested in some productive property or securities.

Your petitioners further inform the Court that

I. W. MUNROE.

SHIRTINGS,
BLANKETS,

UNDER SLEEVES,
HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c.,

which will give you perfect satisfaction.

THE NUTRITIVE CUR
THE attention of Invalids is earnestly invited to LA ROY SUNDERLAND'S

NICHOLS & BLISS,
Manufacturers of Howe's Patent Im-

OLIVER DITSON, Movie Publisher

11

0

1

Poetry.

Earth's Noblemen.

I'm of that band that till the land,
And draw from earth her store;
Right happy indeed is the life we lead,
While our days are passing o'er.
Many there are in riches fair,
Surpassing the farmer's purse,
While other pursuits may yield more fruits,
Yet often produce much worse.

We envy not the statesman's lot,
Still clamoring for his rights,
Nor his that fights for glory's rights,
At some redoubted pass.
No risk we have on boisterous seas,
No fears lest tempests whirl,
All we possess without redress,
While laboring at the helm.

The fruitful fields its bounties yield
A rich reward for toil;
Be ours the trade to plow the spade,
And deeply plough the soil.
We walk abroad o'er carpet sod,
And flowers kiss our feet,
Whose odors rise to scent the skies—
A tribute pure and meet.

To all we give the means to live,
As brother shares with brother,
And thus fulfil the holy will,
That bids us love each other.
O, life secure from guile, and pure,
To thee my love cling ever,
With all its might and fond delight,
To change from thee, no never!

"Write Soon."

BY ELIZA COOK.

Long parting from the heart we love,
Will shadow o'er the brightest face;
And happy they who part, and prove
Affection changes not with place.

A farewell is warmly dear,
But something deeper may be found
To dwell on those who are sincere,
And link in bosoms closely bound.

The pressing hand, the steadfast sigh,
And hushed love words that the heart on,
Which, fervently, the last fond sigh,
Drops in the hopeful words, "Write soon!"

"Write soon!" oh, sweet request of truth!
How tenderly its accents come,
We heard it first in early youth,
When mothers were tucked up leaving home.

And still amid the trumpet joys
That wear us with pomp and show,
We turn from all the busy noise,
To hear this minor cadence flow.

We part, but carry on our way
Some loved one's plaintive spirit-tune,
That, as we wander, seems to say,
"Affection lives on faith; write soon."

Loving and Forgiving.

Oh, loving and forgiving—
Ye angel words of earth,
Years were not worth the living
If ye took out our hearts.

Oh, loving and forgiving—
How sweet your mission here;
The grief that we are sharing
Hath blessings in its tear.

Oh, stern and unforgiving—
Ye evil words of life,
That mock the means of living
With never-ending strife,
Oh, harsh and unrepenting,
How would ye mock the grave
If it were, as we're thinking,
Forever not to forgive?

Oh, loving and forgiving—
Sweet sisters of the soul,
In whose celestial love
The passions find control,
Still breathe your influence o'er us
Where'er by passion crost,
And, angel-like, restore us
The paradise we lost.

Anecdotes.

"Don't you think that my eyes look quite killing this morning?" said a dandy to a small girl, as he twisted his visionaries in the most cruel and fascinating manner.

"They remind me," said the damsel, "of a codfish dying of the toothache!"

"I meant to have told you of that hole," said a man to his friend who had stumbled into a pit full of water a few days since.

"No matter now, no matter now," said the other, blowing the mud and water out of his mouth. "I have found it."

"You flatter me," said a New York exquisite to a young lady who was praising the beauties of his moustache.

"For heaven's sake, ma'am," interposed an old gentleman, "don't make that monkey any flatter than he is now!"

Two friends were dining together, one of whom remarked:

"As I am going abroad I have made my will, and I have bequeathed to you my whole stock of impudence!"

The other replied:

"You are very generous as well as kind! You have left by far the largest portion of your estate!"

A youngster being chased by a wild cow, while on his way to school, ran into a thicket, and not returning home till late, was asked by his mother where he had been?

"A cowhiding, ma," replied the urchin.

"O, my friend," said a doctor to an Irish patient, "be composed; we must all die once."

"An it's that what vexes me," replied Pat, "if I could die half a dozen times, I'd not care a ha'penny about this time."

"I believe the jury have been inoculated for stupidity," said a lawyer.

"That may be," said the opponent, "but the bar are of opinion that you had it in the natural way."

Commissioners' Notice.

THE subscribers have been appointed by the Hon. Judge of Probate for the County of Norfolk, Commissioners to receive and examine the claims of creditors of the estate of

JOHN HOBART.

late of Braintree, in said County, Housewright, deceased, represented insolvent. Six months from the 23d day of September ult. are allowed to creditors to bring in and prove their claims.

We shall hold meetings at the Office of N. L. White, in Braintree, on the first Monday of November, December, January and February next, from two till four o'clock P. M. on each of said days, when and where creditors are notified to be present and prove their claims.

N. L. WHITE, } Commissioners.
CALEB HOLLIS, }
Braintree, Oct. 7, 1854. 6w

To the Honorable County Commissioners of and for the County of Norfolk.

THE undersigned citizens of Randolph, in said County, respectfully represent that the public necessity and convenience require the location of a road between Main street and Chestnut street, in said Randolph, commencing on said Main street, and running westerly to the land of Josiah Clark on the northerly side of his late slaughter house and over lands of Charles Belcher, Amasa S. Niles and others, and terminating at or near the dwelling house of the late Ephraim Belcher on said Chestnut street. We further represent that in the location of the above road a large portion of the inhabitants of Tower Hill would be equally as well accommodated to the Baptist village by as they would be by the road petitioned for to be located from said Tower Hill to Grove street, which is now pending in your Court undecided. And we further represent that we have no more reason to believe that the route from Lowell Hill to Grove street will cost more than double for construction than the route from Main street to Chestnut street as represented, and that the extra accommodation by it does not demand the extra expense. Therefore we request you to stay further process on the Grove street route and view the route represented by us, and if in your opinion the public necessity requires its construction, that you will locate the same and cause it to be worked and completed as a public road as soon as the exigencies of the season will admit.

And as in duty bound we ever pray,
AMASA S. NILES,
and one hundred and one others.
Randolph, Sept. 15th, 1854.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

NORFOLK, ss. At a meeting of the County Commissioners, begun and held at Dedham, within and for said County of Norfolk, on the fourth Tuesday of September, A. D. 1854.

ON the Petition aforesaid, Ordered, that the County Commissioners will meet at Howard's Hotel, in Randolph, in said County, on Friday, the 10th day of November next, at 9 o'clock A. M., and thence proceed to view the route described in said petition, and hear and act thereon.

And that an attested copy of said petition with the order thereon be served upon the Clerk of the Town of Randolph thirty days before the time appointed for said view, and also that a like copy be published three weeks successively in the Quincy Patriot, a newspaper printed in Quincy, the last publication to be fourteen days at least before said view, and that like copy be posted up in two or more public places, in said Randolph, fourteen days at least before said view, that all persons and corporations interested for or against said petition may then and there appear and be heard if they see fit.

EZRA W. SAMPSON, Clerk.
A true copy of the original Petition on file and order thereon.
Attest, EZRA W. SAMPSON, Clerk.
Oct. 7. 3w

GRANITE SALOON.

THE subscriber would most respectfully inform his friends and the public, that he has fitted up the Basement Room, in Goodnow's Building, on Granite Street, where he intends to keep a good supply of

Oysters, Fruits and Refreshments.
He hopes, by constant attention to the wants of the public, to merit a share of patronage.
Quincy, March 25. 1f

DR. S. STOCKING,
DENTAL SURGEON,
No. 54 Tremont Row, (op stairs) Boston.
Terms for the Season.

ENTIRE Sets of Teeth, from \$35 to \$80.
Full upper or under set, from \$15 to \$40.
Parts of Sets, in favorable cases, from \$1 to \$20.
\$25.00 per tooth. Pivot Teeth from \$1.50 to \$3.00.
Filling with Gold, from 50 cents to \$4.00.
Extracting 25 cents without, and 50 cents with the use of ether. All operations warranted, and the finest gold used.

Opinions of the Boston Press.
"The long experience and correct taste of Dr. Stocking, of this city, eminently qualify him to set artificial teeth, that look well, feel well, wear well, and work well; and, what is rather remarkable, he seems to be better pleased with furnishing good work than with exorbitant prices for it.—It is a trait not common with the profession."—Evening Traveller.

"We advise all toothless persons to call on Dr. Stocking, of this city, and procure some artificial teeth of his manufacture. We offer this advice with the more confidence, because whatever he undertakes to do, he does well. No one who is acquainted with him can doubt that Nature designed him for a dentist of the right stamp."—Morning Post.

"No Dentist among us is better qualified to improve the condition of the mouth, by setting, filling, extracting, cleansing, regulating, &c. of the teeth, than Dr. Stocking of this city. His reputation for dental skill is too well established to be doubted."—Evening Transcript.

"Dr. Stocking of this city, possesses the right qualifications for his profession;—requiring, as it does, a combination of patience, care, skill and gentleness, with a thorough knowledge of all the intricacies of the business."—Boston Journal.

"If any of our readers have got the toothache, and wish to know who can extract it with the least pain, we should say, Dr. Stocking; or, if they want their teeth filled, and, right, we should say, by all means go to Dr. Stocking. And above all, if you wish for artificial teeth that every body calls the perfection of art, he is the one to furnish them, and at a reasonable price."—Daily Times.
Boston, March 25. 9m.

Cure for Canker, etc.

DR. WEAVER'S Canker Cure. GREENVILLE'S Vegetable Extract, for canker, sore-throat and scarlet fever.
ATWATER'S Canker Drops.
For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Feb. 11. 1f

WHITE & FRENCH,

Attorneys at Law,

Room No. 15, Webster Bank Building,
Exchange Street, --- BOSTON.

GEORGE WHITE. ASA FRENCH.
May 20. 1f

HENRY A. RANSOM,
AUCTIONEER,
RESPECTFULLY offers his services to the public in the disposal of Real and Personal property, and hereby solicits a share of patronage.
Quincy, April 8. 1f

KIRK & TRAVIS,
Dealers in Teas and Coffees
OF THE PUREST QUALITY.

Also, West India Goods, and pure old Wines and Liquors as imported, and suitable for invalids and sickness.
Also, London Porter and Scotch Ale, and Havana Cigars.
H. B. KIRK,
WM. E. TRAVIS,
No. 106 Kneeland Street.
Boston, April 16, 1853. 1f

ALL KINDS OF
Job Printing,
SUCH AS
POSTERS, BILLS, OF ALL KINDS,
BILL-HEADS, BLANKETS, CARDS,
AND EVERY VARIETY OF
BOOK PLAIN, AND FANCY
PRINTING,
Neatly Executed at the Quincy Patriot Office,
WITH CHEAPNESS AND DESPATCH.

NATHANIEL WHITE,
--- HAS FOR SALE ---
LUMBER,
Nails, Lime, Brick and Sand

--- ALSO ---
Coal, Hard and Soft Wood,
QUINCY CANAL WHARF.
July 10, 1852. 1f

William E. Colburn's
Quincy and Boston Express
LEAVES BOSTON DAILY,
At 25 o'clock, P. M.,
From 24 and 25 Brattle Square, and 29
South Market Street.

All orders promptly attended to. 14-11
April 2, 1853.

ISRAEL W. MUNROE,
DEALER IN
Dry Goods, Crockery, Glass and
Hardware,
together with a full assortment of choice
W. I. GOODS & GROCERIES,
all of which will be sold at the very lowest prices
and delivered at any part of the Town free of ex-
pense.
Quincy, Jan. 22, 1853. 1f

FISHER A. KINGSBURY,
Counsellor at Law,
Commissioner for the States of
MAINE, NEW HAMPSHIRE, VER-
MONT, CONNECTICUT, RHODE
ISLAND and NEW YORK.
Weymouth, Mass.
Nov. 26. 1f

JOSEPH G. BRACKETT,
--- DEALER IN ---
LUMBER;
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

--- ALSO ---
Lime, Sand, Bricks and Hair.
Dimension Frames furnished at short Notice.
Purchasers will find it for their interest to
call and examine, before purchasing else-
where, as they will find a full assort-
ment at the lowest prices.
Quincy, June 12. 1f

ARNOLD'S
Patent Sash Lock,
The best Fastening for bottom or top Sashes
yet invented, sold by
JOHN O. FOYE,
Owner of the Patent Right.

DEALER IN
Hardware, Pumps, Doors, Sashes,
Blinds, Glass, &c., &c.,
Weymouth Landing, Mass.
Sept. 9. 3m

Francis Marden
WOULD inform the public that he has recent-
ly fitted up the shop lately occupied by Mr.
SAMUEL COVELAND, and is ready to furnish all
with Meats of the very best quality.
Quincy, April 2. 1f

Herse and Cattle Medicines.
T. K. RYAN'S Arabian Horse Powders,
for Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Horse Ail,
etc., etc.
Vern's Horse and Cattle LOTION.
DADD'S Horse and Cattle Medicines.
For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Jan. 28. 1f

Perfumery, Oils, etc.
CHOICEST Perfumery, Cosmetics, Hair Oil,
Hair Dye, Dentifrices, etc., at
DR. MARDEN'S.
Quincy, Dec. 10. Goodnow's Building.

Notes for Sale.
FOR SALE—The following Notes, with in-
terest:—
Jerome Hervey, dated Sept. 1st, 1849, \$ 9.00
Charles Giff, dated April 13th, 1853, 24.10
Leard L. Perry, dated Sept. 7th, 1852, 7.20
Henry A. French, dated April 1st, 1852, 21.34
John S. Packard, dated June 18th, 1850, 10.00
The above Notes will be sold at a discount for cash.
J. & H. H. FAXON.
Quincy, Sept. 2. 1f

QUINCY

Marble & Granite Works.

MONUMENTS,
Grave stones, Tablets, &c

McGrath, Mitchell & Co.,
RESPECTFULLY invite
attention to this establish-
ment, now opened near the
South Quincy Depot—
where MONUMENTAL work
of every description, from the
simplest Grave Stone or Tab-
let to the most elegant and
elaborate Monument is execu-
ted in the very best style.

Long experience in the busi-
ness, and a thorough compe-
tency in the Art of Designing, en-
ables the Conductors of these works to carry out
the ideas and suit the various tastes and re-
quirements of persons in need of such articles.

--- ALSO ---
GRANITE WORK,
--- in all its forms ---
FRONTS FOR BUILDINGS,
MONUMENTS, STEPS,
TOMB FRONTS, FENCE POSTS,
Underpinning, Cellar Stones, etc, etc,
furnished to order, by
C. R. & C. Mitchell.

A large collection of Monumental Designs, (all
drawn in the Establishment,) and which, as well as
the work, attest the skill and competency of the
Proprietors, are on hand, and the public are re-
spectfully invited to call and inspect them.

Orders sent by Mail will be faithfully ex-
ecuted with despatch and at reasonable prices.
Quincy, July 22. 1f

STOVES! STOVES!!
THE subscriber has re-opened his Shop
on Hancock Street, nearly
opposite the S. C. & C. Co.
and has a NEW AS-
SORTMENT of
Stoves, Tin, Japan
and Brass, &c., &c., &c.
Ware as can be found
in the market.

Also—Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Work done
to order, in a neat and workmanlike manner.

The subscriber would invite his old patrons and
the public generally, to give him a call where he
will be found personally to attend to them, and all
orders done to satisfaction.

The subscriber hopes by strict attention to busi-
ness and a desire to please to merit a share of pub-
lic patronage.
Quincy, July 22. 1f

Insurance against Fire.
THE QUINCY MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE
COMPANY of Massachusetts, in-
sures Real and Personal Property against the hazard
of Fire, for five years or less, on favorable
terms.

Farmers, Mechanics, Household, Traders,
Merchants, and all Owners of Property not extra-
hazardous, are solicited to patronize this Compa-
ny; every effort will be made to accommodate
customers.

Letters, by mail or otherwise, from persons re-
siding at a distance, relating to Fire Insurance,
will be promptly attended to.

PRESIDENT,
WILLIAM S. MORTON;
TREASURER,
ISRAEL W. MUNROE;
SECRETARY,
STEPHEN BATES;
DIRECTORS,

Quincy, Milton,
William S. Morton, George Thompson,
Israel W. Munroe, Charles Brock,
Gideon F. Thayer, Dorchester,
Thomas C. Webb, H. W. Blanchard,
Albert Thompson, Cohasset,
Whitcomb Porter, Solomon J. Beal,
Stephen Bates, South Hingham,
William B. Duggan, Alfred Loring,
Thomas Curtis, North Bridgewater,
Royal W. Turner, Sumner A. Hayward,
South Braintree, Barnstable,
Apollon Brantree, George Marston.

References, by permission:
HON. GEORGE T. BUELOW, of Boston,
HON. JOSIAH QUINCY, Jr., of Boston,
HON. AMAS WALKER, of North Brookfield,
HON. JAMES MAGUIRE, of Randolph,
HON. SOLOMON LINCOLN, of Hingham,
HON. CHARLES F. ADAMS, of Quincy,
JOSIAH BRIGHAM, Esq., "

Washington Street, Quincy, near of Stone Temple,
Quincy, April 1. 1f

New Provision Store.
The subscriber would inform the public, that
he has fitted up the Store lately occupied by
Mr. Gridley Tottman, as a

MARKET HOUSE,
and is ready to supply the public with all kinds of
MEATS and VEGETABLES, of the best quality,
cheap for cash.

Also—BUTTER, CHEESE, DRIED AP-
PLES, BEANS, PICKLES, TRIPE, LARD,
etc., constantly on hand.
H. A. RANSOM.
Quincy, March 18. 1f

Pills and Bitters—Sick Headache.
DR. SOULE'S Oriental-Sovereign Balm Pills.
DR. HOOGLAND'S German Bitters.
DR. Eastman's Celebrated SICK HEADACHE
REMEDY. For sale by
Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Jan. 29. 1f

By Royal Letters Patent.

THE HYDROGEN,

--- OR ---
WATER-PROOF, ANTI-CONSUMPTIVE
CORK SOLES,

MANUFACTURED BY
HARCOURT, BRADLEY & CO.,
44 Market Street, Manchester.

Principal Warehouse, 102 Wood Street, Cheap-
side, London, England. American Exports,
38 Ann Street and 102 Nassau Street,
New York, U. S.

The Hydrogen is a valuable discovery for
protecting the feet from damp or cold, and
therefore a preventative of many Long diseases,
without any doctoring whatever. The Hydrogen
is in the form of a sole, and worn inside the
boot or shoe. Its medicated character is a
powerful antidote to disease.

For Gentlemen it will be found agreeable,
warm, and healthy, to wear in the coldest or
rainiest weather, as the foot cannot become wet
if the Hydrogen is inserted. Ladies may wear
the lightest soled boots or shoes in the most
inclement weather with impunity; while Con-
sumption, so prevalent among the young of our
country, may be thwarted by their general adop-
tion. They entirely supersede overshoes, as the
latter cause the feet to perspire in a very un-
healthy manner; and, besides, are not dangerous
wear to pedestrians in icy weather, like india
rubbers. While the latter cause the feet to
perspire extremely large, the Hydrogen, being a
mere thin slice of cork prepared, peculiarly
placed inside, does not increase the size of the
boot, or cause the foot to appear untidy. To
children they are extremely valuable, as they
engage in exercise with comfort and health.

Their expense is so slight as to scarce
need mention; besides, those who patronize them
will find their yearly doctor's bills much dimi-
nished thereby.

As the Hydrogen is becoming more known,
its sale is increasing to an almost incredible ex-
tent. Last year in London, Manchester, Bir-
mingham, Liverpool, Glasgow, Leeds, Dublin,
Paris, Antwerp, Hamburg, and Berlin, our sales
reached 1,732,450 pairs of Cork Soles. This
year the number will far surpass that.

Ask the Faculty their opinion of its value as a
preventative of Croup, Colds, Bronchitis,
Asthma and Consumption.

MEN'S SIZE, per pair, 35 cents.
LADIES' do. do. 30 do.
BOYS' & MISSES' do. 25 do.

NOTICE. From the Retail Prices we make a
very liberal allowance to Jobbers and Whole-
salers, so that any storekeeper may make a fine
profit on their sale, while they are an article that
may be kept in any store, among any class of
goods. For terms, apply to

HARCOURT, BRADLEY & CO.,
38 Ann Street, New York.
Sept. 16. 3m

THE CHEST.
Sir Astley Cooper, Bart., M. D.,
THE EMINENT MEDICAL PRACTITIONER, HAS
LEFT A VALUABLE LEGACY TO THE WORLD
IN HIS GREAT
Preventative of Consumption,
--- AND ---
Unfailing Cure for Pulmonary Diseases,
Without the use of Medicine.

SIR A. C., Bart., invented and advised the use of
the
MEDICATED FUR CHEST PROTECTOR,
To all persons of all ages and conditions, as a
certain and a safe shield against those fearful
diseases, Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma,
Coughs, Colds, and other affections of the Lungs,
which arise from the exposed state of the chest,
according to fashion, and the continual changes
of our climate.

"The Protector" is simply a chemically pre-
pared fur lined waist-coat and pants, which,
suspended from the neck, covers the chest, in an
agreeable manner that, once worn, it becomes
a necessity and a comfort.

"The Protector," although but recently intro-
duced into America, is making rapid progress
through the United States, the Canadian, South
America and the West Indies. It has for a long
time been a staple article in England and on the
continent of Europe, while it has grown in many
countries to the position of an article of dress.

To demonstrate these facts require of any
English resident in your vicinity of his knowl-
edge of the beneficial effects of wearing the Pro-
tector, without recourse to doctoring of any kind.
The cost of wearing these articles is a mere trifle,
and one will last some years. No one who values
the health of himself or his family will be
without them. The Hospitals in this country are
not alone recommending them, but rapidly intro-
ducing them. Harcourt, Bradley & Co. of Lon-
don, and Manchester, England, were originally
entrusted with the manufacture of the Protectors,
by the late Dr. Cooper, and continue to manufac-
ture according to his original instructions,
and therefore recommend those who would wear
"The Protectors," to see to their being
genuine.

REMEMBER THIS IS A STAPLE ARTICLE, AND
NO PATENT MEDICINE.

RETAIL PRICES.
GENT'S SIZE, \$1.50 each.
LADIES' do. 1.00 do.
BOYS' & MISSES' SIZE 75 do.

HARCOURT, BRADLEY & CO.,
38 Ann & 102 Nassau-st., N. York, U. S.
PRINCIPAL WAREHOUSE, 102 Wood street,
Cheapside, London.

MANUFACTORY, 44 Market street, Manches-
ter, England.

H. B. & Co. are establishing Depots for the sale
of "The Protector" in all parts of America.
Physicians, Surgeons, Druggists, Cloth-
iers, Dry Goods Merchants, Hatters and Mil-
liners, also Gentlemen's Furnishing Store-
keepers are entrusted with the wholesale and
retail distribution of them, and to whom most
liberal terms are offered for their enterprise,
and a splendid opportunity opens to them for
safe and profitable business. For terms, apply to
HARCOURT, BRADLEY & CO.,
38 Ann street, New York, U. S.

Sept. 16. 3m

Eastern Brick.
JUST landed and for sale, a cargo of EAST-
ERN BRICK, by
JOSEPH G. BRACKETT,
Brackett's Wharf.
Quincy, August 12. 1f

Blankets.
12 PAIR 10-4 heavy Whitney Blankets—
for sale at a discount.
I. W. MUNROE.
Quincy, Feb. 4. 3w

Apothecary Store.

MRS. E. HAYDEN returns thanks to her
friends and the public, for their long-contin-
ued patronage, and offers an enlarged stock of su-
perior Family Medicines, selected
with care.

Also—Various articles for
invalids, Pearl and prepared
Barley, Farina, Groats, cracked
Wheat, Sago, Tapioca, Out-
door Corn Starch, Broma, &c.
Jellies, Raspberry and Lemon
Syrup, Gouva Paste, &c.
Shoulder Braces and Sup-
porters of various kinds, Gum
Elastic Breast Pumps, Glass
Pipes and Shells, patent sus-
taining Shields, Tubes, and
Bottles, spread Plasters, Glass
Flash Brushes, &c., &c.

Fresh European Leeches always on hand.
Physicians' prescriptions put up with care and
attention.

She is also receiving the new and popular me-
dicines of the day, as they appear in this and other
States. Washington-st., rear of Stone Temple.
Quincy, Nov. 1. 45f

Botanic Medicine Depot,
Corner of Hancock and Granite Streets.

DR. MARDEN having taken the stand former-
ly kept by Dr. Goodnow, and having made
considerable additions to his former stock of

Medicine, Perfumery, Fancy
Articles, &c., &c., &c.,
he now offers them to the public on the most re-
asonable terms. He is happy to say, that his stock
of Medicine comprises most, if not all, the articles
used in the Best Practice of Medicine, care-
fully selected and of the first quality; and having
secured the services of a person of long experience
in the business, he is confident every reasonable
expectation will be gratified.
Quincy, Nov. 26. 1f

Paper Hangings.
JUST received new styles of Paper Hangings,
and for sale cheap for cash.
DANIEL BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, March 25. 1f

CALEB PACKARD.
DEALER IN SILKS, SHAWLS, FURS,
Dress and Domestic Goods of every de-
scription.

Also—White Goods, Laces, Dress and Cloak
Trimnings, Gimpes Brands and Embroid-
eries, a large lot of Hosiery, and a
great variety of fancy articles.
GENTS and BOYS'

Ready Made Clothing,
FURNISHING GOODS!
BOOTS, SHOES, TRUNKS, VALISES,
CARPET BAGS, UMBRELLAS,
HATS, CAPS, &c., &c.

FURNITURE,
of every description constantly on hand, or
furnished at the shortest notice.

Also—MATTRESSES and FEATHERS
of every quality. I would ask the particular
attention of the public to this branch of my
business.

MILLINERY GOODS!
Customers wishing Goods of this class, will
find always a carefully selected Stock, of the
latest and best styles. BONNETS, made and
trimmed.

CARPETS,
of every style and quality; Crockery, China,
Glass and Britannia Ware, Solar Lamps and
Shades, and a general assortment of house-
keeping Goods. I would respectfully invite
the attention of my friends and customers, to
my present varied Stock, to which I am con-
stantly making addition, and solicit a call from
all desiring Goods of any kind in my line.
Quincy, Dec. 3d. 1f

Dried Apples.
2000 POUNDS for sale cheap for cash.
DANIEL BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, March 25. 1f

Soaps and Perfumes.
Other articles for the Toilette.
Gent's Face Powder; Harrison's Magnolia
Balls; Shand's Lily White; Swift's Ointment
and Chalk Balls; Chinese Meen P

Apothecary Store.

MRS. E. HAYDEN returns thanks to her friends and the public, for their long-continued patronage, and offers an enlarged stock of superior Family Medicines, selected with care.



Also—various articles for invalids, Pearl and prepared Barley, Farina, Groats, cracked Wheat, Sago, Tapioca, Oat-flour, Corn Starch, Brown, &c. Jellies, Raspberry and Lemon Syrup, Guava Paste, &c. Shoulder Braces and Supporters of various kinds, Gum Elastic Breast Pumps, Glass Pipes and Shells, patent Nursing Shields, Tubes, and Bala-loons, spread Plasters, Glass and Metal Syringes, Bed-pans, Horse-hair Mittens, Flesh Brushes, &c., &c.

Fresh European Leeches always on hand. Physicians' prescriptions put up with care and attention.

She is also receiving the new and popular medicines of the day, as they appear in this and other States. Washington-st., near of Stone Temple, Quincy, Nov. 1. 45tf

Botanic Medicine Depot,

Corner of Hancock and Granite Streets.

DR. MARDEN having taken the stand formerly occupied by Dr. G. C. Moore, and having made considerable additions to his former stock of

Medicine, Perfumery, Fancy Articles, &c., &c., &c.

he now offers them to the public on the most reasonable terms. He is happy to say, that his stock of Medicine comprises most, if not all, the articles used in the Reformed Practice of Medicine, carefully selected and of the first quality; and having secured the services of a person of long experience in the business, he is confident every reasonable expectation will be fulfilled.

Quincy, Nov. 26. 41

Paper Hangings.

JUST received new styles of Paper Hangings, and for sale cheap for cash.

DANIEL BAXTER & Co. Quincy, March 25. 41

CALEB PACKARD.

DEALER IN SILKS, SHAWLS, FURS, Dress and Domestic Goods of every description.

Also—White Goods, Laces, Dress and Cloak Trimmings, Gimp Bands and Embroideries, a large lot of Hosiery, and a great variety of fancy articles.

GENTS and BOYS Ready Made Clothing,

FURNISHING GOODS! BOOTS, SHOES, TRUNKS, VALISES, CARPET BAGS, UMBRELLAS, HATS, CAPS, &c., &c.

FURNITURE, of every description constantly on hand, or furnished at the shortest notice.

Also—MATTRESSES and FEATHERS of every quality. I would ask the particular attention of the public to this branch of my business.

MILLINERY GOODS! Customers wishing Goods of this class, will find always a carefully selected Stock of the latest and best styles. BONNETS, made and trimmed.

CARPETINGS, of every style and quality; Crockery, China, Glass and Britannia Ware, Cane Linings and Shades, and a general assortment of House-keeping Goods. I would respectfully invite the attention of my friends and customers, to my present varied Stock, to which I am constantly making addition, and solicit a call from all desiring Goods of any kind in my line.

Quincy, Dec. 24. 41

Dried Apples.

2000 POUNDS for sale cheap for cash. DANIEL BAXTER & Co. Quincy, March 25. 41

Soaps and Perfumes.

CHOICE Soaps and Perfumes, and various other articles for the Toilette. Glens' Pearl Powder; Harrison's Magnolia Balls; Shand's Lily White; Swift's Ovals and Chalk Balls; Cherry Blossom Soap, a celebrated Toilette Powder; French's Ball Powder for infants; Palm Boxes; &c., &c. For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.

Quincy, March 11. 41

New Grocery

AND PROVISION STORE!

THE Store lately occupied by J. & H. H. FAXON, has been leased by the subscriber, and will be occupied for the sale of

W. L. Goods, Groceries, Provisions, Stone and Earthen Ware.

He hopes, by offering to the public a varied and carefully selected stock, at the lowest prices, to secure favor and patronage. He would respectfully solicit a call from all desiring Goods of any kind in his line.

OZEN JOSSELYN. Quincy, Nov. 12. 41

Cramps, Pains, etc.

DYER'S Healing Embrocation, for External and Internal Use, to relieve cramps, pains, rheumatism, &c., &c. Put up in bottles of three sizes—small for trial bottles.

Also—CRAP'S LINIMENT. For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN. Quincy, Feb. 11. 41

Tooth Ache!

TELL every person you meet, who is afflicted with the Tooth Ache, that he may find an article at Dr. MARDEN'S which will effect an instantaneous and permanent cure without the slightest or the least danger of injury from the application of the remedy.

Quincy, Dec. 24. 41

For the Complexion

TOMPKINS' Orange Flower Lotion, For the Face, a Balm of a Thousand Flowers. Milk of Lovers, Amadou for Tan and Sunburn &c., &c. For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN. Quincy, May 7. 41

Butter! Butter!! 30 TO 40 tubs of first rate DAIRY BUTTER, for sale cheap for cash. D. BAXTER & Co. Quincy, Oct. 29. 41

THE QUINCY PATRIOT.

DEVOTED TO MORALS, EDUCATION, AGRICULTURE, NEWS AND GENERAL LITERATURE.

VOLUME XIX.

QUINCY, MASS., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1854.

NUMBER XLIII.

OFFICE OF PUBLICATION, Over I. W. Munroe's Store, on Hancock Street.

JOHN A. GREEN, Editor.

CONDITIONS. Two DOLLARS per annum in advance, and if delayed until the end of the year, then THREE DOLLARS will be required.

No subscription nor advertisement will be discontinued previous to the payment of all arrearages, unless at the option of the publisher.

Advertisements correctly and conspicuously inserted at the customary prices, and will be charged for until ordered out.

The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to their own immediate business. Letters and communications, postage paid, will receive early attention.

AGENTS. The following gentlemen are authorized to receive pay and requested to procure subscribers.

Railway Village, West District, Milton, Dorchester, Weymouth, Abington, South Scituate, New York City, Brooklyn, (N. Y.)

JOSEPH BABCOCK, GEORGE H. LOCKE, CHARLES BRECK, ORIN P. RACON, F. A. KINGSBURY, JOSEPH CLEVELY, SAMUEL A. TURNER, FREEMAN HUNT, GERSHOM DREW.

Miscellaneous.

From the Home Journal. My Physician's Spaniel.

Some years since, when on a visit to the West, I stopped at a frontier city to await the arrival of the steamboat; and, taking advantage of the delay, I beat up the quarters of an old college friend who was established there as a physician. After the first salutations were ended, and I had taken my seat, a beautiful English spaniel advanced towards me, and, laying his head upon my knee, gazed into my face for several seconds, as if intent on making some discovery; and then, as seemingly disappointed, he returned to my friend and laid himself down between his feet, with an audible sigh. Let not the reader smile. Dogs, when mortified or dejected from want of notice, will exhibit their wounded feelings as keenly as some of the human species. I have just lost a canine friend upon whom I could inflict no severer punishment than by putting him in Coventry for a day or two, whenever he had done ought to offend me.

"That is a splendid dog," I said to my friend, "and seems much attached to you; what could have induced him to gaze at me so earnestly?"

"It is his uniform practice with strangers of your description," he answered; "but his history is a singular one, and connected with some melancholy incidents of my life, which, if you feel inclined to listen to, I will detail." I expressed my desire to hear the narrative, and he proceeded:

"You know," he said, "that on receiving my diploma, my first establishment was at ———, situated on the borders of one of those beautiful lakes that dot the western portion of New York. The population was small, the practice limited, the people none of the most refined; and after the first six months I felt a strong desire to change my location. I should certainly have done so, had not new residents taken up their abode among us. One of my friends had built a handsome cottage on the bank of the lake, in the outskirts of the village, in which he resided; but, business calling him to the city, in which he was obliged to remain for a long period, he left his house and furniture in my charge, with instruction to rent them together, if a suitable tenant should offer.

"He had scarcely gone, when two strangers made their appearance at the hotel, whose air of marked distinction excited at once the wonder and curiosity of our quiet villagers. A gentleman about twenty-three years of age, of a noble face and figure, accompanied by a lady so much resembling him, that it was easy to perceive they were very nearly related, had been landed from a boat from the lower end of the lake, and having ascertained that the tenement of my friend was to let, the new-comer sent me a request to call upon him at the tavern.

"I found the stranger laboring under a singular infirmity for one of his years. He was so deaf as to render it difficult to converse with him, occasioned, as he informed me, by the heavy cannonade of a fort in India, which he had defended against one of the native chiefs; and frequently his sister, to whom he introduced me, was obliged to interpose to enable us to understand each other. The interview was soon at an end. He hired the house of my friend, and took possession the next day, having by means of my intercession obtained a servant—a thing not easily accomplished in that part of the country, where the free and easy equality existing among the population caused the term to be repudiated.

"A more beautiful woman in form and face than the foreign lady, I never beheld. A shade of resigned and placid melancholy

which marked her features when in repose, gave her an irresistible charm; and, when aroused to animation, a more attractive or intelligent countenance no painter could imagine; but, alas! at the first glance, my medical skill enabled me to discover that, as is frequently the case in the beautiful and highly gifted of our race, her mission on earth was transient. That fatal disease which depopulates our nether sphere, and peoples the realms above with angelic denizens, had settled upon her; and that, and the corroding influence of some secret sorrow, I foresaw would baffle the efforts of human skill. My professional services were engaged; and, with scarce a hope of success, I daily visited the family, and soon this association ripened into friendship. This dog, which had accompanied them, and who was a great favorite of both, together with the servant, constituted the whole household, and none beside myself were permitted to cross the threshold. The dog seemed as aristocratic and as exclusive as his master, for to no strangers save me would he ever show civility, or permit from them any approach to familiarity.

"The amusements of my new friends within doors were music and literary pursuits; a piano had been left in the house, and the library of its owner was a good one. Whenever the weather was fine, strolls over the surrounding hills and along the margin of the lake, or excursions upon the water, occupied their time. The gentleman was an excellent sportsman, and an adept with the angle and gun; and this poor dog was a willing adjutant whenever the latter was in requisition; and often, until her strength failed, his sister would follow him to the field or brook, to the great surprise of the villagers. But soon exercise by land became too fatiguing for her, and then the brother would confine himself to aquatic excursions, watching with earnest attention the waning health and declining strength of his tender charge. They were twins, and that mysterious bond of affection which often exists in such cases, was never more strongly developed than between these individuals, for whom I soon imbibed a sincere friendship. The summer was passing away, and with it the strength of my patient was declining from day to day. Winter set in, and I had little hope of being able to carry her through it; but she survived, and even rallied a little in the spring, and was able to take exercise in the open air; but a sudden change of the weather happening upon one of these excursions she speedily relapsed, and in the early part of April died.

"The life and death of such a being was full of instruction; she bore her illness with composure, and it was evident that she viewed her approaching end with joy. If anything caused her mental pain, it was the acute distress of her brother, and thoughts of the grief he would endure at their final separation; and when that time arrived a deeper or more manly sorrow I have never seen displayed. For myself, no death that I had ever before, or have since witnessed, made so lasting an impression on my mind.

"And the deep gloom which shaded the face of my friend, there would occasionally appear an extraordinary flash of the eye, which seemed to indicate some transient emotion within; but these soon gave place to the settled melancholy of that grief 'which passeth show.' The day of the funeral arrived, and the body was to be consigned to its resting-place in the little cemetery a quarter of a mile from the village. The service was performed, and the coffin lowered into the grave; the last sod was placed upon it, when I was thus accosted by a young student of surgery:

"You will attend our next operation to-morrow night, doctor?" he said.

"But you told me you were disappointed of a subject," I answered.

"Never mind," he replied, "one has fortunately dropped in," and he glanced at the grave.

"You will not dare," said I, in a threatening tone. At that moment, as I cast my eye upon my friend who stood near us, his face lit up with that peculiar expression which I had before noticed.

"Had not the auricular faculties of our neighbor been impaired, or had this colloquy been in a loud tone, I should have thought that it had been overheard; but looking at him fixedly, his countenance had again resumed its cast of heartfelt sorrow. I took the young man aside, and threatened him with severe vengeance if he should presume to disturb the body of the deceased, and wrung from him a promise that he would abandon his design, and for a moment I forgot the subject.

The funeral was ended, and I accompanied the mourning brother to his home, where I remained until late in the evening, when I retired to my office. Nothing more had occurred to revive the suspicion that my friend had overheard the audacious remarks of the student; but still I felt an unaccountable apprehension of evil. I continued in an unea-

sy reverie for some time. At length, rousing myself, I opened a book, and my mind was soon absorbed in its contents. It was past midnight, when I was alarmed by two sharp explosions, rapidly following each other, like a double shot of a sportsman in the field. I instantly sprang to my feet, and glancing down the road towards the domicile of my friend, perceived a light burning within it. A little relieved by this, I rapidly approached the dwelling, and without knocking, lifted the latch and entered.

"I found no one within; but on the table was a sealed letter to me, enclosing a sum of money, with a request that I would indemnify myself for the house rent, and discharge some trifling sums due in the village, and bequeathing to me whatever property he left behind. No clew was given of his destination; but the letter and the market shots I had heard were sufficient to realize my forebodings, and I hastened to the village to obtain assistance to search the cemetery. A wagon was procured, and with two or three others, I was soon by the grave of my lamented patient. Her body was still there; but fallen within, and on the coffin which had been uncovered for the purpose of removal, was the bloody corpse of the rash young man who had spoken to me at the burial; and on the edge of the grave, with the rope with which he had been attempting to raise the coffin grasped in his hand, lay the dead body of his accomplice—victims of their fatal temerity.

"It was not necessary for me to arouse conjectures. The facts disclosed the author of this bloody tragedy. While some proceeded with the dead bodies to the village, and others to the house of my friend, I occupied myself with the sad duty of filling up the desecrated grave, and restoring it to its former condition. This done, I joined the citizens, who finding no one in the house they were searching, and a violent storm coming on, a farther quest was deferred until the morning; but it was fruitless. All that could be discovered was the hat of my friend on the south shore of the lake; and shortly afterwards his skull was seen full of water, and drifting towards the same spot; and all came to the conclusion that in crossing the lake the storm had overwhelmed him, and he had perished. In this belief I fully coincided.

"This melancholy catastrophe disgusted me with the village, and the regret I felt for the loss of friends to whom I had become ardently attached increased my repugnance to remain longer a resident. So soon, therefore, as I could settle my affairs I removed to this place. I had not been six months domiciled when, one day, in passing the principal hotel, a dog suddenly bounded from a lower window, and sprang up before me with every mark of joyful recognition, and immediately afterwards I heard my name called from the same window, when, turning round, I discovered my long lost friend, and was soon grasping his hand with intense satisfaction.

"Doctor," said he, "this meeting is providential; I need friendly services, and I am persuaded you will render yours, more particularly as they probably will be the last that I shall require in this world. Did not your friendship for me prompt you in this conjuncture, the memory of her whom we both loved would ensure me your assistance; but it is necessary that you should know something of my history and my present intentions. My name and origin you will hereafter learn. My sister and myself were children of an English nobleman, by a second marriage. She was brought up by an aunt who possessed a large estate, and whose heiress she was declared to be; in fact a will was made to that effect, which was known to all our family connections. For myself, as is customary with younger sons of the aristocracy, I entered the army, and served several years in India. A distant relative in the same service, while on furlough in England became attached to my sister, was very assiduous in his attentions, and finally, securing an interest in her affections, he offered himself and was accepted. A solemn betrothal was the consequence, and the officer returned to await the time set for their union.

"Meanwhile, another suitor, a man of high rank and great wealth, having secured the approbation of my father and the aunt, made proposals to my sister, who, faithful to her engagement rejected them; and, persisting in her refusal, she so far offended her nearest relatives, that the will which had been made in her favor was annulled, and she was cut off with slender provision for future maintenance, and the maker soon afterwards died. This news had not reached India when the betrothed of my sister, having exchanged for a commission in the house service, took leave of me with the avowed purpose of completing his engagement on his arrival in England; but having learnt the altered prospects of his affianced bride, he chose to break off the match, and to cloak his real motive, he assigned reasons frivolous and offensive.

"You who knew the being whose feelings

were thus cruelly wounded, can well imagine the effect of this desertion. In fact, it produced the disease which your skill in vain endeavored to cure. On learning this unpleasant news, I sold my commission, and hastened to England with the design of calling the faithless lover to severe account; but on my arrival I found that he who had caused so much unhappiness to the being I most dearly loved, was stationed in Canada, and thither I determined to follow him. Without letting my sister know my beligerent intentions, I persuaded her to accompany me to America, and on my arrival I learnt that the man I sought was near this place. Hither I hastened, but found that he had gone home, with the expectation of remaining there some months.

"The increasing illness of my sister forbade further pursuit; and it drove me to choose the residence where we first met. The mournful bereavement I there suffered, and the catastrophe which followed, you know. You perhaps wonder how I acquired a knowledge of the designs of the ruffians whose schemes I frustrated; but from our first acquaintance my deafness was gradually passing away; yet, partly from habit, but chiefly to protect myself from the intrusive familiarities of the villagers, I concealed, even from you, the recovery of my hearing. After having done justice upon the miscreants who had dared to perpetrate such sacrilegious outrage, I hurried to my skiff, and, with my faithful dog, put off for the other shore of the lake. A storm overtook me, and when within a few yards of the bank, the boat filled, and I swam ashore with my companion. My hat was lost in the water; but a forage cap, which happened to be in the pocket of the shooting-jacket I wore, sufficed for the occasion. To wear away the time until my antagonist was expected to return, I travelled South, and, hearing of his arrival at New York, I made all haste thither. I found a military friend in the garrison opposite, and by his assistance a meeting is arranged for to-morrow morning, on the island below; and your professional services are what I require, together with such other friendly offices as circumstances may render necessary.

"If, as most probably it will, this encounter be disastrous to me, you will find in my valise a letter to my father, which I beg you to forward to him. The contents of my valise, as well as my personal effects, I pray you to accept in memory of me, and of one more worthy of remembrance. My poor dog you will not abandon, for she, you know, was much attached to him.

"The duel took place the next morning. The parties met with steely civility on both sides. The pistols were handed, the word was given, simultaneous explosions followed, and both fell dead in an instant. I saw the body of my friend buried on the following day; and on opening the valise I found a letter directed to the Right Honorable the Earl of S—, at his house, Grosvenor Square, London. There were miniatures of my friends among the effects left to me. These were mine by right; but, thinking that the possession of such pictures, under such circumstances, would be gratifying to the noble father, with the letter of his deceased son, I sent another, informing him that they were in my possession and offering to surrender them to his order. They were never reclaimed.

"My friend's eyes moistened; and, as he ended, he patted the dog upon the head. 'Poor fellow!' he said, 'it is some consolation to me that I have you to be kind to.'

Patent Leather Boots. While standing in the office of one of our first class hotels the other day, we noticed a gentleman who came in with his baggage, enter his name on the book, and secure a room. As soon as he had written his name, the clerk looked at it with astonishment. He called all the other clerks to look, and then he called one of the proprietors, who, on seeing it, appeared amazed.

We thought from the fuss that was being made over the name, that the man must be some celebrated person. The idea struck us that it might be Prince Albert, or some of England's noblemen, but as his features were truly American, we concluded it must be some great man, whom we did not know, belonging to our own country. While thus contemplating the man and his position, the clerk leaned forward, and called—Mr. Johnson, one moment if you please!

The gentleman stepped up to the desk. 'Will you,' continued the clerk, 'please explain one thing? We have all tried to decipher, but cannot make it out.'

'What is it?' asked the gentleman, with a quiet smile playing on his face.

'Why, sir, at the end of your name, on the book you have placed three letters, P. L. B., and we are anxious to know the meaning of them, having never before met with them in that position.'

"P. L. B.," said the gentleman, "simply means, Patent Leather Boots. The last time I was here, I wore none other, but I was charged in my bill at leaving, two dollars for blacking boots, and as I had no time to dispute at leaving, I concluded this time to make you understand that I wore such boots as needed no blacking."

"I'll do it Well."

There lives in New England a gentleman who furnishes the following interesting account of his own life:

He was an apprentice in a Tin Manufactory. When twenty-one years old he had lost his health, so that he was entirely unable to work at his trade. Wholly destitute of means, he was thrown out upon the world, to seek any employment for which he had strength.

He said he went out to find employment, with the determination, that whatever he did, he would do it well. The first and only thing he found that he could do, was to black boots and scour knives in a hotel. This he did, and did it well, as the gentleman now living would testify. Though the business was low and servile, he did not lay aside his self-respect, or allow himself to be made mean by his business. The respect and confidence of his employers were soon secured, and he was advanced to a more lucrative and less laborious position.

At length his health was restored, and he returned to his legitimate business, which he now carries on very extensively. He has accumulated an ample fortune, and is training an interesting family by giving them the best advantages for moral and mental cultivation. He now holds an elevated place in the community where he lives.

Young men who may chance to read the above statement of facts, should mark the secret of success. The man's whole character, of whom I have spoken, was formed and directed by the determination to do whatever he did, well.

Do the thing you are doing so well that you will be so respected in your place, and you may be sure it will be said to you, 'Go up higher.'

Brain and Thought.

Richmond mentions the case of a woman whose brains were exposed in consequence of a removal of a considerable part of its bony covering by disease. He says, he repeatedly made pressure on the brain, and each time suspended all feelings and intellect, which were instantly restored when the pressure was withdrawn. The same writer also relates another case, that of a man who had trepanned, and who perceived his intellectual faculties failing, and his existence drawing to a close, every time the effused blood collected on the brain.

Professor Chapman, of Philadelphia, mentions in his lectures, that he saw an individual with his skull perforated, and the brain exposed, who was accustomed to submit himself to the same experiment of pressure as above, and who was exhibited by the late Professor Webster to his class. His intellectual and moral faculties disappeared on the application of pressure to the brain; they were held under the thumb as it were, and restored to pleasure to their own full activity by discontinuing the pressure. But the most extraordinary case of this kind within my knowledge, and one peculiarly interesting to the physiologist and metaphysician, is related by Sir Astley Cooper, in his surgical lectures.

A sailor received an injury on his head while on board a vessel in the Mediterranean, which rendered him insensible, from the pressure of the skull. The vessel soon after this made Gibraltar, where he was placed in the hospital, and remained several months in the same insensible state. He was then carried on board the Dolphin frigate to Deptford, and from thence was sent to St. Thomas' hospital, London. He lay constantly upon his back, and breathed with difficulty. His pulse was regular, and each time it beat he moved his finger. When hungry or thirsty he moved his lips and tongue. The surgeon found a portion of his skull depressed, trepanned him, and removed the depressed portion; immediately after this operation the motion of his fingers ceased, and at four o'clock in the afternoon, the operation having been performed at once, he sat up in bed, sensation and volition returned; and in four days he got out of bed and conversed. The last thing he remembered was the circumstance of taking a prize in the Mediterranean. From the moment of the accident, thirteen months and a few days, oblivion had come over him, and all recollection ceased. He had, for more than one year, drank of the cup of Lethe, and lived wholly unconscious of existence; yet, upon removing a small portion of the bone which pressed upon the brain, he was restored to the full possession of the powers of his mind and body.—Dr. Brigham.

Natural History. Volcanoes are powerful agents in changing the appearance of the surface of the earth. There are about one hundred in the western continent; the most noted of which are Jorullo in Mexico, and Cotopaxi in South America. In 1750, there was an eruption of Jorullo, during which large red-hot stones were thrown to a great height, and a mountain sixteen hundred feet high was formed in about two months. Humboldt, the distinguished traveller, visited the place forty years after, and found the lava at the distance of a few inches below the surface sufficiently hot to light a cigar. (Volcanoes are noted for smoking.) During an eruption of Cotopaxi, a stone weighing several tons was thrown nine miles. Kilauea, on one of the Sandwich Islands, has a crater one thousand feet below the surrounding land, and six miles in circumference. A visitor says of it, 'Its action was more horribly sublime than any thing I ever imagined to exist, even in ideal visions of unearthly things: Its surface had all the agitation of an ocean, and occasionally fiery spray dashed forty to fifty feet high.' Vesuvius in Italy is especially noted for its eruption about eighteen hundred years ago, during which Herculaneum, Pompeii and Stabiae were buried in ashes and scoried. Mount Etna, in Sicily, is composed entirely of lavas, though ten thousand feet high, and more than one hundred and fifty miles in circumference at the base. In 1660, the lava thrown from it covered eighty four square miles, and seventy thousand persons were destroyed. In 1782, a volcano in Iceland threw forth such enormous quantity of lava, as to fill up a river which was six hundred feet deep and two hundred feet wide—overflowing, it poured over the surrounding country, filled up a lake—and flowed in two streams, one forty and the other fifty miles in length, averaging ten miles in breadth, and more than one hundred feet in depth. Nine thousand persons perished. In 1815, a volcano in one of the Spice islands in the East Indies, for three months was in a continual state of eruption. Houses at a distance of several hundred miles were crushed by the fall of ashes, and three hundred miles from the volcano, so large quantity was in the air as to cause darkness through the day. Of twelve thousand inhabitants, only twenty-six escaped. Probably volcanoes are caused by water coming in contact with heated matter at a considerable distance below the surface of the earth—this generates steam and other gases, resulting in earthquakes and volcanoes.—Lynn News.

Speed of Railway Trains. Dr. Lardner adopts some ingenious arguments, or rather illustrations, to render familiar the extraordinary velocity with which our express trains move. The Great Western Express to Exeter, (Eng.) travels at the rate of forty-three miles an hour, including stoppages. To attain this rate, a speed of sixty miles an hour is adopted midway between some of the stations; and in certain experimental trips seventy miles an hour have been reached. A speed of seventy miles an hour is about equivalent to thirty five yards per second,—thirty-five yards between two beats of a common clock. All objects near the eye of a passenger travelling at this rate will pass by the eye in the thirty-fifth part of a second; and if thirty-five stakes were erected at the side of the road, a yard asunder, they would not be distinguishable from one another; if painted red, they would appear collectively as one continuous flash of red color. If two trains with this speed passed each other, the relative velocity would be seventy yards per second; and if one of the trains were seventy yards long, it would flash by in a single second. Supposing the locomotive which draws such a train to have driving wheels seven feet in diameter, these wheels will revolve five times in a second; the piston moves along the cylinder ten times in a second; the valve moves and the steam escapes ten times in a second—but as there are two cylinders, which act alternately, there are really twenty puffs or escapes of steam in a second. The locomotive can be heard to "cough" when moving slowly, the cough being occasioned by the abrupt emission of waste steam up the chimney; but twenty coughs per second cannot be separated by the ear, their individuality becoming lost. Such a locomotive speed is equal to nearly one-fourth of that of a cannon ball; and the momentum of a whole train, moving at such speed, would be nearly equivalent to the aggregate force of a number of cannon balls.

equal to one-fourth the weight of the train. That a "smash" should follow a collision is no subject for marvel, if a train moving at such a speed—or anything like such a speed—should meet with any obstacle to its progress.—*Dodd's Curiosities of Industry.*

THE QUINCY PATRIOT.

Saturday, October 28th, 1854.

"BORN TO NO MASTER, OF NO SECT ARE WE."

The Lyceum.

We trust our readers will not forget this time-honored institution. The names of lecturers already announced are a pledge that the coming course of lectures will be highly interesting and worthy of support. Those who intend to purchase tickets for the season, ought to purchase them at once, that the government may be justified in engaging good lecturers for the entire series.

The first lecture will be delivered by Hon. Anson Burlingame, sometimes called "Young America," one of the great guns of the order of Native Americans. He will not of course speak his peculiar sentiments on such an occasion, as it is not a proper place. He is a vivacious and thrilling speaker, and will no doubt say many things worth hearing. It would afford us great pleasure to see the Town Hall filled to its utmost capacity on the occasion of the opening lecture of the course. And this reminds us of the want of seats, which has been experienced in past years. The government of the Lyceum owes a seat to every one who pays for a ticket of admittance. Seats can be procured for the entire area of the hall, and there is no good reason why it should not be done.

We have on a former occasion spoken of the necessity of maintaining order. For a few seasons past and since have seriously disturbed the attention of those who desired to listen to the speakers; we hope such disturbance will not occur again; but that, if it does occur, the authors of it will be duly complained of before proper authorities.

Adams Literary Association.

We have on repeated occasions appealed to our readers in behalf of undertakings of a public interest. There have been many fairs for societies and associations and individuals, for which we have spoken words of cheer and encouragement. And it is a remark often made, that all calls for assistance—sometimes even from those who have not much claim upon the people of Quincy—are generously responded to. The young men of this town have done their part and given more than their proportion to all contributions of the public, to those who have asked for aid. Their time has come now, and we hope the beneficiaries of their generosity will not permit the occasion to pass without some substantial acknowledgment.

It has been a subject of complaint that our young men have given too much time and spent too much money in these fairs;—very likely. No one, however, can rationally object to a fair, the proceeds of which are to be spent for good books. The Adams Literary Association is composed of young men, who are with a commendable spirit striving to establish a good library among us. That a library, containing all standard works and all modern works of value and entertainment, ought to be within the reach of the young, and indeed the middle-aged and those advanced in years, will not be denied by any one.

The Adams Literary Association has begun the work by collecting a small library of good books. A proper appreciation of their purpose and a generous encouragement of their efforts to carry out their purpose on the part of the community, will lead to the establishment of an institution among us that will, by its attractions and allurements, have power to rescue many a young man from evil habits and associations, saving nothing of the delight and instruction to be derived from the perusal of good books. A town of five or six thousand inhabitants is sufficiently capable of sustaining such an undertaking. It is from such views that we would again invite attention to the proposed fair of the Adams Literary Association, hoping to induce a general interest in it. It will be seen some change has been made in the time of holding the fair.

PLURALITY. The last legislature made plurality the rule of elections in this Commonwealth as far as it had the power to do so. The law provides that in all elections for city, county and town officers the persons receiving the highest number of votes shall be declared elected. This of course does not extend to town representatives, for the manner of their election is fixed by the constitution. A law was also passed at the last session, making representatives to congress electable by plurality at the first trial.

GOOD SELECTION. Gen. James S. Whitney of Conway, has received the appointment of Superintendent of the national armory at Springfield, (Mass.) vice Col. James W. Ripley, removed in obedience to a recent act of Congress changing the system of superintendence from military to civil.

SIR JOHN FRANKLIN. News from Montreal, heralds the pleasing, and at the same time melancholy news of the discovery of the remains of Sir John Franklin and crew, by starvation, after their ship was crushed to pieces in the ice. The information was obtained from the Indians, some of whom had in their possession articles belonging to the expedition—among them were silver spoons, on which was engraved the name of Sir John Franklin.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT. Our thanks are due to Dr. Geo. B. Loring of Salem, for a copy of his able speech, delivered at the Essex County Democratic Convention, and which has been published in pamphlet form, by a vote of that convention, for distribution.

RASCALLY MOVEMENT. The Schuylkill (Penn.) coal operators have, as we learn from the Philadelphia Gazette of the 25th, carried their threat into execution and suspended shipments of coal. The suspension will continue through one week. The Miners' Journal assigns as a reason for the suspension of shipments, the withholding of orders. Let every person sign the petition for the repeal of the duty on foreign coal.

PHRENOLOGY. During the last year, Fowlers, Wells & Co., Boston, have made three thousand Phrenological examinations, and directed a large number of persons in the choice of the most suitable business by examining the head, they claim to give a correct description of a person's character, point out all his defects and how to cultivate them, and tell the business in which he will best succeed, thus enabling him to be almost sure of success in life. An advertisement of their establishment at 142 Washington street, will be seen in another column. This Cabinet contains a large number of skulls, busts and paintings of distinguished men and is an interesting place to visit.

BOSTON AND CHARLESTOWN. The opinion of the Supreme Court has been given in reference to the annexation question. The decision declares the provisions of the act of annexation inconsistent with the laws of the Commonwealth and with the constitution of the United States, and sustains the majority of the Charlestown Aldermen in their refusal to sign the certificate of the election.

REPEAL OF COAL DUTIES. A petition is being circulated in Boston and other places for Congress to repeal the duties of foreign coal. The recent combination of the coal operators to raise prices, has led to this repeal movement, which is seemingly the only feasible means for increasing the supply of coal. A small quantity of bituminous coal is now brought from England, under a thirty per cent duty. Our principal supplies of foreign coal are from Nova Scotia, and under the reciprocity treaty of that of that province will come in free.

A MASTER PIECE OUT-DONE. We have lately supposed Ayer's Cherry Pectoral was the Ultima Thule in its line, and that nothing had been or would be invented which could surpass it in its fine points of excellence as a medicine. But we are confidently assured by those competent to judge on the subject, that Dr. Ayer's new Pills excel in high medical artistry even that widely celebrated embodiment of his skill. He has succeeded in making them not only pleasant to take, but powerful to cure the large class of complaints which require a purgative remedy.—*Lowester (Ky.) Argus.*

CONCERT. The attention of the reader is called to the advertisement of the Wheeler Family, assisted by Mr. Asa Barker, who will give a Musical Soiree at the Town Hall, this evening. We have never had the pleasure of listening to them, but we have no doubt, from all we can learn of those in places where they have sung, that those who attend will enjoy a rich treat.

NEW PAPER. We have lately received two numbers of a hebdomadal recently commenced in Abington, by Messrs. Easterbrook & Blunt, entitled—"The Abington Standard and Plymouth County Advertiser." It is a neatly printed and ably edited sheet, richly deserving encouragement from the enterprising citizens of the thriving town in which it is located. May abundant success attend the labors of the publishers.

FLOUR. The price of this article still continues high. This is owing to no deficiency in the supply of wheat, but to a failure of the water power at the west, and a disposition among the farmers to "hold out" for higher prices. When these obstacles are overcome, flour will decline in price about as quick and as fast as can be desired either by producers or consumers.

VERMONT. Judge Jacob Collamer (Whig) has been elected by both branches of the Vermont Legislature, United States Senator, for the long term, and Hon. Lawrence Brainard, Free Soil, for the short term.

It is supposed that the Mormon population of Utah Territory now reaches 50,000.

CLAM CHOWDER. This luxurious compound will be ready at the Granite Saloon, this day, in season for dinner, etc. Call in season if you wish a dish of it.

Special Notices.

WHIG CONVENTION. The Whigs of Quincy are requested to meet at the Lyceum Hall, on MONDAY EVENING next, at 7 o'clock, to choose Delegates to the Convention to be held at Dedham, on Friday, the 3d of November, to nominate a candidate for Congress.

By order of the Whig Town Committee.
G. F. THAYER, Chairman.
Quincy, Oct. 28. 1f

QUINCY CHARITABLE SOCIETY. The annual meeting of this Society will be held at the house of I. W. Munroe, Esq., on MONDAY EVENING, the 6th of November, at 7 o'clock. Every member is requested to be present.
E. LORD, Secretary.
Quincy, Oct. 28. 2w

SABBATH SCHOOL EXHIBITION.—The Sabbath School connected with the Universalist Society of this town, propose to give an Exhibition at their Church, on THURSDAY EVENING, the 2d of November.

To the parents and those acquainted with the School this notice will be sufficient. To others it may be proper to say, that such a selection of moral pieces has been made, to sing and speak, as are appropriate to the place and occasion; and the proceeds are to be devoted to the benefit of the School. The exercises will commence at 7 o'clock. Admission 12 1-2 cents.
Quincy, Oct. 28. 1w

R. G. L. Attention. Let every comrade be on hand, FRIDAY EVENING, Nov. 3d, at the Town Hall, at 7 P. M.
Per order.
Quincy, Oct. 28. 1w

NORFOLK COUNTY REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.—This Convention stands adjourned to TUESDAY, November 7, 1854, at 10 1-2 o'clock, at Temperance Hall, Dedham.

HENRY W. RICHARDS, } Sec's.
L. P. BEAN, }
Oct. 28. 2w

THE REPUBLICAN CONVENTION to nominate a candidate for Congress from the Third District will meet, by adjournment, at Dedham, on TUESDAY, Nov. 7, 1854, at 12 o'clock.

HENRY W. RICHARDS, } Sec's.
L. P. BEAN, }
Oct. 28. 2w

NOTICE. The undersigned hereby give notice that their places of business will be closed at 7 1-2 o'clock "Lyceum Evenings," during the course of Lectures before that Institution, and at 8 o'clock all other evenings, except Saturday evening, from Nov. 1st, 1854, to March 1st, 1855.

John Briesler & Co., Israel W. Munroe,
Geo. Savil & Co., Caleb Packard,
Wm. S. Underwood, Geo. B. Nightingale,
John Holden, Jr., Charles Holmes,
John A. Holden, John Russell,
Caleb Gill & Co.
Quincy, Oct. 21. 1f

QUINCY LYCEUM. The Directors take pleasure in being able to announce that the first Lecture of the Course will be delivered on WEDNESDAY EVENING, Nov. 1, by Hon. ANSON BURLINGAME.
Nov. 8—Rev. Dr. Neale,
Nov. 15—Richard H. Dana, Jr. Esq.,
Nov. 22—Rev. A. A. Minor,
Nov. 29—F. H. Underwood, Esq.,
Hon. John P. Hale,
Mrs. E. Oakes Smith,
Hon. N. P. Banks, Jr.,
Rev. A. L. Stone,
Hon. P. W. Chandler,
Rev. Theodore Parker,
John G. Saxe, Esq. the Poet.
Rev. T. Starr King.

They have likewise extended invitations to Rev. E. H. Chapin, Hon. Geo. S. Hillard, Mr. Shillaber, the original Mrs. Partington, Ralph Waldo Emerson, Esq., Rev. Dr. Putnam of Roxbury, and several others, whose names will be hereafter enumerated.

Tickets admitting a gentleman and two ladies, \$1. Admitting two ladies, or two ladies and two children, 50 cents.—to be obtained of the Secretary, at Savil & Co.'s, and at the Quincy Bookstore.

JOHN B. BASS, Secretary.
Quincy, Oct. 14. 3w

A meeting of the Adams Literary Association will take place at their Hall, on MONDAY EVENING next, at 8 o'clock. At the last meeting of the Association, it was voted to hold their Annual Levee on the 7th of November.

J. JAMESON, President.
WILLIAM BAXTER, Secretary.

DR. CARL V. MYERS' Homeopathic Balm.

A highly Medicated Syrup, devoid of all unpleasant taste, and one dose of which will cure any common cold; one canister will eradicate the most stubborn cough of any character except that attending the last stages of Consumption. It is a safe and sure cure for Croup, Whooping Cough, and Diphtheria, and likewise an excellent Remedy for many other Diseases, which the Directions will fully explain.

Dr. S. O. RICHARDSON, No. 51 Hanover street, Boston, General Agent.
Also, for sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN, Quincy, Oct. 21. 8m

Deaths.

In this town, on the 21st inst., James W., son of Mr. James and Mrs. Roxanna Bailey, aged 9 months and 7 days.

On the 25th inst., Fanny Adalade, daughter of Mr. Williams and Mrs. Harriet Jones, aged 11 months.

On the 26th inst., Arthur Knowlton, son of Mr. John B. and Mrs. Caroline S. Bass, aged 5 weeks and 2 days.

Marriages.

In South Scituate, Mr. Thomas Kelley to Miss Abigail A. Bent, both of this place.

Wood at Auction.

WILL be sold at public auction, on THURSDAY next, Nov. 2d, at 9 o'clock A. M., all the Wood standing on about 15 acres of Land of T. R. Rogers, Esq., probably the best opportunity for purchasers which will be offered this season, as the Wood is of good quality, and easy of access.

Sale adjoining where he sold last year. If very stormy, sale next fair day.

Enquire of LEWIS BASS, or EBEN'R ADAMS, Auct.
Quincy, Oct. 28. 1w

Administratrix's Sale.

WILL be sold at public auction, on TUESDAY next, Oct. 31st, at 1 o'clock P. M., at the residence of Thompson Baxter, on Washington street, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, being the personal property of the late CHARLES BICKNELL, viz: Beds, Bedding, Chairs, Tables, Bureaus, Sofa, Looking Glasses, Stoves, Carpets, Crockery, Glass and Tin Ware, and numerous other articles.

Conditions at the time of sale.
EBENEZER ADAMS, Auct.
Quincy, Oct. 28. 1w

Guardian's Sale.

REAL ESTATE.

TO be sold at public auction, by license of the Court of Probate for the County of Norfolk, on WEDNESDAY, the 15th day of November next, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, four undivided fifteenth parts of about thirty acres of Land, with a Dwelling House and out-buildings thereon, situated in Weymouth, of late belonging to Alpheus Bates and Elizabeth Bates, deceased, the most of which borders on Middle street, so called, and will be sold in not less than eight lots, and the most of which on the premises, the same being the estate of Cordelia Bates, Caroline B. Bates, Maria L. Bates, and Leavitt Bates, minor children of Abraham Bates, late of Weymouth, deceased, and to be sold for their benefit.

Conditions at the sale.
SUSAN L. BATES, Guardian.

P. S. At the time above named, the owners of the forty-six fifteenth parts will sell by public auction their several undivided rights in the above mentioned estate.
Weymouth, Oct. 28. 3w

FLANNELS.

BLUE, Blue Mixed, Red, Yellow, and White Flannels, twilled and plain—for sale cheap, at Quincy, Oct. 28. 1f

Millinery and Dress Making.

MRS. L. CLAPP

WOULD respectfully inform the Inhabitants of Quincy and vicinity, that she has opened a Shop near the Book Store in Quincy, where she will do MILLINERY and DRESS MAKING in the best styles and latest fashions.

Grave Clothes and Mourning Goods constantly on hand or made to order.
A good assortment of Ribbons and Dress Trimmings constantly on hand.
3-4 A share of patronage is solicited.
Quincy, Oct. 28. 1f

FOWLERS, WELLS & CO.,

Phrenologists & Publishers,
142 Washington Street, Boston.

CORRECT EXAMINATIONS, and complete written descriptions of character, (at all hours) including valuable advice as to the preservation and restoration of health, formation of proper habits, correction of faults, restraining of excesses, obviating defects, choice of suitable occupations, selecting of partners, clerks and apprentices in business, and conjugal companions for life.

Young men who choose their business in this way, and get into their true sphere, are almost sure of success, as thousands who have tried it are ready to testify.

Clerks, apprentices and help selected in this way, prove competent and reliable, as many business men of Boston have by experience proved. In the training of youth an examination will be found an invaluable guide, and save much trouble and perplexity.

Those who are debilitated and weakly will get just such advice as will most effectually restore them to health and save them the evils of quack medicines and drugs.

Books on Phrenology, Physiology, Water Cure, Phonography, Psychology and kindred subjects, for sale at the lowest prices. All of Fowlers & Wells' publications, including the Phrenological and Water Cure Journals, are sent by mail, or furnished to Agents from this office at the same prices as from New York.

FOWLERS & WELLS, D. P. BUTLER.
C. J. HAMBLETON.
Oct. 28. 6w

Cotton Flannels.

JUST RECEIVED—1 case very heavy Cotton Flannel, warranted strong—for sale by I. W. MUNROE.
Quincy, Oct. 28. 1f

Caution.

NOTICE is hereby given, that as my wife BRIDGET, has left my bed and board, through her misconduct, this is to forbid all persons harboring or trusting her on my account as I shall not be responsible for her transactions.

WILLIAM CARL.
Quincy, Oct. 28. 3w

Quincy Loan Fund Association.

THE regular monthly meeting will be held at the Lyceum Room, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, Nov. 1st, at 7 o'clock.
LOUIS CONGDON, Secretary.
Quincy, Oct. 28. 1w

Executor's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Executor of the Will of

JOHN CRANE,

late of Braintree, in the County of Norfolk, gentleman, deceased, and has accepted said trust. And all persons having demands upon the Estate of the said deceased are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto to make payment to

FRANCIS CRANE, Executor.
Oct. 28. 3w

A Social Assembly

WILL be held at WASHINGTON HALL, (Quincy Point,) on TUESDAY EVENING, Oct. 31st, commencing at 7 1-2 o'clock, to which all are invited to attend who may wish to enjoy a few hours in dancing.

Tickets, 50 cents.
Music—Summer's Band—three pieces.
Quincy, Oct. 28. 1w

GRAND CONCERT.

COME ONE! COME ALL!
THE WHEELER FAMILY

RESPECTFULLY announce to the Inhabitants of this place and vicinity, that they will give a

GRAND MUSICAL SOIREE, ON SATURDAY EVENING, OCT. 28, AT THE TOWN HALL.

On which occasion they will be assisted by MR. ASA BARKER, The talented Vocalist and popular Ballad Singer, formerly of Ossian's Bards!

An almost entire selection of new and beautiful Quartets, Trios, Songs, &c. will be introduced.

3-4 Tickets 15 cents.
Doors open at 6 3-4 o'clock. Concert to commence at 7 1-2 o'clock. Quincy, Oct. 28. 1w

NEW ARRANGEMENT

FOR THE SALE OF Medical Preparations, ESTABLISHED REPUTATION.

AN Agency has been established with C. GILL & CO., at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE, for the sale of the following valuable MEDICINES, HAIR OILS, &c., and where a supply of genuine and fresh, may always be found, and to which additions will continually be made of such as can be well recommended.

For Coughs, Colds, and all Pulmonary Complaints.

Dr. Jayne's Indian Expectorant, Dr. Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, Genuine Pulmonary Balm, Burnett's Pure Cod Liver Oil, Wilbur's Pure Cod Liver Oil and Phosphate of Lime.

For Dyspepsia, Scrofulous, Neuralgia, and Nervous Complaints, Humors, Rheumatism, Bilious Diseases, &c.

Bull's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla, Borer's Compound Extract of Rock Rose, Dr. Jayne's Alterative, Kenner's Medical Discovery, Dr. Moore's Essence of Life, Railway's Ready Relief, Wright's In-It Vegetable Pills, Ayer's Cathartic Pills, Dr. Jayne's Sensitive Pills, Dr. Jayne's Counter Irritant, Fluid Extract of Valerian.

For Diseases of Children, Worms, &c. Hobensack's Medicated Worm Syrup, Chamberlain's Vermifuge, Dr. Jayne's Tonic Vermifuge, Dr. Jayne's Catarrhical Balm, &c. &c.

For Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Wounds, &c. Dr. Jayne's Liniment, Russia Salve, Mexican Mustang Liniment, Dalley's Magical Pain Extractor, Brown's Ointment.

For the Hair.

Hungarian Balm, Porter's Hair Balm, Spaulding's Rosemary and Castor Oil, Dr. Jayne's Hair Tonic, Genuine Beef Marrow Pomatum, Buffalo Oil, Bear's Oil, &c. &c. &c.

—ALSO—Thompson's celebrated Eye Water, Superior Sulfur Powders, Extracts of Rose, Vanilla, Lemon, &c. Orris and Charcoal Teeth Paste, Indian Compound Teeth Powder, Cleaver's Prime Medical Honey Soap, Cleaver's Honey Shaving Cream, Cleaver's Musk Scented Old Brown Windsor Soap.

Cleaver's Extra Scented Windsor Soap, Byron's Perfumed Old Brown Windsor Soap, White Wind-er Soap, Oxygenated Soap, Weston's Aromatic Cachoos, Superior Cologne Water, Superior Lavender Water.

—ALSO—

Always on hand, a full and beautiful variety of—Best quality Hair Brushes, " " Cloth Brushes, " " Teeth Brushes, " " Shaving Brushes, " " Flesh Brushes, " " Nail Brushes, " " Fine Ivory Combs, " " Dressing Combs, " " Round Combs, " " Yarn and Silk Combs, " " India Rubber Combs, " " Greaves & Sons' Superior Razors, Wade & Butcher's " " Rodgers' Superior Pocket Knives, Crooke's " " Superior Scissors, of various kinds, Razor Straps, &c. &c.

The patronage of all the people of Quincy and vicinity, who are in want of any Medical Preparation, or other articles enumerated in the above catalogue, is solicited by

CALEB GILL & CO.,

Proprietors of the QUINCY BOOK, FANCY GOODS AND MEDICINE STORE,

Hancock Street, Quincy.

Oct. 28. 1f

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

NORFOLK ss. Probate Office, Oct. 21st, A.D. 1854.

CONTENT C. RICHARDS, Administratrix of the estate of

LYSANDER RICHARDS,

late of Quincy, in said County, Esquire, deceased, having presented her account in her said capacity for allowance:—Ordered—That said Content C. Richards notify all persons interested therein, that they may appear and be heard, concerning the same, at a Court of Probate to be holden at Roxbury, in said County, on the eleventh day of November, A.D. 1854, by publishing this Order three weeks successively in the newspaper called the Quincy Patriot, printed at Quincy.

W. S. LELAND, Judge of Probate.
Quincy, Oct. 28. 3w

Geo. Savil & Co.'s Column.

1854.

George Savil & Co., GOODNOW'S BUILDING, Corner HANCOCK & GRANITE STS., QUINCY.

ARE daily receiving NEW STYLES GOODS for Fall and Winter, to which the attention of Purchasers is requested. We have now on hand a good assortment of—

PRINTS, DELAINES, CASHMERES, ALPACCAS, ALEPINES, MOURNING CRAPE, MOHAIR LUSTRE, MADONNAS, LYONESE, THIBETS, GALA PLAIDS, BLACK SILKS, LADIES' CLOTHS, VELVETS, WOOLLEN & CASHMERE SHAWLS, DRESS & CLOAK TRIMMINGS, EMBROIDERIES, SHEETINGS, SHIRTINGS, BLANKETS, COTTON FLANNELS, DENIMS, TICKINGS, DIAPERS, WOOLLEN YARNS, CAMBRICS, SILECIA, PATCHES, TABLE COVERS, WROUGHT COLLARS, UNDER HDKFS, UNDER SLEEVES, HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c.,

which we shall sell at a small advance from Cost.

WOOLLEN GOODS.

CLOTHS, CASHMERES, DOESKINS, SATINETTS, VESTINGS,

which will be sold by the yard or manufactured into Garments to order, in a Superior Manner.

We have also in Store, of our own Manufacture, our usual assortment of

READY MADE CLOTHING

Consisting in part of

OVERCOATS, DRESS FROCKS, BUSINESS FROCKS, BUSINESS SACKS, PANTS, VESTS, OVERALLS.

Boys' Jackets, Coats, Pants and Vests.

Gents' Furnishing Goods IN GREAT VARIETY.

Shirts, Bosoms, Dicksies, Gloves, Stocks, Neck Ties, Handkerchiefs, Under Shirts, Drawers, Suspenders, Socks, Hats, Caps, Umbrellas, &c.

—ALSO—

In connection, at all times, can be found in the Hall and Rooms above, a complete assortment of

FURNITURE,

Consisting in part of—

SOFAS, BUREAUX, STUFFED ROCKING CHAIRS, PARLOR AND COMMON CHAIRS, PAINTED CHAMBER SETS, COTTAGE AND COMMON BEDSTEADS, WASH SINKS AND STANDS, CARD TABLES, CENTRE AND COMMON TABLES, LOOKING GLASSES, MATTRESSES, FEATHERS, &c. &c.

—ALSO—

CARPETINGS,

PAINTED CANVASS, STRAW MATTINGS, BOCKINGS.

1854.

George Savil & Co.,
GOODNOW'S BUILDING,
Corner HANCOCK & GRANITE STS.,
QUINCY.

ARE daily receiving NEW STYLES GOODS
for Fall and Winter, to which the attention
of Purchasers is requested. We have now on
hand a good assortment of—

PRINTS,
DELAINEES,
CASHMERES,
ALPACCAS,
MOURNING CRAPE,
MOHAIR LUSTRE,
MADONNAS,
LYONESE,
THIBETS,
GALA PLAIDS,
BLACK SILKS,
LADIES' CLOTHS,
VELVETS,
WOOLEN & CASHMERE SHAWLS,
DRESS & CLOAK TRIMMINGS,
EMBROIDERIES,
SHEETINGS,
SHIRTINGS,
BLANKETS,
COTTON FLANNELS,
DENIMS,
TICKINGS,
DIAPERS,
WOOLEN YARNS,
CAMBRIES,
SILECIA,
PATCHES,
TABLE COVERS,
WROUGHT COLLARS,
UNDER HDKFS.,
UNDER SLEEVES,
HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c.,
which we shall sell at a small advance from
Cost.

WOOLEN GOODS.

CLOTHS,
CASHMERES,
DOESKINS,
SATINETTS,
VESTINGS,
which will be sold by the yard or manu-
factured into Garments to order, in a
Superior Manner.

We have also in Store, of our own Manu-
facture, our usual assortment of

READY MADE CLOTHING

Consisting in part of

OVERCOATS,
DRESS FROCKS,
BUSINESS FROCKS,
BUSINESS SACKS,
PANTS,
VESTS,
OVERALLS,
Boys' Jackets, Coats, Pants and
Vests.

Gents' Furnishing Goods
IN GREAT VARIETY.

Shirts,
Bosoms,
Dickies,
Gloves,
Stocks,
Neck Ties,
Handkerchiefs,
Under Shirts,
Drawers,
Suspenders,
Socks,
Hats, Caps, Umbrellas, &c.

—ALSO—

In connection, at all times, can be found in the
Hall and Rooms above, a complete assortment of

FURNITURE,

Consisting in part of—
SOFA'S,
BUREAUX,
STUFFED ROCKING CHAIRS
PARLOR AND COMMON CHAIRS,
PAINTED CHAMBER SETS,
COTTAGE AND COMMON BEDSTEADS,
WASH SINKS AND STANDS,
CARD TABLES,
CENTRE AND COMMON TABLES,
LOOKING GLASSES,
MATTRESSES,
FEATHERS, &c. &c.

CARPETINGS,
PAINTED CANVASS,
STRAW MATTINGS,
BOOKINGS.

Paper Hangings.

A large lot of Paper Hangings, comprising
a great variety of styles and prices.
(3) Please call and examine for yourselves, as
we are confident we can offer you Goods at prices
which will give you perfect satisfaction.
Quincy, Oct. 14.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 28.

Administratrix's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber
has been duly appointed Administratrix of the
Goods and Estate of

CHARLES BICKNELL,

late of Quincy, in the County of Norfolk, Mar-
ried, deceased, and accepted said trust.
And all persons having demands upon the Es-
tate of the said deceased are required to exhibit
the same, and all persons indebted thereto to make
payment to
SUSAN T. BICKNELL, Administratrix.
Oct. 28. 3w

Blankets.

ALL sizes and qualities—just received and for
sale low, at
I. W. MUNROE'S.
Quincy, Oct. 28. 1f

Strayed or Stolen.

FROM the subscriber, on the morning of the
9th of October, a Black STUT HORSE,
with long tail, and a humor on the off hind leg.
Any person will be suitably rewarded for leav-
ing information where he may be found, at No. 77
Haverhill street, Boston, or with the subscriber,
in Quincy.
Quincy, Oct. 21. 1f

Thermometers.

A NEW supply and warranted correct, selling
low at the
QUINCY BOOKSTORE.
Quincy, Oct. 21. 2w

NOTICE.

MISS LIZZIE R. TORREY proposes open-
ing a School for the purpose of giving in-
struction in FANCY FRAME WORK. Those
desiring to attend will please call at her resi-
dence on Granite street, where Specimens will be
shown them. Terms—\$3.00.
Quincy, Oct. 14. 1f

For Sale Cheap.

A LOT 4-4 DOMET FLANNEL, by
I. W. MUNROE.
Quincy, Oct. 21. 1f

FOR SALE.

A LOT of Land in the west part of the town,
containing about 7 acres, on a part of which
is a wood of 18 years growth.
Also—A small lot of Land on Mt. Pleasant.
Also—A Pleasure Boat, 16 feet by 6 feet wide,
and a Skiff—both of which are copper fastened.
Also—Two Boat Houses and Fixtures.
Also—1 first-rate Rifle—new.
Any or all of the above can be had cheap by ap-
plying to
N. H. WHITE.
Quincy, Oct. 7. 1f

TO

Carpenters & Builders.

THE SUBSCRIBERS, being about to make
a change in their business, are desirous of
disposing of their extensive stock of

Doors, Blinds, Sashes and Glass,

—consisting of—
5000 DOORS, all sizes;
2000 GLAZED WINDOWS;
2000 WINDOW SASHES;
2000 pairs BLINDS, painted and unpainted;
4000 boxes GLASS.

All of which we offer at COST PRICES, for cash
only, until the first of January, and warrant every
article to be equal in quality to any in the city.
We shall also continue to supply our regular cus-
tomers on the most reasonable terms.

BAKER & PERRY,

714 & 716 Washington street,
Oct. 14. 2m BOSTON.

FALL
DRY GOODS.

Geo. W. Warren & Co.,

BOSTON,

(ONE PRICE ONLY)

ARE all ready to serve their friends and custom-
ers, (both Wholesale and Retail) with the
Largest and most desirable Stock of Goods in
price and style—which it has ever been their
pleasure—or profit—to exhibit, including at least
every thing worth having, in—

SHAWLS, MATS, TIES & GARTERS;

Cloaks and Mantillas;

SILK GOODS;

VELVETS AND CLOTHS for Cloaks;

DRESS PLAIDS, of all sorts;

THIBETS and CASHMERES;

IRISH POPLINS, Plain, Plaid and Worsted;

Printed Dress Goods,

PRINTS, M. DE LAINES and CASHMERES;

ALL GOODS FOR MOURNING;

EMBROIDERIES; LACES.

MUSLINS, CAMBRICS and all White GOODS;

HOSIERY and GLOVES, in full stock;

HOSIERY and GLOVES, in full stock;

UNDERSHIRTS and DRAWERS, for do;

GENTS' CHAUVATS and HOSIERS;

LADIES' and GENTS' ROBES DE CHAM-

BRE, and a great many other things.

Our Stock is too large for a more detailed de-
scription, and will well repay the trouble of exami-
nation. The styles this year are very pretty, and
the prices ARE VERY LOW.

We would respectfully call to our customers
THE ADVANTAGE of calling EARLY IN THE
DAY, our premises not being large enough for our
increased business, we are unable to do our stock,
or friends, justice, in the busiest hours of the day.

33-We are ready for business at 8 A.M.

Geo. W. WARREN & CO.

Boston, Sept. 20. 6w

Neat's Foot Oil,

FOR sale cheap for cash, by
D. BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, Oct. 8. 1f

CHARLES COPELAND,

CONFECTIONER, 55 & 57 Court-st. Boston.

(CONSTANTLY on hand, the best Ice
Creams, Plum Fancy Cakes, Pastry and
Confectionery. Parties supplied, in addition
to the above articles, with Frozen Sherbet,
Jelly Blanc Mange, and Table Ornaments.

E. L. SMITH,

SIGN, BANNER and ORNAMENTAL
PAINTER.

32 Washington Street, BOSTON.

Apothecary's Ware LETTERED in the neatest
manner. All orders punctually attended to.

THE
LAMPLIGHTER

65,000
Published in Five Months.

To the Honorable the Justices of the Court of
Common Pleas, next to be holden at Dedham,
within and for the County of Norfolk, on the
third Monday of September, A. D. 1854:

STEPHEN CAIN of Weymouth, in said Coun-
ty of Norfolk, Mason, respectfully represents,
that there is just due and owing to him from
CHARLES CLEAVE of said Weymouth, after de-
ducting all just credits, the sum of one hundred
and eighteen dollars and nine cents, for labor and
materials expended in the erection of a certain
building by virtue of a contract with said Charles
Cleave, the owner of said building, and the per-
son having authority to contract for such labor and
materials; that said building upon which said la-
bor and materials were expended, stands on a
certain lot of land containing three fourths of an
acre, more or less, now or lately owned by one
Franklin Evans of said Weymouth, and is situated
on King Oak Hill, in said Weymouth; that a
Northwesterly side of the dwelling-house occupied
by said Evans, and near to the same, bounded on
one side by an avenue laid out by said Evans, and
on all other sides by land of said Evans; being
the same land described in a certain bond for the
deed given by said Franklin Evans to said Charles
Cleave, and which is here referred to; that a
certificate of the amount due and owing to your
petitioner by said Cleave, in due form sub-
scribed and sworn to, was duly filed and recorded
in the Registry of Deeds for said County of Nor-
folk, within sixty days after said labor and ma-
terials were thus expended, according to the Statute
in that behalf provided.

Wherefore your petitioner prays that the pre-
mises may be sold and the proceeds of the sale ap-
plied to the discharge of the demand according to
law.

By ELIJAH F. HALL, his Attorney.

August 22d, 1854.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts,

NORFOLK SS. Court of Common Pleas, }
September Term, 1854. }

ON the foregoing petition—Ordered that the
Petitioner give notice of the pendency of said
petition to Franklin Evans, by causing him to be
served with an attested copy of said petition and
order thereon, fourteen days at least before the
third Monday of December next, and also give
notice to Charles Cleave, by causing an attested
copy of this petition and order thereon, to be pub-
lished in the Quincy Patriot, a newspaper printed
in Quincy, once in a week, three weeks suc-
cessively, the last publication thereof to be thirty days
at least before the third Monday of December
next. By the Court.

EZRA W. SAMPSON, Clerk.

A true copy of the original Petition on file, and
Order thereon.

Attest, EZRA W. SAMPSON, Clerk.

Oct. 7. 3w

Commonwealth of Massachusetts,

NORFOLK SS. Probate Office, Oct. 30, A. D. 1854.

AN Instrument purporting to be the last Will
of JOHN CRANE, late of Braintree, in
said County, Gentleman, deceased, having been
presented for Probate, by FRANCIS CRANE,
the Executor therein named—

Ordered—That the said FRANCIS, notify
all persons interested therein, that they may ap-
pear and be heard concerning the same, at a Court
of the Probate Office, in said County, on the
twenty-first day of October, A. D. 1854,
by publishing this Order three weeks suc-
cessively in the newspaper called the Quincy Patriot, printed
at Quincy.

W. S. LELAND, Judge of Probate.

Oct. 7. 3w

Insolvent Notice.

BEFORE SAMUEL B. NOYES, Esquire,

Commissioner of Insolvency, in and for the
County of Norfolk.

The third meeting of the Creditors of

CHARLES HOLMES,

of Quincy, in said County, in said County, an
insolvent, will be held at the Office of said Com-
missioner, in Canton, in said County, on the
seventh day of December next, at ten o'clock in
the forenoon, when and where creditors may pre-
sent and prove their claims.

WM. S. MORRISON, Assignee.

Oct. 14. 3w

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber
has been duly appointed Administrator of the
Goods and Estate of

CAROLINE BOWDITCH,

late of Braintree, in the County of Norfolk, Mar-
ried, deceased, and has accepted said trust.

And all persons having demands upon the Es-
tate of the said deceased are required to exhibit
the same, and all persons indebted thereto to make
payment to
LEWEL HUNTER, Adm'r.
Braintree, Oct. 7. 3w

Commissioner's Notice.

THE subscribers have been appointed by the
Hon. Judge of Probate for the County of
Norfolk, Commissioners to receive and examine
the claims of creditors of the estate of

JOHN HOBART,

late of Braintree, in said County, Housewright,
deceased, represented insolvent. Six months from
the 23d day of September ult. are allowed to credi-
tors to bring in and prove their claims.

We shall hold meetings at the Office of N. L.
White, in Braintree, on the first Mondays of No-
vember, December, January and February next,
from two till four o'clock P. M. on each of said
days, when and where creditors are notified to be
present and prove their claims.

N. L. WHITE, } Commissioners.

CALB HOLLIS, }

Braintree, Oct. 7, 1854. 6w

Over 100,000 Boxes Sold in Five Months.

DEVINE'S COMPOUND

PITCH LOZENGES.

THE GREAT REMEDY is AT LAST
DISCOVERED! for Colds, Coughs,
Whooping Cough, Croup, Asthma and Con-
sumption. Certificates of cures may be found
in the Circulars, and the world is challenged to
produce such cures as are effected by this faith-
ful remedy. Manufactured by S. D. FULLER & Co.,
No. 4 Wilson's lane, Boston.

P. R. SLATER & Co., General Wholesale
and Retail Agents, No. 3 Tremont Temple,
Boston, Mass. Sold by Druggists and Mer-
chants generally throughout the country.
Also, by the Manufacturers, No. 4 Wilson lane,
Boston, Mass.

Boston, Sept. 23. 6m

Almanacs for 1855.

OLD FARMER'S ALMANAC, by Robert B.
Thomas.

Brown's Almanac, Pocket Memorandum and Ac-
count Book; Family Christian Almanac; and
many others—sold at the
QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Quincy, Oct. 21. 1f

Wanted,

SEVEN shares of Mt. Vernon Bank Stock,
for which a fair price will be paid.

Please apply to
I. W. MUNROE.

Quincy, Oct. 21. 1f

Cottons.

BARTLETT, Pocomtunk, Waltham
STORE, a large and handsome variety
of new patterns. Beautiful styles of Ladies'
Pique Monies, &c., selling at lower prices than
ever before.

Quincy, Oct. 21. 3w

THE SALE OF SIX
BANKRUPT STOCKS

BY
F. A. JONES & Co.
1, 2 and 3 Tremont Row, Boston.

ANOTHER large BANKRUPT STOCK—
and probably THE LAST THIS SEASON
—has just been purchased by us of the assignees
of SMITH & FLEMING, of Charleston, S. C.
AMOUNT, 25,361 37 1/2
PRICE PAID, 37 1/2 cents on a Dollar!

CONSISTING OF

The very Richest and most Expensive

Goods Imported!

VERY HIGH COST

Shawls, Silks, Linens, Muslins,

Bareges, &c. &c.

33-This, together with the balance of five other

Bankrupt Stocks bought by us this season, viz—

TWO SILK AND SHAWL STOCKS!

ONE LINEN AND WHITE GOODS

STOCK!

ONE EMBROIDERY & LACE STOCK!

ONE DRESS GOODS STOCK!

Making, altogether, with our own Stock, near-
ly one quarter of a

MILLION DOLLARS WORTH

OF

DRY GOODS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

Is now open for purchasers. Nothing in our long

career of SUCCESSFUL SELLING, has ever
equalled this opportunity for

BARGAINS!

Among the prominent articles are

15,000 yards striped, plaid and plain SILKS,

27 1/2 to 62 1/2 cent

25,000 yards BROCADE SILKS, 50 to 75.

25,000 yards PLAIDS and BROCADE, (very

rich) 75 cents to \$1.

10,000 yards yard wide BLACK SILKS, 75

cents to \$1.00.

Very rich and heavy BLACK BROCADE and

PLAIN SILKS,

17 to 25.

750 MANTILLAS, black and colored \$2 00

and upwards.

All Wool CASHMERE SHAWLS, \$1 to \$3

CRAPÉ SHAWLS,

Plain and Embroidered—in all quantities—a very

fair quality for Five Dollars.

CASHMERE SHAWLS,

Square and Long—all colors—much less than the

same goods can be purchased elsewhere.

SUMMER SHAWLS,

of all kinds—cheap!

Cases Summer Muslin, 8, 10, and 12 1/2-

“ Berages, 12 1/2 to 25

“ Berage Delaines, 10 to 20c.

“ All wool Delaines, 20 to 30c.

“ Raw Silk Plaids, double width, 30 to 50c.

“ Alpacaes, light colors and black, 12 1/2 to 25c.

“ DeBarges and Mohair, 17 to 25c.

Embroidered Travelling Dresses, \$2 to \$5.

\$20,000 in LINEN GOODS!

Linens, Sheetings, Pillow Case Linens, Douc-
lars, Napkins, Huckabuck, Table Covers, Frong-
ing Linens, Diapers, &c., all of which

are very superior in quality, and of
the best manufacture.

Cases Gingham, Prints, Cambrics, Cottons,
Flannels, Towel Quilts, &c., in the same

An immense Stock of

Laces, Embroideries, Parasols, Mitts, Gloves of
all kinds, Ribbons, Under Shirts, &c., the
prices of which

WILL MAKE YOU BUY THEM.

Bonnet Ribbons, Black Trimming Laces, Mohair

Mitts, Embroidered Sleeves, Lace, Muslin

and Cambric Chemises, Cambric and

Muslin Bands, Cambric and Muslin

Edgings and Insertings, White

Goods, 500 dozen best

English Hosiery, Gloves.

PROBABLY ANOTHER SUCH OPPORTUNITY FOR

Great Bargains

Will not occur for many years. The great stringency

of the money market for the past six months

has obliged many firms to suspend business, and

we have bought their stocks at

ABOUT HALF COST!

Of course this will enable us to offer Mer-
chandise

MUCH LESS THAN THE REGULAR TRADE

and by so doing we have kept

Our Stores crowded with Customers!

Whilst others have been vacant.

These Goods we must turn into money im-
mediately, or we shall find ourselves in the same
situation as those of whom we bought them.

Poetry.

"He Came Too Late."

He came too late! The boat had died
Before the first long day;
The oars were scorched upon the side,
And everything was wrong!
She scorned to wait all night for one
Who lingered on his way,
And so she took her tea alone,
And cleared the things away.

He came too late! At once he felt
The supper hour was o'er;
Indifference in her calm smile dwelt—
She closed the pantry door!
The table cloth had passed away—
No dishes could be set;
She met him, and her words were gay—
She never spoke of tea!

He came too late! The subtle chords
Of patience were unbound—
Not by offence of spoken words,
But by the slights that wound.
She knew he could say nothing now
That could the past repay;
She bade him go and milk the cow,
And coldly turned away!

He came too late! The fragrant steam
Of tea had long since flown,
The fire had fallen in the cream,
The bread was cold as stone.
And when with word and smile he tried
His hungry state to prove,
She nerved her heart with woman's pride,
And never deigned to move.

Massachusetts.

BY J. G. WHITTIER.

The south land has its fields of cane,
The prairie boasts its heavy grain,
And sunset's radiant gates unfold
On crowded marts and sands of gold.

Rough, bleak, and cold, our little State
Is hard of soil, of limits strict;
Her yellow sands are sands alone;
Her only mines are ice and stone.

From Autumn frost to April rain,
Too long her winter winds complain:
From budding flower to falling leaf,
Her summer time is all too brief.

But on her rocks, and on her sands,
And stormy hills, the school-house stands;
And what her rugged soil denies,
The harvest of the mind supplies.

The treasures of the Commonwealth
Are free, strong minds, and hearts of wealth;
And more to her than gold or grain,
Are cunning hand and cultivated brain.

For well she keeps her ancient stock,
The stubborn strength of Plymouth rock;
And still maintains, with mildness tame,
The clearer light, the good old Cause!

Some Good in All.

In every breast there is a well of feeling,
Whose depths are moved at an appointed time,
Disclosing precious jewels, and revealing
Love, Hope and Faith, or Energy sublime.

The heart of every sinful man containeth
A halcyon spot, as pure as childhood's dream;
Which, 'mid the poison round it still retaineth
Some crystal drop from Truth's eternal stream.

The tear of penitence, the sigh of sorrow,
The agony of soul for life mispent,
The promise of improvement for the morrow,
Are all to Heaven on Mercy's pious sent.

The heart beneath a smiling mask may smother
His anguish, though by farthest trials torn;
Then judge not harshly of thy erring brother,
God only knows the sorrows he has borne.

Anecdotes.

A gentleman was once walking in a street,
When he met a stone cutter, and who he thus
addressed:
"My good fellow, if the devil was to come
now, which of us would he take?"

"After a little hesitation, the man replied,
"Me, sir."

"Puzzled by this reply, the querist asked
him for a reason.

"Because, yer honor, he would be glad to
ketch meself—sure an' he'd have yer at any
time."

Sheridan, one day, met two fops, who thus
flippantly addressed him:
"I say, Sherry, we have just been discuss-
ing whether you are the greater fool or rogue,
what is your opinion, my boy?"

Sheridan, having bowed at the compliment,
took each by the arm, and instantly replied—
"Why faith, I believe I am between them
both."

"Please, Mister, give me a bundle of hay?"
"Yes, my son. Sixpenny or shilling bundle?"
"Shillin'."

"Is it for your father?"
"No, guess 'tain't—that's for the boss. My
father don't eat hay!"

A country surgeon, who was bald, was on
a visit to the house of a friend, whose ser-
vant wore a wig. After bantering him for a
considerable time, the doctor said—
"You see how bald I am, and I do not wear
a wig."

"True, sir," replied the servant, "but an
empty barn requires no thatch."

"Will you have some catsup?" asked a
gentleman of Aunt Priscilla, at a dinner ta-
ble.

"Dear me, no!" she replied, with a shud-
der. "I am fond of cats in their place; but I
should as soon think of eating dog-soup!"

The gentleman did not urge her.

Rates and Rules of Advertising.

In the Newspapers in Norfolk and Plymouth
Counties, adopted at a meeting of Editors
and Publishers, in said Counties, August
21, 1854.

PROBATE NOTICES.

Citations, 3 weeks, \$1.50
Allowance of Accounts, 3 weeks, 1.25
Application for Appointment as Guardian,
3 weeks, 1.50
Application for Appointment as Adminis-
trator, 3 weeks, 1.50
Application for Appointment as Executor, 3
weeks, 1.50
Administrators' Notices, 3 weeks, 1.25
Executors' Notices, 1.25
Commissioners' Notices, 6 weeks, 2.25
Petition to Judge of Probate, and Order of
Notice thereon, 3 weeks (per square) 1.25

CHANCERY NOTICES.

Messengers' Notices, 2 weeks, 1.50
Assignees' " 3 " 1.25
COMMISSIONERS' AND COURT NOTICES.

County Commissioners' Notices of Roads,
&c., 3 weeks, 5.00
Legislative and Court Advertisements, and
other Legal Notices not embraced above,
3 weeks or less, (per square) 1.25

SPRING ADVERTISEMENTS.

All Transient Advertisements, 3 weeks or
less, (per square) 1.25
All Transient Advertisements, 3 weeks or
less, (per half square) 75

SPECIAL NOTICES.

All Special Notices, 1 or 2 weeks, (per sq.) 1.25
" " 3 " 1.50
" " 1 " (per half sq.) 1.00
" " 1 " 75

EDITORIAL NOTICES.

All Editorial Notices, (per line) 10
Advertisements running one year, (per sq.) 12.00
" " half " 7.00
" " 3 months " 4.00

To be changed at the option of the Advertiser,
not often, however, than once a month.
All Advertisements running one year with-
out being renewed, (per square) 10.00

BUSINESS CARDS.

Business Cards, not exceeding half a square,
one year, not less than 5.00

ADVERTISING AGENTS.

All Advertising Agents to be charged at the
same rates specified in the above scale.

CHARITABLE SOCIETIES.

No Advertisements to be inserted gratuitously
for Charitable or other Societies, Companies, or
Public Institutions.

EXHIBITIONS AND CONCERTS.

Notices of Transient Exhibitions and Concerts
to be charged at full prices.

ONE SQUARE.
Twelve lines of Minion or Nonpareil type shall
constitute a square.

(Signed)
JOHN A. GREEN, Quincy Patriot.
GEO. W. F. FRENCH, Quincy Journal.
L. B. & O. E. WESTON, Norfolk Co. Journal.
O. PUTNAM BACON, Dorchester Chronicle.
CHARLES A. S. PERKINS, Plymouth Rock.
H. O. HILDEBRAND, Dedham Gazette.
JAMES TURNER, Old Colony Memorial.
GEORGE PHINNEY, N. Bridgewater Gazette.
WILLIAM BENKE, Massachusetts Journal.
To be inserted in the several Newspapers
published in Norfolk and Plymouth Counties.
Per order.

JOHN A. GREEN, Chairman.
O. PUTNAM BACON, Secretary.

GRANITE SALOON.

THE subscriber would most respectfully in-
form his friends and the public, that he has
fitted up the Basement Room, in Goodnow's
Building, on Granite Street, where he intends to
keep a good supply of

Oysters, Fruits and Refreshments.

He hopes, by constant attention to the wants of
the public, to merit a share of patronage.
LORING A. FRENCH.
Quincy, March 25. if

DR. S. STOCKING,

DENTAL SURGEON,
No. 51 Tremont Row, (up stairs,) Boston.
Terms for the Season.

ENTIRE Sets of Teeth, from \$35 to \$50.
Jaw Plates, or under set, from \$15 to \$40.
Parts of Sets, in favorable cases, from \$1.50 to
\$3.50 per tooth. Pivot Teeth from \$1.50 to
\$3.00. Filling with Gold, from 50 cents to
\$3.00. Extracting 25 cents without, and
50 cents with, the use of ether. All
operations warranted, and the finest gold used.

Opinions of the Boston Press.

"The long experience and correct taste of
Dr. Stocking, of this city, eminently qualify
him to set artificial teeth, that look well, feel
well, wear well, and work well; and, what is
rather remarkable, he seems to be better pleas-
ed with furnishing good work than with exor-
bitant prices for it, a trait not common with
the profession."—Evening Traveller.

"We advise all toothless persons to call on
Dr. Stocking, of this city, and procure some
artificial teeth of his manufacture. We offer
this advice with the more confidence, because
whatever he undertakes to do, he does well.
No one who is acquainted with him can doubt
that Nature designed him for a dentist of the
right stamp."—Morning Post.

"No Dentist among us is better qualified to
improve the condition of the mouth, by set-
ting, filling, extracting, cleansing, regulating,
&c. of the teeth, than Dr. Stocking of this
city. His reputation for dental skill is too
well established to be doubted."—Evening
Transcript.

"Dr. Stocking of this city, possesses the right
qualifications for his profession;—requiring, as
it does, a combination of patience, care,
skill and gentleness, with a thorough knowl-
edge of all the intricacies of the business."—
Boston Journal.

"If any of our readers have got the tooth-
ache, and wish to know who can extract it
with the least pain, we should say, Dr. Stock-
ing; or, if they want their teeth filled, and
filled right, we should say, by all means go to
Dr. Stocking. And, above all, if you wish
for artificial teeth, that every body calls the
perfection of art, he is the one to furnish them,
and at a reasonable price."—Daily Times.
Boston, March 25. 9m.

Cure for Canker, etc.

D. WEAVER'S Canker Cure. GREN-
VILLE'S Vegetable Extract, for canker,
sore-throat and scarlet fever.
ATWOOD'S Canker Drops.
For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Feb. 11. if

WHITE & FRENCH,

Attorneys at Law,
Room No. 15, Webster Bank Building,
Exchange Street, ---- BOSTON.
GEORGE WHITE. ASA FRENCH.
May 20. if

HENRY A. RANSOM,

AUCTIONEER,
RESPECTFULLY offers his services to the
public in the disposal of Real and Personal
property, and hereby solicits a share of patronage.
Quincy, April 8. if

KIRK & TRAVIS,

Dealers in Teas and Coffees
OF THE PUREST QUALITY.
Also, West India Goods, and pure Old Wines
and Liquors as imported, and suitable for in-
valids and sickness.

Also, London Porter and Scotch Ale, and Ha-
vanna Cigars.
H. B. KIRK,
W. M. E. TRAVIS.
No. 106 Kneeland Street.
Boston, April 16, 1853. if

ALL KINDS OF
Job Printing,

SUCH AS
POSTERS, BILLS, OF ALL KINDS,
BILL-HEADS, BLANKS, CARDS,
AND EVERY VARIETY OF
BOOK PLAIN, AND FANCY
PRINTING,
Neatly Executed at the Quincy Patriot Office,
WITH CHEAPNESS AND DESPATCH.

NATHANIEL WHITE,

—HAS FOR SALE—
LUMBER,
Nails, Lim, Brick and Sand
—ALSO—
Coal, Hard and Soft Wood,
QUINCY CANAL WHARF.
July 10, 1852. if

William E. Colburn's
Quincy and Boston Express

LEAVES BOSTON DAILY,
At 2 o'clock, P. M.,
From 24 and 25 Brattle Square, and 20
South Market Street.
All orders promptly attended to. 14-11
April 2, 1853.

ISRAEL W. MUNROE,

DEALER IN
Dry Goods, Crockery, Glass and
Hardware,
together with a full assortment of choice
W. I. GOODS & GROCERIES,
all of which will be sold at the very lowest prices
and delivered at any part of the Town free of ex-
pense.
Quincy, Jan. 22, 1853. if

FISHER A. KINGSBURY,
Counsellor at Law,

Commissioner for the States of
MAINE, NEW HAMPSHIRE, VER-
MONT, CONNECTICUT, RHODE
ISLAND and NEW YORK.
Weymouth, Mass.
Nov. 26. if

JOSEPH G. BRACKETT.

—DEALER IN—
LUMBER;
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
—ALSO—
Lime, Sand, Bricks and Hair.
Dimension Frames furnished at short notice.
Purchasers will find it for their interest to
call and examine, before purchasing else-
where, as they will find a full assort-
ment at the lowest prices.
Quincy, June 12. ly

ARNOLD'S
Patent Sash Lock,

The best Fastening for bottom or top Sashes
yet invented, sold by
JOHN O. FOYE,
Owner of the Patent Right.
DEALER IN
Hardware, Pumps, Doors, Sashes,
Blinds, Glass, &c., &c.,
Weymouth Landing, Mass.
Sept. 9. 3m

Francis Marden

WOULD inform the public that he has recent-
ly fitted up the shop lately occupied by Mr.
SAMUEL COPELAND, and is ready to furnish all
with Metals of the very best quality. if
Quincy, April 2. if

Horse and Cattle Medicines.

T. K. VERNY'S Arabian Horse Powders,
for Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Horse Ail-
s, &c., &c.
Verny's Horse and Cattle LOTION.
DADD'S Horse and Cattle Medicines.
For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Jan. 25. if

Perfumery, Oils, etc.

CHOICEST Perfumery, Cosmetics, Hair Oil,
Hair Dye, Dentrifices, etc.,
Dr. MARDEN'S.
Quincy, Dec. 10. Goodnow's Building.

Notes for Sale.

FOR SALE—The following Notes, with in-
terest—
Jerome Hersey, dated Sept. 1st, 1849, \$9.00
Charles Gill, dated April 13th, 1853, 24.10
Le and L. Perry, dated Sept. 7th, 1852, 7.20
Henry A. French, dated April 1st, 1852, 24.14
John S. Packard, dated June 18th, 1850, 10.00
The above Notes will be sold at a discount for
cash.
J. & H. H. FAXON.
Quincy, Sept. 2. if

QUINCY
Marble & Granite Works.

MONUMENTS,
Grave stones, Tablets, &c.
McGrath, Mitchell & Co.,
RESPECTFULLY invite
attention to this estab-
lishment, now opened near the
—South Quincy Depot—
where MONUMENTAL work
of every description, from the
simplest Grave Stone or Tab-
let to the most elegant and
elaborate Monument is exe-
cuted in the very best style.
Long experience in the busi-
ness, and a thorough compe-
tency in the Art of Designing, en-
ables the Conductor of these works to carry out
the ideas and suit the various tastes and require-
ments of persons in need of such articles.

GRANITE WORK,

—in all its forms—
FRONTS FOR BUILDINGS,
MONUMENTS, STEPS,
TOMB FRONTS, FENCE POSTS,
Underpinning, Cellar Stones, &c., &c.,
furnished to order, by
C. R. & C. Mitchell.
A large collection of Monumental Designs, (all
drawn in the Establishment,) and which, as well as
the work, attest the skill and competency of the
Proprietors, are on hand, and the public are respec-
tfully invited to call and inspect them.
Orders sent by Mail will be faithfully exe-
cuted with despatch and at reasonable prices.
Quincy, July 22. if

STOVES! STOVES!!

THE subscriber has
reopened his Shop
on Hancock Street, near
the depot, where he will
sell a NEW AS-
SORTMENT of
Stoves, Tin, Japan
and Britannia
Ware as can be found
in the market.
Also—Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Work done
to order, in a neat and workmanlike manner.
The subscriber would invite his old patrons and
the public generally, to give him a call where he
will be found personally to attend to them, and all
orders done to satisfaction.
The subscriber hopes by strict attention to busi-
ness and a desire to please to merit a share of pa-
tronage.
Quincy, July 22. CHARLES HOLMES. if

Insurance against Fire.

THE QUINCY MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE
COMPANY of Massachusetts, in-
sures Real and Personal Property against the haz-
ard of Fire, for five years or less, on favorable
terms.
Farmers, Mechanics, Household, Traders,
Merchants, and all Owners of Property not extra-
hazardous, are solicited to patronize this Compa-
ny; every effort will be made to accommodate
customers.
Letters, by mail or otherwise, from persons re-
siding at a distance, relating to Fire Insurance,
will be promptly attended to.
PRESIDENT,
WILLIAM S. MORTON;
TREASURER,
ISRAEL W. MUNROE;
SECRETARY,
STEPHEN BATES;
DIRECTORS,
Quincy, Milton,
William S. Morton, George Thompson,
Israel W. Munroe, Charles Brock,
Gideon F. Thayer, Dorchester,
Thomas C. Webb, H. W. Blanchard,
Albert Thompson, Cohasset,
Whitcomb Porter, Solomon J. Beal,
Stephen Bates, South Hingham,
William B. Duggan, Alfred Loring,
Thomas Curtis, North Bridgewater,
Royal W. Turner, Sumner A. Hayward,
Apollus Baintree, George Marston.

THE CHEST.

Sir Astley Cooper, Bart., M.D.,
THE EMINENT MEDICAL PRACTITIONER, HAS
LEFT A VALUABLE LEGACY TO THE WORLD
IN HIS GREAT
Preventative of Consumption,
—AND—
Unfailing Cure for Pulmonary Diseases.
Without the use of Medicine.
SIR A. C., Bart., invented and advised the use
of the
MEDICATED FUR CHEST PROTECTOR,
To all persons of all ages and conditions, as a
certain and a safe shield against those fearful
diseases, Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma,
Coughs, Colds, and other affections of the Lungs,
which arise from the exposed state of the chest,
according to fashion, and the continual changes
of our climate.
"The Protector" is simply a chemically pre-
pared fur, lined with silk and padded, which,
suspended from the neck, covers the chest, in so
agreeable a manner that, once worn, it becomes
a necessity and a comfort.
"The Protector," although but recently intro-
duced into America, is making rapid progress
through the United States, the Canadas, South
America and the West Indies. It is for a long
time been a staple article in England and on the
continent of Europe, while it has grown in many
countries to the position of an article of dress.
To demonstrate these facts enquire of any
English resident in your vicinity of his knowl-
edge of the beneficial effects of wearing the Pro-
tector, without recourse to doctoring of any kind.
The cost of wearing these articles is a mere trifle,
and one will last many years. No one who val-
ues the health of himself or his family will be
without them. The Hospitals in this country are
not alone recommending them, but rapidly intro-
ducing them. Harcourt, Bradley & Co. of Lon-
don, and Manchester, England, were originally
entrusted with the manufacture of the Protectors,
by the late Dr. Cooper, and continue to man-
ufacture according to his original instruc-
tions, and therefore recommend those who would
wear "The Protectors," to see to their being
genuine.
REMEMBER THIS IS A STAPLE ARTICLE, AND
NO PATENT MEDICINE.
GENT'S SIZE, \$1.50 each.
LADIES' do. 1.00 do.
BOYS' & MISSES' SIZE 75 do.
HARCOURT, BRADLEY & CO.
38 ANN & 102 NASSAU-ST., N. YORK, U. S.
PRINCIPAL WAREHOUSE, 102 Wood Street,
Chancery, London.
MANUFACTORY, 44 Market Street, Manches-
ter.
H. B. & Co. are establishing Depots for the
sale of "The Protector" in all parts of Amer-
ica. Physicians, Surgeons, Druggists, Cloth-
iers, Dry Goods Merchants, Hatters and Mil-
liners, are entrusted with the wholesale and
retail distribution of them, and to whom most
liberal terms are offered for their enterprise,
and a splendid opportunity opens to them for
safe and profitable business. For terms, apply
to HARCOURT, BRADLEY & CO.,
38 Ann Street, New York, U. S.
Sept. 16. 3m

New Provision Store.

THE subscriber would inform the public, that
he has fitted up the Store lately occupied by
Mr. Gridley Totman, as a
MARKET HOUSE,
and is ready to supply the public with all kinds of
MEATS and VEGETABLES, of the best qual-
ity, cheap for cash.
Also—BUTTER, CHEESE, DRIED AP-
PLES, BEANS, PICKLES, TRIPE, LARD,
&c., constantly on hand.
Quincy, March 18. H. A. RANSOM. if

Pills and Bitters—Sick Headache.

DOUGLASS' Oriental Sovereign Balm Pills.
DR. HOOFLAND'S German Bitters.
DR. EASTMAN'S Celebrated SICK HEADACHE
REMEDY. For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Jan. 25. if

By Royal Letters Patent.

THE HYDROMAGEN,
—OR—
WATER-PROOF, ANTI-CONSUMPTIVE
CORK SOLES,
MANUFACTURED BY
HARCOURT, BRADLEY & CO.,
44 Market Street, Manchester.
Principal Warehouse, 102 Wood Street, Chancery-
side, London, England. American Establish-
ments, 38 Ann Street and 102 Nassau Street,
New York, U. S.

THE Hydromagen is a valuable discovery for
protecting the feet from damp or cold, and
therefore a preventative of many Lung diseases,
without any doctoring whatever. The Hydroma-
gen is in the form of a sole, and worn inside
the boot or shoe. Its medicated character is a
powerful antidote to disease.
For Gentlemen it will be found agreeable,
warm, and healthy, to wear in the coldest or
rainiest weather, as the foot cannot become wet
if the Hydromagen is inserted. Ladies may
wear the lightest soled boots or shoes in the most
inclement weather with impunity; while Con-
sumption, so prevalent among the young of our
country, may be thwarted by their general adop-
tion. They entirely supersede overshoes, as is
latter case the feet to perspire in a very un-
healthy manner; and, besides, are not dangerous
wear to pedestrians in icy weather, like india
rubber. While the latter case the feet to ap-
pear extremely large, the Hydromagen, being a
mere thin slice of cork prepared, peculiarly
placed inside, does not increase the size of the
boot, or cause the foot to appear untidy. To
children they are extremely valuable, as they
may engage in exercise with comfort and healthy
effects. Their expense is so slight as to scarce
need mention; besides, those who patronize them
will find their yearly doctor's bills much dimi-
nished thereby.

As the Hydromagen is becoming more known,
its sale is increasing to an almost incredible ex-
tent. Last year in London, Manchester, Bir-
mingham, Liverpool, Glasgow, Leeds, Dublin,
Paris, Antwerp, Hamburg, and Berlin, our sales
reached 1,732,450 pairs of Cork Soles. This
year the number will far surpass that.

Ask the Faculty their opinion of their value as
a preventative for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis,
ASTHMA and CONSUMPTION.
MEN'S SIZE, per pair, 35 cents.
LADIES' do. do. 30 do.
BOYS' & MISSES' do. 25 do.

NOTICE. From the Retail Prices we make a
very liberal allowance to Jobbers and Whole-
salers, so that any storekeeper may make a fine
profit on their sale, while they are an article that
may be kept in any store, among any class of
goods. For terms, apply to
HARCOURT, BRADLEY & CO.,
38 Ann Street, New York.
Sept. 16. 3m

THE CHEST.

Sir Astley Cooper, Bart., M.D.,
THE EMINENT MEDICAL PRACTITIONER, HAS
LEFT A VALUABLE LEGACY TO THE WORLD
IN HIS GREAT
Preventative of Consumption,
—AND—
Unfailing Cure for Pulmonary Diseases.
Without the use of Medicine.
SIR A. C., Bart., invented and advised the use
of the
MEDICATED FUR CHEST PROTECTOR,
To all persons of all ages and conditions, as a
certain and a safe shield against those fearful
diseases, Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma,
Coughs, Colds, and other affections of the Lungs,
which arise from the exposed state of the chest,
according to fashion, and the continual changes
of our climate.
"The Protector" is simply a chemically pre-
pared fur, lined with silk and padded, which,
suspended from the neck, covers the chest, in so
agreeable a manner that, once worn, it becomes
a necessity and a comfort.
"The Protector," although but recently intro-
duced into America, is making rapid progress
through the United States, the Canadas, South
America and the West Indies. It is for a long
time been a staple article in England and on the
continent of Europe, while it has grown in many
countries to the position of an article of dress.
To demonstrate these facts enquire of any
English resident in your vicinity of his knowl-
edge of the beneficial effects of wearing the Pro-
tector, without recourse to doctoring of any kind.
The cost of wearing these articles is a mere trifle,
and one will last many years. No one who val-
ues the health of himself or his family will be
without them. The Hospitals in this country are
not alone recommending them, but rapidly intro-
ducing them. Harcourt, Bradley & Co. of Lon-
don, and Manchester, England, were originally
entrusted with the manufacture of the Protectors,
by the late Dr. Cooper, and continue to man-
ufacture according to his original instruc-
tions, and therefore recommend those who would
wear "The Protectors," to see to their being
genuine.
REMEMBER THIS IS A STAPLE ARTICLE, AND
NO PATENT MEDICINE.
GENT'S SIZE, \$1.50 each.
LADIES' do. 1.00 do.
BOYS' & MISSES' SIZE 75 do.
HARCOURT, BRADLEY & CO.
38 ANN & 102 NASSAU-ST., N. YORK, U. S.
PRINCIPAL WAREHOUSE, 102 Wood Street,
Chancery, London.
MANUFACTORY, 44 Market Street, Manches-
ter.
H. B. & Co. are establishing Depots for the
sale of "The Protector" in all parts of Amer-
ica. Physicians, Surgeons, Druggists, Cloth-
iers, Dry Goods Merchants, Hatters and Mil-
liners, are entrusted with the wholesale and
retail distribution of them, and to whom most
liberal terms are offered for their enterprise,
and a splendid opportunity opens to them for
safe and profitable business. For terms, apply
to HARCOURT, BRADLEY & CO.,
38 Ann Street, New York, U. S.
Sept. 16. 3m

THE CHEST.

Sir Astley Cooper, Bart., M.D.,
THE EMINENT MEDICAL PRACTITIONER, HAS
LEFT A VALUABLE LEGACY TO THE WORLD
IN HIS GREAT
Preventative of Consumption,
—AND—
Unfailing Cure for Pulmonary Diseases.
Without the use of Medicine.
SIR A. C., Bart., invented and advised the use
of the
MEDICATED FUR CHEST PROTECTOR,
To all persons of all ages and conditions, as a
certain and a safe shield against those fearful
diseases, Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma,
Coughs, Colds, and other affections of the Lungs,
which arise from the exposed state of the chest,
according to fashion, and the continual changes
of our climate.
"The Protector" is simply a chemically pre-
pared fur, lined with silk and padded, which,

THE QUINCY PATRIOT.

DEVOTED TO MORALS, EDUCATION, AGRICULTURE, NEWS AND GENERAL LITERATURE.

VOLUME XIX.

QUINCY, MASS., SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1854.

NUMBER XLIV.

LIST OF VOTERS.

In the Town of Quincy, qualified to vote in Elections and in Town Affairs, as made out by the Selectmen, October 27th, 1854.

A
Adams, Hon. C. F.
Adams, Josiah
Adams, Ebenezer
Adams, Seth
Adams, George
Adams, H. A. C.
Abercrombie, Wyman
Arnold, Charles
Arnold, John
Appleton, Wm. G.
Andrews, Samuel Jr.
Andrews, John
Allen, Obed
Ames, Nathan
Ames, Samuel
Allen, Otis
Arnold, Daniel F.
Averill, Moses
Arlin, Anderson
Austin, Samuel
Arey, Joseph Jr.
Arnold, George F.
Alpough, Abram M.
Ackerman, J. B.
Alden, Horace
Atkinson, Andrew

C
Clark, Rev. Nelson
Clark, Jonathan R.
Curtis, Noah
Curtis, Adam
Curtis, Samuel
Curtis, Benjamin
Curtis, Charles
Curtis, Lewis
Arnold, John
Curtis, Thomas
Curtis, George
Curtis, William
Curtis, Franklin
Curtis, Henry
Crane, Ebenezer
Crane, Joseph
Crane, Benjamin L.
Crane, John
Crane, Seth
Crane, George
Crane, Benjamin F.
Chubbuck, David
Chubbuck, Perez
Chubbuck, William C.
Chubbuck, Henry
Chubbuck, James
Cook, Jonathan
Clements, Joel
Cummings, Noah
Chapin, Eliphas S.
Cudworth, Urbane
Cudworth, Urbane Jr.
Congdon, Louis
Churchill, Thaddeus
Clevery, Ebenezer
Churchill, Amos
Chesley, William
Carver, Philip
Carver, Charles W.
Chase, Noah D.
Connor, Michael
Curran, John
Colburn, William E.
Clapp, Francis E.
Conland, John
Conlon, William
Conlon, Charles
Connor, Charles
Carr, Joseph
Carr, John J.
Cushing, William
Conington, Patrick
Cain, Adoniram
Cain, James R.
Curran, Felix
Conington, Thomas
Cook, George
Currier, Uriah P.
Creelman, Samuel
Coleman, Lemuel
Cole, Salathiel

E
Eaton, Jacob F.
Eaton, Nathaniel H.
Ela, Samuel
Edwards, David
Edwards, Samuel R.
Edwards, Charles H.
Edwards, James
Edwards, James Jr.
Edwards, Henry
Ellison, William
Ewell, Joseph
Ellis, Hosea B.
Eloock, Michael
Enderly, Matthias
Arnold, John
Ellis, Francis C.
Elliot, Richard G.
Emery, Charles E.
Ela, Samuel A.

H
Hall, John
Hall, Charles
Hardwick, Adam
Hardwick, Frederick
Hardwick, Joseph
Hardwick, William P.
Hardwick, Peter
Hardwick, James M.
Hardwick, George W.
Hardwick, Samuel V.
Hardwick, T. P. G.
Hardwick, Henry
Hardwick, Charles Jr.
Hardwick, John
Everson, Edwin
Hardwick, Charles H.
Hardwick, Franklin
Hardwick, Geo. P.
Hardwick, Samuel P.
Hayden, Josiah
Hayden, Arthur P.
Hayden, James M.
Hayden, Josiah Jr.
Hayden, Charles
Hayden, Geo. W.
Hayden, Harvey
Hayden, Eli
Hayden, Elbridge F.
Hayden, Nathaniel
Hayden, Nathl' Jr.
Hayden, Albert
Hayden, Henry
Hayden, Bartlett
Hayden, Jonathan
Hersey, Jacob
Hersey, Ebenezer B.
Hersey, George W.
Higgins, Samuel
Higgins, Daniel
Higgins, Samuel P.
Hobbs, Daniel
Hobart, William
Hobart, Benjamin
Hobart, William S.
Hobart, George
Hobart, Daniel 2d
Hobart, Charles
Hobart, Henry
Holmes, Jonas
Holmes, N. B.
Holmes, Charles
Holden, John Jr.
Holden, John O.
Horton, L. G.
Harmon, Ebenezer
Hodgkinson, Michael
Horn, Trueworthy C.
Hunt, John
Hunt, Asa
Hunt, Alpheus
Hunt, Hiram
Hunt, Charles N.
Hamilton, John K.
Hamilton, John E.
Hobbs, Edmund
Hemond, Charles
Harley, David
Holt, Albert
Hensworth, John C.
Hanscomb, Samuel
Howe, Bolcher S.
Henry, Thomas
Hockins, Rodney
Hale, Moses
Hutchinson, S. L.
Hight, John W.
Hastings, N. W.

K
Kirk, John
Kenison, George W.
Kehnon, Thomas
Kingman, William
Kittredge, Preston P.
Killory, Patrick
Kimball, Charles H.
Kimball, William G.
Kettell, Thomas
Kain, Edward
Kelley, James
Kenkade, Joseph
Kendry, Davis M.

N
Newcomb, James
Newcomb, James Jr.
Newcomb, B. B.
Newcomb, O. T.
Newcomb, P. W.
Newcomb, T. H.
Newcomb, H. G. O.
Newcomb, Thomas
Newcomb, William
Newcomb, Wm 2d
Newcomb, John B.
Newcomb, Charles
Newcomb, Joseph
Newcomb, John A.
Newcomb, H. A.
Newcomb, F. J.
Newcomb, George W.
Newcomb, Charles F.
Newcomb, Lewis
Newcomb, Richard
Newcomb, Ira B.
Newcomb, James 3d
Nightingale, Josiah
Nightingale, Josiah Jr.
Nightingale, Jeremiah
Nightingale, Geo. B.
Nightingale, Solo noon
Nightingale, Moses
Nightingale, Alpheus
Nightingale, Edwin
Nightingale, Thos. J.
Nightingale, Thos. B.
Nightingale, Lemuel
Nightingale, Isaac C.
Nightingale, Nathl'
Nightingale, Calvin E.
Nye, Daniel P.
Nash, Albert C.
Nash, William
Neal, Peter O.
Neal, James O.
Neal, John O.
Nelson, Charles D.
Nye, Alfred

L
Lunt, Rev. William P.
Lunt, Theodore H.
Lincoln, William V.
Litchfield, Liba
Litchfield, Amos
Leavitt, Chase F.
Locke, Josiah
Lucas, John S.
Lucas, Thomas P.
Lucas, John S.
Littlefield, Henry
Lapham, Frederick A.
Lee, Rinaldo
Locke, Francis
Lake, Joseph B.
Land, Nicholas
Lord, Peter R.
Larry, Columbus
Long, John
Lamb, Thomas
Leighton, R. H.
Lusardier, Samuel B.
Lane, Daniel
Lombard, Daniel S.
Lawton, Winslow
Lawton, Frederick
Lignough, Patrick
Lewis, Henry

F
Furnald, Alfred
Furnald, N. B.
Faxon, Job
Faxon, John
Faxon, H. H.
Faxon, Job F.
Faxon, H. N.
Faxon, Dexter
Curran, John
French, Daniel
French, George H.
French, Daniel Jr.
French, Charles E.
French, Joseph T.
French, Francis W.
French, W. M.
French, Joseph
French, Harvey
French, Alden
French, Henry A.
French, Dr. Charles S.
French, Loring A.
French, William H.
Ford, Thomas
Ford, Job
Ford, Ebenezer
Field, Joseph
Field, William
Pollett, George
Pollett, George D.
Fitzgerald, Patrick
Farnum, Daniel M.
Fisher, Richard
Fisher, Joshua
Flint, Jacob
Flint, Daniel K.
Fenn, Isaac J.
Fenn, Thomas G.
Fellows, Ensign S.
Fulson, Dudley
Fish, Daniel
Fletcher, S. A.
Foster, Horace Jr.
Foster, Chase
Fowler, Theodore W.
Farral, Simon
Frederick, Eleazer
Freeman, John S.
Feltis, Alexander

M
Marsh, Jonathan
Marsh, George
Marsh, Charles
Marsh, Edwin W.
Marsh, J. Mayhew
Marsh, Thomas M.
Marsh, Moses R.
Marsh, Edmund S.
Marsh, Warren
Marsh, Charles E.
Miller, George L.
Munroe, Israel W.
Munn, Luther
Mead, B. V.
Mead, P. B.
Morton, William S.
Mitchell, Charles R.
Merritt, Melzer
Merritt, Martin B.
Merritt, Ambrose
Mears, Amos A.
Moore, Alexis W.
McKendrick, Michael
Mardin, Francis
Mardin, William L.
McDonald, Patrick
Mullen, John
McCullen, George
Moody, Levi W.
Morse, Stephen Jr.
Marr, Thomas
Munday, Hugh
McDonald, John
Madigan, Garrett
McDevitt, James
Marr, Andrew
Mahoney, William
Merrill, George W.
Mudgett, E. P.
McGoolen, James
Mullen, James
Monk, Daniel
Monk, Daniel Jr.
McDonald, James
Mitchell, Chester

J
Johnson, William
Johnson, William F.
Johnson, Joseph G.
Johnson, Lorenzo
Johnson, Horace
Johnson, F. M.
Johnson, Asa S.
Jones, Peleg F.
Jamson, Jonathan
Joice, Perez
Joseph, Levi B.
Jacobs, John
Jones, George J.
Jones, Joshua
Johnson, William Jr.

G
Greenleaf, E. P.
Glover, Josiah
Glover, John B.
Glover, William S.
Glover, John J.
Glover, Lewis J.
Glover, Horatio N.
Glover, Horatio N. Jr.
Glover, James M.
Glover, John Jr.
Glover, William H.
Glover, John 2d
Gourgas, John M.
Gay, Henry A.
Green, James
Green, John
Green, John A.
Green, Ebenezer
Gill, George L.
Goddard, Dr. William
Goodrich, Lorenzo D.
Goodrich, Stephen
Glendon, James
Garrity, Michael
Garrison, Patrick
Gleason, Richard
Gray, John
Glendon, Michael
Griffin, Patrick
Gilman, Albert S.
Gaffield, Elisha
Goodrich, Benjamin
Gray, Joseph
Gallifer, Hugh

R
Rodgers, Chit
Rodgers, Alvin
Rodgers, Horace G.
Robertson, Joseph W.
Ridout, David
Ridout, David Jr.
Ridout, Luke
Ridout, James
Ridout, Enoch
Ridout, John
Riddle, James
Ransom, H. A.
Rich, Benjamin
Rich, Abram Jr.
Rowell, Benjamin
Rowell, Peter
Richardson, Joseph
Randlett, George W.
Randlett, Joseph
Randlett, James
Randall, John C.
Reynolds, Patrick
Ricker, Reuben
Ricker, Enos
Ryan, Michael
Russell, Asa F.
Russell, John
Ring, Daniel D.
Richardson, Lewis B.
Rice, James
Rhines, William
Robie, John W.
Ripley, John

S
Spear, John
Spear, Seth
Spear, Charles
Spear, Charles A.
Spear, William A.
Spear, Jonathan
Spear, Horace B.
Spear, Lewis
Spear, William M.
Spear, George
Spear, George 2d
Spear, George 3d
Spear, George W.
Spear, Edward A.
Spear, Nathaniel S.
Spear, Daniel
Spear, Joshua
Spear, Warren
Savil, John 2d
Savil, George
Savil, Edwin H.
Savil, Charles F.
Savil, Benjamin
Savil, George W.
Southern, John
Southern, John L.
Southern, Henry
Southern, Frederick
Southern, Edward B.
Shaw, Ebenezer A.
Shaw, John W.
Sampson, William H.
Simson, John A.
Small, Warren E.
Stetson, Dr. J. A.
Sleeper, Moses
Stone, Samuel O.
Stone, Isaac
Stephenson, John
Smith, Charles
Smith, Thomas
Smith, Henry F.
Silver, Charles
Southard, James
Starbuck, Edward A.
Stargate, Joel
Sprague, Timothy
Swift, Charles
Sherburn, James F.
Swain, Edward
Stetson, David B.
Stetson, Anson
Sullivan, Patrick
Stiles, William
Sargent, Jacob H.
Shute, Isaac
Sanborn, Joseph W.
Seward, George W.

T
Turner, John
Turner, Peter B.
Turner, Asa C.
Turner, Isaac W.
Turner, Horace
Trask, F. A.
Trask, Theodore
Trask, William H.
Tirrell, Charles P.
Tirrell, Quincy
Tirrell, Job
Totman, William
Totman, Gridley
Torrey, William
Torrey, Joshua
Thomas, Samuel
Thomas, Samuel Jr.
Torrey, Joseph
Thompson, Albert
Taylor, Edmund B.
Taylor, Charles
Thayer, John D.
Thomas, Peter
Thomas, John Jr.

V
Veazie, Elijah
Veazie, George
Veazie, George 2d
Veazie, John T.
Veazie, Joshua
Veazie, Charles L.
Veazie, Francis
Vinal, Warren, J.
Veader, Joseph

W
Wood, Henry
Wood, John A.
Wood, Lewis
Wood, Jason W.
Wood, Benjamin P.
Wood, Henry M.
White, Nathaniel
White, Nathan H.
White, George
White, James
White, Walter
White, Isiah P.
White, B. C. C.
White, Isiah
White, Franklin B.
White, Timothy
Whitcher, John D.
Whitcher, Charles Q.
Wild, Nathaniel
Wild, Nathaniel A.
Wild, Paul
Wild, J. Q. A.
Williams, Zebadiah
Williams, Francis
Whitney, Wm F.
Whitney, H. O.
Whitney, Adams
Whitney, Loring
Walker, William
Walker, Ezra
Walker, Ezra Jr.
Woodward, Dr. Eben'r
Webb, Thomas C.
Willard, Solomon
Wentworth, Josiah P.
Wilson, William
Wilson, Francis
Worcester, Eldad
Wright, Abel
Wilbur, Calvin L.
Wade, Shadrach
Wickett, Abner
Willett, George
Willett, Edwin N.
Whiting, Zenas
Whiting, George S. T.
Whiting, Hiram G.
Whiting, Joseph W.
Whitton, Isiah G.
Whitton, Charles E.
Williams, Elias
Watson, Benjamin
Vineberger, John M.
Wellington, Asa
Whaland, Philip
Ward, William
Wildman, John
Wildman, Henry G.
Wrisley, Charles E.
Welch, John
Whitcomb, Noah
West, Charles G.
Wellington, Charles
Wight, Albion P.

T
Tucker, Rev. T. W.
Thayer, Elihu
Thayer, Albert
Thayer, Gideon F.
Thayer, George F.
Thayer, David
Turner, Edward
Turner, Andrew E.
Turner, Elisha

The Selectmen hereby give notice that they shall be in session at their Room on Saturday, the eleventh day of November next, from 2 until 5 o'clock P. M. And also on Monday the 13th day of said month from 8 until 9 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of receiving evidence of the qualifications of persons whose names are omitted on the foregoing list, and inserting them thereon.

LEWIS BASS,
HORATIO N. GLOVER,
WM. ELLISON,
Selectmen of Quincy.

OFFICE OF PUBLICATION,
Over I. W. Munroe's Store, on Hancock Street.

JOHN A. GREEN, Editor.

CONDITIONS.

Two Dollars per annum in advance, and if delayed until the end of the year, then THREE DOLLARS will be required.
No subscription nor advertisement will be discontinued previous to the payment of all arrears, unless at the option of the publisher.
Advertisements are received and accepted only on the customary price, and will be charged for until ordered out.
The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to their own immediate business.
Letters and communications, postage paid, will receive early attention.

AGENTS.

The following gentlemen are authorized to receive pay and requested to procure subscribers.
Railway Village, JOSIAH BABCOCK.
West District, GEORGE E. LOCKE.
Milton, CHARLES TREMPER.
Dorchester, OLIN F. JARVIS.
Westmouth, F. A. KING-OLIN.
Abington, JOSEPH CLEVELY.
South Scituate, SAMUEL A. TURNER.
New York City, FREEMAN HUNT.
Brooklyn, (N. Y.) GERSHON DREW.

Miscellaneous.

The Practical Joker.

Arthur M. — was a bright little boy of ten years, and his pleasant face and cheerful spirit seemed like a ray of heaven's own blessed sunlight in his mother's otherwise solitary dwelling. But I am sorry to say Arthur was not loved by his companions. He was a practical joker, and his little friends were in constant fear when in his company, of having some very unpleasant trick played upon them. If they went to gather nuts or berries, he did love to kill a snake and throw it around some boy's neck, just for the fun of hearing him scream. When they went to bathe, they often found a frog in their pockets, or their shoes would be filled with angle worms. And he was sometimes so very cruel as to take away a boy's dinner, and fill his basket with stones.

These things were very annoying, and at length Arthur was left to play alone, or go home to his little sister. Dear little Eliza was just beginning to go to school, and Arthur loved her very much. But his love of "fun," as he called it, was sometimes so strong that he would even overturn his sled, and throw the sweet little girl into the snow. His mother strove in vain to correct this cruel propensity, and she felt some anxiety on his account, when a new father came to take charge of his education. His own father died when he was a babe, and of course he never knew a father's love. But he was very much pleased when a pleasant, smiling gentleman came to live with them, and he was told he might call him father.

One morning, a few days after Mrs. M. — was married to Mr. L., Arthur was told to cut some potatoes, and give them to the cow. He obeyed very cheerfully, cut the potatoes, and carried them to the barn; but when he placed them before the cow, he turned a peck measure over them, so that the cow could not eat them. "My son," said Mr. L., when he returned, "did you give the potatoes to the cow?" "Yes, sir," he replied, but the merry twinkle of his eye led his father to suspect something wrong, and he very soon went to the barn himself. Arthur was frightened when he saw him go out, for he expected a whipping. But no notice was taken of the joke, as he called it.

Soon, there came a snow-storm, and when it passed away, the snow lay piled in deep drifts on both sides the road. Arthur started for school the next morning, drawing his little sister on his sled; but when he came near the deep drifts, suddenly the sled overturned, and Eliza was buried in the snow. Arthur sprang to take her up and very tenderly, led her back to the house. But his father stood at the window, and saw the whole transaction. Next morning Mr. L. said pleasantly, "I'll draw you to school this morning, if you like." Arthur was delighted. He thought his father was very kind indeed. But when they came to the drift, suddenly the sled was overturned, and he was buried in the snow. "You must learn to hold on better than this," said Mr. L., "if you mean I shall draw you." And he quietly returned to the house leaving Arthur to get out as he could.

"Oh! chicken for dinner! chicken for dinner!" shouted Arthur as he returned from school and saw his favorite dish on the table. They were soon seated, and Mr. L. helped Arthur to a large plate full. But just as he was taking up his knife and fork, his father took up a large bowl that stood by his plate, and turned it over Arthur's dinner. At first he looked up in surprise, but he immediately understood it. He was very hungry, but he did not dare to remove the bowl. The rest of the family began to eat, but as the bowl was very red and unhappy. At length he came into tears.

"Father," said he, "I never will put the

peck measure over the cow's dinner again, and I'll never turn sissy into the snow again, if you'll let me eat my dinner."

"Very well, my son," said Mr. L., removing the bowl; "you find practical jokes are not very pleasant when played upon yourself. Always remember that if you would be loved and respected, you must do by others as you wish others to do by you."—*New York Independent.*

THE QUINCY PATRIOT.

Saturday, November 4th, 1854.

"BORN TO NO MASTER, OF NO SECT ARE WE."

CONCERT THIS EVENING. Lovers of good singing will be pleased to learn that Mr. E. Freeman Whitehouse, the American Ballad Singer, with his Bards, give one of their Musical Entertainments, this evening, at Town Hall. We copy the following from a Boston paper:—"Mr. Whitehouse possesses an enviable fame as a sweet singer of the sweetest class of musical compositions. Those who have once heard him will everywhere desire to hear him again; and those who have never listened to him will accept our unsolicited assurance that his performances possess the highest degree of merit and interest." [See advertisement in another column.]

FATAL ACCIDENT. On Friday of last week, while the freight train from Cohasset was entering Hingham, near the depot, a little girl, ten years of age, whose attention was diverted by another train, was struck on the back of the head by some part of the car, and instantly killed. She was in charge of her mother at the time of the accident.

DISCHARGED. In the Boston Police Court, recently, Conductor Fuller of the Old Colony Road, was examined on a charge of assaulting and ejecting from the cars George Byron, a passenger, who had no ticket. The Court discharged him, holding that he used no more force than was necessary.

MEETING OF CONGRESS. The last session of the thirty-third Congress commences on the first Monday of December, five weeks from Monday next, and closes on the night of the third of March following.

ANTI-SLAVERY ADDRESS. Wendell Phillips, Esq., will deliver an address, at the Universalist Church, Weymouth Landing, on Sunday evening, November 5th, at 6 1/2 o'clock, on the subject of slavery. The address will be delivered at the request of a considerable portion of the Church and Society of the Rev. J. Perkins, the doors of whose Church having been closed against them by a majority, when requested for this purpose. All persons are earnestly solicited to come and hear.

OSSIAN'S BARDS. A pleasant and entertaining hour or more can be spent at the Town Hall, on Saturday evening next, the 11th of November, for fifteen cents, as Ossian E. Dodge and troupe are coming again to greet us with soul-stirring glees and songs.

CLAN CHOWDER. This luxurious compound will be ready at the Granite Saloon, this day, in season for dinner, etc. Call in season if you wish a dish of it.

BROKE DOWN. The Boston Herald states that an accident, recently occurred on the Old Colony Railroad which might have been serious had it not been for the care of the engineer. The main shaft of the locomotive attached to the South Braintree special train broke, and the train was detained some twenty minutes in consequence. The present Board of Directors are overhauling everything as fast as possible, and mean to have all defects in machinery repaired and the road in every particular put in good order.

DECLINATION. Ezra Wilkinson, Esq., of Dedham, having declined the nomination for Representative to Congress from District No. 3, by the Wales Democrats, Arthur W. Austin of West Roxbury, has been nominated as a substitute by the District Committee.

POLITICAL. Gen. Henry Wilson has sent a letter to the State Central Committee of the Republican party, declining their nomination for Governor, but they have refused to accept of his declension.

WINE NOMINATION. At the Third District Convention of the Whigs, held at Dedham, yesterday, Hon. Nathaniel F. Safford, of Dorchester, was nominated as the candidate for Representative to Congress, in place of Hon. J. Wiley Edmonds, who declined the nomination for re-election.

RUFFIAN TREATMENT. Officer Butman of Boston, who was somewhat prominent in the Burns rendition case, went to Worcester, the other day, on official business. He was recognized, handbills describing him as a kidnapper were circulated, a mob assembled, followed him, pelted him with bad eggs, injured him considerably, and he was barely protected from worse treatment by the interference of abolition leaders.

POSTMASTER AT QUINCY. We extract from the New York Mirror the following paragraph, and have no doubt of its truth so far as the appointment, goes, and for the remainder can only thank Col. Fuller for his good opinion of us.

AN EDITORIAL APPOINTMENT. The editor of the Quincy (Mass.) Patriot, John A. Green, Esq., has been appointed Postmaster of Quincy. The office, honor and emolument, though small, are well bestowed, as the recipient will discharge the duties of the office in an honest, faithful and capable manner.

ANOTHER NOMINATION. John Fisher of Dedham, Dr. Jacob Richards of Braintree, and Nathan Ely, Jr. of Wrentham, have been nominated for the Senate by a meeting recently held at Dedham. A new feature was introduced in county and district conventions, by nominating Messrs. Bradford L. Wales of Randolph, and George Osborne, of Danvers, for Governor and Lieutenant Governor.

THANKSGIVING DAY. The Governor and Executive Council of this State, have appointed Thursday, the 30th of this month, to be observed as the annual and time-honored festival. We shall publish the proclamation in our next number.

UNIVERSALIST SABBATH SCHOOL. We had the pleasure of being present at the Exhibition of this school, which came off on Thursday evening last. It was well attended, and passed off much to the credit of the managers and scholars, for the manner in which they acquitted themselves.

For the Patriot.
Lycium Lectures.

MR. EDITOR:—The first lecture of the season, was delivered on Wednesday evening last, by Hon. John G. Palfrey.

The President, Edward Avery, Esq., introduced the lecturer in a very neat speech, in which he thanked the members for their kindness in calling him to preside over the Lycium. He said that one great virtue in an audience was attention and silence, and promised on his part not to intrude too much on the time—hoping that a portion of the audience would not annoy those who came to listen. This was a necessary remark, for many of the boys, I beg their pardon, the young gentlemen, seem to forget that a lecture room is not a play ground. He apologized for the absence of Mr. Burlingame, and said that the loss was more than compensated for by the gentleman whom he introduced to supply his place.

Mr. Palfrey, on taking the stand, asked the indulgence of the audience, and stated that he had only a very short notice to prepare himself, and proceeded at once to his subject. He described the position of the ancient cities of Babylon and Nineveh, and their extent, and briefly sketched their history. He described their magnificence in the highest period of their glory—a degree of grandeur which almost exceeds belief. The most interesting portion of the lecture was that in which the lecturer described the recent discoveries of Mr. Botta and Mr. Layard. Mr. Botta was French Consul at Mossoul, and had his attention directed to the mounds on the opposite side of the Tigris. Having made some excavations he was discouraged, when a peasant told him he knew where many such specimens were dug up, like what Mr. Botta was seeking. The Consul proceeded to the spot, and made some discoveries, and forwarded some specimens to Paris. The French government immediately sent him orders to continue his researches, and furnished him with funds for the purpose. Mr. Layard had noticed these mounds, in his eastern travels, and intended to explore them at some future time. By the kindness of Sir Stratford Canning, now Lord Stratford de Redcliffe, the British Ambassador, at Constantinople, he was enabled to proceed on his mission, the results from which have startled the world and given a lasting fame to the persevering traveller.

I will not attempt to follow the lecturer, in his minute detail of the discoveries of Mr. Layard. He illustrated by diagrams the positions of the different portions of the ruins, and exhibited drawings of the winged Lions, that stood at the gates of the Palace of Sardanapalus, also the hieroglyphic characters which represent the name of Sardanapalus. The lecturer was evidently master of his subject, and he conveyed his sentiments to the audience in a clear, concise manner. There was no straining for effect, no fishing for applause, which mars the beauty of many lectures.

The subject itself is suggestive of many reflections, and ought to be a curb on the pride and arrogance of the present generation. Here were a people who lived before the dawn of our history, and of whose very existence Christendom was almost ignorant, who possessed a refinement and civilization, of which the people of the nineteenth century have little to boast. In arts, in arms, and in science, they were skilled in a high degree. The care with which they preserved their records, proves that they were desirous of perpetuating their fame; while the oblivion into which they sunk is a proof that no nation however powerful, is beyond the reach of adversity.

JUNES.

Deaths.

In this town, on the 29th ult., Miss Prudence Louisa, daughter of Widow Heutis, aged 21 years.

On the 30th, Mrs. Jane S., wife of Mr. William Styles, aged 50 years.

In Boston, on the 31st ult., Miss Nancy Nash, aged 55 years.

In Milton, Mrs. Betsey, wife of Dea. Jesse Tucker, aged 66 years.

In Dorchester, Oct. 29, Mr. Enoch Train, Jr., aged 21 years 6 months.

Special Notices.

CAUCUS. The Democrats of Quincy, are requested to meet at the Lyceum Room, on FRIDAY EVENING, Nov. 10th, at 7 o'clock, to select candidates to represent the town in the next General Court, and to transact any other business that may come before them.

Per order of the Town Committee.
T. CURTIS, Chairman.
Quincy, Nov. 4. 1w

ADAMS LITERARY ASSOCIATION LEVEE. The annual Levee of this Association will take place at the TOWN HALL, in Quincy, on TUESDAY EVENING, Nov. 7th.

Judge RUSSELL of Boston, and other prominent gentlemen, will address the meeting.

The celebrated *Germania Serenade Band*, in full, will be in attendance.

The several Committees have been appointed to take charge of the Dance Floor, Receiving Room, &c., and every thing will be conducted as heretofore.

Entrance to the Hall through the Lyceum Room, where a Committee will take charge of clothing and see to the convenience of every one in attendance.

Tickets of Admission—25 cents, to be had only at the Lyceum Room on the day and evening of the Levee.

Tickets for Dancing, to be had of the Floor Managers.

Doors open at 5 o'clock, P. M.

The whole affair will be conducted by the Chairman of the different Committees.

Per order of the Committee of Arrangements. 1w Nov. 4

QUINCY CHARITABLE SOCIETY. The annual meeting of this Society will be held at the house of I. W. Munroe, Esq., on MONDAY EVENING, the 6th of November, at 7 o'clock.

Every member is requested to be present.
E. LORD, Secretary.
Quincy, Oct. 28. 2w

NORFOLK COUNTY REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.—This Convention stands adjourned to TUESDAY, November 7, 1854, at 10 1/2 o'clock, at Temperance Hall, Dedham.

**HENRY W. RICHARDS, } Sec's.
L. P. BEAN, }
Oct. 28. 2w**

THE REPUBLICAN CONVENTION to nominate a candidate for Congress from the Third District will meet, by adjournment, at Dedham, on TUESDAY, Nov. 7, 1854, at 12 o'clock.

**HENRY W. RICHARDS, } Sec's.
L. P. BEAN, }
Oct. 28. 2w**

NOTICE. The undersigned hereby give notice that their places of business will be closed at 7 1/2 o'clock "Lyceum Evenings," during the Course of Lectures before that Institution, and at 8 o'clock all other evenings, except Saturday evening, from Nov. 1st, 1854, to March 1st, 1855.

John Briesler & Co., Israel W. Munroe,
Geo. Savil & Co., Caleb Packard,
Wm. S. Underwood, Geo. B. Nightingale,
John Holden, Jr., Charles Holmes,
John A. Holden, John Russell,
Caleb Gill & Co.,
Quincy, Oct. 21. 1w

QUINCY LYCEUM. The next lecture before this Institution will be delivered on WEDNESDAY EVENING, (Nov. 8th) either by Hon. Anson Burlingame or Rev. Dr. Neale.

Nov. 15—Richard H. Dana, Jr. Esq.,
Nov. 22—Rev. A. A. Miner.
Nov. 29—F. H. Underwood, Esq.,
Hon. John P. Hale,
Mrs. E. Oakes Smith,
Hon. N. P. Banks, Jr.,
Rev. A. L. Stone,
Hon. P. W. Chandler,
Rev. Theodore Parker,
John G. Saxe, Esq., the Poet.
Rev. T. Starr King.

They have likewise extended invitations to Rev. E. H. Chapin,
Hon. Geo. S. Hillard,
Mr. Shillaber, the original Mrs. Partington.

Ralph Waldo Emerson, Esq.,
Rev. Dr. Putnam of Roxbury, and several others, whose names will be hereafter enumerated.

Tickets admitting a gentleman and two ladies, \$1. Admitting two ladies, or two under 16, 50 cents.—to be obtained of the Secretary, at Savil & Co's, and at the Quincy Bookstore.

John B. Bass, Secretary.
Quincy, Oct. 14. 3w

DR CARL V MYERS' Homeopathic Balm. A highly Medicated Syrup, devoid of all unpleasant taste, and one dose of which will cure any common cold; one canister will eradicate the most stubborn cough of any character except that attending the last stages of Consumption. It is also a sure and immediate cure for Croup, Whooping Cough, and likewise an excellent Remedy for many other Diseases, which the Directions will fully explain.

Dr. S. O. RICHARDSON, No. 51 Hanover street, Boston, General Agent.
For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN, Quincy, Oct. 21. 3w

Summary of Intelligence.

ORIGINAL AND SELECTED.

The Parkman estate in Bowdoin Square, Boston, has been leased by the United States for a term of three years, as a temporary place wherein to hold the United States courts.

Smith O'Brien, one of the Irish revolutionists, has returned to England, having received the Queen's pardon.

There are so many counterfeit fives on the Webster Bank, Boston, that the Suffolk Bank of that city, recommends Banks to refuse to take any of that denomination.

The trial of William O. Eaton, charged with shooting his wife with intent to kill, resulted in his acquittal by reason of insanity. He will be sent to the McLean Hospital for treatment.

The new light-boat, which has been constructed for the Minot's Ledge, has been towed to her station.

Mrs. Ann Royal, who was somewhat conspicuous upon the public stage during the administration of Gen. Jackson, lately died in Washington City, at a very advanced age.

Daniel Chandler of Concord, (N. H.) has been sentenced to the State Prison for life, on conviction of having altered a switch, which caused a train of cars to be thrown from the track of the Concord railroad.

Charles T. Congdon, Esq. of New Bedford, and for some time first editor of the New Bedford Mercury, has become connected with the editorial corps of the Boston Atlas.

The Middlesex Journal, an excellent independent paper published at Woburn, comes to us much enlarged and otherwise improved. It well deserves a generous support. John J. Pippy, Esq. is the editor and proprietor.

By a new treaty with the Chippewa Indians, an extensive tract of country at the northwest extremity of Lake Superior, of about 7,000,000 acres is acquired. The land is particularly valuable for its mineral stores, being thought to be rich in copper.

The sales of public land this year, will exceed 6,000,000 acres; a larger quantity than has been sold any one year for fifteen or eighteen years.

The young ladies who rejoice in a multiplicity of rings, chains, lockets, &c., to the unparalleled extent now fashionable, should be labelled like watches in the windows, "Warranted full jewelled."

A French gardener has discovered that by painting his hot-houses with gas tar, all the insects so destructive to plants and fruit, die.

Eighteen thousand people in New York city live underground, that is to say, in cellars, vaults and holes. So Rev. Mr. Cuyler tells us, and his information is derived from actual investigation. He tells us of one neglected quarter—a single lodging room or den—in which one hundred outcasts of both sexes herded together, indiscriminately, every night.

During this year twenty homicides have been committed in the city of New York. The primary cause of nearly all these murders has been bad rum and a thousand people selling it without license.

In South America, they punish a criminal by sewing him in a green hide, and putting him in the sun to dry; so the hide shrinks, and pinches him until he fellow dies.

There is a wood-sawyer, in Boston, whose interest income is eight hundred dollars per year. He still follows the business, and averages four dollars per day.

Groton (Mass.) has upwards of thirty-eight miles of railroad—the centre of the town being completely surrounded by iron rails. Five depots are established in various parts of the town.

The native population of the United States and Territories, is 17,737,573; and the foreign, 2,210,893.

Twenty thousand acres of land have been sold at the land office at Jeffersonville, Indiana, at 12 1/2 cents per acre, the price authorized by the late law of Congress for all lands that have been in the market thirty years.

Seventeen House Lots at Auction. TO be sold at public auction, without reserve, on THURSDAY, Nov. 9, inst., at 2 o'clock P. M., on the premises, seventeen HOUSE LOTS, on Common street, in the West School District of Quincy, near the flourishing Granite Village, and the Granite Quarries. All of these Lots are situated on elevated ground, in a healthy location, and are accessible by good roads. The above sale offers a rare opportunity to capitalists for a safe and profitable investment by the erection of small houses, as rents for tenements in this neighborhood are exorbitantly high and land fast rising in value.

Sale positive, to the highest bidder, and the conditions, which will be very liberal, will be made known at the time and place of the auction.

For the examination of Plans, and other information, apply to the Auctioneer.

If the weather is unfavorable the sale will be postponed to the next fair day.

WILLIAM BAXTER, Secretary.
Quincy, Nov. 4. 1w

NOTE LOST. A NOTE GIVEN BY ELIZA HAMILTON, payable to LEMUEL BAXTER, dated August 22d, 1854, the payment of which has been stopped. The note is of no value to any one except the owner.

A New Article INDELIBLE MARKING FLUID, for marking Linens, &c., with a steel, quill, or gold pen, without any other preparation than starching. Sold at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE.
Quincy, Nov. 4. 3w

Cottons. BARTLETT, P. Cassel, Naumkeag, Waltham and other Cottons—Brown and Bleached—3/4, 7/8, 4-4 and 5-4 wide—for sale at the very lowest prices, by
I. W. MUNROE.
Quincy, Feb. 4.

CONCERT BY THE NEW ENGLAND BARDS.

MR. E. FREEMAN WHITEHOUSE, the AMERICAN BALLAD SINGER, is pleased to announce that having in the formation of a Concert Troupe, associated with himself the following popular talent:

MISS ELLENA CURRAN, Soprano,
J. AUGUSTUS SAVARY, Baritone,
WM. F. DURAN, Bass, and Musical Director,
E. FREEMAN WHITEHOUSE, Tenor.

He will have the honor to give one of his highly applauded

MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENTS, Embracing Ballads, Duets and Quartetts, —AT THE—

TOWN HALL, ON SATURDAY EVENING, NOV. 4.

TICKETS, FIFTEEN CENTS. Doors open at 6 1/2—Concert to commence at 7 1/2 o'clock.

One Concert only in this place. No POSTPONEMENT.

GROCERY NOTICE. THE subscriber will close up his business as

speedily as possible; and therefore offers his stock of Groceries to a successor on liberal terms, or will sell to his friends and the public at cost prices for a few days, as all articles remaining on hand after a short time, will be offered at auction. Purchasers and dealers are invited to call.

O. JOSSELYN.
Quincy, Nov. 4. 2w

FURNITURE AT AUCTION.

WILL be sold at public auction, on TUESDAY next, Nov. 7th, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the residence of D. DENNEY, over the Store of O. Joselyn, in Quincy, Household Furniture—consisting of 1 new Sofa, 1 set hair stuffed Chairs, 1 Rocking Chair, cane seat Chairs, Tables, Beds, Bedsteads of various kinds; Carpets, Rugs, Looking Glass, 1 Clock, Crockery, Glass and Tin Ware, 1 Cook Stove, 1 Shop Stove and Furnel, 1 pair silver mounted Rifle Pistols, 1 Splitting Machine, a lot of Shoemakers' Tools, &c. Articles can be seen on the morning of the sale. Conditions at the time of sale.

GEO. H. FRENCH, Auct.
Quincy, Nov. 4. 1w

Lost or Stolen.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has either lost, or has had stolen from him, a Certificate numbered 87 of Ten Shares in the Capital Stock of the Fall River Railroad Co., and that he shall apply for a new Certificate, in lieu thereof, in the Capital Stock of the Old Colony and Fall River Railroad Co., and this notice is now given in conformity with the By-Laws of said last named Company.

DANIEL FAXON.
South Randolph, Nov. 4, 1854. 2w

Boot and Shoemakers.

ANY quantity of SHOE PEBS, from one to one hundred bushels, at One Dollar per bush or bushel—10", 12", 14" and 15" head—for sale by
GEO. B. NIGHTINGALE.
Nov. 4. 3w

Insolvent Notice.

NORFOLK SS. IN INSOLVENCY. BEFORE FRANCIS HILLIARD, Esquire, Commissioner of Insolvency, in and for the County of Norfolk.

In the matter of—
EUGENE CLARK, of Quincy, in said County, Stone Cutter, an Insolvent debtor, the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of said insolvent debtor.

The second meeting of the creditors of the said insolvent debtor will be held in the office of the said Francis Hilliard, Esq., in Roxbury, in said County, on the eleventh day of November next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims.

W. B. DUGGAN, Assignee.
Quincy, Nov. 4. 1w

TOWN MEETING.

NORFOLK SS. To either of the Constables of the Town of Quincy.

YOU are hereby required (in the name of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts) to notify and warn the inhabitants of the Town of Quincy qualified to vote in Elections and in Town Affairs, to meet at the Town Hall, in said Town, on MONDAY, the 13th day of November, instant, at 9 o'clock A. M., for the following purposes, viz:—

FIRST MEETING.
1st.—To choose a Moderator.
2d.—To hear and act on the Report of the Selectmen, now on file in the Town Clerk's Office, relative to straightening or widening Canal street.

3d.—To hear and act on the Report of the Selectmen, now on file in the Town Clerk's Office, relative to straightening and widening Squantum street.

4th.—To see if the Town will name that part of Washington street beginning at the southeasterly corner of the estate owned by G. F. Thayer, Esq., and thence to Temple street, together with Temple street, from the Hay Scales to Post Office, as Washington Square.

SECOND MEETING.
And you are further required by the authority aforesaid, to notify and warn said inhabitants to meet at said place, on the said day, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the following purposes, viz:—

1st.—To see if the Town will elect two Representatives to represent them in the next General Court of this Commonwealth.

2d.—To give in their votes (on one ballot), for a Governor, Lieutenant Governor, three Senators for Norfolk County, two Representatives if the Town vote so to determine, and for a Representative to the 34th Congress of the United States for District No. 3, and for one County Commissioner for Norfolk County.

Votes for the above Officers may be deposited in sealed envelopes, or openly, at the option of the voter.

Hereof fail not and make return thereof unto the Town Clerk, at or before the time prefixed for the first annual meeting.

Given under our hands at Quincy, this first day of November, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four.

LEWIS BASS, } Selectmen
HORATIO N. GLOVER, }
WILLIAM ELLISON, } Quincy.

A true copy. Attest,
GEORGE CRANE, Constable of Quincy.
NORFOLK SS. Quincy, Nov. 1st, 1854.

Pursuant to the above Warrant, I hereby notify and warn the Inhabitants of the Town of Quincy, qualified as therein expressed, to meet at the times, place, and for the purposes therein stated, at the times, place, and for the purposes therein stated.

GEORGE CRANE, Constable of Quincy.
Nov. 4. 2w

Geo. Savil & Co.'s Column.

1854.

George Savil & Co., GOODNOW'S BUILDING, Corner HANCOCK & GRANITE STS., QUINCY.

ARE daily receiving NEW STYLES GOODS for Fall and Winter, to which the attention of Purchasers is requested. We have now on hand a good assortment of—

PRINTS,
DELAINES,
CASHMERE,
ALPACCAS,
ALEPINES,
MOURNING CRAPE,
MOHAIR LUSTRE,
MADONNAS,
LYONESE,
THIBETS,
GALA PLAIDS,
BLACK SILKS,
LADIES' CLOTHS,
VELVETS,
WOOLLEN & CASHMERE SHAWLS,
DRESS & CLOAK TRIMMINGS,
EMBROIDERIES,
SHEETINGS,
SHIRTINGS,
BLANKETS,
COTTON FLANNELS,
DENIMS,
TICKINGS,
DIAPERS,
WOOLLEN YARNS,
CAMBRICS,
SILECIA,
PATCHES,
TABLE COVERS,
WROUGHT COLLARS,
UNDER HDKFS,
UNDER SLEEVES,
HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c.,

which we shall sell at a small advance from Cost.

WOOLLEN GOODS. CLOTHS, CASHMERE, DOESKINS, SATINETTS, VESTINGS,

which will be sold by the yard or manufactured into garments to order, in a Superior Manner.

We have also in Store, of our own Manufacture, our usual assortment of

READY MADE CLOTHING Consisting in part of

OVERCOATS, DRESS FROCKS, BUSINESS FROCKS, BUSINESS SACKS, PAJAS, VESTS, OVERALLS,

Boys' Jackets, Coats, Pants and Vests.

Gents' Furnishing Goods IN GREAT VARIETY.

Shirts, Bosoms, Dickies, Gloves, Stocks, Neck Ties, Handkerchiefs, Under Shirts, Drawers, Suspenders, Hats, Caps, Umbrellas &c.

—ALSO—

FURNITURE, Consisting in part of—

SOFAS, BUREAUX, STUFFED ROCKING CHAIRS, PARLOR AND COMMON CHAIRS, PAINTED CHAMBER SETS, COTTAGE AND COMMON BEDSTEADS, WASH SINKS AND STANDS, CARD TABLES, CENTRE AND COMMON TABLES, LOOKING GLASSES, MATTRESSES, FEATHERS, &c. &c.

CARPETINGS, PAINTED CANVASS, STRAW MATTINGS, BOCKINGS.

Paper Hangings. A large lot of Paper Hangings, comprising a great variety of styles and prices.

Please call and examine for yourselves, as we are confident we can offer you Goods at prices which will give you perfect satisfaction.

Quincy, Oct. 1

Poetry.

For the Quincy Patriot.
To Carrie.

Ask me not why I love thee;
Why thy heart I shrink
Where mine must ever echo
An answering to thee.
Why thy voice the sweetest,
Breathing of heaven to me
Of thought, the fondest, deepest,
Touched with soft minstrelsy.

Ask me not, why it is I gaze
Within those eyes of liquid light,
Pure in their fount of tenderness
Steeping my soul with fond delight;
Half dreaming—as those beaming stars,
That glimmer in your heavens above;
Why hold you there their festival?
Do they not teach the heart to love?

I love thee—for thy earnest brow,
Where truth and humor ever dwell,
I love thee, for those kind fond tones,
When sorrow chords my bosom swells.
I love thee with a fond and trusting love
That kindred hearts alone divine.
Then ask not why it is I love thee;
I only know—my heart is thine.

JENNY B.-N. Y.

Indian Summer.

Strange season, evanescent
As childhood's sunny thought—
How sad and yet how pleasant
Are the feelings thou hast brought!
The sky is bright above us—
The air is bland as June,
And the breeze to joy would move us
By its happy little tune.

But we miss the merry singing
Of the birds among the trees,
And the flowers that late were flinging
Their odors on the breeze;
And the cattle that were feeding
Upon the mountain side—
And the flocks that young ones leading
Where the rivulets do glide.

Now, we only hear the rustle
Of the dry leaves as we tread;
Or the timid squirrel startle
From the branches overhead;
Or the sportsman's gun resounding
Among the naked hills;
Or his greyhound's fleet foot bounding
Across the rocks and rills.

We feel the sun of summer,
But its verdure do not see,
While there comes a whispered murmur
From every leafless tree,
Which checks the voice of gladness
That else might ring again,
And brings a drowsy sadness
To fatten on the brain.

Yes, 'tis the Indian Summer,
For treacherous are its beams—
And as fading as the glimmer
Of happiness in dreams.
The very mists of morning,
Though heralding fair days,
Are shadowy forms of warning,
Which vanish while we gaze.

This summer's ghost hearkening
Our willing feet to roam,
While we forget the reckoning
Of winter's day to come;
And yet, so sadly pleasant
In all we feel or see,
That in that dreamy present
Forever would we be.

Foppery.

I cannot talk with civet in the room,
A fine, posh-gentleman that's all perfume;
The sight's enough—no need to tattle a beau—
Who thrusts his nose into a raree-show!
His odoriferous attempts to please,
Perhaps might prosper with a swarm of bees;
But we that make no honey, whilst we sing,
Poets, are sometimes apt to snail the thing—
"Tis wrong to bring it to a mixed resort,
What makes some sick, and others *ad-a-mort*!
An argument of cogence we may say,
Why such a one should keep himself away.

Anecdotes.

The Rev. Dr. Mason of New York City, passing up Broadway, stopped to read a theatrical placard, which attracted his attention. Cooper, the tragedian, coming along, said to him, "Good morning, sir—do ministers of the gospel read such things?" "Why not, sir," said the Doctor—"ministers of the gospel have a right to know what the devil is about, as well as other folks."

A traveler asked Bop Tiddle, if he had ever been round the horn.
"No sir," replied the innocent Bob, "I never goes round a horn 't I aint ashamed to take it, no matter who's by."

"O dear!" exclaimed an urchin who was chewing a green apple, "I've swallowed an odd fellow."
"An odd fellow!"
"Yes, he is giving me the air."

A gamester finding luck go very hard against him, exclaimed: "Ah, Fortune! 'tis true you make me lose, but I defy you to make me pay."

"Jim, does your mother ever whip you?"
"No; but she does a precious sight worse though."
"What is that?"
"Why she washes me every morning."

"I wonder what makes my eyes so weak?" said a loafer to a gentleman.
"Why, they are in a weak place," replied the latter.

A gentleman asked a negro boy if he wouldn't take a pinch of snuff.
"No," replied darkey, very respectfully, "me tank you. Pomp's nose not hungry."

Rates and Rules of Advertising.
In the Newspapers in Norfolk and Plymouth Counties, adopted at a meeting of Editors and Publishers, in said Counties, August 21, 1854.

PROBATE NOTICES.	
Citations, 3 weeks.	\$1.50
Allowance of Accounts, 2 weeks.	1.00
Application for Appointment as Guardian, 3 weeks.	1.50
Application for Appointment as Administrator, 3 weeks.	1.50
Application for Appointment as Executor, 3 weeks.	1.50
Administrators' Notices, 3 weeks.	1.25
Executors' Notices, 3 weeks.	1.25
Commissioners' Notices, 6 weeks.	2.25
Petition to Judge of Probate, and Order of Notice thereon, 3 weeks (per square)	1.25

CHANCERY NOTICES.	
Messengers' Notices, 2 weeks.	1.50
Assignees' " 3 " "	1.25
COMMISSIONERS' AND COURT NOTICES.	
County Commissioners' Notices of Roads, &c., 3 weeks.	5.00
Legislative and Court Advertisements, and other Legal Notices not embraced above, 3 weeks or less (per square)	1.25

TRANSIENT ADVERTISEMENTS.	
All Transient Advertisements, 3 weeks or less (per square)	1.25
All Transient Advertisements, 3 weeks or less (per half square)	.75

SPECIAL NOTICES.	
All Special Notices, 1 or 2 weeks (per sq.)	1.25
" " " 3 " "	1.50
" " " 1 " " (per half sq.)	1.00
" " " 1 " " "	.75

EDITORIAL NOTICES.	
All Editorial Notices (per line)	.10

YEARLY ADVERTISEMENTS.	
Advertisements running one year (per sq.)	12.00
" " " half " "	7.00
" " " 3 months " "	4.00

To be changed at the option of the Advertiser, not oftener, however, than once a month. All Advertisements running one year without being renewed, (per square) 10.00

BUSINESS CARDS.	
Business Cards, not exceeding half a square, one year, not less than	5.00

ADVERTISING AGENTS.	
All Advertising Agents to be charged at the same rates specified in the above scale.	

CHARITABLE SOCIETIES.	
No Advertisements to be inserted gratuitously for Charitable or other Societies, Companies, or Public Institutions.	

EXHIBITIONS AND CONCERTS.	
Notices of Transient Exhibitions and Concerts to be charged at full prices.	

ONE SQUARE.	
Twelve lines of Minion or Nonpareil type shall constitute a square.	

(Signed)

JOHN A. GREEN, Quincy Patriot.
BLOSSOM & EASTBROOK, Hingham Journal.
L. B. & O. E. WESTON, Norfolk Co. Journal.
O. PUTNAM BACON, Dedham Chronicle.
CHARLES A. S. PRANKINS, Plymouth Rock.
H. O. HILDRETH, Dorcham Gazette.
JAMES THURBER, Old Colony Memorial.
GEORGE PHINNEY, N. Bridgewater Gazette.
WILLIAM BENNE, Massachusetts Journal.
To be inserted in the several Newspapers published in Norfolk and Plymouth Counties.
Per order.
JOHN A. GREEN, Chairman.
O. PUTNAM BACON, Secretary.

GRANITE SALOON.

THE subscriber would most respectfully inform his friends and the public, that he has fitted up the Basement Room, in Goodnow's Building, on Granite Street, where he intends to keep a good supply of

Oysters, Fruits and Refreshments.

He hopes, by constant attention to the wants of the public, to merit a share of patronage.
Quincy, March 25. LORING A. FRENCH.

DR. S. STOCKING,

DENTAL SURGEON.

No. 5 Tremont Row, (op stairs) Boston.

Terms for the Season.

ENTIRE Sets of Teeth, from \$35 to \$80.
Full upper or under set, from \$15 to \$40.
Parts of Sets, in favorable cases, from \$1.50 to \$3.50. Filling with Gold, from 50 cents to \$3.00. Extracting 25 cents without, and 50 cents with the use of ether. All operations warranted, and the finest gold used.

Opinions of the Boston Press.

"The long experience and correct taste of Dr. Stocking, of this city, eminently qualify him to set artificial teeth, that look well, feel well, wear well, and work well; and, what is rather remarkable, he seems to be better pleased with furnishing good work than with exorbitant prices for it,—a trait not common with the profession."—Evening Traveller.

"We advise all toothless persons to call on Dr. Stocking of this city, and procure such artificial teeth of his manufacture. We offer this advice with the more confidence, because whatever he undertakes to do, he does well. No one who is acquainted with him can doubt that Nature designed him for a dentist of the right stamp."—Morning Post.

"No Dentist among us is better qualified to improve the condition of the mouth, by setting, filling, extracting, cleansing, regulating, &c. of the teeth, than Dr. Stocking of this city. His reputation for dental skill is too well established to be doubted."—Evening Transcript.

"Dr. Stocking of this city, possesses the right qualifications for his profession,—requiring, as it does, a combination of patience, care, skill and gentleness, with a thorough knowledge of all the intricacies of the business."—Boston Journal.

"If any of our readers have got the tooth-ache, and wish to know who can extract it with the least pain, we should say, Dr. Stocking; or, if they want their teeth filled, and filled right, we should say, by all means go to Dr. Stocking. And, above all, if you wish for artificial teeth that every body calls the perfection of art, he is the one to furnish them, and at a reasonable price."—Daily Times.
Boston, March 25. 9m.

Cure for Canker, etc.

DR. WEAVER'S Canker Cure GREN-
VILLE'S Vegetable Extract, for canker,
sore-throat and scarlet fever.
ATWOOD'S Canker Drops.
For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Feb. 11.

WHITE & FRINCH,
Attorneys at Law.Room No. 15, Webster Bank Building,
Exchange Street, --- BOSTON.

GEORGE WHITE. ASA FRENCH.

May 20. if

HENRY A. RANSOM,
AUCTIONEER.

RESPECTFULLY offers his services to the public in the disposal of Real and Personal property, and hereby solicits a share of patronage.
Quincy, April 8. if

KIRK & TRAVIS.

Dealers in Teas and Coffees

Also, West India Goods, and pure old Wines and Liquors as imported, and suitable for invalids and sickness.
Also, London Porter and Scotch Ale, and Havana Cigars.
WM. E. KIRK.
No. 108 Kneeland Street.
Boston, April 16, 1853. if

ALL KINDS OF
Job Printing,

SUCH AS

POSTERS, BILLS, OF ALL KINDS,
BILL-HEADS, PLAIN, CARDS,
AND EVERY VARIETY OFBOOK PLAIN, AND FANCY
PRINTING,Neatly Executed at the Quincy Patriot Office,
WITH CHEAPNESS AND DESPATCH.

NATHANIEL WHITE,

HAS FOR SALE—

LUMBER,

Nails, Lim, Brick and Sand

Coal, Hard and Soft Wood,
QUINCY CANAL WHARF.
July 10, 1852. ifWilliam E. Colburn's
Quincy and Boston Express

LEAVES BOSTON DAILY,

At 2 o'clock, P. M.,
From 24 and 25 Brattle Square, and 29
South Market Street.All orders promptly attended to.—
April 2, 1853. 14-0

ISRAEL W. MUNROE,

DEALER IN

Dry Goods, Crockery, Glass and
Hardware,with a full assortment of choice
W. I. GOODS & GROCERIES,
all of which will be sold at the very lowest prices
and delivered at any part of the Town free of ex-
pense.
Quincy, Jan. 22, 1853. if

FISHER A. KINGSBURY,

Counsellor at Law,

Commissioner for the States of
MAINE, NEW HAMPSHIRE, VER-
MONT, CONNECTICUT, RHODE
ISLAND AND NEW YORK.Weymouth, Mass.
Nov. 26. if

JOSEPH G. BRACKETT,

DEALER IN—

LUMBER;

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
—ALSO—

Lime, Sand, Bricks and Hair.

Dimension Frames furnished at short Notice.
Purchasers will find it for their interest to
call and examine, before purchasing else-
where, as they will find a full assort-
ment at the lowest prices.
Quincy, June 12. ly

ARNOLD'S

Patent Sash Lock,

The best Fastening for bottom or top Sashes
yet invented, sold by
JOHN O. FOYE,
Owner of the Patent Right.

DEALER IN

Hardware, Pumps, Doors, Sashes,
Blinds, Glass, &c., &c.,
Weymouth Landing, Mass.
Sept. 9. 3m

Francis Marden

WOULD inform the public that he has recent-
ly fitted up the shop lately occupied by Mr.
SAMUEL COPELAND, and is ready to furnish all
with Meats of the very best quality. if
Quincy, April 2.

Horse and Cattle Medicines.

T. R. VERT'S Arabian Horse Powders,
for Coughs, Colic, Indigestion, Horse Ail,
etc., etc.
Vert's Horse and Cattle LOTION.
DADD'S Horse and Cattle Medicines.
For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Jan. 28. if

Perfumery, Oils, etc.

CHOICEST Perfumery, Cosmetics, Hair Oil,
Hair Dye, Dentifrices, etc., at
DR. MARDEN'S,
Goodnow's Building.
Quincy, Dec. 10.

Notes for Sale.

FOR SALE—The following Notes, with in-
terest—
Jerome Hersey, dated Sept. 1st, 1849, \$ 9.00
Charles Gill, dated April 13th, 1853, 24.10
Leard L. Perry, dated Sept. 7th, 1852, 7.20
Henry A. French, dated April 1st, 1852, 21.14
John S. Packard, dated June 18th, 1850, 10.00
The above Notes will be sold at a discount for
cash.
J. & H. H. FAXON.
Quincy, Sept. 2. ifQUINCY
Marble & Granite Works.MONUMENTS,
Grave stones, Tablets, &c

McGrath, Mitchell & Co.

RESPECTFULLY invite
attention to this estab-
lishment, now opened near the
—South Quincy Depot—
where MONUMENTAL work
of every description, from the
simplest Grave Stone or Table-
t to the most elegant and
elaborate Monument is execu-
ted in the very best manner.
Long experience in the busi-
ness, and a thorough competen-
cy in the Art of Designing, en-
ables the Contractor of these works to carry out
the ideas and suit the various tastes and require-
ments of persons in need of such articles.GRANITE WORK,
—in all its forms—
FRONTS FOR BUILDINGS,
MONUMENTS, STEPS,
TOMB FRONTS, FENCE POSTS,
Underpinning, Cellar Stones, etc., etc.,
furnished to order, by
C. R. & C. Mitchell.

A large collection of Monumental Designs, (all
drawn in the Establishment) and which, as well as
the work, attest the skill and competency of the
Contractor, are on hand, and the public are re-
spectfully invited to call and inspect them.
Orders sent by Mail will be faithfully ex-
ecuted with despatch and at reasonable prices.
Quincy, July 22. if

STOVES! STOVES!!

The subscriber has
re-opened his Shop
on Hancock Street, near
Temple, where will be
found a full and com-
plete assortment of
Stoves, Tin, Japan
and Britannia
Ware as can be found
in the market.

Also—Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Work done to
order, in a neat and workmanlike manner.
The subscriber would invite his old patrons and
the public generally, to give him a call where he
will be found personally to attend to them, and all
orders done to satisfaction.
The subscriber hopes by strict attention to busi-
ness and a desire to please to merit a share of pub-
lic patronage.
Quincy, July 22. if

Insurance against Fire.

THE QUINCY MUTUAL FIRE INSUR-
ANCE COMPANY of Massachusetts,
and Real and Personal Property against the hazard
of Fire, for five years or less, on favorable
terms.
Farmers, Mechanics, Householders, Traders,
Merchants, and all Owners of Property not ex-
posed to fire, are solicited to patronize this Com-
pany; every effort will be made to accommodate
customers.
Letters, by mail or otherwise, from persons re-
siding at a distance, relating to Fire Insurance,
will be promptly attended to.PRESIDENT,
WILLIAM S. MORTON;TREASURER,
ISRAEL W. MUNROE;SECRETARY,
STEPHEN BATES;DIRECTORS,
Quincy, Milton,
William S. Morton, George Thompson,
Israel W. Munroe, Charles Brock,
Gideon F. Thayer, Dorcham,
Thomas C. Webb, H. W. Blanchard,
Albert Thompson, Cohasset,
Whitehall Porter, Solomon J. Beal,
Stephen Bates, South Hingham,
William B. Duggan, Alfred Loring,
Thomas Curtis, North Bridgewater,
Royal W. Turner, Sumner A. Hayward,
South Braintree, Barnstable,
Apollon Randall, George Marston.

References, by permission:

HON. GEORGE T. BIGELOW of Boston,
HON. JOSIAH QUINCY, Jr., of Boston,
HON. AMASA WALKER of North Brookfield,
HON. JAMES MAGUIRE of Randolph,
HON. SOLOMON LINCOLN of Hingham,
HON. CHARLES F. ADAMS of Quincy,
JOSIAH BRIGHAM, Esq.,

OFFICE.

Washington Street, Quincy, near of Stone Temple,
Quincy, April 1. ly

New Provision Store.

THE subscriber would inform the public, that
he has fitted up the Store lately occupied by
Mr. Gridley Toulson, as a

MARKET HOUSE,

and is ready to supply the public with all kinds of
MEATS and VEGETABLES, of the best qual-
ity, cheap for cash.Also—BUTTER, CHEESE, DRIED AP-
PLES, BEANS, PICKLES, TRIPE, LARD,
etc., constantly on hand.
H. A. RANSOM.
Quincy, March 18. if

Pills and Bitters—Sick Headache.

D. SOULE'S Oriental Sovereign Pain Pills.
D. HOOFLAND'S German Bitters.
Dr. Eastman's Celebrated SICK HEADACHE
REMEDY. For sale by
Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Jan. 28. if

AYER'S PILLS,

A NEW and singularly successful remedy for the
cure of all Bilious diseases—Costiveness, Indi-
gestion, Jaundice, Dropsy, Rheumatism, Fevers,
Gout, Humors, Nervousness, Irritability, Inflamma-
tions, Headache, Pains in the Breast, Side, Back,
and Limbs, Female Complaints, &c. &c. Indeed,
very few are the diseases in which a Purgative Medi-
cine is not more or less required, and much sick-
ness and suffering might be prevented, if a harme-
less and effective Cathartic were more freely used.
less but effective! Cathartics were more freely used.
person can feel well while a costive habit of
bowels prevails; besides it soon generates serious and
often fatal diseases, which might have been avoided
by the timely and judicious use of a good purgative.
This is alike true of Colds, Febrile symptoms, and
Bilious derangements. They all tend to become or
produce the deep seated and formidable distempers
which lead the hearers all over the land. Hence a
reliable family physic is of the first importance to
the public health, and this Pill has been perfected
and extended to the point of perfection by Profes-
sors of Medicine, and has shown results surpassing
any thing hitherto known of any medicine. Cures
have been effected beyond belief, where they not sub-
stantiated by the virtues of such exalted position and
character as to forbid the suspicion of untruth.

Among the many eminent gentlemen who have
testified in favor of these Pills, we may mention:
DR. A. A. HAYES, Analytical Chemist, of Boston,
and State Assayer of Massachusetts, whose high
professional character is endorsed by the
HON. EDWARD EVERETT, Senator of the U. S.
ROBERT C. WINTHROP, Ex-Speaker of the House
of Representatives.

ABOTT LAWRENCE, Minister Plen. to England.

JOHN B. FITZPATRICK, Cath. Bishop of Boston.

Also, DR. J. R. CHILTON, Practical Chemist, of
New York City, who has testified that he has
used these Pills in his practice, and is confident
of their efficacy.

WM. B. ASTOR, the richest man in America.

S. LELAND & Co., Prop's of the Metropolitan
Hotel, and permit, we could give many hundred
certificates, from all parts where the Pills have
been used, but evidence even more convincing than
the experience of eminent public men is found in
their effects upon trial.

These Pills, the result of long investigation and
study, are offered to the public as the most reason-
able and complete in the present state of medical
science can afford. They are compounded not of
the drugs themselves, but of the medicinal virtues
only of Vegetable remedies, extracted by chemical
process in a state of purity, and combined together
system in a state of purity, and combined together
process in a state of purity, and combined together
system in a state of purity, and combined together

These Pills, the result of long investigation and
study, are offered to the public as the most reason-
able and complete in the present state of medical
science can afford. They are compounded not of
the drugs themselves, but of the medicinal virtues
only of Vegetable remedies, extracted by chemical
process in a state of purity, and combined together
system in a state of purity, and combined together
process in a state of purity, and combined together

These Pills, the result of long investigation and
study, are offered to the public as the most reason-
able and complete in the present state of medical
science can afford. They are compounded not of
the drugs themselves, but of the medicinal virtues
only of Vegetable remedies, extracted by chemical
process in a state of purity, and combined together
system in a state of purity, and combined together
process in a state of purity, and combined together

These Pills, the result of long investigation and
study, are offered to the public as the most reason-
able and complete in the present state of medical
science can afford. They are compounded not of
the drugs themselves, but of the medicinal virtues
only of Vegetable remedies, extracted by chemical
process in a state of purity, and combined together
system in a state of purity, and combined together
process in a state of purity, and combined together

These Pills, the result of long investigation and
study, are offered to the public as the most reason-
able and complete in the present state of medical
science can afford. They are compounded not of
the drugs themselves, but of the medicinal virtues
only of Vegetable remedies, extracted by chemical
process in a state of purity, and combined together
system in a state of purity, and combined together
process in a state of purity, and combined together

These Pills, the result of long investigation and
study, are offered to the public as the most reason-
able and complete in the present state of medical
science can afford. They are compounded not of
the drugs themselves, but of the medicinal virtues
only of Vegetable remedies, extracted by chemical
process in a state of purity, and combined together
system in a state of purity, and combined together
process in a state of purity, and combined together

These Pills, the result of long investigation and
study, are offered to the public as the most reason-
able and complete in the present state of medical
science can afford. They are compounded not of
the drugs themselves, but of the medicinal virtues
only of Vegetable remedies, extracted by chemical
process in a state of purity, and combined together
system in a state of purity, and combined together
process in a state of purity, and combined together

These Pills, the result of long investigation and
study, are offered to the public as the most reason-
able and complete in the present state of medical
science can afford. They are compounded not of
the drugs themselves, but of the medicinal virtues
only of Vegetable remedies, extracted by chemical
process in a state of purity, and combined together
system in a state of purity, and combined together
process in a state of purity, and combined together

These Pills, the result of long investigation and
study, are offered to the public as the most reason-
able and complete in the present state of medical
science can afford. They are compounded not of
the drugs themselves, but of the medicinal virtues
only of Vegetable remedies, extracted by chemical
process in a state of purity, and combined together
system in a state of purity, and combined together
process in a state of purity, and combined together

These Pills, the result of long investigation and
study, are offered to the public as the most reason-
able and complete in the present state of medical
science can afford. They are compounded not of
the drugs themselves, but of the medicinal virtues
only of Vegetable remedies, extracted by chemical
process in a state of purity, and combined together
system in a state of purity, and combined together
process in a state of purity, and combined together

These Pills, the result of long investigation and
study, are offered to the public as the most reason-
able and complete in the present state of medical
science can afford. They are compounded not of
the drugs themselves, but of the medicinal virtues
only of Vegetable remedies, extracted by chemical
process in a state of purity, and combined together
system in a state of purity, and combined together
process in a state of purity, and combined together

These Pills, the result of long investigation and
study, are offered to the public as the most reason-
able and complete in the present state of medical
science can afford. They are compounded not of
the drugs themselves, but of the medicinal virtues
only of Vegetable remedies, extracted by chemical
process in a state of purity, and combined together
system in a state of purity, and combined together
process in a state of purity, and combined together

These Pills, the result of long investigation and
study, are offered to the public as the most reason-
able and complete in the present state of medical
science can afford. They are compounded not of
the drugs themselves, but of the medicinal virtues
only of Vegetable remedies, extracted by chemical
process in a state of purity, and combined together
system in a state of purity, and combined together
process in a state of purity, and combined together

THE QUINCY PATRIOT.

DEVOTED TO MORALS, EDUCATION, AGRICULTURE, NEWS AND GENERAL LITERATURE.

VOLUME XIX.

QUINCY, MASS., SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1854.

NUMBER XLV.

Apothecary Store.

MRS. E. HAYDEN returns thanks to her friends and the public, for their long-continued patronage, and offers an enlarged stock of superior Family Medicines, selected with care.



Also—various articles for Invalids, Pearl and prepared Barley, Farina, Groat, cracked Wheat, Sage, Tapioca, Oat Flour, Corn Starch, Broma, &c. Jellies, Tapioca, and Lemon Syrup, Gouta Paste, &c. Shoulder Braces and Supporters of various kinds, Gum Elastic Breast Pumps, Glass Pipes and Shells, patent nursing Shields, Tubes, and Bottles, spread Plasters, Glass and Metal Syringes, Bed-pans, Horse-hair Mittens, Fresh Broths, &c., &c. Fresh European Lozenges always on hand. Physicians' prescriptions put up with care and attention. She is also receiving the new and popular medicines of the day, as they appear in this and other States. Washington-st., rear of Stone Temple. Quincy, Nov. 1. 431

Botanic Medicine Depot,

Corner of Hancock and Granite Streets.

DR. MARDEN having taken the stand formerly kept by Dr. G. M. M. and having made considerable additions to his former stock of

Medicine, Perfumery, Fancy Articles, &c. &c. &c.

He now offers them to the public on the most reasonable terms. He is happy to say, that his stock of Medicine comprises most, if not all, the articles used in the treatment of the first quality; and having secured the services of a person of long experience in the business, he is confident every reasonable expectation will be gratified.

Quincy, Nov. 26. 41

Paper Hangings.

JUST received new styles of Paper Hangings, and for sale cheap for cash. DANIEL BAXTER & Co. Quincy, March 23. 41

CALEB PACKARD.

DEALER in SILKS, SHAWLS, FURS, Dress and Domestic Goods of every description.

Also—White Goods, Laces, Dress and Cloak Trimmings, Gimp Braids and Embroideries, a large lot of Hosiery, and a great variety of fancy articles.

GENT'S AND BOY'S

Ready Made Clothing,

AND FURNISHING GOODS! BOOTS, SHOES, TRUNKS, VALISES, CARPET BAGS, UMBRELLAS, HATS, CAPS, &c., &c.

FURNITURE,

of every description constantly on hand, or furnished at the shortest notice.

Also—MATTRESSES and FEATHERS of every quality. I would ask the particular attention of the public to this branch of my business.

MILLINERY GOODS!

Customers wishing Goods of this class, will find always a carefully selected Stock, of the latest and best styles. BONNETS, made and trimmed.

CARPETINGS,

of every style and quality: Crochery, China, Glass and Brackets, Ware, Solar Lamps and Shades, and a general assortment of Household Goods. I would respectfully invite the attention of my friends and customers, to my present varied Stock, to which I am constantly making additions, and solicited call from all desiring Goods of any kind in my line. Quincy, Dec. 3d. 41

Dried Apples.

2000 POUNDS for sale cheap for cash. DANIEL BAXTER & Co. Quincy, March 23. 41

Soaps and Perfumes.

CHOICE Soaps and Perfumes, and various other articles for the Toilette. Glen's Pearl Powder; Harrison's Magnolia Balls; Shand's Lily White; Swift's Orie and Chalk Balls; Chinese Mien Fan, a celebrated Toilet Powder; French's Bell Powder for infants; Puff Boxes; &c., &c. For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN. Quincy, March 11. 41

New Grocery

AND PROVISION STORE!

THE Store lately occupied by J. & H. H. FAXON, has been leased by the subscriber, and will be occupied for the sale of

W. L. Goods, Groceries, Provisions, Stone and Earthen Ware.

He hopes, by offering to the public a varied and carefully selected stock, at the lowest prices, to secure favor and patronage. He would respectfully solicit a call from all desiring Goods of any kind in his line. OZEN JOSSELYN. Quincy, Nov. 12. 41

Cramps, Pains, etc.

DRYER'S Healing Eucobation, for External and Internal Use, to relieve cramps, pains, rheumatism, &c., &c. Put up in bottles of three sizes—small for trial bottles.

Also—CLAY'S LINIMENT. For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN. Quincy, Feb. 11. 41

Tooth Ache!

Tell every person you meet, who is afflicted with the Tooth Ache, that he may find relief in DR. MARDEN'S which will effect an instantaneous and permanent cure without the cold steel or the least danger of injury from the application of the remedy. Quincy, Dec. 24. 41

For the Complexion

TEMPER'S Orange Flower Lotion, For the Complexion, and a Thousand Flowers, Milk of Roses, Ammonia for Tan Stubborn &c. &c. For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN. Quincy, May 7. 41

Butter! Butter!!

30 to 40 lbs of first rate DAIRY BUTTER, for sale cheap. D. BAXTER & Co. Quincy, Oct. 23. 41

OFFICE OF PUBLICATION,

Over I. W. Munroe's Store, on Hancock Street

JOHN A. CREIN, Editor.

CONDITIONS.

TWO DOLLARS per annum in advance, and if delayed until the end of the year, then THREE DOLLARS will be required.

No subscription nor advertisement will be discontinued previous to the payment of all arrears, unless at the option of the publisher. Advertisements correctly and conspicuously inserted at the customary prices, and will be charged for until ordered out.

The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to their own immediate business. Letters and communications, postage paid, will receive early attention.

AGENTS.

The following gentlemen are authorized to receive pay and requested to procure subscribers.

Railway Village, West District, Milton, Dorchester, Weymouth, Abington, South Scituate, New York City, Brooklyn, (N. Y.)	JOSIAH BABCOCK, GEORGE H. LOCKE, CHARLES BRECK, ORIN P. BACON, F. A. KINGSBURY, JOSEPH CLEVELY, SAMUEL A. TURNER, FREEMAN HUNT, GERSHOM DREW.
--	---

Miscellaneous.

Correspondence.

Boston, Nov. 8, 1854.

FRIEND GREEN:—For the few weeks past we have had, and until after election we expect to have, *fun allee*. Men change their "sentiments" so fast and so unaccountably, that we are to lose where to spot them. Old Hunkers are brilliant Young America stars—and daily consumers of good brandy, have been total abstinence men for series of years—veteran Whigs that hated coalition with Free-soilers, with more than copperhead venom, now make strong speeches in favor of nominating to Congress one of the most "desperate sinners" of them all.

In your District, the Whigs have nominated Nathaniel F. Safford, Esq., or as Governor Briggs would say, "Mr. Nathan" Safford, for the purpose of electing Mr. Danrell, the prime mover in the Whig Convention being, it is understood, a leading Know-nothing, (no joke), and fearing that if Mr. Adams was nominated, he might endanger the success of Mr. Danrell—however, Mr. Danrell is a very good man—probably not quite "up to the occasion," but as a member of Congress edition, compared with the present one, it will be much better in type and considerably improved.

General Wilson, in the opinion of the Whig Press, is omnipotent—it is really astonishing how extensive is his power over the people of Massachusetts—he, as the Whig papers aver, packed all the Democratic, Republican, Free-soil and Know-nothing caucuses—selected all the candidates—amongst them he was to receive the Know-nothing nomination for Governor—but inasmuch as he did not get that position—they insist that he has arranged for some other office, and in order to carry out these new measures he has packed all the town meetings in the State! So, look out sharp;—when General Wilson speaks, there is some terrible plot expected. When he keeps silent, some awful event is going to happen. When he appears at a convention, some stupendous fraud is about to be perpetrated, and when he does not attend, he is abused by immaculate editors, for skulking out of the way and concealing his views. In fact, every motion of the General means something, and I have no doubt, at this moment, he is preparing to cut Massachusetts up into walking sticks, with which he intends to beat to pumice the whole batch of slaveholding and slave-hunting statesmen: Douglas, Frothingham, and Brad. Wales included. In consequence of General Wilson's supernatural powers, the whole race of shoo-makers are getting ahead rather fast; the old adage, "ne sutor ultra crepidam," is voted fog, and every man that can cut a vamp or tap a sole, exhibits powers that had otherwise been dormant, and the disciples of St. Cispin will occupy a large place in our next legislative assemblies. So much has General Wilson done for this useful and time-honored fraternity.

The Know-nothings in your town have had quite a large accession to their numbers. Mr. Swift of Boston addressed those of Braintree last Monday evening. He was quite eloquent and made a very favorable impression. The nominations of Representatives will not be promulgated to outsiders till the day of election. When the result is made known the old fogies will look blue and make a straight track for home.

The Whig papers are down on Mr. Gardner for quitting their party. (?) He has given them a spasm that will kill them, and very likely the Democrats too. It is said, that in his letters, he has depended altogether on fancy for his facts,—but if he has, it shows clearly that the great principles of temperance and anti-slavery are no longer to be de-

spised, but on the contrary have become a power, to which political aspirants must bow in order to attain success.

The world is moving onward—a progressive spirit animates all the civilized nations of earth. The laggard in love and the laggard in war, since the days of the cavaliers, have been denounced as inefficient and cowardly, and henceforth the laggard in politics will be pointed at with a scornful finger as unworthy the consideration of a living and breathing community. "2-26."

For the Patriot.

Americans, to the Polls.

MR. EDITOR:—The organization of the American party, or as they are called, the "Know-nothings," is sure to be the downfall of all the old political foggy parties. The ancients, after Monday next, will be reckoned among the things that were, but are not.

The principles of the fogies but ill accord with the progressive views of the Young Americans. They are at utter variance with the sentiments of the great majority of the masses, the hard-fisted yeomanry, the bone and sinew of the land, and it is only necessary to act well our part on Monday next, to insure a great and glorious victory over the combined forces of the allies. Shall this victory be gained? Shall the enemy—horse, foot and dragoon—be routed? Shall union, harmony, self-concession—every thing for the cause, nothing for men—be the watch-words, and rallying cry of the American party. We think we hear the cry—yes, yes, yes, coming up from an hundred thousand throats. We say it can and will be done.

The old Bay State will be redeemed from the hands of the few, self-constituted, almighty men; office-seeking, foreign-vote-buying demagogues. What do we want? What do we mean to have? An American State Government, for many reasons. Our foreign pauper law is loose, and what we have, is not carried out by those in power, whose duty it is to see all laws enforced. It is a fact, that Massachusetts has more foreign paupers than the great States of New York and Pennsylvania together. Our State tax of \$300,000 has been brought upon us by foreign paupers. Look at the State Almshouses, at Deer Island; the Houses of Correction, State Prison; look at any place, where paupers or criminals are kept, and see who they are? Are they not three-fourths Catholic? Then look at the fat, sleek priests, who build splendid cathedrals and churches, with money wrung from poor, half starved, ignorant, deluded, priest-ridden Catholics. How beautiful it is to see all the money they can raise to build up the Pope and his church, while we poor, good-natured Americans are taking care of their criminals and paupers. What makes the matter worse, is the fact that they are not satisfied with this, but are striving to take the political power of the country in their own hands. Uncle Sam has warned a viper in his bosom, and now he must look out, or he will be stung by the treacherous thing.

Our naturalization laws are wrong. What American wants his vote balanced by that of a newly imported Irishman? Our military laws are wrong. Who wants to do duty by the side of an ignorant Greek? Who wants, when his company is formed in the regimental line, to have a company of noisy Greeks on the right? Not one, I hope and trust. Let us have an American Legislature at the session of 1855, that will try and remedy some of these crying evils, or else by our suicidal course we shall be crushed out, fall to the rear, and the appellation K. N. be one we ought to bear.

Americans, see to it, that your names are on the voting list; see to it, that on Monday next you vote the pure American ticket; vote it early; and see that your neighbor does the same. Don't be humbugged by hand-bills, posters, circulars, letters, or any thing the enemy may shower upon us to-day and to-morrow; don't believe a word they say; they are like whitened sepulchres, fair without, but full of corruption within. Don't let any personal feeling cause you to scratch a ticket; vote it straight from top to bottom; our opponents are desperate; hard up; they know their time has come; let us prove that the American forces, the masses, are equal to anything, that they are superior in numbers and courage. We say to our friends do your duty; do what we know you can do, and the State is ours. Work! work! till the polls are closed. Get every body to vote, and on Monday night, when the sun is low in the West, we can rend the air with tremendous cheers, for we shall have met the enemy and they will be ours; depend upon it, brothers, if we do our duty—and I know we shall—we shall give the foe a perfect Waterloo defeat. TOM MURPHY.

For the Patriot.

The Early Closing of Stores.

MR. EDITOR:—The following article from the Boston Herald is so truthful, and pro-

sents the subject of the "early closing of stores" in such a correct and just light, that, although written with reference to trade in another place than Quincy, yet, when read in connexion with the notice, in your paper, of a number of our traders who propose to close their stores, at an earlier hour than the old fashioned notions and customs have approved, it possesses for us a high degree of interest. Many Attendants in Quincy Stores.

"We are gratified that our friends on the northern side of Charles River are determined to discontinue lamp-light this coming winter and close their places of business at dark. There is neither economy nor profit in keeping stores open late in the evening. The time has been when our retail traders considered it incumbent upon them to open their stores before sunrise and keep them open until ten o'clock at night. But it has been found that active occupation for so many hours per day wears out the trader in a very few years, causes his clerks and salesmen to become jaded and negligent, and is really of no benefit to customers.

"Still we have very little faith that any considerable number of our retail traders will close their stores at dark for any length of time, unless the public will come to the aid of the clerks and salesmen and compel their employers to discontinue the use of artificial light in their stores. There will always be a few traders who, so long as they think they lose nothing by it, will keep open evenings and gather round them a set of loafers. Both these loafers and the traders had better be at home evenings, than at the stores. If they have wives and children, their families demand and ought to receive their attention during the evening. If single, their time can be better employed than in sitting round in the stores, spying long yawns and keeping the clerks and salesmen away from lectures or their beds.

"If the whole retail trade of Boston, barring the restaurants and grog-shops, could estimate their evening profits, they would find that their store expenses after dark are greater than their profits. Then why keep open in the evening? The answer is—because others do. And why do others keep open? Because they are jealous that in case they close early, some rival who kept open would, now and then, get one of their customers away. Therefore it is that the trading public must come to the assistance of the traders who would like to give their clerks and salesmen the evenings for intellectual culture, and who would like the evenings for themselves to spend in social relaxation.

"How is this to be done? In the simplest way imaginable. You, reader, have a father, husband, brother, lover, friend, or some other relative of the male sex, of whose company you are deprived, on account of his unmitigated confinement to the store. Do you want to increase his time for intellectual and social recreation? You will, of course, answer, yes. Then, whenever any of the retail dealers close their stores at sundown, patronize those dealers exclusively. Before this occurs see that you never make any purchases after dark. Induce all your friends to imitate your example. In a very short time you would demonstrate to the shopkeepers that their evening's expenses were four times as much as their evening's profits. Then all would close at sundown, except those who have been in the habit of having a crowd of loafers about their stores in the evening. Next, don't purchase anything, either day or evening, of those who keep open after dark to accommodate these loafers. This will drive the loafers home, give the trader time for rest, and allow the clerks and salesmen sometime for improvement. All are interested in this result, and if each would follow our suggestion, not a month need elapse before our retail stores would get along without incurring the expense of gas-light. It would be equally beneficial for customers, for they could make their purchases in the day time, when they could better tell the quality of goods than under artificial light."

Thanksgiving Proclamation.

BY THE GOVERNOR OF MASSACHUSETTS.

Praise is the instinctive impulse of a grateful heart. There are periods when even the heart of a nation swells with emotions of gratitude for signal mercies, and finds utterance in songs of thanksgiving. Such were the manifestations of God's Ancient People, when, in his sensible presence, they lifted up their voices in a nation's anthem. Such was the feeling with which the early men of New England, in a scarcely less communion with the Most High, came together at periods of general prosperity or of special mercy, and in the Congregation offered to him their sacrifice of praise. And such are the offerings which this favored community should now bring before Him.

The season has been crowned with His goodness. Amidst the alarm at the withholding of the latter rain, He has not forgotten the promised harvest, and the husbandman is rejoicing in the fruits of his labor. Health has been vouchsafed to us, and while disease and pestilence have shed gloom and sorrow over other portions of our land, the destroyer has not been suffered to come nigh our dwellings.

Industry, in every department of honest labor, have been successful, and upon sea and land, in the workshop and on the farm, has found a competent reward. While the physical wants of the community have been supplied, the great ends of civil government have not been suffered to fail; under the

guardianship of wise laws, the people have reposed in safety.

Our schools and colleges have been accomplishing their work in the education of the young, and the Christian religion in its power, has been seen in the lives and conduct of men, restraining vice and turning the sinner to repentance. The cause of human freedom has gained new strength from trials, and, in the light of God's Providence, we may be assured of its ultimate triumph.

While these blessings have been showered upon this community, there are few who have not shared in these bounties of Providence. Few are the hopes to whose inmates poverty denies the means of enjoying the return of that holiday which our fathers inaugurated, and their posterity have consecrated to the rites of hospitality and the reunion of scattered households.

To celebrate the goodness which has marked the closing year, to render the devout tribute of grateful hearts to the Author of all good, to cherish the love of country, and strengthen the ties that bind society together, and to foster the kindlier instincts of our nature, that minister to each other's wants, I do, by and with the consent of the Council, appoint THURSDAY, THE THIRTIETH DAY OF NOVEMBER current, a day of Public Thanksgiving and Praise.

And I do earnestly recommend that the people should assemble in their respective places of worship on that day, and in a spirit which he shall approve, dedicate it to the praise and worship of Almighty God. And while remembering His mercies, let them seek for His guidance and His aid in all the affairs of life. Let them unitedly and devoutly ask for blessings on our common country, and for the hastening of the day when the knowledge of the Lord shall fill the whole earth, and from every nation and tongue there shall go up a song of Praise and Thanksgiving.

EMORY WASHBURN, Governor.

For the Patriot.

To Voters of District No. 3.

MR. EDITOR:—Sir—By publishing the enclosed you will please many of your subscribers; they are extracts from the debates in the Convention, at Dedham, last week.

"Mr. Brown of Dorchester said they had assembled to represent the Whig party of the Third District, and they were bound to select a Whig to represent that district in Congress. There are men of ability in this district whom we can select, and at any rate, if we are defeated at the polls, let us be defeated as Whigs, under a Whig standard bearer.

"Mr. Bemis of Waterdown heartily concurred with Mr. Brown, and went for nominating a Whig and nothing else. He felt certain that the nominee of the Convention would sweep the District.

"Mr. Swan of Dorchester was somewhat astonished to hear the remarks of the gentlemen from Quincy and Braintree, in advocacy of the nomination of Mr. Adams. Had it not been for Messrs. Adams and Palfrey the expense of the Constitutional Convention might have been saved. No man respected the Adamses more than he did. He believed John Quincy Adams to have been a great statesman and a patriot, but Charles Francis Adams, when General Taylor was the Whig standard bearer, was found yoked 'cheek by jowl' with that arch intriguer and manager, Henry Wilson, to aid in the election of Martin Van Buren. And as the stock of Wilson, Keyes & Co. is a little below par, Mr. Adams was shrewd enough to desert the sinking ship. He showed how Mr. Mann was elected to Congress, by proving false to the Whigs, and concluded by opposing all secret organizations for political purposes, and declaring that the persecution which had been waged against the foreign population, would be repudiated at the polls."

Now, the contest is to be between Mr. Safford and Mr. Danrell; one of these must be chosen, and it remains to be seen whether the intelligent voters of this District will support Mr. Safford, who has no narrow prejudices against those who differ from him in their religious views, or Mr. Danrell, who is pledged to persecute those who avail themselves of the liberty secured to them by the Constitution, of worshipping God according to the dictates of their own consciences.

ASSONAX.

Gone Astray.

Cold words to fall on a loving heart—he has gone astray. And is this the time to desert him? This the time to taunt him with words that roll like lava from your passion, and only set his soul on fire? No! he passes under clouds; be his light now; perhaps he has no other.

Many a true heart, that would have come back like the dove to the ark after its first transgression, has been frightened beyond recall by the angry look and menace, the taunt, the savage charity of an unforgiving soul. Be careful how you freeze the warm emotions of repentance. Beware lest those pleading words unheeded now, sting you in some shadowy vale of your future sorrow. Repentance, changed by neglect or unkind-

ness, becomes like melted iron hardened in the mould. Trifle with it never. Be the first to meet the erring with outstretched arms. Wipe the tear from his eye—pour the balm of consolation on the wounds that guilt has made. Let your heart be the grave for his transgressions, your pity find vent in bearing his burden, not in useless words. Do, forgive the erring! Did not He who died on Calvary, shield from the contempt of gross minds: make brightness and beauty where all was cloud and storm before in his sad life.

Know Nothing and Know Something.

A Co-operation held between them after the first Lecture before the Quincy Lyceum.

[Reported by John.]

K. N.—I'm disappointed bitterly. The Government of this Lyceum did announce. That on this night, our Darlings were.

A big man in our order, would speak to us. In lieu of which, they sent a man Who bored us near two hours, with secrets Of old sunken cities, Stone Bulls With human heads, and Devils Tails; Big piles of rock and signs mysterious Of old departed secret orders; Tombs of old Kings and anecdotes of Turks; Hard names that made the pedagogues all start, And every school boy murmur "I don't care."

K. S.—Some men were born to grapple, All they see, or hear, that's done by others Is miserably imperfect. Yet their own acts are (in their own eyes) perfect.

The Lecture, sir, was one of mighty interest To those who love to find out truth, And think upon this old world's history.

K. N.—True—to a few it might be, But to the mass it was dry as old sermons, Threadbare political speeches, Temperance harangues.

Or even a drunkard's throat. Our Order, numerous, demands something More modern, more within the range of progress. What care we what's on the tomb stones Of Sardapanus, or David, or old Homer, At barbarous foreigners.

K. S.—Well, say no more about the lecture; What think you of the President?

K. N.—Methinks he spoke too loud, And made great effort to enunciate; He is too small in stature for a President.

K. S.—No doubt your ears heard something faulty.

"Twas a difficult and delicate task to announce To the expecting audience their disappointment, And say not too little or too much— Yet he did it well and with dignity.

K. N.—Well, what of the seats? Sure you will not say I rant unjustly.

When I call the Town Authorities together, In not providing customers, to whom They rent the Hall, a decent place to sit. When our Order numbers enough, we'll vote a cushioned chair to every man in town.

K. S.—You would not give a Greek a cushioned seat?

K. N.—We'll send them off to dig up mummies.

K. S.—We now must part, to meet When next the Lyceum does meet again; Meanwhile, congratulate yourself that All is prosperous.

No institution ever had a better audience, Or more fair ladies, better lecturers, Or less tumultuous boys.

"Uncle Matt's" View of Life.

Uncle Matthew Adams, who is a plain, unvarnished, upright, "down East," came some few weeks since to this great wilderness of brick and sin, called the "Empire City," to see the "Crystal Palace," "City Life," and perhaps, also, the Elephant.

He put up for a few days at our boarding place, but as we were all of us clever, quiet souls, content with good, old fashioned, primitive customs, and with sufficient occupation to keep us out of mischief, he concluded that staying with us was too much like being at home, and so, to see something of men and manners, Uncle Matt removed to one of our ultra fashionable hotels.

As he did not hide the light of his gold under a bushel, and as money can buy everything, from a penny whistle to a woman or a man, Uncle Matt soon found himself in the good graces of several families of flashy maidens and fashionable daughters.

I had not seen him for several days, when one morning the good man called to bid me good bye; he was going, he said, back to the granite hills of his native home.

"And what have you learned, Uncle Matthew?" asked I.

"Among other things, the meaning of the words lady and gentleman," replied he. "Pray define," urged I.

"I had always been taught," said he, setting his spectacles to his satisfaction, "to think a lady was one who, with a perfect understanding and practice of what was due to herself and propriety, always bore in mind the golden rule of doing as she would be done by. Our ladies at home weave and

spin, and bake, and brew; they make home comfortable and happy, darn their husband's stockings, and sew on his buttons, study Greek and Latin, domestic and political economy, train up their children to useful labor and rational enjoyment, and devote as much time to the light literature of the day and to light accomplishments as they can give from more urgent occupations. They generally contrive to make themselves pretty skilful in the use of pencil and pen. They think that labor is worship, and so they do what they have to do with their might, giving to each hour its occupation."

"So much for New England women; now for our ladies," said I.

"As far as I can learn," replied Uncle Matthew, with a severity unusual to him, "they are human butterflies, who estimate the clearness of their title to the term lady precisely in the ratio of their uselessness; and, after being 'finished' at a fashionable school, where they go through long books with long names, from which not one practical idea arises, they taught by their fashionable instructors, they commence life with the idea that display, notoriety, surface and splendour—to dress, flirt, play and sing a little, dance, and secure a husband, is the end and aim of existence. And after the husband is achieved, then commences and continues the strife for new conquests. The children are given to the tender mercies of ignorant, nurse-girls, and morning calls, dress, hot-bed novels and vapid flirtations occupy the day and the days of the 'lady.' One useful thought, one deed of mercy, one act of labor, and the fair aspirant loses just so much of her title to ladyship. But the mischief does not end here," continued Uncle Matt, growing didactic, "as mother and daughter give the tone to society, we find with them the origin of the serious complaints of hard times and bankruptcies amongst us. Every man lives up to his income, or beyond it, to support in their idleness the wife or daughters whose vanity and extravagance are boundless; and thus his ruin is explained. Men are severely censured by their fellows, and in the journals of the day, for their stupendous dishonesties, and are driven from their homes and to despair; but take my word for it, in many instances the sole cause of their terrible downfall lies in the fact of their not being able to resist the tide of extravagant desire which surround them in the shape of beautiful, winning, cooing wives of daughters—petted, spoiled, useless drones of society, who know the cost of nothing, who never in all their lives put together, earned the value of one of the pins that help to fasten their luxurious dresses.

So long as the world stands, man, in the spirit of chivalry, (oftentimes the true one, but too often a false one,) will yield to woman the fruits of his toil, and frequently, alas! his own better judgment of the right. It behooves woman, therefore, to attempt no undue advantage of this strong principle of affection in man. Let her go back to the primitive days of our wise mothers for a pattern of truth. Let her resign flirting and her over-dress. Let her bring no her own children, and above all, fit her mind for the task, that she may give them examples of industry and knowledge, as well as precept; and all this cry of hard times consequent from nominal pressure, will give way to a healthy, rational state of society, of work and money enough for all."

"A long speech for you, Uncle Matthew," said I, warmly shaking his hand, "but what you say is nevertheless wise and true, and God speed the day when our city women will learn to think and act, and to know the true meaning of the term 'lady.'"

"Amen!" said Uncle Matthew.—N. York Exchange.

The Yankee Collector.

A gentleman from New York, who had been in Boston for the purpose of collecting some money due him in that city, was about returning, when he found that one bill of a hundred dollars had been overlooked.

His landlord who knew the debtor, thought it a doubtful case; but added, that if it was collectable at all, a tall, raw-boned Yankee, then dining a lodger in another part of the hall, would "worry it out" of the man.

Calling him up, therefore, he introduced him to the creditor, who showed him the account.

"Well, Square," said he "taint much use 'o tryin' I guess. I know that critter. You might as well try to squeeze 'em out of Buncker Hill monument, as to c'lect a debt out of him. But any how, Square, whadd' you give, sposin' I do try?"

"Well,

"Look o'here," said he, "Square. I had considerable luck with that bill o' your'n. You see, I stuck to him like a dog to a root, but for the first week or so 'twas not a use—not a bit. If he was home, he was 'short'; if he wasn't home, I couldn't get no satisfaction. By-and-by, says I, after goin' sixteen times, I'll fix you!" says I. So I sat down on the door-step, and sat all day and part of the evening, and I began airly next day; but about ten o'clock he 'gin in.' He paid me my half, and I gin him up the note!"

THE QUINCY PATRIOT.

Saturday, November 11th, 1854.

"BORN TO BE MASTER, OF NO SECT ARE WE."

Party Nominations.

There are four general tickets in the field—to be voted for at the election on Monday next—for Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Representative to Congress, and State Senators, viz.: Whig, Democratic, Republican and Know-nothing. We subjoin the tickets as far as they concern the voters of this County and District:

DEMOCRATIC.

Governor—Henry W. Bishop of Lenox.
Lieut. Governor—Caleb Stetson of Braintree.

Senators—Ebenzer Eaton of Dorchester, Laban South of Cohasset, John Green of Dedham.

Representative to Congress—Edward Avery of Quincy.

WHIG.

Governor—Emory Washburn of Worcester.

Lieut. Governor—William C. Plunkett of Adams.

Senators—William Aspinwall of Brookline, Edward Potter of Braintree, N. J. Arnold of Hellingham.

Representative to Congress—Nathaniel F. Safford of Dorchester.

REPUBLICAN.

Governor—Henry Wilson of Natick.

Lieut. Governor—Increase Sumner of Gt. Barrington.

Senators—Benjamin F. White of Weymouth, Bradford K. Pierce of Roxbury, Thomas Kingsbury of Needham.

Representative to Congress—William S. Danrell of Dedham.

KNOW-NOTHING.

Governor—Henry J. Gardner of Boston.

Lieut. Governor—Simon Brown of Concord.

Senators—James E. Carpenter of Foxboro, Benjamin F. White of Weymouth, Bradford K. Pierce of Roxbury.

Representative to Congress—William S. Danrell of Dedham.

In addition to the above regular tickets, a meeting held at Dedham, nominated the following:

Governor—Bradford L. Wales of Randolph.

Lieut. Governor—George Osborne of Danvers.

Senators—John Fisher of Dedham, Jacob Richards of Braintree, Nathan Ely, Jr. of Wrentham.

Representative to Congress—Arthur W. Austin of West Roxbury.

The friends of Temperance in Norfolk County have nominated the following ticket:

For Senators—Benjamin F. White of Weymouth, Bradford K. Pierce of Roxbury, Noah J. Arnold of Hellingham.

Dodge's Concert. Dodge is coming again, and all those who love good music and enjoy a humorous entertainment, will do well to attend this evening. It is worth the price of admission simply to get a peep at Dodge's face, which of itself is sufficient to excite the risibilities of a stoic. But when he sings, when the humor dances out of his mouth on every note and tone, like so many visionary Punch and Juddies, one yields at discretion, and forgets alike his dignity and care. But in addition to this he gives one a capital selection of beautiful songs, trios and quartettes, full of harmony and music; such as linger in the memory and make one glad to recall their melody. Besides all this, Dodge is a capital fellow, and deserving of general patronage. Go early, that you may be sure of a seat, as he is bound to have a rush.

FLORIAN LAW. The Legislature of Massachusetts, at its late session, passed "An Act concerning the Election of City, Town and County Officers," which provides that "in all elections hereafter held for the choice of town, city or county officers, by the people the person receiving the highest number of votes shall be declared elected."

"In all elections hereafter held for the choice of Representatives in the Congress of the United States, the person receiving the highest number of votes shall be declared elected."

CLAN CROWDER. We should feel that we had neglected our duty if we should fail to notice the fact that there will be a chowder served up to-day, at the Granite Saloon, in favor of dinner.

LAUNCH AT QUINCY POINT. The new ship on the stocks at the yard of George Thomas, Esq., Quincy Point, will be launched to-day, at two o'clock, and a good chance is afforded to witness the descent of an excellently designed and well built vessel into the waters of the ocean. King Philip is the name given to the ship, and she is about two thousand tons burden. When completed, she will ply as a packet between Liverpool (Eng.) and Australia.

Her builder is not unknown to fame, he having built the Red Jacket, a sailing vessel which made the quickest passage across the waters on record—running between New York City and Liverpool in thirteen days, one hour and twenty-five minutes, the weather being extremely boisterous throughout the passage.

We trust that the same good luck may crown Mr. Thomas' present efforts, hoping that his labors may be liberally rewarded, and that his usefulness and society may long be enjoyed by our townsmen.

QUINCY CHARITABLE SOCIETY. The annual meeting of this Society was held on Monday evening last, and the following persons were unanimously elected as its Board of Directors for the year ensuing, viz:—

President—Gideon P. Thayer.
Vice President—Rev. Nelson Clark.
Secretary—Miss Mary Jane Turner.
Treasurer—Miss M. M. Frederick.
Directors—Rev. W. W. Dean, George L. Gill, Mrs. Benjamin Curtis, Mrs. John Faxon, Mrs. Elijah Baxter, Miss Ann Curtis, Mrs. H. N. Glover, and Mrs. Mary B. Faxon.
Miss Eunice Lord, Secretary, and George White, a Director for the year past, declined a re-election.

The affairs of this Society are in a prosperous condition, and the worthy poor may obtain assistance, by applying to any of its officers, who make personal investigation of all cases presented to their notice.

ADAMS LITERARY LEVEE. This was a very pleasant occasion to all interested therein. Judge Russell's address was appropriate and eloquent, giving evidence of those abilities which, his friends believe, will make him one of the great men of the State. We fear the Association did not receive a large amount for the increase of their library. We trust that, hereafter, they will adopt some course, looking more to the result of such levees. Music and dancing are very agreeable, although not profitable. The clam chowder was good.

WHIG NOMINATION. At a meeting of the Whigs of Quincy, held on Thursday evening last, Hon. Charles Francis Adams and Mr. Jeffrey R. Brackett were nominated as candidates for Representatives to the next General Court.

POTNAM'S MONTHLY. The November number of this Magazine is received, filled with good reading; among the articles is "The first discoveries of America, evincing extensive research and great familiarity with American history. For sale at the Quincy Bookstore.

NEW YORK ELECTION. From the returns thus far received, it appears that Gov. Seymour (Dem.) has been re-elected. The political character of the Legislature is yet undecided.

Fernando Wood (Dem.) has been chosen Mayor of New York City.

For the Patriot.

Lyceum Lectures.

MR. EDITOR:—The second Lecture of the season was delivered on Wednesday evening, by Rev. Dr. Neale of Boston. Subject—Enthusiasm.

The lecturer commenced by describing the feeling of enthusiasm, and the many errors and crimes to which that passion led, when it tended in a wrong direction. The drunkard was an enthusiast, the gamester was an enthusiast, each in his own way; if Milton was to be believed, Satan himself was an enthusiast; the Grecian painter who killed his slave, in order to catch the dying agony from his countenance, was an enthusiast, but such enthusiasm was devilish.

He then drew a vivid picture of the enthusiast, when a proper direction was given to his feelings. Every man was fit for something, and was successful in proportion to the earnestness with which he devoted himself to his peculiar vocation. The orator, the poet, the scholar, the mechanic, the farmer, the minister of the gospel, the lawyer, were each fitted for their several professions, and it seldom happened that a man was successful in different pursuits. The good orator would make a bad essayist, the good lawyer would make a bad minister; the good mechanic would make a bad farmer, and so on. He gave many amusing instances of the failure of several men of ability, who attempted to excel outside their proper professions. Michael Angelo was one of those great geniuses who appear at intervals on the stage, who are great at every thing they undertake. The wife of Foster made it a condition of his marriage, that he should distinguish himself in some profession; he tried to be a preacher, but made a failure; but he

won a world-wide fame as an essayist. Coleridge, on the other hand, could not write well, but was a celebrated public speaker, but even he failed when he attempted to preach from the pulpit. Milton was an enthusiast; his were the productions of an earnest mind, and gave a wonderful impulse to the cause of civil and religious liberty. Mr. Choate was an example of a legal enthusiast; he seemed to be firmly impressed with the belief that he was always in the right, and strove to make the judge and jury believe it too. He passed a high eulogium on John Adams and John Quincy Adams, for their great genius, and fidelity to principle, and said that such men never would be forgotten. JUNIUS.

Summary of Intelligence.

ORIGINAL AND SELECTED.

The man in Covington, (Ky.), who threw down the boy and killed him by stamping upon his head, has been let off with ten years in State Prison for manslaughter.

One of the most elegant churches in New York City, now building in the upper part of the city, is paid for out of the proceeds of an acre of land left many years ago by a parishioner to one of the clergymen for the pasturage of a cow.

The cost of the diamonds and pearls in the Crown of England, exclusive of the metal, is put down at \$50,000. The average cost of the hats worn by the President is about five dollars a piece.

The Catholic church in Dorchester, that was injured by the explosion of a bomb, on the night of the fourth of July last, has been sold to some gentleman for building lots.

John Hector, the well known basso singer, died in Boston, lately, of dropsy of the heart. The deceased was about thirty years of age, and a printer by trade.

The first steps have been taken, in Hingham, towards the organization of an independent military corps in that town.

On Friday of last week, a barn and wood-house, in Randolph, with their contents, belonging to Mr. Benjamin Dyer, were entirely consumed.

Ezra Wilkinson, Esq., of Dedham, declines the Democratic nomination for the Senate in this County, and also the Wales nomination for Congress in this District.

The English in New York City are raising a subscription for the widows and orphans of those killed in the war with Russia. Eighteen persons have subscribed one hundred dollars each; seven fifty dollars, and seven twenty-five dollars each.

It is estimated that thirty-two thousand persons have left the Roman Catholic church in Ireland, within the past six and a half years, and joined the Protestant church.

At the Norfolk (Mass.) County Cattle Show, Miss Mary Quincy, of Dedham, took a premium of two dollars for a neatly mended stocking.

The Maine Law has passed the Legislative Assembly of Canada by a vote of eighty-five to five, and it will doubtless pass the Council, and immediately become a law.

Nine hundred out of every thousand boys born since 1848, in Hungary, bear the name of Lajos (Louis), in memory of the exile, Kosuth.

The product of the silver mines of Mexico for the year 1850, it is said, exceed that of the rest of the world by one million of dollars, the total yield being thirty-three millions.

The New York Crystal Palace has been finally closed. Its future destiny is not known. Some one hundred thousand dollars have been hopelessly sunk in the enterprise.

The newspaper is a law book for the indolent, a sermon for the thoughtful, a library for the poor. It may stimulate the most indifferent, it may also instruct the most profound.

The whole number of deaths from cholera in New York City, from the first appearance of the disease, June 3d, to the 28th of October, of the present year, was 2422.

In front of a fine dwelling in Marlboro', in this State, there are six majestic elms, which the owner keeps insured against injury from lightning or fire, in the sum of five hundred dollars!

Several brakemen employed on the freight trains of the Worcester Railroad, have been arrested for robbing the cars of merchandise.

A convention of the survivors of the war of 1812 is to be held in Washington City, on the 8th of January next, "to adopt such measures as will induce Congress not only to do justice to them but also to the widows of those who have gone to their last account."

In Jackson, California, a bullet was recently found imbedded near the center of a tree which was upwards of three feet in diameter. It must have been fired into it at least fifty years ago, long before any whites had settled in that region.

A New York druggist states that he has at least ten regular customers for opium and laudanum, some of whom consume incredible quantities. They have reached such a condition by habit and indulgence that they fancy they cannot live without the use either of the guin or the preparation in liquid form.

The editor of the New Orleans True Delta is responsible for the statement that in that city there occurs one murder for every eight hours of the year. That is, one person in every hundred is cut off in New Orleans by murder every year.

Within twenty years, about one hundred churches, numbering about twelve thousand converts, have been planted along the coast of Africa. Many schools have also been established, which are now in successful operation, and hundreds of natives have received and are now receiving a Christian education.

A farmer of Waterford, (N. Y.) has raised this year on fourteen acres of land, twelve hundred and fifty bushels of shelled corn. The corn was of the variety called the Rhode Island White.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATION. At the meeting held last evening, Benjamin Curtis and Dr. William B. Duggan were nominated as candidates for Representatives, to be supported on Monday next.

Special Notices.

INDEPENDENTS! POLITICAL NOTICE. A meeting of all persons in favor of a Free Democratic nomination for Representatives to the next General Court, will be held at the Lyceum Room, on SATURDAY (this) EVENING, at 8 o'clock. Quincy, Nov. 11. 1w

NOTICE. The undersigned hereby give notice that their places of business will be closed at 7 1/2 o'clock "Lyceum Evenings," during the Course of Lectures before that Institution, and at 8 o'clock all other evenings, except Saturday evening, from Nov. 1st, 1854, to March 1st, 1855.

John Briesler & Co., Israel W. Munroe, Geo. Savil & Co., Caleb Packard, Wm. S. Underwood, Geo. B. Nightingale, John Holden, Jr., Charles Holmes, John A. Holden, John Russell, Caleb Gill & Co. Quincy, Oct. 21. 1f

QUINCY LYCEUM. The next lecture before this Institution will be delivered on FRIDAY EVENING, (Nov. 17th,) by Hon. John P. Hale, to be followed by

Nov. 22—Rev. A. A. Miner.
F. H. Underwood, Esq., George White Esq., Mrs. E. Oakes Smith, Hon. N. P. Banks, Jr., Hon. Richard H. Dana, Jr., Hon. Anson Burlingame, Rev. A. L. Stone, Hon. P. W. Chandler, Rev. Theodore Parker, John G. Saxe, Esq., the Poet. Rev. T. Starr King.

They have likewise extended invitations to Rev. E. H. Chapin, Hon. Geo. S. Hillard, Mr. Shillaber, the original Mrs. Partington.

Ralph Waldo Emerson, Esq., Rev. Dr. Putnam of Roxbury, and several others, whose names will be hereafter enumerated.

Tickets admitting a gentleman and two ladies, \$1. Admitting two ladies, or two men, 50 cents,—to be obtained of the Secretary, at Savil & Co's, and at the Quincy Bookstore.

JOHN B. BASS, Secretary. Quincy, Oct. 14. 3w

A meeting of the Adams Literary Association will take place at their Hall, on MONDAY EVENING next, at 8 o'clock. J. JAMESON, President. WILLIAM BAXTER, Secretary.

DR. CARL V. MYERS' Homoeopathic Balm.

A highly Medicated Syrup, devoid of all unpleasant taste, and one dose of which will cure any common cold; one canister will eradicate the most stubborn cough of any character except that attending the last stages of Consumption. It is also a sure and immediate cure for Croup, Whooping Cough, and likewise an excellent Remedy for many other Diseases, which the Directions will fully explain.

Dr. S. O. RICHARDSON, No. 51 Hanover street, Boston, General Agent.

Also for sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN, Quincy, Oct. 21. 3m*

Marriages.

In this town, on the 10th inst., by Rev. Dr. Lunt, Mr. John McGrath to Miss Eliza Dempsey.

Deaths.

In this town, on the 7th inst., Mr. James Carry, aged 35 years.

In Braintree, on the 7th inst., Mr. Lewis Cleverly, aged 61 years.

WOOD AT AUCTION.

TO be sold at public auction, on FRIDAY, the 24th of November, at 1 o'clock P. M., in lots, all the Wood standing on about 20 acres of land of Daniel Baxter, situated about half a mile south of the Episcopal Church, and about twenty rods from the house of Asa Hunt.

Conditions at the time of sale.

EBEN R. ADAMS, Auc. Quincy, Nov. 11. 2w*

Wood Auction.

WILL be sold at public auction, on FRIDAY, the 17th inst., at 1 o'clock P. M., the Wood standing on about seven acres of land owned by John Faxon. Said Wood is of forty years growth and very heavy. It is situated but a short distance from the road leading from the late Mr. Harmon's place to that of Mrs. Collins. The Wood will be so marked from Mr. Harmon's as to make it easy for persons to find the place or sale.

Conditions made known at sale.

EBEN R. ADAMS, Auc. Quincy, Nov. 11. 1w

Notice.

A SECOND meeting of the creditors of the Insolvent estate of Dr. JOHN B. HILL of Quincy, will be held at a Court of Insolvency, at the Commissioners' Court Room, in Roxbury, on the twenty-seventh day of November next, at three o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting creditors may present and prove their claims.

GEO. WHITE, Assignee. Quincy, Nov. 11. 3w

EXTRA SIZE FRUIT TREES.

THE Subscriber offers for sale, at his NURSERY, in DORCHESTER—

3000 large Pyramid Pear Trees, on Quince Roots.
5000 very large Standard Pear Trees, on their own roots.

10,000 Imported Dwarf Pear Trees, in perfect order, and fine size, embracing in the collection the Beurre d'Angouleme, Beurre d'Anjou, Beurre de Sterkman's, and other superior new varieties.

Many of the above are remarkable for their strength and beautiful form, and with proper care will produce fruit next season.

Also—A general assortment of Apples, Cherries, Plums, Peaches, &c.

MARSHALL P. WILDER.

N. B.—Grove Hall Candles leave for Dorchester from No. 11 Franklin street, Boston, several times each day. 1f

Collector's Notice.

ALL Taxes assessed upon the people of Quincy for the year 1854 are due on or before January 1st, 1855.

Many persons suppose they make it right, when they delay payment, by paying interest.

Such persons are hereby informed—

1st. That the Collector has no authority to lend the Town's money.

2d. If he had such authority, it would not be considered a prudent business transaction, to lend money to men who could not readily raise cash enough to pay their taxes, when due.

3d. The legal name of interest on taxes, is cost.

Taxes will be received at the Quincy Reading Room every Monday evening, from 7 to 9 o'clock, till January 1st, 1855. Also at the same place, all day Saturday, December 30th. Any person not having received a bill is requested to call for it.

All male persons residing in Quincy May 1st, 1854, who were of the age of 20 years and upwards, were liable to be taxed.

Information wanted in regard to the present residence of persons, who have left this town since May, but are still in this State.

STEPHEN MORSE, Jr., Collector. Quincy, Nov. 10. 1f

Coughs, Colds, etc.

MRS. E. HAYDEN offers for sale, a variety of Medicines for Coughs, Colds, &c., among which are—

Allen's Balsam Liverwort and Hoarhound; Bachan's Hungarian Balsam; Ayer's Cherry Pectoral; Hollis's Balsam of America; Wistar's and Wilson's Balsam of Wild Cherry; Miller's and Jayne's Expectorant; Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup; Gould's Compound Cough Syrup; Warren's and Wilson's pure Cod Liver Oil, with Phosphate of Lime and Sugar of Milk; Burnett's, and various other preparations for the cure of the same diseases.

Quincy, Nov. 11. 1f

Painting Business.

THE subscriber has removed his place of business from the head of Granite street to the Shop formerly occupied by the late John Newcomb, Summer street, near the head of Gay street, where he is prepared to answer all orders in his line with promptness and in a satisfactory manner.

LIBA LITCHFIELD. Quincy, Nov. 11. 3w

GROCERIES AT AUCTION.

THE entire Stock of O. JOSSELYN'S, West India Goods Store, will be sold, without reserve, at public auction, on THURSDAY next, Nov. 16th, commencing at 9 o'clock, A. M.

Also—Shoe Findings, 1 Ice Chest, 4 tons of Coal, etc., etc.

Cash on delivery of the Goods.

GEO. H. FRECH, Auc. Quincy, Nov. 11. 1w

WOOD AT AUCTION.

WILL be sold at public auction, on WEDNESDAY next, the 15th day of November inst., at 1 o'clock P. M., the Wood standing on 4 acres of land of heirs of the late Lemuel Spear, 1-4 mile West of Belvidere, being good market wood, and a good road to the lot, which is adjoining the wood lately sold by O. T. Rogers, Esq.

EBEN R. ADAMS, Auc. Quincy, Nov. 11. 1w

Taken Up.

ON Thursday last, a RED COW, with letter N marked on her rump. For further information, apply at THIS OFFICE.

Quincy, Nov. 11. 3w

TOWN MEETING.

NORFOLK SS. To either of the Constables of the Town of Quincy, - - - GREETING.

YOU are hereby required (in the name of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts) to notify and warn the inhabitants of the Town of Quincy qualified to vote in Elections and in Town Affairs, to meet at the Town Hall, in said Town, on MONDAY, the 13th day of November, instant, at 9 o'clock A. M., for the following purposes, viz:—

FIRST MEETING.

1st.—To choose a Moderator.

2d.—To hear and act on the Report of the Selectmen, now on file in the Town Clerk's Office, relative to straightening or widening Canal street.

3d.—To hear and act on the Report of the Selectmen, now on file in the Town Clerk's Office, relative to straightening and widening Squantum street.

4th.—To see if the Town will name that part of Washington street beginning at the southerly line of the estate owned by G. F. Thayer, Esq., and thence to Temple street, together with Temple street, from the Hay Scales to Post Office, as Washington Square.

SECOND MEETING.

And you are further required by the authority aforesaid, to notify and warn said Inhabitants to meet at said place, on the said day, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the following purposes, viz:—

1st.—To see if the Town will elect two Representatives to represent them in the next General Court of this Commonwealth.

2d.—To give in their votes (on one ballot,) for a Governor, Lieutenant Governor, three Senators for Norfolk County, two Representatives if the Town so determine, and for a Representative to the 34th Congress of the United States for District No. 3, and for one County Commissioner for Norfolk County.

Votes for the above Officers may be deposited in sealed envelopes, or openly, at the option of the voter.

Hereof fail not, and make return thereof unto the Town Clerk, at or before the time precluded for the first named meeting.

Given under our hands, at Quincy, this first day of November, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four.

LEWIS BASS, } Selection of
HORATIO N. GLOVER, } of
WILLIAM ELLISON, } Quincy.

A true copy. Attest,
GEORGE CRANE, Notable of Quincy.

NORFOLK SS. Quincy, Nov. 1st, 1854.

PURSUANT to the above Warrant, I hereby notify and warn the Inhabitants of the Town of Quincy, qualified as therein expressed, to meet at the times, place, and for the purposes therein named.

GEORGE CRANE, Constable of Quincy. Nov. 4. 2w

Geo. Savil & Co.'s Column.

1854.

George Savil & Co., GOODNOW'S BUILDING, CORNER HANCOCK & GRANITE STS. QUINCY.

ARE daily receiving NEW STYLES GOODS for Fall and Winter, to which the attention of Purchasers is requested. We have now on hand a good assortment of—

PRINTS, DELAINES, CASHMERE, ALPACCAS, ALEPINS, MOURNING CRAPE, MOHAIR LUSTRE, MADONNAS, LYONNE, THIBETS, GALA PLAIDS, BLACK SILKS, LADIES' CLOTHS, VELVETS, WOOLLEN & CASHMERE SHAWLS, DRESS & CLOAK TRIMMINGS, EMBROIDERIES, SHEETINGS, SHIRTINGS, BLANKETS, COTTON FLANNELS, DENIMS, TICKINGS, DIAPERS, WOOLLEN YARNS, CAMBRICS, SILECIA, PATCHES, TABLE COVERS, WROUGHT COLLARS, UNDER HOSIES, UNDER SLEEVES, HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c.,

which we shall sell at a small advance from Cost.

WOOLLEN GOODS.

CLOTHS, CASHMERE, DOESKINS, SATINETTS, VESTINGS, DRESS FROCKS, BUSINESS FROCKS, BUSINESS SACKS, PANTS, VESTS, OVERALLS, Boys' Jackets, Coats, Pants and Vests.

—ALSO—

READY MADE CLOTHING

Consisting in part of

OVERCOATS, DRESS FROCKS, BUSINESS FROCKS, BUSINESS SACKS, PANTS, VESTS, OVERALLS, Boys' Jackets, Coats, Pants and Vests.

—ALSO—

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

IN GREAT VARIETY.

Shirts, Bosoms, Dickies, Gloves, Stocks, Neck Ties, Handkerchiefs, Under Shirts, Drawers, Suspenders, Socks, Hats, Caps, Umbrellas &c.

—ALSO—

FURNITURE,

Consisting in part of

Poetry.

By Request.

The Old Log School-house.
I remember, I remember,
Where once I went to school;
Where lofty trees their way bought
Through the breeze cool.
There stood the school-house made of logs,
Chinked up with mud and clay,
With low thatched roof and windows small,
That scarce let in the day.

I remember, I remember,
The weather-beaten door,
That opened with a dismal groan
And scraped along the floor.
The benches, too, whereon we sat,
Placed close against the wall,
So high, we scarcely dared to move,
Lest we should get a fall.

I remember, I remember,
The cheerful happy looks
The scholars always used to wear
With eyes upon their books.
The table, desk, and broken chair
I never shall forget;
The crumbling chimney, smoked and gray,
I almost see them yet.

I remember, I remember,
The moon-mark on the floor,
Besides another mark, that told
Precisely when 'twas there.
I used to watch the sun-bugs creep
Along the dingy wall,
And thought I saw a half a face,
So slowly did it crawl.

I remember, I remember,
The merry, happy shout
That used to ring upon the air,
When "boys and girls went out."
And then the noisy prattling band
Were off like buzzing bees,
Ere for a game of "hide and seek"
Among the shady trees.

I remember, I remember,
The cool spring in the rock,
At which we drank from smooth green cups,
Made of the broad leaved dock.
And then away to the breezy swing,
Hanging in the beechen tree.
We fly, and woods and valleys ring
With childhood's revelry.

I remember, I remember,
Those faces young and fair;
Alas! where are those loved ones now?
Sad echoes answer—where?
Some, far from early friends have gone
O'er the wide world to roam,
While others in the silent grave
Have found a long, long home.

I'll never forget, I'll never forget,
My early childhood joys,
The old log house and happy band
Of romping girls and boys.
Though many years may roll away,
I'll love and friendship end,
I'll wear the memory in my heart
Of every school-day friend.

OLIVIA.

To a Mother on the Death of a Daughter.

Mother! I've news for thee from Heaven!
Thy daughter boweth near the throne!
Oh! can't thou not for her rejoice,
Though thou art left alone?

Hast thou not seen her lovely eye
Gaze on thee through her glittering tears,
Though thou didst grieve from every ill
To shield her tender years?

Mother! thy daughter weeps no more,
For all her tears are wiped away;
Exhiled like dew drops on the rose,
Beneath the sun's bright ray.

Mother! thy daughter is in heaven;
And pain can never reach her there;
No sickness comes to those who breathe
That pure, delightful air.

Look up with Faith's observant eye,
And see that ANGEL daughter now!
I would not wish to call her back
To this dark world—wouldst thou?

Anecdotes.

A foolish fellow went to the parish priest
and told him with a very long face, that he
had seen a ghost.
"When and where?" said the pastor.
"Last night," replied the timid man, "I
was passing by the church, and up against
the wall of it I beheld the specter."

"In what shape did it appear?" said the
priest.
"It appeared to be the shape of a great
ass."

"Go home, and hold your tongue about it,"
rejoined the pastor; "you are a very timid
man, and have been frightened by your own
shadow."

A devotee lamented to her confessor her
love of gaming.
"Ah, madam," replied the priest, "it is a
grievous sin. In the first place, consider the
loss of time."

"Yes," replied the fair penitent.
"I have often begrudged the time that is
lost in shuffling and dealing."

"Waiter, I'll take my hat," said a gentle-
man at a party one evening, as he was about
going home.
"What kind of a hat did you wear?"
"A bran new hat that I paid ten dollars for
this morning."

"Well, sir, all the good hats have been
gone more than two hours."

A boy having complained to his father that
Bill had thrown the Bible at him, and hurt
him on the head, the father replied—
"Well, you are the only member of my
family on whom the Bible ever made the least
impression."

"Ned has run away with your wife," said
one friend to another.
"Poor fellow, I pity him!" was the reply.

Rates and Rules of Advertising.

In the Newspapers in Norfolk and Plymouth
Counties, adopted at a meeting of Editors
and Publishers, in said Counties, August
21, 1854.

PROBATE NOTICES.
Citations, 3 weeks, \$1.50
Allowance of Accounts, 2 weeks, 1.00
Application for Appointment as Guardian,
3 weeks, 1.50
Application for Appointment as Adminis-
trator, 3 weeks, 1.50
Application for Appointment as Executor, 3
weeks, 1.50
Administrators' Notices, 2 weeks, 1.25
Executors' Notices, 2 weeks, 1.25
Commissioners' Notices, 6 weeks, 2.25
Petition to Judge of Probate, and Order of
Notice thereon, 3 weeks (per square) 1.25

CHANCERY NOTICES.
Mortgages, 2 weeks, 1.50
Assignments, " 3 " 1.25
COMMISSIONERS' AND COURT NOTICES.
County Commissioners' Notices of Roads,
&c., 3 weeks, 5.00
Legislative and Court Advertisements, and
other Legal Notices not embraced above,
3 weeks or less (per square) 1.25

TRANSIENT ADVERTISEMENTS.
All Transient Advertisements, 3 weeks or
less (per square) 1.25
All Transient Advertisements, 2 weeks or
less (per half square) 75

SPECIAL NOTICES.
All Special Notices, 1 or 2 weeks (per sq.) 1.25
" " " 3 " " 1.50
" " " 4 " " (per half sq.) 1.00
" " " 1 " " 75

EDITORIAL NOTICES.
All Editorial Notices (per line) 10
YEARLY ADVERTISEMENTS.
Advertisements running one year (per sq.) 12.00
" " " 2 " " 24.00
" " " 3 " " 36.00
" " " 4 " " 48.00
" " " 5 " " 60.00
" " " 6 " " 72.00
" " " 7 " " 84.00
" " " 8 " " 96.00
" " " 9 " " 108.00
" " " 10 " " 120.00
" " " 11 " " 132.00
" " " 12 " " 144.00
" " " 13 " " 156.00
" " " 14 " " 168.00
" " " 15 " " 180.00
" " " 16 " " 192.00
" " " 17 " " 204.00
" " " 18 " " 216.00
" " " 19 " " 228.00
" " " 20 " " 240.00
" " " 21 " " 252.00
" " " 22 " " 264.00
" " " 23 " " 276.00
" " " 24 " " 288.00
" " " 25 " " 300.00
" " " 26 " " 312.00
" " " 27 " " 324.00
" " " 28 " " 336.00
" " " 29 " " 348.00
" " " 30 " " 360.00
" " " 31 " " 372.00
" " " 32 " " 384.00
" " " 33 " " 396.00
" " " 34 " " 408.00
" " " 35 " " 420.00
" " " 36 " " 432.00
" " " 37 " " 444.00
" " " 38 " " 456.00
" " " 39 " " 468.00
" " " 40 " " 480.00
" " " 41 " " 492.00
" " " 42 " " 504.00
" " " 43 " " 516.00
" " " 44 " " 528.00
" " " 45 " " 540.00
" " " 46 " " 552.00
" " " 47 " " 564.00
" " " 48 " " 576.00
" " " 49 " " 588.00
" " " 50 " " 600.00
" " " 51 " " 612.00
" " " 52 " " 624.00
" " " 53 " " 636.00
" " " 54 " " 648.00
" " " 55 " " 660.00
" " " 56 " " 672.00
" " " 57 " " 684.00
" " " 58 " " 696.00
" " " 59 " " 708.00
" " " 60 " " 720.00
" " " 61 " " 732.00
" " " 62 " " 744.00
" " " 63 " " 756.00
" " " 64 " " 768.00
" " " 65 " " 780.00
" " " 66 " " 792.00
" " " 67 " " 804.00
" " " 68 " " 816.00
" " " 69 " " 828.00
" " " 70 " " 840.00
" " " 71 " " 852.00
" " " 72 " " 864.00
" " " 73 " " 876.00
" " " 74 " " 888.00
" " " 75 " " 900.00
" " " 76 " " 912.00
" " " 77 " " 924.00
" " " 78 " " 936.00
" " " 79 " " 948.00
" " " 80 " " 960.00
" " " 81 " " 972.00
" " " 82 " " 984.00
" " " 83 " " 996.00
" " " 84 " " 1008.00
" " " 85 " " 1020.00
" " " 86 " " 1032.00
" " " 87 " " 1044.00
" " " 88 " " 1056.00
" " " 89 " " 1068.00
" " " 90 " " 1080.00
" " " 91 " " 1092.00
" " " 92 " " 1104.00
" " " 93 " " 1116.00
" " " 94 " " 1128.00
" " " 95 " " 1140.00
" " " 96 " " 1152.00
" " " 97 " " 1164.00
" " " 98 " " 1176.00
" " " 99 " " 1188.00
" " " 100 " " 1200.00

TO BE CHANGED AT THE OPTION OF THE ADVERTISER.
Not otherwise, however, than once a month.
All Advertisements running one year with-
out being renewed (per square) 10.00

BUSINESS CARDS.
Business Cards, not exceeding half a square,
one year, not less than 5.00
ADVERTISING AGENTS.
All Advertising Agents to be charged at the
same rates specified in the above scale.

CHARITABLE SOCIETIES.
No Advertisements to be inserted gratuitously
for Charitable or other Societies, Companies, or
Public Institutions.
EXHIBITIONS AND CONCERTS.
Notices of Transient Exhibitions and Concerts
to be charged at full prices.
ONE SQUARE.
Twelve lines of Minion or Nonpareil type shall
constitute a square.

(Signed)
JOHN A. GREEN, Quincy Patriot.
Blossom & Easternbrook, Hingham Journal.
L. B. & O. E. WESTON, Norfolk Co. Journal.
O. PUTNAM BACON, Dorchester Chronicle.
CHARLES A. S. PERKINS, Plymouth Rock.
H. O. HILLMAN, Dedham Gazette.
JAMES THURBER, Old Colony Memorial.
GEORGE POINNEY, N. Bridgewater Gazette.
WILLIAM BENNE, Massachusetts Journal.
To be inserted in the several Newspapers
published in Norfolk and Plymouth Counties.
Per order.

JOHN A. GREEN, Chairman.
O. PUTNAM BACON, Secretary.

GRANITE SALOON.
THE subscriber would most respectfully in-
form his friends and the public, that he has
fitted up the Basement Room, in Goodnow's
Building, on Granite Street, where he intends to
keep a good supply of
Oysters, Fruits and Refreshments.
He hopes, by constant attention to the wants of
the public, to merit a share of patronage.
LURING A. FRENCH.
Quincy, March 25.

DR. S. STOCKING,
DENTAL SURGEON,
No. 51 Tremont Row, (op stairs,) Boston.
Terms for the Season.
Full upper or under set, from \$35 to \$80.
Parts of Sets, in favorable cases, from \$15 to \$40.
Parts of Sets, in unfavorable cases, from \$15 to \$40.
Filling with Gold, from 50 cents to
\$3.00. Extracting 25 cents without, and
\$3.00 with, the use of ether. All
operations warranted, and the finest gold used.

Opinions of the Boston Press.
"A long experience and correct taste of
Dr. Stocking, of this city, eminently qualify
him to set artificial teeth, that look well, feel
well, wear well, and work well; and, what is
rather remarkable, he seems to be better pleas-
ed with furnishing good work than with exor-
bitant prices for it, a trait not common with
the profession."—*Evening Traveller.*
"We advise all toothless persons to call on
Dr. Stocking, of this city, and procure some
artificial teeth of his manufacture. We offer
this advice with the more confidence, because
whatever he undertakes to do, he does well.
No one who is acquainted with him can doubt
that Nature designed him for a dentist of the
right stamp."—*Morning Post.*
"No Dentist among us is better qualified to
improve the condition of the mouth, by set-
ting, filling, extracting, cleansing, regulating,
&c. of the teeth, than Dr. Stocking of this
city. His reputation for dental skill is too
well established to be doubted."—*Evening
Transcript.*
"Dr. Stocking of this city, possesses the right
qualifications for his profession, requiring, as
it does, a combination of patience, care,
skill and gentleness, with a thorough knowl-
edge of all the intricacies of the business."—*Boston
Journal.*
"If any of our readers have got the tooth-
ache, and wish to know who can extract it
with the least pain, we should say, Dr. Stock-
ing; or, if they want their teeth filled, and
filled right, we should say, by all means go to
Dr. Stocking. And, above all, if you wish
for artificial teeth, that every body calls the
perfection of art, he is the one to furnish them,
and at a reasonable price."—*Daily Times.*
3m.

Cure for Canker, etc.
DR. WEAVER'S Canker Cure, for canker,
sore-throat and scarlet fever.
ATWOOD'S Canker Drops.
For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN,
Quincy, Feb. 19.

White & French,
Attorneys at Law,
Room No. 15, Webster Bank Building,
Exchange Street, --- BOSTON.
GEORGE WHITE. ASA FRENCH.
May 20.

HENRY A. RANSOM,
AUCTIONEER.
RESPECTFULLY offers his services to the
public in the disposal of Real and Personal
property, and hereby solicits a share of patronage.
Quincy, April 8.

KIRK & Travis,
Dealers in Teas and Coffees
OF THE PUREST QUALITY.
Also, West India Goods, and pure old Wines
and Liquors are imported, and suitable for
retail and wholesale.
Also, London Porter and Scotch Ale, and Ha-
vanna Cigars.
H. B. KIRK.
WM. E. TRAVIS.
No. 106 Kneeland Street.
Boston, April 16, 1853.

ALL KINDS OF
Job Printing,
SUCH AS
POSTERS, BILLS, OF ALL KINDS,
BILL-HEADS, BRACKETS, CARDS,
AND EVERY VARIETY OF
BOOK PLAIN, AND FANCY
PRINTING,
Neatly Executed at the Quincy Patriot Office,
WITH CHEAPNESS AND DESPATCH.

NATHANIEL WHITE,
HAS FOR SALE—
LUMBER,
Nails, Lime, Brick & Sand
--- ALSO ---
Coal, Hard and Soft Wood.
QUINCY CANAL WHARF.
July 10, 1852.

William E. Colburn's
Quincy and Boston Express
LEAVES BOSTON DAILY,
At 2 1/2 o'clock, P. M.,
From 24 and 25 Brattle Square, and 29
South Market Street.
All orders promptly attended to. -49
April 2, 1853.

ISRAEL W. MUNROE,
DEALER IN
Dry Goods, Crockery, Glass and
Hardware,
together with a full assortment of choice
W. I. GOODS & GROCERIES,
all of which will be sold at the very lowest prices
and delivered at any part of the Town free of ex-
pense.
Quincy, Jan. 22, 1853.

FISHER A. KINGSBURY,
Counsellor at Law,
Commissioner for the States of
MAINE, NEW HAMPSHIRE, VER-
MONT, CONNECTICUT, RHODE
ISLAND AND NEW YORK.
Weymouth, Mass.
Nov. 26.

JOSEPH G. BRACKETT,
DEALER IN—
LUMBER;
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
--- ALSO ---
Lime, Sand, Bricks and Hair.
Dimension Frames furnished at short notice.
Quincy, June 12.

ARNOLD'S
Patent Sash Lock,
The best Fastening for bottom or top Sashes
yet invented, sold by
JOHN O. FOYE,
Owner of the Patent Right.
DEALER IN
Hardware, Pumps, Doors, Sashes,
Blinds, Glass, &c., &c.,
Weymouth Landing, Mass.
Sept. 9.

Francis Marden
WOULD inform the public that he has recent-
ly fitted up the shop lately occupied by Mr.
SAMUEL COPLAN, and is ready to furnish all
with Meigs' oil of the very best quality.
Quincy, April 2.

Horse and Cattle Medicines.
T. K. VERY'S Arabian Horse Powders,
for Coughs, Colic, Influenza, Horse Ail,
&c., &c.
Very's Horse and Cattle LOTION.
DADD'S Horse and Cattle Medicines.
For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Jan. 28.

Perfumery, Oils, etc.
CHOICEST Perfumery, Cosmetics, Hair Oil,
Hair Dye, Deodorizers, etc., at
DR. MARDEN'S.
Quincy, Dec. 10.

Blankets.
ALL sizes and qualities—just received and for
sale low, at
I. W. MUNROE'S.
Quincy Oct. 28.

For sale Cheap,
LOT 44 DOMET PLANN L, by
I. W. MUNROE
Quincy, Oct. 21.

WHITE & FRENCH,
Attorneys at Law,
Room No. 15, Webster Bank Building,
Exchange Street, --- BOSTON.
GEORGE WHITE. ASA FRENCH.
May 20.

HENRY A. RANSOM,
AUCTIONEER.
RESPECTFULLY offers his services to the
public in the disposal of Real and Personal
property, and hereby solicits a share of patronage.
Quincy, April 8.

KIRK & Travis,
Dealers in Teas and Coffees
OF THE PUREST QUALITY.
Also, West India Goods, and pure old Wines
and Liquors are imported, and suitable for
retail and wholesale.
Also, London Porter and Scotch Ale, and Ha-
vanna Cigars.
H. B. KIRK.
WM. E. TRAVIS.
No. 106 Kneeland Street.
Boston, April 16, 1853.

ALL KINDS OF
Job Printing,
SUCH AS
POSTERS, BILLS, OF ALL KINDS,
BILL-HEADS, BRACKETS, CARDS,
AND EVERY VARIETY OF
BOOK PLAIN, AND FANCY
PRINTING,
Neatly Executed at the Quincy Patriot Office,
WITH CHEAPNESS AND DESPATCH.

NATHANIEL WHITE,
HAS FOR SALE—
LUMBER,
Nails, Lime, Brick & Sand
--- ALSO ---
Coal, Hard and Soft Wood.
QUINCY CANAL WHARF.
July 10, 1852.

William E. Colburn's
Quincy and Boston Express
LEAVES BOSTON DAILY,
At 2 1/2 o'clock, P. M.,
From 24 and 25 Brattle Square, and 29
South Market Street.
All orders promptly attended to. -49
April 2, 1853.

ISRAEL W. MUNROE,
DEALER IN
Dry Goods, Crockery, Glass and
Hardware,
together with a full assortment of choice
W. I. GOODS & GROCERIES,
all of which will be sold at the very lowest prices
and delivered at any part of the Town free of ex-
pense.
Quincy, Jan. 22, 1853.

FISHER A. KINGSBURY,
Counsellor at Law,
Commissioner for the States of
MAINE, NEW HAMPSHIRE, VER-
MONT, CONNECTICUT, RHODE
ISLAND AND NEW YORK.
Weymouth, Mass.
Nov. 26.

JOSEPH G. BRACKETT,
DEALER IN—
LUMBER;
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
--- ALSO ---
Lime, Sand, Bricks and Hair.
Dimension Frames furnished at short notice.
Quincy, June 12.

ARNOLD'S
Patent Sash Lock,
The best Fastening for bottom or top Sashes
yet invented, sold by
JOHN O. FOYE,
Owner of the Patent Right.
DEALER IN
Hardware, Pumps, Doors, Sashes,
Blinds, Glass, &c., &c.,
Weymouth Landing, Mass.
Sept. 9.

Francis Marden
WOULD inform the public that he has recent-
ly fitted up the shop lately occupied by Mr.
SAMUEL COPLAN, and is ready to furnish all
with Meigs' oil of the very best quality.
Quincy, April 2.

Horse and Cattle Medicines.
T. K. VERY'S Arabian Horse Powders,
for Coughs, Colic, Influenza, Horse Ail,
&c., &c.
Very's Horse and Cattle LOTION.
DADD'S Horse and Cattle Medicines.
For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Jan. 28.

Perfumery, Oils, etc.
CHOICEST Perfumery, Cosmetics, Hair Oil,
Hair Dye, Deodorizers, etc., at
DR. MARDEN'S.
Quincy, Dec. 10.

Blankets.
ALL sizes and qualities—just received and for
sale low, at
I. W. MUNROE'S.
Quincy Oct. 28.

For sale Cheap,
LOT 44 DOMET PLANN L, by
I. W. MUNROE
Quincy, Oct. 21.

WHITE & FRENCH,
Attorneys at Law,
Room No. 15, Webster Bank Building,
Exchange Street, --- BOSTON.
GEORGE WHITE. ASA FRENCH.
May 20.

HENRY A. RANSOM,
AUCTIONEER.
RESPECTFULLY offers his services to the
public in the disposal of Real and Personal
property, and hereby solicits a share of patronage.
Quincy, April 8.

KIRK & Travis,
Dealers in Teas and Coffees
OF THE PUREST QUALITY.
Also, West India Goods, and pure old Wines
and Liquors are imported, and suitable for
retail and wholesale.
Also, London Porter and Scotch Ale, and Ha-
vanna Cigars.
H. B. KIRK.
WM. E. TRAVIS.
No. 106 Kneeland Street.
Boston, April 16, 1853.

ALL KINDS OF
Job Printing,
SUCH AS
POSTERS, BILLS, OF ALL KINDS,
BILL-HEADS, BRACKETS, CARDS,
AND EVERY VARIETY OF
BOOK PLAIN, AND FANCY
PRINTING,
Neatly Executed at the Quincy Patriot Office,
WITH CHEAPNESS AND DESPATCH.

NATHANIEL WHITE,
HAS FOR SALE—
LUMBER,
Nails, Lime, Brick & Sand
--- ALSO ---
Coal, Hard and Soft Wood.
QUINCY CANAL WHARF.
July 10, 1852.

William E. Colburn's
Quincy and Boston Express
LEAVES BOSTON DAILY,
At 2 1/2 o'clock, P. M.,
From 24 and 25 Brattle Square, and 29
South Market Street.
All orders promptly attended to. -49
April 2, 1853.

ISRAEL W. MUNROE,
DEALER IN
Dry Goods, Crockery, Glass and
Hardware,
together with a full assortment of choice
W. I. GOODS & GROCERIES,
all of which will be sold at the very lowest prices
and delivered at any part of the Town free of ex-
pense.
Quincy, Jan. 22, 1853.

FISHER A. KINGSBURY,
Counsellor at Law,
Commissioner for the States of
MAINE, NEW HAMPSHIRE, VER-
MONT, CONNECTICUT, RHODE
ISLAND AND NEW YORK.
Weymouth, Mass.
Nov. 26.

JOSEPH G. BRACKETT,
DEALER IN—
LUMBER;
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
--- ALSO ---
Lime, Sand, Bricks and Hair.
Dimension Frames furnished at short notice.
Quincy, June 12.

ARNOLD'S
Patent Sash Lock,
The best Fastening for bottom or top Sashes
yet invented, sold by
JOHN O. FOYE,
Owner of the Patent Right.
DEALER IN
Hardware, Pumps, Doors, Sashes,
Blinds, Glass, &c., &c.,
Weymouth Landing, Mass.
Sept. 9.

Francis Marden
WOULD inform the public that he has recent-
ly fitted up the shop lately occupied by Mr.
SAMUEL COPLAN, and is ready to furnish all
with Meigs' oil of the very best quality.
Quincy, April 2.

Horse and Cattle Medicines.
T. K. VERY'S Arabian Horse Powders,
for Coughs, Colic, Influenza, Horse Ail,
&c., &c.
Very's Horse and Cattle LOTION.
DADD'S Horse and Cattle Medicines.
For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Jan. 28.

Perfumery, Oils, etc.
CHOICEST Perfumery, Cosmetics, Hair Oil,
Hair Dye, Deodorizers, etc., at
DR. MARDEN'S.
Quincy, Dec. 10.

Blankets.
ALL sizes and qualities—just received and for
sale low, at
I. W. MUNROE'S.
Quincy Oct. 28.

For sale Cheap,
LOT 44 DOMET PLANN L, by
I. W. MUNROE
Quincy, Oct. 21.

QUINCY
Marble & Granite Works.
MONUMENTS,
Grave stones, Tablets, &c.
McGrath, Mitchell & Co.

RESPECTFULLY invite
attention to this estab-
lishment, now opened near the
South Quincy Depot,
where MONUMENTAL work
of every description, from the
simplest Grave Stone or Tab-
let to the most elegant and
elaborate Monument is exe-
cuted in the very best style.
Long experience in the busi-
ness, and a thorough compe-
tency in the Art of Designing,
enables the Conductors of these works to carry out
the ideas and suit the various tastes and require-
ments of persons in need of such articles.

GRANITE WORK.
--- in all its forms ---
FRONTS FOR BUILDINGS,
MONUMENTS, STEPS,
TOMB FRONTS, FENCE POSTS,
Underpinning, Cellar Stones, &c., &c.,
furnished on order, by
C. R. & C. Mitchell.

A large collection of Monumental Designs, (all
drawn in the Establishment) and which, as well as
the work, attest the skill and competency of the
Proprietors, are on hand, and the public are re-
spectfully invited to call and inspect them.
(Orders sent by Mail will be faithfully exe-
cuted with despatch and at reasonable prices.)
Quincy, July 22.

STOVES! STOVES!!
THE subscriber has
opened his Shop on
Hancock Street, near
opposite the Stone
Cup, where will be
found a NEW AS-
SORTMENT OF
Stoves, Tin, Japan
and Britannia
Ware as can be found
in the market.

Also—Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Work done
to order, in a neat and workmanlike manner.
The subscriber would invite his old patrons and
the public generally, to give him a call where he
will be found personally to attend to them, and all
orders done to satisfaction.
Hence it is
The subscriber hopes by strict attention to busi-
ness and a desire to please to merit a share of public
patronage.
CHARLES HOLMES.
Quincy, July 22.

Insurance against Fire.
THE QUINCY MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE
COMPANY of Massachusetts, in-
sures Real and Personal Property against the loss
of Fire, for five years or less, on favorable
terms.
Farmers, Merchants, Household, Traders,
Merchants, and all Owners of Property not extra-
hazardous, are solicited to patronize this Com-
pany; every effort will be made to accommodate
customers.
Letters, by mail or otherwise, from persons re-
siding at a distance, relating to Fire Insurance,
will be promptly attended to.

PRESIDENT,
WILLIAM S. MORTON;
VICE PRESIDENT,
ISRAEL W. MUNROE;
SECRETARY,
STEPHEN BATES;
DIRECTORS,
Quincy, Milton,
William S. Morton, George Thompson,
Israel W. Munroe, Charles Brock,
Gideon F. Thayer, Dor

Poetry.

Know Nothing and Know Something.
A Conversation held between them, after the
second Lecture before the Quincy Lyceum.

[Reported by John.]

K. S.—Sure you can find no fault to night.
All things seem so auspicious.
Who ever saw a better audience.—
The Lecturer too is here, and not a cloud is near
To hide the sun of our enjoyment.

K. N.—Your dull comprehension cannot tell
a cloud from sky;
To me it seems all cloud.

Waiting a half hour for the President
Is sure no small affair.
The Lecturer, no doubt is talented,
But his name is Neale—
Savoring too much of kneeling Catholics.
The Town Fathers deserve a keen rebuke
For spending our money to purchase brazen
frames

And not a cent for seats.
K. S.—Hold, the Vice President has introduced
the speaker.

K. N.—Well, let him speak—I'll hear with
patience.
What's that rumbling noise below?

K. S.—Some people of the town have a dance
there to night.

K. N.—Greece met there to disturb our lecture.
Thinking great Balingame would come!
My Enthusiasm would exterminate them all;
Send them to the rack, and have their groans all
painted.

K. S.—While listening to the noise, you lost a
lecture.

Which would have been of lasting benefit.
Enthusiasm was defined in various ways.
Then illustrations given of its different forms;
Showing that all are fitted for some sphere,
Greater or less, and none to be discarded.
Some few could flourish well in various spheres,
But the great mass must stick to one great ob-
ject.

He pitted men who lived this mortal life
Old Bachelors, and recommended early marriage.
Gave many anecdotes in pleasant mood.
Then closed with eulogy of that immortal name
Who first was in our country's list of fame,
And a true hater of all foreign power.

K. N.—A glorious ending.
Adams was the true father of our order.
His principles have now grown ripe,
And soon we'll have an alien law
More rigid even than his.
Our President has come,
But made a miserable apology
To escape a vote of censure.

Beyond the River.

Time is a river deep and wide;
And while along its banks we stray,
We see our loved ones o'er its tide
Sail from our sight away, away.
Where are they sped—they who return
No more to glad our longing eyes?
They've passed from life's contracted bourne
To land unseen, unknown, that lies
Beyond the river.

'Tis hid from view; but we may guess
How beautiful that realm must be;
For gleamings of its loveliness,
In visions granted, oft we see.
The very clouds that o'er it throw
Their veil, unraised for mortal sight,
With gold and purple tints glow,
Reflected from the glorious light
Beyond the river.

And gentle airs, so sweet, so calm,
Steal sometimes from that viewless sphere;
The mourner feels their breath of balm,
And soothed sorrow dries the tear.
And sometimes 'tis a joy to gain
Entrancing sound that hither floats,
The echo of a distant strain,
Of harp and voices' blended notes,
Beyond the river.

There are our loved ones in their rest;
They've crossed Time's River; now no more
They heed the bubbles on its breast,
Nor feel the storms that sweep its shore.
But there pure love can live, can last—
They look for us as their home to share;
When we in turn away have passed,
What joyful greetings wait us there,
Beyond the river.

On a Printer.

Here lies a form—place no imposing stone
To mark the bed where weary it is laid;
'Tis matter dead—its mission all being done
To be distributed to dust again.
The body's but the type, at best, of man,
Whose impress in the spirit's deathless page;
Worn out, the type is thrown to pit again,
The impression lives through an eternal age.

Anecdotes.

"I say boy, stop that ox!"
"I haven't got no stopper."
"Well, head him, then."
"He's already headed, sir."
"Confound your impertinence, turn him!"
"He's right side out already, sir."
"Speak to him, you rascal, you!"
"Good morning, Mr. Ox."

A poor fellow having got his skull fractured,
was told by the doctor that the brain
was visible, on which he remarked, "Do write
to tell father, for he always swore I had
none."

"Do you not find my eyes expressive of
my feelings?" said a sentimental lover to the
lady he desired to please.

"O yes, I presume so," said the lady,
"they make me think of a codfish dying with
the tooth ache."

"Jack," said one sailor to another, "I don't
want to hurt your feelings, but shiver my
timbers if I don't believe you stole my watch."

Rates and Rules of Advertising.
In the Newspapers in Norfolk and Plymouth
Counties, adopted at a meeting of Editors
and Publishers, in said Counties, August
21, 1854.

PROBATE NOTICES.

Citations, 3 weeks, \$1.50
Allowance of Account, 3 weeks, 1.00
Application for Appointment as Guardian,
3 weeks, 1.50

Application for Appointment as Administrator,
3 weeks, 1.50
Application for Appointment as Executor, 3
weeks, 1.50

Administrators' Notices, 3 weeks, 1.25
Executors' Notices, 1.25
Commissioners' Notices, 6 weeks, 2.25
Petition to Judge of Probate, and Order of
Notice thereon, 3 weeks (per square) 1.25

CHANCERY NOTICES.

Messengers Notices, 2 weeks, 1.50
Assignees' " 3 " 1.25

COMMISSIONERS' AND COURT NOTICES.
County Commissioners' Notices of Roads,
&c., 3 weeks, 5.00
Legislative and Court Advertisements, and
other Legal Notices not embraced above,
3 weeks or less, (per square) 1.25

TRANSIENT ADVERTISEMENTS.
All Transient Advertisements, 3 weeks or
less, (per square) 1.25
All Transient Advertisements, 3 weeks or
less, (per half square) 75

SPECIAL NOTICES.
All Special Notices, 1 or 2 weeks, (per sq.) 1.25
" " " 3 " 1.50
" " " 3 " (per half sq.) 1.00
" " " 1 " 75

EDITORIAL NOTICES.
All Editorial Notices, (per line) 10

YEARLY ADVERTISEMENTS.
Advertisements running one year, (per sq.) 12 00
" " " half " 7 00
" " " 3 months " 4 00
" " " one month " 2 00

Advertisements running one year with-
out being renewed, (per square) 10.00

BUSINESS CARDS.
Business Cards, not exceeding half a square,
one year, not less than 5.00

ADVERTISING AGENTS.
All Advertising Agents to be charged at the
same rates specified in the above scale.

CHARITABLE SOCIETIES.
No Advertisements to be inserted gratuitously
for Charitable or other Societies, Companies, or
Public Institutions.

EXHIBITIONS AND CONCERTS.
Notices of Transient Exhibitions and Concerts
to be charged at full prices.

ONE SQUARE.
Twelve lines of Minion or Nonpareil type shall
constitute a square.

(Signed)
JOHN A. GREEN, Chairman.
O. PUTNAM BACON, Secretary.

GRANITE SALOON.
THE subscriber would most respectfully in-
form his friends and the public, that he has
located on the Basement Room, in Goodnow's
Building, on Granite Street, where he intends to
keep a good supply of

Oysters, Fruits and Refreshments.
He hopes, by constant attention to the wants of
the public, to merit a share of patronage.
LORING A. FRENCH.
Quincy, March 25.

DR. S. STOCKING,
DENTAL SURGEON.
No. 53 Tremont Row, (up stairs), Boston.

Terms for the Season.
ENTIRE Sets of Teeth, from \$35 to \$50.
Full upper or under set, from \$15 to \$30.
Parts of Sets, in favorable cases, from \$1.50 to
\$3.50 per tooth. Pivot Teeth from \$1.50 to
\$3.00. Extracting 25 cents without, and
50 cents with, the use of ether. All
operations warranted, and the finest gold used.

Opinions of the Boston Press.
"The long experience and correct taste of
Dr. Stocking, of this city, eminently qualify
him to set artificial teeth, that look well, feel
well, wear well, and work well; and, what is
rather remarkable, he seems to be better pleased
with furnishing good work than with exorbi-
tant prices for it—a trait not common with the
profession."—Evening Traveller.

"We advise all toothless persons to call on
Dr. Stocking, of this city, and procure some
artificial teeth of his manufacture. We offer
this advice with the more confidence, because
whatever he undertakes to do, he does well.
No one who is acquainted with him can doubt
that Nature designed him for a dentist of the
right stamp."—Morning Post.

"No Dentist among us is better qualified to
improve the condition of the mouth, by set-
ting, filling, extracting, cleansing, regulating,
&c. of the teeth, than Dr. Stocking of this
city. His reputation for dental skill is too
well established to be doubted."—Evening
Transcript.

"Dr. Stocking of this city, possesses the right
qualifications for his profession;—requiring,
as it does, a combination of patience, care,
skill and gentleness, with a thorough knowl-
edge of all the intricacies of the business."—
Boston Journal.

"If any of our readers have got the tooth-
ache, and wish to know who can extract it
with the least pain, we should say, Dr. Stock-
ing; or, if they want their teeth filled, and
filled right, we should say, by all means go to
Dr. Stocking. And, above all, if you wish
for artificial teeth, that every body calls the
perfection of art, he is the one to furnish them,
and at a reasonable price."—Daily Times.
Boston, March 25.

Cure for Canker, etc.
DR. WEAVER'S Canker Cure GREEN-
VILLE'S Vegetable Extract, for canker,
sore-throat and sore-eyes.

ATWOOD'S Canker Drops.
For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Feb. 11.

WHITE & FRANK,
Attorneys at Law.

Room No. 15, Webster Bank Building,
Exchange Street, --- BOSTON.
GEORGE WHITE. ASA FRENCH.
May 20.

HENRY A. RANSOM,
AUCTIONEER.

RESPECTFULLY offers his services to the
public in the disposal of Real and Personal
property, and hereby solicits a share of patronage.
Quincy, April 8.

KIRK & TRAVIS.
Dealers in Teas and Coffees
OF THE PUREST QUALITY.

Also, West India Goods, and pure old Wines
and Liquors as imported, and suitable for in-
valids and sickness.
Also, London Porter and Scotch Ale, and Ha-
vana Cigars.
H. F. KIRK, and
WM. E. TRAVIS.

No. 106 Kneeland Street.
Boston, April 16, 1853.

ALL KINDS OF
Job Printing,

SUCH AS
POSTERS, BILLS, OF ALL KINDS,
BILL-HEADS, BLANKS, CARDS,
AND EVERY VARIETY OF
BOOK PLAIN, AND FANCY
PRINTING,

Neatly Executed at the Quincy Patriot Office,
WITH CHEAPNESS AND DESPATCH.

NATHANIEL WHITE,
—HAS FOR SALE—
LUMBER,

Nails, Lime, Brick and Sand
—ALSO—
Coal, Hard and Soft Wood,
QUINCY CANAL WHARF.

July 10, 1852.

William L. Colburn's
Quincy and Boston Express
LEAVES BOSTON DAILY,
AT 2 o'clock, P. M.,
From 24 and 25 Brattle Square, and 29
South Market Street.

65¢ All orders promptly attended to—
April 2, 1853.

ISRAEL W. MUNROE,
DEALER IN
Dry Goods, Crockery, Glass and
Hardware,

together with full assortment of choice
W. I. GOODS & GROCERIES,
all of which will be sold at the very lowest prices
and delivered at any part of the Town free of ex-
pense.
Quincy, Jan. 22, 1853.

FISHER A. KINGSBURY,
Counsellor at Law,
Commissioner for the States of
MAINE, NEW HAMPSHIRE, VER-
MONT, CONNECTICUT, RHODE
ISLAND AND NEW YORK.

Nov. 26. Weymouth, Mass.

JOSEPH G. BRACKETT,
—DEALER IN—
LUMBER;
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

ALSO
Lime, Sand, Bricks and Hair.
Dimension Frames furnished at short notice.
33—Purchasers with find it for their interest to
call and examine, before purchasing else-
where, as they will find a full assort-
ment at the lowest prices.
Quincy, June 12.

ARNOLD'S
Patent Sash Lock,
The best Fastening for bottom or top Sashes
yet invented, sold by
JOHN O. FOYE,
Owner of the Patent Right.

DEALER IN
Hardware, Pumps, Doors, Sashes,
Blinds, Glass, &c., &c.,
Weymouth Landing, Mass.

Sept. 9.

Francis Marden
WOULD inform the public that he has recent-
ly fitted up the shop lately occupied by Mr.
SAMUEL COPELAND, and is ready to furnish all
with Metals of the very best quality.
Quincy, April 2.

Horse and Cattle Medicines.
T. R. VERRY'S Arabian Horse Powders,
etc., etc.,
Verry's Horse and Cattle LOTION.
DADDY'S Horse and Cattle Medicines.
For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Jan. 25.

Perfumery, Oils, etc.
CHOICEST Perfumery, Cosmetics, Hair Oil,
Hair Dye, Dentifrices, etc., at
DR. MARDEN'S,
Goodnow's Building.
Quincy, Dec. 10.

Blankets.
ALL size and qualities—just received and for
sale low, at
I. W. MUNROE'S.
Quincy Oct. 28.

For sale cheap,
A LOT 44 DOMET FLANN L. by
I. W. MUNROE
Quincy, Oct. 21.

QUINCY
Marble & Granite Works.

MONUMENTS,
Grave stones, Tablets, &c.

McGrath, Mitchell & Co.,
RESPECTFULLY invite
attention to this estab-
lishment, now opened near the
South Quincy Depot—
where MONUMENTAL work
of every description, from the
simplest Grave Stone or Table-
tomb to the most elegant and
elaborate Monument is execu-
ted in the very best style.
Long experience in the busi-
ness, and a thorough compe-
tency in the Art of Designing, en-
ables the Contractor of these works to carry out
the ideas and suit the various tastes and require-
ments of persons in need of such articles.

—ALSO—
GRANITE WORK,
—in all its forms—
FRONTS FOR BUILDINGS,
MONUMENTS, STEPS,
TOMB FRONTS, FENCE POSTS,
Underpinning, Cellar Stones, etc., etc.,
furnished to order, by
C. R. & C. Mitchell.

A large collection of Monument Designs, (all
drawn in the Establishment) and which, as well as
the work, attest the skill and competency of the
Proprietors, are on hand, and the public are re-
spectfully invited to call and inspect them.

Orders sent by Mail will be faithfully ex-
ecuted with despatch and at reasonable prices.
Quincy, July 22.

STOVES! STOVES!!
THE subscriber has
re-opened his Shop
on Hancock Street, near
the S. to the
Temple, where he has
found a NEW AS-
SORTMENT of
Stoves, Tin, Japan
and Britannia Ware
as can be found
in the market.

Also—Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Work done
to order, in a neat and workmanlike manner.
The subscriber would invite his old patrons and
the public generally, to give him a call where he
will be found personally to attend to them, and all
orders done to satisfaction.

The subscriber hopes by strict attention to busi-
ness and a desire to please to merit a share of pub-
lic patronage.
Quincy, July 22.

Insurance against Fire.
THE QUINCY MUTUAL FIRE INSUR-
ANCE COMPANY of Massachusetts, in
accordance with its Charter, and in pursuance of
an Act of the Legislature, passed in 1851, has
been organized, and is now ready to receive
business, and to insure property against the risk
of Fire, for five years or less, on favorable
terms.

Farmers, Mechanics, Householders, Traders,
Merchants, and all Owners of Property not ex-
posed to the risk of Fire, are solicited to patronize this Com-
pany; every effort will be made to accommodate
customers.

Letters, by mail or otherwise, from persons re-
siding at a distance, relating to Fire Insurance,
will be promptly attended to.

PRESIDENT,
WILLIAM S. MORTON;
TREASURER,
ISRAEL W. MUNROE;
SECRETARY,
STEPHEN BATES;
DIRECTORS,

Quincy, Milton,
George Thompson,
Charles Breck,
Dorchester,
H. W. Blanchard,
Cohasset,
Solomon J. Beal,
South Hingham,
Alfred Loring,
North Bridgewater,
Sumner A. Hayward,
Barnstable,
George Marston.

References, by permission:
Hos. GEORGE T. BIGELOW of Boston,
Hos. JOSIAH QUINCY, JR. of Boston,
Hos. AMAN WALKER of North Brookfield,
Hos. JAMES MAGUIRE of Randolph,
Hos. SOLOMON LINCOLN of Hingham,
Hos. CHARLES F. ADAMS of Quincy,
JOSIAH BRIGHAM, Esq.,

OFFICE,
Washington Street, Quincy, near of Stone Temple,
Quincy, April 1.

New Provision Store.
THE subscriber would inform the public, that
he has fitted up the Store lately occupied by
Mr. Gridley Totman, as a

MARKET HOUSE,
and is ready to supply the public with all kinds of
MEATS and VEGETABLES, of the best qual-
ity, cheap for cash.

Also—BUTTER, CHEESE, DRIED AP-
PLES, BEANS, PICKLES, TRIPPE, LARD,
etc., constantly on hand.
H. A. RANSOM.
Quincy, March 18.

Pills and Bites—Sick Headache.
DOUGLASS'S Oriental Sovereign Balm Pills.
Dr. HOOFLAND'S German Bitters.
Also—RUTTER'S SICK HEADACHE
REMEDY.
For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Jan. 28.

AYER'S PILLS,

A new and singularly successful remedy for the
cure of all Bilious diseases—Costiveness, Indi-
gestion, Jaundice, Dropsy, Rheumatism, Fevers,
Gout, Humors, Nervousness, Irritability, Inflamma-
tions, Headache, Pains in the Breast, Side, Back,
and Limbs, Female Complaints, &c., &c. Indeed,
very few are the diseases in which a Purgative Me-
dicine is not more or less required, and much sick-
ness and suffering might be prevented, if a harm-
less but effectual Cathartic were more freely used.
body generally; besides it soon generates serious and
often fatal diseases, which might have been avoided
by the timely and judicious use of a good purgative.
This is alike true of Colds, Febrile symptoms, and
Bilious derangements. They all tend to become or
produce the deep seated and formidable distempers
which load the bowels all over the land. Hence a
reliable family physic is of the first importance to
the public health, and this Pill has been perfected
with consummate skill to meet that demand. An
extensive trial of its virtues by Physicians, Profess-
ors, and Patients, has shown results surpassing
anything hitherto known of any medicine. Cures
have been effected beyond belief, were they not sub-
stantiated by persons of such exalted position and
character as to forbid the suspicion of imposture.

Among the many eminent gentlemen who have
testified in favor of these Pills, we may mention:
DR. A. A. HAYES, Analytical Chemist, of Boston,
and State Assayer of Massachusetts, whose high
professional character, and whose convincing testi-
mony, Dr. J. R. CHILTON, Practical Chemist, of the
U. S. ROBERT C. WINTHROP, Ex-Speaker of the House
of Representatives.

ABRAHAM LAWRENCE, Minister Plen. to England.
JOHN B. FRITZPATRICK, Cath. Bishop of Boston.
Also, DR. J. R. CHILTON, Practical Chemist, of
New York City, endorsed by
Hos. W. L. MARCY, Secretary of State.
WM. B. ASTOR, the richest man in America.
S. LELAND & Co., Proprietors of the Metropolitan
Hotel, and others.

Did space permit, we could give many hundred
certificates, from all parts where the Pills have
been used, but evidence even more convincing than
the experience of eminent public men is found in
their effects upon trial.

These Pills, the result of long investigation and
study, are offered to the public as the best and
most complete which the present state of medical
science can afford. They are compounded not of
the drugs themselves, but of the medicinal virtues
of Vegetable remedies, extracted by chemical
process in a state of purity, and combined together
in such a manner as to insure the best results. This
system of composition for medicines has been found
in the Chertsey and Pills both, to produce a
more efficient remedy than had hitherto been ob-
tained by any process. The reason is perfectly ob-
vious. While by the old mode of composition, every
medicine is burdened with more or less of acrimo-
nious and injurious qualities, by this each indi-
vidual virtue only that is desired for the curative
effect is preserved. All the inert and obnoxious qual-
ities of each substance employed are left behind, it is
self-evident the effects should prove as they have
proved more purely remedial, and the Pills a surer,
more powerful antidote to disease than any other
medicine known to the world.

As it is frequently expedient that an attending
Physician, and as he could not properly judge of a
remedy without knowing its composition, I have
supplied the accurate Formula by which my Pills
and Pills are made to the whole body of
Practitioners in the United States and British Amer-
ican Provinces. If, however, they exist, such derange-
ments as are the first origin of disease.

Being sugar wrapped they are pleasant to take,
and being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from
their use in any quantity.

For minute directions, see wrapper on the Box.
PREPARED BY
JAMES C. AYER,
Practical and Analytical Chemist,
LOWELL, MASS.

Price 25 Cents per Box. Five Boxes for \$1.
SOLD BY
Mrs. E. HAYDEN, SOLE AGENT.
Quincy, Oct. 28.

Building Materials.
THE subscriber having erected a large and
convenient Store, at Weymouth Land-
ing, for the sale of Building Materials, HARD-
WARE, etc.

Will keep constantly on hand, a large assort-
ment of Building Materials, and will be sold very low.

OF ANY QUALITY.
—ALSO—
Copper, Wood and Chain PUMPS, new and
beautiful patterns.

33—Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, Zinc, Nails; Barn
Door Rolls and Rods, for top or bottom; Oven
Doors, Funnel Irons, Blind Hinges and Fast-
eners, Patent Window Springs, Tarred Paper, Fence
and Rail Balusters; Framing Pins, turned.
FIRE and GARDEN ENGINES—the latest
and best kinds.

In short, nearly every article usually needed in
the erection of any common building, all of which
will be sold very low.

PAINTED BLINDS and GLAZED SASHES
always on hand.

Carpenters and Builders are respectfully in-
vited to call and examine my Stock.
JOHN O. FOYE.
Weymouth, Sept. 9.

See to your Insurance!
GEORGE B. NIGHTINGALE, Agent for
the Weymouth and Braintree Mutual Fire
Insurance Company.
Quincy, Sept. 16.

Blankets.
12 PAIR 10-1 heavy Whitney Blankets—
for sale at a discount.
I. W. MUNROE.
Quincy, Feb. 4.

Rats and Mice.
MRS. E. HAYDEN'S MAGNETIC POWDER—For the
destruction of Rats, Mice, Moths, Bugs and
other Vermin, without poison.
Parson's and Warren's RAT EXTERMINA-
TOR, and various other articles for the same pur-
pose. For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Sept. 30.

Apothecary Store.

MRS. E. HAYDEN returns thanks to her
friends and the public, for their liberal and
continued patronage, and offers an enlarged stock of im-
proved Family Medicines, selected
with care.

Also—various articles for
invalids—Pearl and prepared
Barley, Farina, Cracked
Wheat, Sago, Tapioca, Out-
flour, Corn Starch, Brown, &c.
Jellies, Raspberry and Lemon
Syrup, Guava Paste, &c.

Shoulder Braces and Sup-
porters of various kinds, Gum
Elastic Breast Pumps, Glass
Pipes and Shells, putout Nurs-
ing Shields, Tubes, and Bot-
tles, spread Plasters, Glass
and Metal Syringes, Bed-pans, Horse-hair Mittens,
Flesh Brushes, &c., &c.

Fresh European Leeches always on hand.
Physicians' prescriptions put up with care and
attention.

She also receives the new and popular medi-
cines of the day, as they appear in this and other
States. Washington-st, rear of Stone Temple,
Quincy, Nov. 1.

Botanic Medicine Depot,
Corner of Hancock and Granite Streets.

DR. MARDEN having taken the stand former-
ly kept by Dr. Goodnow, and having made
considerable additions to his former stock of
Medicine, Perfumery, Fancy
Articles, &c., &c., &c.

he now offers them to the public on the most re-
sponsible terms. He is happy to say, that his stock
of Medicine comprises most, if not all, the articles
used in the Reformed Practice of Medicine, care-
fully selected and of the first quality; and having
secured the services of a person of long experience
in the business, he is confident every reasonable
expectation will be gratified.
Quincy, Nov. 26.

Paper Hangings.
JUST received new styles of Paper Hangings
and for sale cheap for cash.
DANIEL BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, March 25.

CALEB PACKARD.
DEALER in SILKS, SHAWLS, FURS,
Dress and Domestic Goods of every de-
scription.

Also—White Goods, Laces, Dress and Cloak
Trimnings, Gimps Braids and Embroid-
eries, a large lot of Hosiery, and a
great variety of fancy articles.
GENTS and BOYS

Ready Made Clothing,
AND
FURNISHING GOODS!
BOOTS, SHOES, TRUNKS VALISES,
CARPET BAGS, UMBRELLAS,
HATS, CAPS, &c., &c.

FURNITURE,
of every description constantly on hand, or
furnished at the shortest notice.

Also—MATTRESSES and FEATHERS
of every quality. I would ask the particular
attention of the public to this branch of my
business.

MILLINERY GOODS!
Customers wishing Goods of this class, will
find always a carefully selected Stock, of the
latest and best styles. BONNETS, made and
trimmed.

CARPETINGS,
of every style and quality; Crockery, China,
Glass and Britannia Ware, Solar Lamps and
Shades, and a general assortment of House-
keeping Goods. I would respectfully invite
the attention of my friends and customers, to
my present varied Stock, to which I am con-
stantly making addition, and solicit a call from
all desiring Goods of any kind in my line.
Quincy, Dec. 3d.

Dried Apples.
2000 POUNDS for sale cheap for cash.
DANIEL BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, March 25.

Soaps and Perfumes.
CHOICE Soaps and Perfumes, and various
other articles for the Toilette.
Glenn's Pearl Powder; Harrison's Magnolia
Balm; Shand's Lily White; Swift's Ointment
and

THE QUINCY PATRIOT.

DEVOTED TO MORALS, EDUCATION, AGRICULTURE, NEWS AND GENERAL LITERATURE.

VOLUME XIX.

QUINCY, MASS., SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1854.

NUMBER XLVII.

OFFICE OF PUBLICATION,

Over I. W. Munroe's Store, on Hancock Street.

JOHN A. GREEN, Editor.

CONDITIONS.

TWO DOLLARS per annum in advance, and if delayed until the end of the year, then THREE DOLLARS will be required.

No subscription nor advertisement will be discontinued previous to the payment of all arrears, unless at the option of the publisher.

Advertisements correctly and conspicuously inserted at the customary prices, and will be charged for until ordered out.

The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to their own immediate business. Letters and communications, postage paid, will receive early attention.

AGENTS.

The following gentlemen are authorized to receive pay and requested to procure subscribers.

Railway Village, West District, Milton, Dorchester, Weymouth, Abington, South Scituate, New York City, Brooklyn, (N. Y.)	JOSIAH BABCOCK, GEORGE H. LOCKE, CHARLES BRECK, ORIN P. BACON, F. A. KINGSBURY, JOSEPH CLEVELY, SAMUEL A. TURNER, FREEMAN HUNT, GERSHOM DREW.
--	---

Miscellaneous.

Deal Gently with the Erring.

The following story written by META for Arthur's Home Gazette, illustrates very forcibly the opposing principles, clarity and liberality. Sternness and severity have ruined more children than too great lenity. When the heart is seared there is no hope, no reclamation.

It was early in July, one afternoon, when the carriages set me down at Peckwood, whither I had gone to spend the holidays. I walked quickly up the lane of roses and sweet briar, thinking all the way of Jenny and Robert, and of the delightful days we should pass together. It was such a long time since we had parted last—or, at least, seemed so. I was somewhat disappointed when, instead of Jenny's pretty, laughing face appearing at the door, I beheld the two prim forms of her step-aunts.

Miss Lucretia and Miss Penelope welcomed me but not very cordially—that they never did.

"Where's Jenny?" said I, giving a half pressure to the cold fingers which received me.

"Jenny is with Robert, at present," replied Miss Lucretia, stiffly.

"And Robert is in disgrace," subjoined Miss Penelope, austere.

A cloud, dark and lowering, overshadowed the promised sunshine of the delightful holidays. I stood irresolute—half wishing, half fearing to ask if I might go to them. Miss Lucretia anticipated me.

"You will find your companions in the south room. I will send your trunk, immediately."

I scarcely waited to hear the announcement—I was already at the foot of the stairs, up I flew, two steps at a time, all red and dusty, and full of love. I found them together in the south room. Robert, sitting silently by the window, and Jenny, upon her knee beside him. Oh! what a glad shout he gave when he saw me, and how Jenny cried and laughed alternately. For a time disgrace was forgotten, and it seemed just as if old times on the sea-beach had returned again. But gradually the settled sorrow stole back over Robert's face.

"What is it all about?" asked I, as we three sat together; and they told me from beginning to end. In a moment of great temptation, Robert had taken that which was not his own. He had stolen—he was a thief! Never shall I forget the world of anguish that passed over his countenance as these words—such a bitter, regretful anguish.

"And have you told all the circumstances to your aunts?" I again inquired.

"No," replied Robert, proudly; "they would neither understand or believe me, if I did."

"Perhaps they might forgive you."

"Never! They have sent up this morning for godfather Vivian. I don't know what will be done with me."

I had heard of godfather Vivian before, but none of us three had ever seen him. He had lived abroad until during the last year, and although he had sometimes made short visits to Peckwood, it always happened that he came when Jenny and Robert were absent from home. This announcement of his coming silenced us momentarily. We were all thinking of him.

"I know," said Robert, mournfully, after a pause, I know that he is hard hearted and unfeeling, or else they never would have sent for him. I expect to have no mercy shown me."

"I am afraid you're right, Robert," said I sadly, and with tears in my eyes.

"I can foresee everything," exclaimed Jenny, passionately, while she held her brother's

hand. "I can see him before me just as if I had known him all my life. Tall, grim, hard, unfeeling, stern, implacable and unforgiving. That's godfather Vivian."

It was a faithful picture to us and we took it home. We decided that he was an ogre, and Robert was to prepare for the worst and most speedy of punishments.

Two hours passed away. We sat sorrowful and without hope. Suddenly, Jenny, who had been watching the window intently, sprang back, clasping her hands, and crying out.

"He's coming! he's coming! The carriage is just coming up the avenue. Oh Robert, Robert!"

She threw herself upon the floor, and hid her face upon Robert's knee.

He sank back in his chair, his brave, handsome face looking white and ghastly, with the black curls clinging around it. I gained the window and looked out. A plain brown travelling carriage was winding slowly up to the portico. Yes; godfather Vivian had come. Poor Robert! it was all over with him.

Minutes passed away—they seemed hours to us—and then there was a noise at our chamber door. It opened, and admitted the two step-aunts—Miss Lucretia and Miss Penelope. They looked rigid, austere, and boding ill. They beckoned solemnly to Robert. He arose and walked between them. There was no fear expressed in his face, but he looked wan and wretched. Jenny and I followed; and thus, in awful state, we proceeded to the tribunal.

The door of the old library stood open, as if waiting our entrance. As we passed in, Robert's head sank lower upon his breast, while Jenny and I walked with downcast eyes. We felt that we were in the dreaded presence, and we did not wish to behold it. There was a breathless pause. Then a round mellow, beautiful voice, full of sweetness broke the silence.

"How's this Robert, my boy, what's the matter?"

I thought that, all at once, a tide of blessing, and fragrance, and sunshine, had burst into the grim old library. Robert lifted his head and downcast eyes. So did Jenny, and so did I. In the center of the apartment, on the old fashioned hair lounge, sat godfather Vivian. No tall, grim, unfeeling guardian. No stern, implacable, unforgiving ogre. But a hale, healthy personage, in the prime of life, with a beautiful, benign countenance and tender, peaceful blue eyes.

A single streak of sunlight, which was playing on the wall, glanced now and then across his greyish brown hair and white uncrinkled brow. Robert stood before him, his hair tossed aside from his face, which now wore a reassured grateful look. The step-aunts seated themselves, upright and gloomy, on either side.

"Mr. Vivian," said Miss Lucretia, by way of preface, a "circumstance like this has never happened in my family. I consider my sister's memory disgraced by this unpardonable action which her step-son has committed."

"Mr. Vivian," concluded Miss Penelope, "a Marchmont never would have perpetrated an act so unworthy his ancestors."

"Go on Robert," said the mellow voice, mildly. "Tell me all—tell me everything."

"Yes, yes, go on," repeated Miss Lucretia, with acrimony. "Be explicit, and don't lie!"

Robert's face flushed, his dark eyes glanced passionately, and he bit his lips as if to suppress his just anger. Then he became subdued again and sorrowful.

"Godfather Vivian," he began, but broke down at these words. He then rallied and went on remorsefully, but bravely.

"For some time past, in going to my place of employ, I have been in the habit of dropping into visit a poor family, who lived in that vicinity. The family consist of a drunken father, a mother, and a crippled child. While I had a little money to spare besides what I invested, and what I spent in pastime, I gave to the woman for the sake of her child."

For a week past, the child has lain very ill—almost at the point of death. During her sufferings, her constant desire has been for fruit—for oranges, which delicacy her mother was unable to buy with her scanty means. Yesterday, while I stood at the bedside, her pleadings were heart-rending, and I almost cried because I could not give them to her. I spent foolishly the little pocket money I had, and there was no more to be procured until the next month.

"All the way to my employer's I thought about it, and half the day it haunted me. In the afternoon, I entered the counting-room for some articles. The apartment was empty, no one was near, and upon the desk lay some bright silver pieces. Temptation was before me. I thought of the sick bed of the little child, with its parched lips and piteous cry. I forgot what I had come for, and yet linger-

ed in the room. If I took the money I could easily replace it again. Only one month, and then I could replace it all, perhaps more than I took. Then something whispered to me, "Oh! Robert, don't steal," and I started at my own thoughts. I tried to say my prayers, but I had forgotten them. I glanced involuntarily at the money, and said, "Our Father," but it wouldn't do."

Here Robert broke down again, and covered his face with his hand. Somebody sobbed. It wasn't Robert, nor Miss Lucretia, nor her sister. It wasn't Jenny, either, although she was weeping silently. It was godfather Vivian. His face was covered with his white handkerchief, and his breast heaved with emotion.

Robert continued shading his eyes with his hand.

"I left the counting-room, not as I had entered it a few minutes before. There was a great weight on my heart, and I felt no longer fearless and honest, but trembled at a sound. I hurried away from thought and the place of temptation. I bought the oranges and carried them to the sick bed-side. The mother gave me a blessing, but it sounded like a curse. I never, never could be upright and honest again, I was sunk in my own esteem. Oh! sir, I have suffered just here, placing his hand upon his breast, "more than words can tell. It seems as if I had passed through years of punishment and horror. The money has been replaced by my aunts, and Heaven knows my torture has been severe."

Robert ceased speaking and stood with bowed head, the perfect picture of youthful despair. He asked for no clemency, and he need not have asked it.

Godfather Vivian removed the handkerchief from his face.

"Mr. Vivian," said Miss Lucretia, leaning forward, "he deserves all and everything. Let him not escape."

"Mr. Vivian, be severe," said Miss Penelope, eyeing him closely.

Godfather Vivian arose from his seat, calmly and with mild dignity. He spoke clearly and distinctly.

"Judge not lest ye be judged also."

The step-aunts exchanged glances. He continued. He spoke eloquently and long. He made an appeal to the story hearts before him, and they melted at his touch. He asked them if for one offence he should crush forever the hopes and spring time of youth; if he should trample upon repentance, and toss lightly away a soul, noble and brave, but erring.

There was pathos in his tones—a great depth and tenderness. Oh! how great and good he looked standing there, with love and pity, and tears in his eyes. He finished his appeal—he turned—he held out his arms.

Robert, my boy, cheer up! There's a long life before you. Be honest, be strong, be hopeful—never despair, and never throw away life because of a single false step."

Miss Lucretia and Miss Penelope sat with downcast eyes, struggling to regain their ancient pride: I buried my head in the window curtain, and cried heartily.

When I looked up, Robert was in godfather Vivian's arms, and sobbing upon his brave broad breast. Jenny was there, too, with her hands clasped upon his neck, and her bright hair waving down around him. And the tide of blossoms, and fragrance, and sunshine, kept swelling and gliding into the grim library, keeping pace with the round, murmuring, mellow voice.

Noble, generous, brave-hearted godfather Vivian.

Tastes Differ.

In a lecture on what he has seen abroad, Wendell Phillips observes:

In Italy you will see a man breaking up his land with two cows, and the root of a tree for a plough, while he is dressed in skins with the hair on. In Rome, Vienna and Dresden, if you hire a man to saw wood, he does not bring a horse along. He never had one, or his father before him. He puts one end of the saw on the ground, and the other on his breast, and, taking the wood in his hand, rubs against the saw. It is a solemn fact, that in Florence, a city filled with the triumph of art, there is not a single auger, and if a carpenter would bore a hole, he does it with a red hot poker! This results not from the want of industry, but of sagacity of thought. The people are by no means idle. They toil early and late, men, women and children, with an industry that shames labor-saving Yankees. Thus he makes labor, that the poor must live. In Rome, charcoal is principally used for fuel, and you will see a string of twenty mules, bringing little sacks of it upon their backs, when one mule could draw all of it in a cart. But the charcoal vender never had a cart, and so he keeps his mules and feeds them. This is from no want of industry, but there is no competition.

A Yankee always looks haggard and nervous, as though he were chasing a dollar.

With us, money is everything; and when we go abroad, we are surprised to find that the dollar has ceased to be almighty. If a Yankee refuse to do a job for fifty cents, he will probably do it for a dollar, and will certainly do it for five. But one of the lazaroni of Naples, when he has earned two cents, and eaten them, will work no more that day, if you offer him ever so large a sum. He has earned enough for the day, and wants no more. So there is no eagerness for making money, no motive for it, and everybody moves slowly.

Compensation for Crimes.

King Edmund, to check the multiplicity of private funds and combats which disfigured his reign, established various compensations for loss of life, making no discrimination between manslaughter and murder. It appears that a king's life was valued at thirty thousand thrissans, computed to be thirteen hundred pounds, or about six thousand dollars! If any one killed a king, this was "the damage," by paying which he was acquitted of guilt. The value of a prince was one half this sum. By payment of three thousand dollars, one might have the privilege of killing a prince! A bishop or an alderman was worth about half as much as a prince. A sheriff was valued at eight hundred dollars; a common clergyman, at four hundred dollars. This was not his salary, but what his murderer must pay! The husbandman, or "coorie," was worth only about fifty dollars! A king was worth one hundred and twenty common men! In this singular tariff an archbishop was worth more than a king.

A scale of prices for wounds and injuries was formerly in operation. Thus we find in the early Saxon annals, that a wound an inch in length under the hair, was settled by payment of one shilling; a wound of a like size in the face, two shillings; the loss of an ear was rated equivalent to thirty shillings. These estimates applied to all classes. The code of Ethelbert provided that any one who committed adultery with another's wife, should be compelled to buy him a new one.

In English history there is a record of a woman giving her sovereign two hundred fathens for permission to pass one night in prison with her husband, and of one hundred being brought on account. Another anecdote speaks of a subject presenting his king with five of his best palfreys as inducement for him to be silent concerning a *faux pas* of his wife.

Ancient records show that this mode of pecuniary reparation for crimes was extensively practised. Blackstone mentions, that, by the Breton laws, murderers in Ireland were discharged of their crimes, by giving the surviving relatives of the murdered person a recompense called *Eneac*. Homer speaks of this practice. Thus, Nestor, in his speech to Achilles, says:

If a brother bleed,
On just atonement we remit the deed;
Aene the slaughter of his son forgive;
The price of blood discharged, the murderer lives.

And again in the 18th book of the Iliad, in the description of the shield of Achilles: There in the forum swarms a numerous train—
The subject of debate, a townsman to slay;
One pleads the fine discharged, which one demands,
And bade the public and the law decide.

Another curious feature of these laws of compensation was the estimate placed on witnesses. A person whose life was valued at one hundred and twenty shillings, counterbalanced six common men, their lives being reckoned at twenty shillings each; and his oath was equivalent to that of all the six.

These laws are said to be descended from the ancient Germans; among whom we find, that, if a man was called a *pare*, or wrongfully reproached with having lost his shield in battle, he was allowed to exact a heavy fine from his libeller. These fines and equivalents were called a *fiedum*. Montesquieu says: "By the law of the Frisons, half a sol was granted as the compensation for a man who had been beaten with a stick. By the Salic law, an *ingenu*, who gave three blows of a stick, paid a fine of as many sols; and, if blood were drawn, he was punished as though the injury had been inflicted with an iron weapon, and had to pay fifteen sols. The law of the Lombards established various compositions for one, two, or three, or four blows; and ordained that if a man, accompanied by his followers, went to assault another who was not upon his guard, to bring shame and ridicule upon him, he should pay half of the composition which he would had to give in the event of his having killed him."—*Prisoners' Friend*.

Acquaintance with the Eminent.

Some men are acquainted with a good many books; others with a good many wealthy people. But intercourse with the latter does not make them rich, and familiar-

ity with the former does not make them scholars. Extensive and promiscuous intercourse with mankind has few advantages for the man of thought. Access is not thus to be obtained to what is most valuable in others. Better for the studious, thinking man to be much alone, cultivating acquaintance with the insides of good books and himself, than with the outsides of other people, however eminent.

No men, although called great, are so full of pearls of thought, as to run over in the presence of ordinary company. To be admitted into familiar intercourse with those who are largely accomplished in knowledge of the world and books and things, is indeed an inestimable privilege. Transmitted property is nothing in comparison with intellect and information, which comes spontaneously, without an effort, by inheritance from parents of broad and finished education. What privilege equals that of possessing a private key in early youth to the library of one eminent for talent, scholarship, or professional learning! Equally, if not more to be prized, is the privilege to be admitted to the chamber of the good man ere he meets his fate, as well as where he meets it.

The privation most to be lamented is not only the want of formal instruction in early life, but also that of intelligent daily and hourly conversation with friends of solid and deep information on some subjects. There is a vast deal which can never be obtained from books, and yet is necessary to progress. When this is attained with facility, by the way as it were, advancement is rapid and easy. When not thus acquired, these things so necessary to be known, become serious obstacles in the path of the solitary student, which a few seasonable hints from a learned friend would have immediately removed, if he could have come by such. An acquaintance like that with the great and learned is of inappreciable value, of which one has a right to be proud. But the sight of a philosopher or sage, or even a frequent position by his side, will not impart any of his intelligence or virtue. One cannot get either by absorption. There are many who revolve through life on the outside of intellectual society, but never had access to its esoteric privileges. They know no more of men of note, than travellers who visit foreign countries and never see parlor, do of its private mansions and domestic life. It is a very petty and contemptible ambition to know just enough of such men, as to enable one to boast of their acquaintance. Generally speaking, the best knowledge of a distinguished orator, for example, may be got from studying his speeches; of a poet, by reading his poems; of an author, by familiarity with his works, and so on. This is the greatest advantage of which they can be to us, unless their friendship and intimacy shall be granted; for that is the greatest benefit of all. This great prerogative is reserved, however, to a few, and commonly to those who are able to pay for it by a fair exchange of gifts. To consort with princes, one must be a prince; to have intercourse with a shop-keeper to any purpose, you must have change in your pocket to balance against his goods; and to be admitted to the conversation of talent and learning, one must have both in some respectable degree.—*Newark Advertiser*.

For the Patriot. Lycum Lectures

Mr. Editor:—The Lecture on Friday evening, the 17th, was delivered by Hon. Anson Burlingame. Subject—*The Present*.

The President on introducing the Lecturer, apologized for the absence of Mr. Hale, who was not able to attend. He said that though the audience could not bask in the noon-day ray, they could enjoy the splendor of the rising sun.

The Lecturer on being introduced, said he would try to prove that the present was better than the past. This theory was contrary to the opinion of many persons; our early education and our present feelings were with the past. The scholar, and the Antiquarian, resisted the theory, and appealed to their libraries, to support the claims of the past. But if those whom they so much revered could return, he thought the scholar, and antiquarian, would not know them, or knowing, would disown them.

The law of progress was first discovered by an Italian philosopher in the 16th century, the idea was developed by Descartes, and Pascal, in France, and proved by Condorcet and others in the 18th.

But in our own race, that race composed of the mixed, and mingling races of the shores of the Baltic, and the British Isles, we see the best illustration of the course of progress. In England its course was marked by various systems. The system of Barbarism under which the Saxons lived; the Knightly system, which continued from the Norman Conquest, to Henry 8th; the Pleasure system, which was carried to its height in the reign of

Charles 2nd; the Policy system, which gave England the American War, and the Continental War, by which she lost her Colonies, and imposed a national debt on her people, because such was *their* policy, and must be carried out; and the political economy system, which reduces everything to Arithmetic.

The Lecturer reviewed these various systems and said that none of them was as good as the present. He quoted Macaulay in reference to the present state of England, and its condition in 1685, and eulogized Wat Tyler and Cromwell, as leaders of progress.

In this country the superiority of the present, over the past, is best illustrated. At the period subsequent to the revolution, we were only a few from Maine to Georgia, the wolves' long howl was echoed by the Atlantic's roar. Now the stately banner floated over twenty-three millions of people, and our territory extended from sea to sea, and the boy may be listening to him, who would live to see this nation contain one hundred millions of inhabitants. The Lecturer was very happy in illustrating this part of his argument; he drew a vivid picture of the America of today, and the America of the past, showing how much we had increased in all the elements which make a great nation, intelligence, population, territory, and wealth.

In a moral point of view the world was also progressing; it is true, that among the ancients there were some men who were shining lights in their own times. But Socrates had his nameless vices; Pericles enslaved thousands of the Athenian people, and Demosthenes was a coward.

The people in Europe are progressing. Hungary was not dead; her three hundred thousand armed sons only waited the proper moment to start to life and action. The Papal power in Italy, showed by the imprisonment of suspected persons, how much they feared the future, and the Tiber would soon see great changes on its banks. In France, Napoleon, bad as he was, is not omnipotent; he may confiscate the Orleans property, but he dare not confiscate a single cigar. In England the voice of the people was stronger than ever it was before, and the singular spectacle was presented of the ancient foes, France and England, forgetting Waterloo, and uniting to humble the Autocrat of Russia.

This country has progressed in a moral point of view much faster than our cousins across the water. The present generation is more intelligent and liberal than that which preceded it. Many of those boys who heard him could instruct Professor Edwards in Geography, and Franklin would be surprised if he could see the perfection to which electricity was carried. People were not so bigoted in politics, or religion, as they were in our fathers' days. He related an anecdote of a supper in old times, to show the contrast with the present, in point of temperance. It is true, that there are some faults still to be reformed, but we should not reject our country because there were a few stains on her garment; we should not blot out the sun because there were a few spots on his disc. Our fathers did their duty, in their day, let us do ours; and he uttered the sentiment in which he was sure all who heard him would join, that the day may come, when the sun would rise upon no master, or set upon no slave.

This is a brief outline of the main points of the discourse. The Lecturer presented his views decidedly, but I do not think he made out his case. In all the elements of national greatness, America has progressed in a wonderful degree; but it may be questioned whether she has yet reached a point, from which she may compare with the great empires of the past; with Spain in the middle ages; with France or England, in the present in that material strength which constitutes a first rate power. In a moral point of view, the present of America need not boast over the past. In the early days of the Republic party spirit ran high, but corruption was unknown; it remains for the present to send a man to the United States Senate, who obtained the office by the sale of his principles. The founders of the American Republic declared that all men were created equal; the men of to-day say that some men are created property.

In Europe the nations have to struggle hard and long before they reach a point as high as that from which they have fallen. In England the Norman yet holds his robber grasp of the people's liberties. After six centuries of oppression, the Englishman pines for the charter of Edward the Confessor. In France, one man reigns supreme; it may be necessary to the safety of the nation, but under such a system there is no liberty. How different from the time when her provincial parliaments debated the King's edict, and often successfully resisted it. Italy has much to suffer before she can re-establish the republic of the middle ages. An Austrian bride

Apothecary Store.

MRS. E. HAYDEN returns thanks to her friends and the public, for their long-continued patronage, and offers an enlarged stock of superior Family Medicines, selected with care.

Also—various articles for invalids, Pearl and prepared Barley, Farina, Grouse-cracked Wheat, Sago, Tapioca, Oat-flour, Corn Starch, Brown, &c. Jellies, Raspberry and Lemon Syrup, Guava Paste, &c. Shoulder Braces and Supporters of various kinds, Gum Elastic Breast Pumps, Glass Pipes and Shells, patent Nursing Shields, Tubes, and Bottles, spread Plasters, Glass and Metal Syringes, Bell-pans, Horse-hair Mittens, Flesh Brushes, &c., &c.

Fresh European Leeches always on hand. Physicians' prescriptions put up with care and attention.

She also receives the new and popular medicines of the day, as they appear in this and other States. Washington-st., near of Stone Temple. Quincy, Nov. 1. 45ct

Botanic Medicine Depot,

Corner of Hancock and Granite Streets.

DR. MARDEN having taken the stand formerly kept by Dr. Goodnow, and having made considerable additions to his former stock of

Medicine, Perfumery, Fancy Articles, &c., &c., &c.

he now offers them to the public on the most reasonable terms. He is happy to say, that his stock of Medicine comprises most, if not all, the articles used in the Beloved Practice of Medicine, carefully selected and of the first quality; and having secured the services of a person of long experience in the business, he is confident every reasonable expectation will be gratified. Quincy, Nov. 25. 45ct

Paper Hangings.

JUST received new styles of Paper Hangings and for sale cheap for cash.

DANIEL BAXTER & Co. Quincy, March 25. 45ct

CALEB PACKARD.

DEALER IN SILKS, SHAWLS, FURS, Dress and Domestic Goods of every description.

Also—White Goods, Laces, Dress and Cloak Trimmings, Gimps Braids and Embroideries, a large lot of Hosiery, and a great variety of fancy articles. GENTS' and BOYS'

Ready Made Clothing, AND FURNISHING GOODS!

BOOTS, SHOES, TRUNKS VALISES, CARPET BAGS, UMBRELLAS, HATS, CAPS, &c., &c.

FURNITURE, of every description constantly on hand, or furnished at the shortest notice.

Also—MATTRESSES and FEATHERS of every quality. I would ask the particular attention of the public to this branch of my business.

MILLINERY GOODS?

Customers wishing Goods of this class, will find always a carefully selected Stock, of the latest and best styles. BONNETS, made and trimmed.

CARPETINGS.

Of every style and quality; Crochery, China, Glass and Britannia Ware, Silver Lamps and Shades, and a general assortment of House-keeping Goods. I would respectfully invite the attention of my friends and customers, to my present varied Stock, to which I am constantly making addition, and solicit a call from all desiring Goods of any kind in my line. Quincy, Dec. 3d. 45ct

Dried Apples.

2000 POUNDS for sale cheap for cash. DANIEL BAXTER & Co. Quincy, March 25. 45ct

Soaps and Perfumes.

CHOICE Soaps and Perfumes, and various other articles for the Toilette.

Chick's Pearl Powder; Harrison's Magnolia Balm; Schenck's Lily White; Seidl's Ointment and Chalk Balls; Chinese Men Fan, a celebrated Toilette Powder, French's Bell Powder for infants; Pull Boxes; etc., etc. For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN. Quincy, March 31. 45ct

Porte Monnaies.

JUST received at the QUINCY BOOK-STORE, a large and handsome variety—many new patterns. Beautiful styles of Ladies' Porte Monnaies, &c., selling at lower prices than ever before. Quincy, Oct. 21. 5w

Almanacs for 1855.

OLD FARMER'S ALMANAC, by Robert B. Thomas. Brown's Almanac, Pocket Memorandum and Account Book, Family Almanac, &c., &c. and many others—sold at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE. Quincy, Oct. 21. 45ct

Cramps, Pains, etc.

DRYER'S Healing Embrocation, for External and Internal Use, to relieve cramps, pains, rheumatism, etc., etc. Put up in bottles of three sizes—small for trial bottles.

Also—CRAP'S LINIMENT. For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN. Quincy, Feb. 11. 45ct

Tooth Ache!

TELL every person you meet, who is afflicted with the Tooth Ache, that he may find an article at Dr. MARDEN'S which will effect an instantaneous and permanent cure without the cold steel or the least danger of injury from the application of the remedy. Quincy, Dec. 24. 45ct

For the Complexion

TUMPKIN'S Orange Flower Lotion, For- taine's Balm of a Thousand Flowers, Milk of Rome, Ammoniac for Tan-Sucklers, &c., &c. For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN. Quincy, May 7. 45ct

Butter! Butter!!

30 to 40 BUTTER, for sale cheap for cash by DANIEL BAXTER & Co. Quincy, Oct. 29. 45ct

THE QUINCY PATRIOT.

DEVOTED TO MORALS, EDUCATION, AGRICULTURE, NEWS AND GENERAL LITERATURE.

VOLUME XIX.

QUINCY, MASS., SATURDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1854.

NUMBER XLVIII.

Apothecary Store.

RS. E. HAYDEN returns thanks to her friends and the public, for their long-continued patronage, and offers an enlarged stock of superior Family Medicines, selected with care.

Also—various articles for invalids, Pearl and prepared Barley, Farina, Grains, cracked Wheat, Sago, Tapioca, Oat-flour, Corn Starch, Brooms, &c. Jellies, Raspberry and Lemon Syrup, Guava Paste, &c. Shoulder Braces and Supporters of various kinds, Gum Elastic Breast Pumps, Glass Pipes and Shells, patent nursing Shields, Tubes, and Bottles, spread Plasters, Glass Teal Syringes, Bed-pans, Horse-hair Mittens, &c. &c. &c.

Also—receiving the new and popular medicine of the day, as they appear in the market. Washington-st., rear of Stone Temple, Quincy, Nov. 1. 45c

100,000 Boxes Sold in Five Months.

DEVINE'S COMPOUND PAIN EXPOSURE.

THE GREAT REMEDY IS AT LAST DISCOVERED! for Colds, Coughs, Whooping Cough, Croup, Asthma and Consumption. Certificates of cures may be found in the Circulars, and the world is challenged to produce such cures as are effected by faith using this cheap and pleasant luxury. Manufactured by S. D. FULLER & Co., 18 Wilson's Lane, Boston.

R. B. SLATER & Co., General Wholesale Retail Agents, No. 3 Tremont Temple, Boston, Mass. Sold by Druggists and Merchants generally throughout the country; and by the Manufacturers, No. 4 Wilson Lane, Boston, Mass. Boston, Sept. 23. 6m

Paper Hangings.

BEST received new styles of Paper Hangings, and for sale cheap for cash. DANIEL BAXTER & Co. Quincy, March 25. 4c

CALEB PACKARD.

DEALER IN SILKS, SHAWLS, FURS, Dress and Domestic Goods of every description.

White Goods, Laces, Dress and Cloak Trimmings, Gimps Brads and Embroideries, a large lot of Hosiery, and a great variety of fancy articles.

GENTS' and BOYS' Ready Made Clothing,

AND FURNISHING GOODS!

COTS, SHOES, TRUNKS, VALISES, CARPET BAGS, UMBRELLAS, HATS, CAPS, &c., &c.

FURNITURE,

every description constantly on hand, or made at the shortest notice.

Also—MATTRESSES and FEATHERS every quality. I would ask the particular attention of the public to this branch of my business.

MILLINERY GOODS!

Customers wishing Goods of this class, will always find a carefully selected Stock, of the best and best styles. BONNETS, made and named.

CARPETINGS,

every style and quality; Crochery, China, and Britannia Ware, Solar Lamps and Sales, and a general assortment of Household Goods. I would respectfully invite attention of my friends and customers, to present varied Stock, to which I am constantly making addition, and solicit call from desiring Goods of any kind in my line. Quincy, Dec. 3d. 4c

Dried Apples.

2000 POUNDS for sale cheap for cash. DANIEL BAXTER & Co. Quincy, March 25. 4c

Soaps and Perfumes.

CHOICE Soaps and Perfumes, and various other articles for the Toilette. Also—Pearl Powder, Harrison's Magnolia Oil, Shond's Lily White, Swift's Ointment and Talk Balls, Chinese Moon Fan, a celebrated Toilet Powder, &c., &c. For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN. Quincy, March 11. 4c

Porte Monnaies.

BEST received at the QUINCY BOOK-STORE, a large and handsome variety of new patterns. Beautiful styles of Ladies' Porte Monnaies, &c., selling at lower prices than before. Quincy, Oct. 21. 3c

Almanacs for 1855.

OLD FARMER'S ALMANAC, by Robert B. Thomas. Brown's Almanac, Pocket Memorandum and Acet Book; Family Christian Almanac; and others—sold at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE. Quincy, Oct. 21. 4c

Cramps, Pains, etc.

WYER'S Healing Embrocation, for External and Internal Use, to relieve cramps, pains, rheumatism, &c., &c. Put up in bottles of three—small for trial bottles. Also—CRAPO'S LINIMENT. For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN. Quincy, Feb. 11. 4c

Tooth Ache!

WELL, every person you meet, who is afflicted with the Tooth Ache, that he may find an aid in DR. MARDEN'S which will effect an instantaneous and permanent cure without the aid of the least danger of injury from the application of the remedy. Quincy, Dec. 24. 4c

For the Complexion.

OMPEN'S Orange Flower Lotion, Fontaine's Balm of a Thousand Flowers, Milk of Amadou for Tan Suffers &c. &c. For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN. Quincy, May 7. 4c

Butter! Butter!!

0 TO 40 tubs of first rate DAIRY BUTTER, for sale cheap. DANIEL BAXTER & Co. Quincy, Oct. 29. 4c

OFFICE OF PUBLICATION,
Over I. W. Munroe's Store, on Hancock Street.

JOHN A. GREEN, Editor.

CONDITIONS.

TWO DOLLARS per annum in advance, and if delayed until the end of the year, then THREE DOLLARS will be required. No subscription nor advertisement will be discontinued previous to the payment of all arrears, unless at the option of the publisher. Advertisements correctly and conspicuously inserted at the customary prices, and will be charged for until ordered out. The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to their own immediate business. Letters and communications, postage paid, will receive early attention.

AGENTS.

The following gentlemen are authorized to receive pay and requested to procure subscribers. Quincy Village, JOSIAH BABCOCK. West District, GEORGE H. LOCKE. Milton, CHARLES BRECK. Dorchester, JOHN P. BACON. Weymouth, F. A. KINGSBURY. Albington, JOSEPH CLEVERLY. South Scituate, SAMUEL A. TURNER. New York City, FREEMAN HUNT. Brooklyn, (N. Y.) GERSHOM DREW.

Miscellaneous.

For the Patriot.

Lyceum Lectures

MR. EDITOR:—The Lecture on Wednesday evening, was delivered by Rev. A. A. Miner of Boston. Subject—*The Young American*. The Lecturer did not mean, as the subject of his discourse, the fast young man, who smokes his cigar, drinks his toddy, and drives his fast horse. Neither did he mean the young man who clung to the notions of his fathers with too much tenacity. The class of Young Americans he meant, were those who fill our workshops, and our counting-houses, and possess that skill, and energy, which is peculiar to the people of this country.

He described the great advantages, possessed by the people of this country, over the people of Europe, in not having to contend with the prejudices of birth, and position. In Europe, a man was born in a certain class, and no effort of his own could raise him above it. In America every man was the architect of his own fortune.

In England the law of primogeniture gave the eldest son the entire property, and left the younger children to be a burden on the state. It is no wonder that the nobility used their parliamentary influence, to procure offices for their poor friends.

This was a great check on the enterprise and spirit of the middle classes, and one of the causes of the discontent of the great body of the people.

The young American had none of these disadvantages to contend with; here every man was a peer, and every peer a King.

In education, the American had a great advantage over the European. No country in Europe, except Prussia, could compare with this, in the number, or excellence, of its schools. In Roman Catholic countries education was confined to learning the catechism, except these who were intended for the priesthood. They knew that knowledge was power, and for that reason tried to keep it from the lower classes.

One great privilege the young American had, was the ballot, and he was responsible for the use which he made of it. He should use it to oppose the influence of those who owe allegiance to a foreign power, to oppose slavery, and to favor temperance.

The Lecturer told many amusing anecdotes in illustration of his subject; he described the holy horror of a Minister of the English Church, on hearing that the people of the manufacturing districts were improving in mental culture.

The Lecture was a fair average one, but the subject was too familiar to most of his hearers, and it had the disadvantage of being heard so soon after Mr. Burlingame's lecture, which embraced nearly the same points of argument, and Mr. Neale's beautiful discourse on Enthusiasm.

JUNUS.

For the Patriot.

What's in a Name.

There is a marked similarity between some of the teachings of the Romish church and the doctrine taught by the Protestant slavery church, to her dark complexioned converts, which fact accounts for the unity of action of the two churches, in all matters relating to the enslavement of the mind or bodies of men, or the enslavement of both.

The Romish church claims that she is infallible, divinely instituted and commissioned to direct in all spiritual and temporal things, and that to disobey her commands as made through the Pope or Priests, is to disobey God, and will unless confessed and repented of, ensure a situation in purgatory on the other side of Jordan.

Southern slave-holders standing somewhat in the same relation to their slaves, that the

Romish Priests do to their followers, also appeal to the unenlightened religious element in man's nature, and so mould and fashion it, as to make the victim of oppression praise the Lord that there is a Heaven for them in another world provided they serve faithfully, and without repining, those whom the Lord has set over them in this.

The Protestant proselytery church discourses to her followers through Bishop Mead as follows: "Having shown you the chief duties you owe to your Maker in heaven I now come to lay before you the duties you owe to your masters and mistresses here upon earth; for this, you have one general rule that you ought always to carry on your mind, that it is to do all service for them as if you did it for God himself. Poor creatures, you little consider when you are idle and neglectful of your master's business, when you steal and waste and hurt any of their substance, when you are saucy and impudent, when you are telling them lies and deceiving them; or when you prove stubborn and sullen and will not do the work you are set about without stripes and vexation; you do not consider, I say, that what faults you are guilty of towards your masters and mistresses are faults done against God himself, who has set your masters and mistresses over you in his own stead, and expects that you will do for them just as you would do for Him. And pray do not think that I want to deceive you when I tell you that your masters and mistresses are God's overseers; and that if you are faulty towards them, God himself will punish you severely for it in the next world, unless you repent of it, and strive to make amends by your faithfulness and diligence for the time to come, for God hath declared the same." In view of the fact that every enormity that the prince of darkness could conceive is practised under the sanction and with the direct assistance of the proselytery church of this country—Protestant and Catholic—it becomes the haters of iniquity and lovers of universal liberty to strip them from the livery of heaven which they have so long served the devil in.

Boston.

Who was Sold?

Among my first extra exhibitions produced at the American Museum, was a model of the Falls of Niagara, belonging to Grain, the artist. It was undoubtedly a fine model, giving the mathematical proportions of that great cataract, and the trees, rocks, buildings, etc., in its vicinity. But the absurdity of the thing consisted in introducing water, thus pretending to present a *fac simile* of that great wonder of nature. The falls were about eighteen inches high, everything else being in due proportion!

I confess I felt somewhat ashamed of this myself, yet it made a good line in the bill, and I bought the model for \$200. My advertisements then announced among the attractions of the Museum, "*The Great Model of Niagara Falls, with Real Water!*"

A single barrel of water answered the purpose of this model for an entire season; for the falls flowed into a reservoir behind the scenes, and the water was continually re-supplied to the cataract by means of a small pump.

Many visitors who could not afford to travel to Niagara, were doubtless induced to visit the "model with real water," and if they found it rather "small potatoes," they had the whole Museum to fall back upon for 25 cents, and no fault was found.

One day I was peremptorily summoned to appear before the Board of Croton Water Commissioners the next morning at ten o'clock. I was punctual.

"Sir," said the President, "you pay only \$25 per annum for the Croton water to the Museum. That is simply intended to supply the ordinary purposes of your establishment. We cannot furnish water for your Niagara Falls without large extra compensation."

Begging "his honor" not to believe all he read in the papers, nor to be too literal in the interpretation of my large showbills, I explained the operation of the great cataract, and offered to pay a dollar a drop for all the water I used for Niagara Falls exceeding one barrel per month, provided my pump continued in good order! I was permitted to retire amid a hearty burst of laughter from the Commissioners, in which his honor the President condescended to join.

On one occasion, Louis Gaylord Clark, Esq., the witty and popular editor of the "Knickerbocker," called to view my Museum. I had never had the pleasure of seeing him before, and he introduced himself. I was extremely anxious that my establishment should receive a "first-rate notice" in his popular magazine, and therefore accompanied him through the entire Museum, taking especial pains to point out all objects of interest. We passed the entrance of the hall containing Niagara Falls just as the visitors had entered it from the performances in the Lecture Room, and hearing the pump at work, I

was aware that the great cataract was at that moment in full operation.

I desired to avoid that exhibition, feeling confident that if Mr. Clark should see the model Niagara, he would be so much disgusted with the entire show that he would "blow it up" in his "Knickerbocker," or (what I always consider much the worse for me) pass it by in silent contempt. Seeing him approach the entrance, I endeavored to call his attention to some object of interest in the other hall, but I was too late. He had noticed a concourse of visitors in the "Falls Room," and his curiosity to know what was going on was excited.

"Hold on, Barnum," said Clark; "let us see what you have here."

"It is only a model of Niagara Falls," I replied.

"Oh, ah, yes, yes, I remember now. I have noticed your advertisements and splendid posters announcing Niagara Falls with real water. I have some curiosity to see the cataract in operation," said Clark, at the same time mounting upon a chair in order to obtain a full view over the heads of the visitors.

I felt considerably sheepish as I saw this movement, and listened to the working of the old pump, whose creakings seemed to me to be worse than ever. I held my breath, expecting to hear the sagacious editor pronounce this the silliest humbug he ever saw. I was presently, however, as much surprised as delighted to hear him say:

"Well, Barnum, I declare that is quite a new idea. I never saw the like before."

I revived in a moment; and thinking that if Louis Gaylord Clark could see any thing attractive in the old model, he must be particularly green, I determined to do all in my power to assist his veridicality. "Yes," I replied, "it is quite a new idea."

"I declare I never saw any thing of the kind before in all my life," exclaimed Clark with much enthusiasm.

"I flatter myself it is, in point of originality and ingenuity, considerably ahead of any invention of modern times," I replied with a feeling of exultation, as I saw that I had caught the great critic, and was sure of a puff of the best sort.

"Original!" exclaimed the editor. "Yes, it is certainly original. I never dreamed of such a thing; I never saw any thing of the kind before since I was born—and I hope with all my heart I never shall again!"

It is needless to say that I was completely taken in, and felt that any ordinary keyhole was considerably larger than would be necessary for me to crawl through.

We then passed to the upper stories of the Museum, and finally to the roof, where I had advertised an "aerial garden," which consisted of two tubs, each containing a stunted and faded cedar, and ten or twelve pots of wilted flowers, backed up by a dozen small tables and a few chairs for the accommodation of such partakers of ice-cream as could appreciate the beauties of ever-verdant nature, as shown forth in the tubs and pots aforesaid.

The "Knickerbocker" appeared, and I felt happy to see that while it spoke of the assiduity in business manifested by the new proprietor of the Museum, and a prognostication that he would soon render his establishment highly popular, the editor had kindly refrained from making any allusion to "*The Cataract of Niagara with real Water!*"

Some months subsequent to this, Mr. Clark came rushing into the Museum almost out of breath, and with much earnestness saluted me thus: "Friend Barnum, I have come in to ask if you have got the club in the Museum that Captain Cook was killed with?"

"Sir," said the President, "you pay only \$25 per annum for the Croton water to the Museum. That is simply intended to supply the ordinary purposes of your establishment. We cannot furnish water for your Niagara Falls without large extra compensation."

Begging "his honor" not to believe all he read in the papers, nor to be too literal in the interpretation of my large showbills, I explained the operation of the great cataract, and offered to pay a dollar a drop for all the water I used for Niagara Falls exceeding one barrel per month, provided my pump continued in good order! I was permitted to retire amid a hearty burst of laughter from the Commissioners, in which his honor the President condescended to join.

On one occasion, Louis Gaylord Clark, Esq., the witty and popular editor of the "Knickerbocker," called to view my Museum. I had never had the pleasure of seeing him before, and he introduced himself. I was extremely anxious that my establishment should receive a "first-rate notice" in his popular magazine, and therefore accompanied him through the entire Museum, taking especial pains to point out all objects of interest. We passed the entrance of the hall containing Niagara Falls just as the visitors had entered it from the performances in the Lecture Room, and hearing the pump at work, I

was aware that the great cataract was at that moment in full operation.

I desired to avoid that exhibition, feeling confident that if Mr. Clark should see the model Niagara, he would be so much disgusted with the entire show that he would "blow it up" in his "Knickerbocker," or (what I always consider much the worse for me) pass it by in silent contempt. Seeing him approach the entrance, I endeavored to call his attention to some object of interest in the other hall, but I was too late. He had noticed a concourse of visitors in the "Falls Room," and his curiosity to know what was going on was excited.

"Hold on, Barnum," said Clark; "let us see what you have here."

"It is only a model of Niagara Falls," I replied.

"Oh, ah, yes, yes, I remember now. I have noticed your advertisements and splendid posters announcing Niagara Falls with real water. I have some curiosity to see the cataract in operation," said Clark, at the same time mounting upon a chair in order to obtain a full view over the heads of the visitors.

with a sigh; "I wonder if he was conscious after receiving the fatal blow."

"I don't think he could have been," I responded with a well-feigned look of sorrow. "You are sure this is the identical club?" inquired Clark.

"We have documents which place its identity beyond all question," I replied.

"Poor Cook! poor Cook!" said Clark musingly. "Well, Mr. Barnum," he continued with great gravity, at the same time extending his hand and giving mine a hearty shake, "I am really very much obliged to you for your kindness. I had an irrepressible desire to see the club that killed Captain Cook, and I felt quite confident you could accommodate me. I have been in half a dozen smaller museums, and as they all had it, I was sure a large establishment like yours would not be without it."

My laurels were fast withering, and I felt that unless I kept my wits about me and managed to pay Clark at least an instalment on what I owed him, I should be the laughing stock of all his acquaintances. A few weeks afterwards, therefore, I wrote him a note, saying that I desired to consult him for a few moments at my office, on a subject of serious importance to me. He came immediately.

"Now," said I, "I do not want any of your nonsense, but I want your sober advice."

"My dear Barnum," he replied, in the fulness of his truly generous heart, "nothing will give me greater pleasure than to serve you in any way in my power."

I proceeded to inform him that a gentleman who had visited Egypt, had brought from the river Nile a most remarkable living fish, which he offered to hire for exhibition. The fish, I told him, was of a peculiar formation, and that the owner of it would place \$5000 in the hands of a responsible banker, to be forfeited if the fish did not within six weeks pass through a transformation by which its tail would disappear, and it would then have legs.

"Is it possible!" exclaimed Clark, in great astonishment.

I assured him that there was no mistake about it. "But," said I, "this price is high, and I want to ask your opinion in regard to its success. He asks \$100 per week for the use of it."

"It is cheap enough, my dear fellow. It will draw you more than that sum extra per day. Why, the whole thing is incredible. It will startle the naturalists—wake up the whole scientific world—and draw in the masses."

"Do you really think so?" I asked.

"Upon my honor, I am sure of it," responded Clark with much enthusiasm. "Make an engagement for six months, or for a year if possible, then come out and state the facts regarding this wonderful transformation—announce that \$5000 have been deposited in responsible hands which will be forfeited to the poor of this city if the change does not take place as described, and my word for it, your museum will not be large enough to contain your visitors. I declare I believe you will make \$20,000 of the operation!"

"I thanked Mr. Clark very warmly for his kind counsel, and assured him that I should not fail to take his advice. "In fact," said I, "I thought well of the speculation, excepting that I did not like the name of the fish. I think that is an objection."

"Tush, tush, not at all; what's in a name? Nothing. That makes no difference whatever. What is the name of the fish?"

"Tadpole, but it is vulgarly called pollywog," I replied, with becoming gravity.

"Sold, by thunder!" exclaimed Clark, springing to his feet and running down stairs.

Toasts by the Trade.

From a list of professional toasts said to have been made at a New England celebration, at Milwaukie, the following are taken.

By a Baker—"The Storm of Liberty"—It rose in the yeast—may it continue to give it light until it has leavened the world, and prepared for the great baking.

By a Dry Goods Merchant—"Our National Flag"—May we never measure it by yards, nor sell it without a reasonable advance on its first cost, adding transportation and insurance.

By a Printer—"Plymouth Rock"—The imposing stone on which the form of our liberties was made up—may it be a type of perpetuity.

By a Tailor—"The American Union"—But stoned up by the patriotism of our ancestors—may the needs of its virtuous indignation prick the first goose that attempts to rip it asunder.

By a Miller—"The Mayflower"—Ground from the grist of oppression, it turned out no Shorts.

By a Forwarder—"The Boston Tea Party"—May its memory be stored away by all who attempt to exact illegal commission.

Autumn.

Like some richly illuminated manuscript of cloistered art, the wonder book of Nature is spreading out its autumn pages in all their wonted brilliancy of mingling coloring; every mountain is a swelling mound of jewelled lustres, and every vale and clump of woodland a blending of rich rainbow tints, over which a bright sun-warmed haze is spread, just as the old missal painters used to canopy the heads of saints and apostles with a halo of golden light. The hoar frost covers the meadows in the early morning, and lies in crisp sparkling wreaths upon the fences and barn-roofs, while overhead a sky of the deepest blue is beginning to soften under the sunshine. Not a leaf quivers and the pale cottage smoke curls up in a straight unwavering column through the frosty air, while cloudless of mist rest lingeringly on the lake, or creep lazily up the hillsides.

There is exhilaration in the air, and a new life in the wind that comes careering from the north-west, bearing frost on its wings, and brightness to the autumn woods. The farmer is early afield with his cheery call, as he guides his oxen to the late harvesting. The maize fields display their tent-like rows, garniture of yellow pumpkins scattered between, and the buckwheat patches no longer yielding their "honed fragrance," are falling before the quick swinging cradle, and lie like red spots upon the landscape. The orchards are brimming with rosy fruit, and the chestnut burs are showering down their treasures in the woods. Plenty seems to reign, and the fullness of the year has put its stamp of gladness upon all.

"A mellow richness on the clustered trees, And from a beaker full of richest dyes, Pouring new glory on the autumn woods, And dipping in warm light the pillared clouds, Men, on the mountain, like a summer bird, Lifts up her purple wing; and in the vales The gentle wind, a sweet and passionate rover, Kisses the blushing leaves and stirs up life, Within the solemn woods of ash deep crim-omed, And silver beech, the maple yell-w leaved— Where Autumn, like a faint old man, sits down By the wayside weary. Through the trees The golden robin moves; the purple Finch That on wild cherry and red cedar feeds, A winter bird comes with its plaintive whistle, And pecks by the wych hazel; while aloft From cottage roofs the warbling blue-bird sings."—Longfellow.

Wouldn't Contend.

A cross-grained, surly man, too crooked by nature to keep still, went over to his neighbor, Mr. F., a remarkably cool, calm, non-resistant, and addressed him thus: "That piece of fence over there is mine, and you shan't have it."

"Why," replied Mr. F., "suppose we leave it to any lawyer you shall choose?"

"I won't leave it to any lawyer," said the other.

"Well," continued Mr. F., "shall we leave it to any four men in the village that you shall select?"

"No, I shall have the fence."

Not at all discomposed, Mr. F. said: "Well, neighbor, then I shall leave it to yourself to say to whom it does belong, whether to you or me."

Struck dumb by the appeal, the wrathful man turned away, saying:

"I won't have anything to do with a man that won't contend for his own rights."

'What's the Use?'

"Where's Sam?" asked Joe Dennet, coming into Mr. Power's yard, and seeing Mrs. Powers at the door.

"Up in his study," answered Sam's mother.

"And where is that?" asked Joe; "I did not know that Sam had a study."

Sam's mother smiled, and told him to go in the garden and may be he would find it. He did so, and shouted—Sam, where are you?"

"Hallo!" said a voice from above.

Joe looked up, and saw his friend perched in the crotch of an apple tree, with slate and book in hand.

"Come," said Joe, "the boys are going a boating, and want you to go."

"Can't," answered Sam, "I'm trying to master this algebra; we all missed to-day."

"Why, it is Wednesday afternoon, and that's our time. I would not study, I am sure—what's the use?" asked Joe.

"Well, for my part, I am bound to get this lesson the first thing I do," said Sam.

"Pooh! it's too hot to study; besides, I hate algebra—what's the use of puzzling your brains over x plus y ?"

"I think it is of use to get our lessons," said Sam.

"What are you going to do after that?" asked Joe.

"I am going to weed the onion beds."

"Oh it's too pleasant to work. What's the use of tying yourself up here, all the afternoon? I know I would not," said Joe Dennet.

"Well, I think it's of use to do what needs to be done, was Sam's answer.

This was a fair sample of Sam Powers and Joseph Dennet, two boys who lived in the same neighborhood. It is twenty-five years since this kind of talk took place, and the boys are now men. Sam Powers is called a man of "iron will," because he lays plans and carries them out with a patience and energy which never give up. He is one of the first business men in the State, and a pious man too. How is it with Joe? He goes through life a man, just as he did a boy. If there is any extra exertion to be made in his business, he asks, "What's the use?" and goes to it with so little heart that he is sure to fail. He is always complaining of hard times, and wondering how people get ahead so. As for religion, he does not live as if it were of much use to him or any one else.

There are some boys who, when they have anything to do, or are called upon to do a little more than usual, try to shirk off by asking, "Oh! what's the use?" The fact is, boys, there is use in doing like a man what you have to do. There is use in getting your lessons, and getting them well, and making extra exertions to get them, if they are difficult. There is use in weeding the garden, chopping at the wood-pile, finding the cows, cultivating a taste for reading, and in doing what your parents ask of you. Whenever I hear a boy trying to excuse himself from duty, by saying, "Oh! what's the use?" I mark him as a lazy, shirking, shuffling boy, who will be very likely to be good for nothing when he grows up. You must have a hearty interest in your work, and always feel very suspicious of yourself, if you find an inclination to dodge duty with this meaningless excuse.

Ludicrous Mistake.

A Frenchman, newly arrived in London, impatient to see the town, but fearful of not finding his way back to the hotel, carefully copied upon a card the name painted upon the wall at the corner of the street in which it was situated. This done, he felt himself safe, and set out

Poetry.

For the Patriot.
Heart's Questionings—
BY JENNY—NEW YORK.

Is thine the power, O friendship, to thrill the in-
most heart—
To strike thy pang still deeper than love's un-
erring dart?
Is thine the magic turning of interwoven shells?
Is thine the beautiful blossom, too pure for pos-
sion's goal?
Thine these dreamy glances? thine the extran-
cious sigh?
Or thine the throbbing bosom where one may
linger night?
Or thine the tones melodious, that we ask no
more of earth,
Than listening to the merry sounds of joyousness
and mirth.
To read within one sparkling eye, all, all that
could delight,
Still gaze, as on a far off star, that gems the sky
at night;
So lovely, O, to gaze upon, yet the gem we can-
not wear—
Why dost upon that precious orb? that smiles so
sweetly there.
Pray tell me, if thine's the power to weave this
strange spell,
Why tangle the eye its speaking, that words
would dare not tell?
Why steal unconsciously within the heart of
hearts?
Why coil thy cords so tightly? is this thy power,
thy art?

Know Nothing and Know Something.
A Conversation held between them, after the
third Lecture before the Quincy Lyceum.

[Reported by John.]

K. S.—"I said our conversations do not
sound well.
In the case of a certain fat Barrister
On Washington Square;
That thinks them most unlearned nonsense,
With which the Lyceum can well dispense.
K. N.—His ears have heard many things of
late,
Which made him spit out late.
That Cannon did disturb his delicate organs
To such a great degree,
That the smooth stream of his conversation
Was much impeded by an occasional damn.
There are many ladies standing in the aisles
For want of place to sit.
Must I again vent my severity
On those who watch the interests of this ancient
town.
Perhaps they'll hear more easily
Since finding out the strength and influence
Of our new party.
One thing is certain, if ladies stand another night
They'll hear our votes at a Town Meeting
Called for that special purpose.
The streets are full of indignation that our re-
spectable
And honored Lyceum is thus abused.
K. S.—Keep cool, all will come right in time.
K. N.—Time. How much time is wanted
To buy a few settees or chairs—
Or for our President to get our matters straight,
So we can have the lecturer go propo-
Heard him with eloquence, announce
That we no need say shall have to-night;
Only a rising sun.
Perhaps himself may know a sun that's set,
And Darlingame a sun that's fully risen.
K. S.—His lecture, surely will suit everybody.
For everybody now is Know-nothing.
And thinks the present better than the past.
That this old world will come out right at last.
Surely our boys are wiser than their fathers,
And know it, too.
"Twice truly said they all could teach Ben Frank-
lin
And make him stare to see our telegraphing;
That beaus had much improved since Hotspur's
time,
And better systems been devised for courting.
K. N.—Say no more about it.
You may offend the ladies, as well as the bar-
rister.
K. S.—At our next meeting we'll sit in the
gallery.

Anecdotes.

"Book, what is the name of your lead
horse?"
"He name Xerxes, sar."
"And what do you call the one behind
him?"
"Arter Xerxes, sar."
"Hallo, Sharp," said Pop, meeting him in
the street, "you hobble, my boy; what's the
matter with you?"
"Oh, I had my foot crushed, through the
carelessness of a conductor, the other day,
between railroad cars—that's all."
"And don't you mean to sue for damages?"
"Damages? no no—I have had damages
enough from them already; hadn't I better
sue for repairs?"
"What's whisky bringing?" inquired a
dealer in that article.
"Bringing men to the gallows," was the
reply.

Toys and Fancy Articles.

BY calling at DR. MARDEN'S, corner of
HAWKINS and GRANITE STREETS, you
will find a splendid assortment of
TOYS AND FANCY ARTICLES,
Such as Dolls, Horses, Lions, Elephants, Dogs,
Cats, Rabbits, Monkeys, and Fowls of all descrip-
tions.
Also—Wagons, Buggies, Chaises, Cabs,
Sleighs—Villages, Military Companies, Dining
Sets, Tea Sets, Nine Pins, Tops, Rattles, Win-
dles, Flageolets, Clarinets, Trumpets, Harmoni-
cas, Harmoniums—Fancy Glass Boxes, Fancy
Baskets, Kaleidoscopes, Bird Cages, Paint Boxes
and Trimmers, Transparent Slates, &c. &c., and
at reduced prices, as a natural result of the Mas-
sachusetts Elections.
Quincy, Nov. 18. tf

IMPORTANT
TO THE
Farmer, Farrier & Stage Proprietor.

GEO. W. MERCHANT'S
CELEBRATED GARGLING OIL
UNPARALLELED IN THE HISTORY OF MEDICINE
As the most remarkable External Application ever
discovered.



"They can't keep house without it."

Experience of more than sixteen years has established
the fact that Merchant's Celebrated Gargling Oil, or Un-
der Family Emulsion, will cure most cases, and re-
lieve such as:
Scurvy, Soreness, Ringworms, Windfalls, Pol-
luted, Callous, Cracked Heels, Galls of all
kinds, Fresh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Fis-
tulas, Sifts, Sand Cracks, Strains, Lameness,
Foundered Feet, Scratches or Grease, Mange,
Rheumatism, Itches of Animals, External Poi-
sons, Painful Nervous Affections, Frost Bites,
Boils, Corns, Whitlows, Burns and Scalds,
Chilblains, Clapped Hands, Cramps, Con-
strictions of the Muscles, Swellings, Weakness
of the Joints, Caked Breasts, &c. &c. &c.
The unparalleled success of this Oil, in the cure of dis-
eases in Horses and Cattle, and even in human flesh, is
only becoming more known to the farming community,
on the basis of keeping it in their stables and houses, with
a vast amount of pain, suffering and time, are saved by
its timely application of this Oil.
Get the name of the sole proprietor, GEORGE
W. MERCHANT, Lockport, N. Y., is blown in the side
of the bottle, and in his hand writing over the cork.
All orders addressed to the proprietor will be promptly
responded to.
Get a Pamphlet of the Agent, and see what wonders are
accomplished by the use of this medicine.
Sold by respectable dealers generally, in the United
States and Canada. Also by
Mrs. E. HAYDEN, QUINCY.

Also by Wm. T. Rand, Dedham; Geo. W.
Biel, Brockton; Zenas Sewer, Raynham;
D. M. Swift, Milton; Wholesale and retail by Weeks
& Potter, P. R. Slater & Co. and D. Taylor, Jr.
& Co., Boston.
Quincy, Nov. 18. tf

Mrs. E. HAYDEN, QUINCY.
Also by Wm. T. Rand, Dedham; Geo. W.
Biel, Brockton; Zenas Sewer, Raynham;
D. M. Swift, Milton; Wholesale and retail by Weeks
& Potter, P. R. Slater & Co. and D. Taylor, Jr.
& Co., Boston.
Quincy, Nov. 18. tf

GRANITE SALOON.
THE subscriber would most respectfully in-
form his friends and the public, that he has
fitted up the Basement Room, in Goodnow's
Building, on Granite Street, where he intends to
keep a good supply of

Oysters, Fruits and Refreshments.
He hopes, by constant attention to the wants of
the public, to merit a share of patronage.
LORING A. FRENCH.
Quincy, March 25. tf

DR. S. STOCKING,
DENTAL SURGEON,
No. 54 Tremont Row, (op stairs), Boston.
Terms for the Season.

ENTIRE Sets of Teeth, from \$35 to \$50.
Full upper or under set, from \$15 to \$40.
Parts of Sets, in favorable cases, from \$15 to
\$35. Filling with Gold, from 50 cents to
\$3.00. Extracting 25 cents without, and
50 cents with the use of ether. All
operations warranted, and the finest gold used.
Opinions of the Boston Press.

"The long experience and correct taste of
Dr. Stocking, of this city, eminently qualify
him to set artificial teeth, that look well, feel
well, wear well, and work well; and, what is
rather remarkable, he seems to be better pleased
with furnishing good work than with exor-
bitant prices for it—a trait not common with the
profession."—*Evening Traveller*.

"We advise all toothless persons to call on
Dr. Stocking, of this city, and procure some
artificial teeth, as his manufacture. We offer
this advice with the more confidence, because
whatever he undertakes to do, he does well.
No one who is acquainted with him can doubt
that Nature designed him for a dentist of the
right stamp."—*Morning Post*.

"No Dentist among us is better qualified to
improve the condition of the mouth, by set-
ting, filling, extracting, cleansing, regulating,
&c. of the teeth, than Dr. Stocking of this
city. His reputation for dental skill is too
well established to be doubted."—*Evening
Transcript*.

"Dr. Stocking of this city, possesses the right
qualifications for his profession—requiring,
as it does, a combination of patience, care,
skill and gentleness, with a thorough knowl-
edge of all the intricacies of the business."—*Boston Journal*.

"If any of our readers have got the tooth-
ache, and wish to know who to care for, with
the least pain, we should say, Dr. Stocking;
or, if they want their teeth filled, and
filled right, we should say, by all means go to
Dr. Stocking. And, above all, if you wish
for artificial teeth that every body calls the
perfection of art, he is the one to furnish them,
and at a reasonable price."—*Daily Times*.
Boston, March 25. 9m.

Cure for Canker, etc.
DR. WEAVER'S Canker Cure. GREN-
VILLE'S Vegetable Extract, for canker,
sore-throat and sore feet.
ATWELL'S Canker Drops.
For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Feb. 11. tf

FLANNELS.
BLUE, Blue Mixed, Red, Yellow, and White
Flannels, twilled and plain—for sale cheap,
at
I. W. MUNROE'S.
Quincy, Oct. 28. tf

WHITE & FRENCH,
Attorneys at Law,
Room No. 15, Webster Bank Building,
Exchange Street, --- BOSTON.
GEORGE WHITE. ASA FRENCH.
May 20. tf

HENRY A. RANSOM,
AUCTIONEER,
RESPECTFULLY offers his services to the
public in the disposal of Real and Personal
property, and hereby solicits a share of patronage.
Quincy, April 8. tf

KIRK & TRAVIS,
Dealers in Teas and Coffees
OF THE PUREST QUALITY.
Also, West India Goods, and pure old Wines
and Liquors as imported, and suitable for in-
valids and sickness.
Also, London Porter and Scotch Ale, and Ha-
vanna Cigars.
H. B. KIRK,
WM. E. TRAVIS.
No. 106 Kneeland Street.
Boston, April 16, 1853. tf

ALL KINDS OF
Job Printing,
SUCH AS
POSTERS, BILLS, OF ALL KINDS,
BILL-HEADS, BLANKETS, CARDS,
AND EVERY VARIETY OF
BOOK PLAIN, AND FANCY
PRINTING,
Neatly Executed at the Quincy Patriot Office,
WITH CHEAPNESS AND DESPATCH.

NATHANIEL WHITE,
--- FOR SALE ---
LUMBER,
Nails, Lime, Brick and Sand
--- ALSO ---
Coal, Hard and Soft Wood,
QUINCY CANAL WHARF.
July 10, 1852.

William E. Colburn's
Quincy and Boston Express
LEAVES BOSTON DAILY,
At 2 o'clock, P. M.,
From 24 and 25 Brattle Square, and 29
South Market Street.
All orders promptly attended to. -- 14 --
April 2, 1853.

ISRAEL W. MUNROE,
DEALER IN
Dry Goods, Crockery, Glass and
Hardware,
together with a full assortment of choice
W. I. GOODS & GROCERIES,
all of which will be sold at the very lowest prices
and delivered at any part of the Town free of ex-
pense.
Quincy, Jan. 22, 1853. tf

FISHER A. KINGSBURY,
Counsellor at Law,
Commissioner for the States of
MAINE, NEW HAMPSHIRE, VER-
MONT, CONNECTICUT, RHODE
ISLAND AND NEW YORK.
Weymouth, Mass.
Nov. 26. tf

JOSEPH G. BRACKETT.
--- DEALER IN ---
LUMBER;
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
--- ALSO ---
Lime, Sand, Bricks and Hair.
Dimension Frames furnished at short Notice.
Purchasers will find it for their interest to
call and examine, before purchasing else-
where, as they will find a full assort-
ment at the lowest prices.
Quincy, June 12. 1y

ARNOLD'S
Patent Sash Lock,
The best Fastening for bottom or top Sashes
yet invented, sold by
JOHN O. FOYE,
Owner of the Patent Right.
--- DEALER IN ---
Hardware, Pumps, Doors, Sashes,
Blinds, Glass, &c., &c.,
Weymouth Landing, Mass.
Sept. 9. 3m

Francis Marden
WOULD inform the public that he has recent-
ly fitted up the shop lately occupied by Mr.
SAMUEL CORLEAND, and is ready to furnish all
with Meats of the very best quality.
Quincy, April 2. tf

Horse and Cattle Medicines.
T. K. VERRY'S Arabian Horse Powders,
etc., etc.
Verry's Horse and Cattle LOTION.
DADD'S Horse and Cattle Medicines.
For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Jan. 25. tf

Perfumery, Oils, etc.
CHOICEST Perfumery, Cosmetics, Hair Oil,
Hair Dye, Dentifrice, etc., etc.
DR. MARDEN'S.
Quincy, Dec. 10. Goodnow's Building.

Blankets.
ALL sizes and qualities—just received and for
sale low, at
I. W. MUNROE'S.
Quincy, Oct. 28. tf

For Sale Cheap,
A LOT 4-4 DOMET FLANNEL, by
I. W. MUNROE.
Quincy, Oct. 21. tf

QUINCY
Marble & Granite Works.
MONUMENTS,
Grave Stones, Tablets, &c.

McGrath, Mitchell & Co.,
RESPECTFULLY invite
attention to this estab-
lishment, now opened near the
--- South Quincy Depot ---
where a MONUMENTAL work
of every description, from the
simplest Grave Stone or Tablet
to the most elegant and
elaborate Monument is execu-
ted in the very best style.
Long experience in the busi-
ness, and a thorough competency
in the Art of Designing, en-
ables the Conductors of these works to carry out
the ideas and suit the various tastes and require-
ments of persons in need of such articles.

--- ALSO ---
GRANITE WORK,
--- in all its forms ---
FRONTS FOR BUILDINGS,
MONUMENTS, STEPS,
TOMB FRONTS, FENCE POSTS,
Underpinning, Cellar Stones, etc., etc.,
furnished to order, by
C. R. & C. Mitchell.
A large collection of Monumental Designs, (all
drawn in the Establishment,) and which, as well as
the work, attest the skill and competency of the
Proprietors, are on hand, and the public are re-
spectfully invited to call and inspect them.
Orders sent by Mail will be faithfully execu-
ted with despatch and at reasonable prices.
Quincy, July 22. tf

STOVES! STOVES!!
THE subscriber has
re-opened his Shop
on Hancock Street, near
opposite the S. T. & C.
Temple, where will be
found a NEW AS-
SORTMENT OF
--- JAPAN, Japan
and Britannia
Ware as can be found
in the market.
Also—Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Work done
to order, in a neat and workmanlike manner.
The subscriber would invite his old patrons and
the public generally, to give him a call where he
will be found personally to attend to them, and all
orders done to satisfaction.
The subscriber hopes by strict attention to busi-
ness and a desire to please to merit a share of pub-
lic patronage.
Quincy, July 22. CHARLES HOLMES. tf

Insurance against Fire.
QUINCY MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
INCORPORATED
1851.
THE QUINCY MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COM-
PANY, of Massachusetts, insures Real and Personal Property against the haz-
ard of Fire, for five years or less, on favorable
terms.
Farmers, Mechanics, Household, Traders,
Merchants, and all Owners of Property not extra-
hazardous, are solicited to patronize this Compa-
ny; every effort will be made to accommodate
customers.
Letters, by mail or otherwise, from persons re-
siding at a distance, relating to Fire Insurance,
will be promptly attended to.
PRESIDENT,
WILLIAM S. MORTON;
TREASURER,
ISRAEL W. MUNROE;
SECRETARY,
STEPHEN BATES;
DIRECTORS,
Quincy, Milton,
William S. Morton, George Thompson,
Isaac W. Munroe, Charles Brock,
Gideon F. Thayer, Dorchester,
Thomas C. Webb, H. W. Blanchard,
Albert Thompson, Cohasset,
Whitcomb Porter, Solomon J. Beal,
Stephen Bates, South Hingham,
William B. Duggan, Alfred Loring,
Thomas Curtis, North Bridgewater,
Royal W. Turner, Sumner A. Hayward,
South Braintree, Barnstable,
Apollis Randall, George Marston.

References, by permission:
Hon. GEORGE T. BIGELOW of Boston,
Hon. JOSIAH QUINCY, Jr., of Boston,
Hon. AMASA WALKER of North Brookfield,
Hon. JAMES MAGUIRE of Randolph,
Hon. SOLOMON LINCOLN of Hingham,
Hon. CHARLES F. ADAMS of Quincy,
JOSIAH BRIGHAM, Esq., "
OFFICE,
Washington Street, Quincy, near of Stone Temple,
Quincy, April 1. 1y

New Provision Store.
THE subscriber would inform the public, that
he has fitted up the Store lately occupied by
Mr. Grindley Tutman, as a
MARKET HOUSE,
and is ready to supply the public with all kinds of
MEATS and VEGETABLES, of the best quali-
ty, cheap for cash.
Also—BUTTER, CHEESE, DRIED AP-
PLES, BEANS, PICKLES, TRIPPE, LARD,
etc., constantly on hand.
Quincy, March 18. H. A. RANSOM. tf

Pills and Bitters—Sick Headache.
D. SOULE'S Oriental Sovereign Balm Pills.
HOOFLAND'S German Bitters.
Dr. Eastman's Celebrated SICK HEADACHE
REMEDY.
For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Jan. 25. tf

AYER'S
PILLS.
FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A
FAMILY PHYSIC.

There has long existed a public demand for an
effective purgative pill which could be relied on as
safe and perfectly safe in its operation. This has
been prepared to meet that demand, and an exten-
sive trial of its virtues has conclusively shown with
what success it accomplishes the purpose designed.
It is easy to make a physical pill, but not easy to
make the best of pills—one which should have
none of the objections, but all the advantages, of
what success it would respectfully submit to the
public decision. It has been unfortunately for the
patient hitherto that almost every purgative
medicine is acrimonious and irritating to the bow-
els, and thus produces a previously existing ob-
struction in the system as well as the purgative
itself. These pills produce no irritation or pain,
unless it arises from a previously existing ob-
struction in the bowels. Being purely vegeta-
ble, no harm can arise from their use in any
quantity; but it is better that any medicine should
be taken judiciously. Minute directions for their
use in the several diseases to which they are ap-
plicable are given on the box. Among the com-
plaints which have been cured by them, we men-
tion Liver Complaint, in its various forms
of Jaundice, Indigestion, Langour and Loss of Ap-
petite, Biliousness, Irritability, Bilious Headache,
Listless Fever, Fever and Ague, Pain in the Side
and Loins; for, in truth, all these are but the con-
sequence of diseased action in the liver. As an
aperient they afford prompt and sure relief in Cos-
tiveness of Bowels, Dysentery, Hemorrhoids, Scrofu-
lous Scurvy, Colds with soreness of the body,
Ulcers and impurity of the blood; in short, any
disease which requires a purgative is cured here, but
they have also produced some singularly suc-
cessful cures in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel,
Erysipelas, Palpitation of the Heart, Pains in the
Back, Stomach, and Side. They should be freely
taken in the spring of the year, to purify the blood
and prepare the system for the change of seasons.
An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and
restores healthy action, and restores the appe-
tite and vigor. They purify the blood, and, by their
stimulant action on the circulatory system, re-
new the strength of the whole organism.
Hence an occasional dose is advantageous, even
though no serious derangement exists; and
necessary dosing should never be carried too far,
as every purgative medicine reduces the strength,
when taken to excess. The thousands of cases in which
a physic is required cannot be enumerated here, but
every body and it is confidently believed this pill will
answer a better purpose than any thing which has
hitherto been available to mankind. When their
virtues are once known, the public will no longer
doubt what remedy to employ when in need of a
cathartic medicine. Being sugar-coated, they are
pleasant to take, and being purely vegetable, no
harm can arise from their use in any quantity.
For minute directions see wrapper on the Box.

PREPARED BY
JAMES C. AYER,
Practical and Analytical Chemist,
LOWELL, MASS.
Price 25 Cents per Box. Five Boxes for \$1.

AYER'S
CHERRY PECTORAL,
For the rapid Cure of
COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS,
BRONCHITIS, WHOOPING-COUGH,
CROUP, ASTHMA, AND
CONSUMPTION.

This remedy has won for itself such notoriety
from its cures of every variety of pulmonary dis-
ease, that it is entirely unnecessary to recount the
evidence of its virtues in any community where it
has been employed. So wide is the field of its use-
fulness, and so numerous the cases of its cures,
that almost every section of the country abounds
in persons publicly known, who have been restored
from alarming and even desperate diseases of the
lungs by its use. When once tried its superiority
over every other medicine of its kind is too ap-
parent to escape observation, and where its virtues are
known, the public no longer hesitate what antidote
to employ for the distressing and dangerous affec-
tions of the pulmonary organs which are incident
to our climate. And not only so, but for the milder
varieties of COLDS, COUGHS, HOARSENESS, &c.; and for
CHILDREN it is the pleasantest and safest medicine
that can be obtained.
As it has long been in constant use throughout
this section, we need not do more than assure the
people its quality is kept up to the best that it ever
has been, and that the genuine article is sold by—
Mrs. E. HAYDEN, SOLE AGENT.
Quincy, Oct. 28. 1y

Building Materials.
THE subscriber having erected a large and
convenient Store, at Weymouth Land-
ing, for the sale of Building Materials, HARD-
WARE, &c., &c.
Will keep constantly on hand, a large assort-
ment of
Doors, Blinds, Sashes and Glass,
OF ANY QUALITY.
--- ALSO ---
Copper, Wood and Chain PUMPS, new and
beautiful patterns.
37 Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, Zinc, Nails; Barn
Door Rolls and Rods, for top or bottom; Green
Doors, Fume Irons, Blind Hinges and Fast-
eners, Patent Window Springs, Tarred Paper, Fence
and Sash Balusters; Framing Pins, turned.
FIRE and GARDEN ENGINES—the latest
and best kinds.
In short, nearly every article usually needed in
the erection of any common building, all of which
will be sold very low.
PAINTED BLINDS and GLAZED SASHES
always on hand.
37 Carpenters and Builders are respectfully in-
vited to call and examine my Stock.
JOHN O. FOYE.
Weymouth, Sept. 9. 3m

Fruits.
FRESH Lemons, Oranges and Figs; also—
Dates, Prunes, Tamarinds, Etc., Apples,
etc., etc. For sale at DR. MARDEN'S,
Quincy, Dec. 10. Goodnow's Building.

Blankets.
12 PAIR 10-4 heavy Whitney Blankets—
for sale at a discount.
I. W. MUNROE.
Quincy, Feb. 4. 3w

Rats and Mice.
LYON'S MAGNETIC POWDER—For the
destruction of Rats, Mice, Moths, Bugs and
other Vermin, without poison.
Parson's and Warren's RAT EXTERMINA-
TOR, and various other articles for the same pur-
pose. For sale by
Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Sept. 30. tf

Apothecary Store.
MRS. E. HAYDEN returns thanks to her
friends and the public, for the liberal and con-
tinued patronage, and offers an enlarged stock of su-
perior Family Medicines, select-
ed with care.

Also—various articles for
invalids, Pearl and prepared
Barley, Farina, Grains, cracked
Wheat, Sago, Tapioca, Out-
four, Corn Starch, Beans, &c.
Jellies, Raspberry and Lemon
Syrup, Guava Paste, &c.
Shoulder Braces and Sup-
porters of various kinds, Glass
Elastic Breast Pumps, Glass
Pipes and Shells, patent sur-
gical Shields, Tubes, and Bot-
tles, spread Plasters, Glass
and Metal Syringes, Bed-pans, Horse-hair Mittens,
Flesh Brushes, &c., &c.
Fresh European Leeches always on hand.
Physicians' prescriptions put up with care and
attention.
She is also receiving the new and popular medi-
cines of the day, as they appear in this and other
States. Washington-st, rear of Stone Temple.
Quincy, Nov. 1. 45tf

Over 100,000 Boxes Sold in Five Months.
DEVINE'S COMPOUND
PITCH LOZENGES.

THE GREAT REMEDY for Colds, Coughs,
Whooping Cough, Croup, Asthma and Con-
sumption. Certificates of cures may be found
in the Circulars, and the world is challenged
to produce such cures as are effected by faith-
fully using this cheap and pleasant luxury.
Manufactured by S. D. FULLER & Co.,
No. 4 Wilson's lane, Boston.
P. R. SLATER & Co., General Wholesale
and Retail Agents, No. 3 Fremont Temple,
Boston, Mass. Sold by Druggists and Mer-
chants generally throughout the country;
also, by the Manufacturers, No. 4 Wilson lane,
Boston, Mass. Sept. 23. 6m

Paper Hangings.
JUST received new styles of Paper Hangings
and for sale cheap for cash.
DANIEL BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, March 25. tf

CALEB PACKARD.
DEALER IN SILKS, SHAWLS, FURS,
Dress and Domestic Goods of every de-
scription.
Also—White Goods, Laces, Dress and Cloak
Trimmings, Gimps Braids and Embroid-
eries, a large lot of Hosiery, and a
great variety of fancy articles.
GENTS' and BOYS'
Ready Made Clothing,
AND
FURNISHING GOODS:
BOOTS, SHOES, TRUNKS, VALISES,
CARPET BAGS, UMBRELLAS,
HATS, CAPS, &c., &c.

FUR TURE,
of every description constantly on hand, or
furnished at the shortest notice.
Also—MATTRESSES and FEATHERS
of every quality. I would ask the particular
attention of the public to this branch of my
business.
MULLINERY GOODS?
Customers wishing Goods of this class, will
find always a carefully selected Stock, of the
latest and best styles. BONNETS, made and
trimmed.
CARPETINGS,
of every style and quality; Crockery, China,
Glass and Britannia Ware, Solar Lamps and
Shades, and a general assortment of House-
keeping Goods. I would respectfully invite
the attention of my friends and customers, to
my present varied Stock, to which I am con-
stantly making addition, and solicit a call from
all desiring Goods of any kind in my line.
Quincy, Dec. 3d. 4tf

Dried Apples.
2000 POUNDS for sale cheap for cash,
at
DANIEL BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, March 25. tf

Soaps and Perfumes.
CHOICE Soaps and Perfumes, and various
other articles for the Toilette.
Glenn's Pearl Powder; Harrison's Magnolia
Balls; Shand's Lily White; Swift's Orris and
Chalk Balls; Chinese Moss; a celebrated
Toilette Powder; French's Bell Powder for in-
fants; Puff Boxes; etc., etc. For sale by
Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, March 11. tf

Porte Monaies.
JUST received at the QUINCY BOOK-
STORE, a large and handsome variety—
many new patterns. Beautiful styles of Ladies'
Fortie Monies, &c., selling at lower prices than
ever before.
Quincy, Oct. 21. 3w

Almanacs for 1855.
OLD FARMER'S ALMANAC, by Robert B.
Thomson.
Brown's Almanac, Pocket Memorandum and Ac-
count Book; Family Christian Almanac; and
many others—sold at
QUINCY BOOKSTORE.
Quincy, Oct. 21. tf

Cramps, Pains, etc.
DYER'S Healing Embrocation, for External
and Internal Use, in cramps, sprains, pain,
rheumatism, etc., etc. Put up in bottles of three
size—each for trial bottles.
Also—GRAPES LINIMENT.
For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Feb. 11. tf

Tooth Ache!
TELL every person you meet, who is afflicted
with the Tooth Ache, that he may find an
article at Dr. MARDEN'S which will effect an
instantaneous and permanent cure without the cold
steel or the least danger of injury from the applica-
tion of the remedy.
Quincy, Dec. 24. tf

For the Complexion.
TOMPKIN'S Orange Flower Lotion, Fos-
taine's Balm of a Thousand Flowers, Milk
of Roses, Amandine for Tan Sunburn &c. &c. For
sale by
Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, May 7. tf

Butter! Butter!!
30 tubs of first rate DAIRY
BUTTER, for sale cheap
for cash by
D. BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, Oct. 29. tf

DEVOTI
VOLUME XIX.
OFFICE OF PUBLICATION
Over I. W. Munroe's Store, on Hancock

JOHN A. GREEN, Editor.
CONDITIONS.
Two Dollars per annum in advance
delayed until the end of the year, then
Dollars will be required.
No subscription nor advertisement will
be continued previous to the payment of all
ages, unless at the option of the publisher.
Advertisements correctly and compen-
sated at the customary price, and will be
for until ordered out.
The privilege of annual advertisers is
their own immediate business.
Letters and communications, postage re-
ceive early attention.

The following gentlemen are author-
ized to receive and requested to procure subscri-
bers:
Railroad Village, JOSIAH BARCO
West District, GEORGE H. LO
Milton, CHARLES HERR
Dorchester, OLIVER P. BACON
Weymouth, P. A. KINGSTON
Abington, JOSEPH CLEVEL
South Scituate, SAMUEL A. T
New York City, FURMAN H
Brooklyn, (N. Y.) GERSHOM DRE

Miscellaneous.
For the Patriot.
Remarks for Catholics and Protest-
ants.
Ma. Editor:—If the intelligent so-
daughters of America are true to them-
selves and their country; if they see to it
that the school-house and meeting-house are peo-
pled in their purity, then can we rest as
that the Romish church and all the evil that
grow out of it, can never gain the ascen-
dancy in the land of Washington. In the
tenth century Popery received a blow—
one from which it can never re-
cover. It may live on for years, for centuries,
never again can recover the vigor it
possessed. The reformers were mu-
genious, learning and courage, and done
work thoroughly,—so thoroughly, that
the Romish church has ever since been
struggling to overthrow it, and once more gain
power, it has steadily gathered around
it a flower of humanity until at this
end day millions glory, and with perfect
ty, in the name of heretic. Penance, a
ular confessions, indulgences, holy vi-
pictures of the Virgin, Ave Marias, be-
incense, masses, and other Tam fooleries
not based upon any authority of the Bible.
They are not necessarily a part of religion.
They are by no means a part of that
which Christians claim to possess; he
repairs to such a spring to quench his
after religion, will probably return as de-
the calf did who chased a bull nine miles
a suck. If Romanism is pure and holy,
is it afraid to teach its children? Why
it forbid its followers to read the Bible?
Does it not seek to keep the word of God
out of the hands of the people? Certain
does. It even goes so far as to try and
it out of our common schools,—a thing we
believe can never be done. What is
Catholic church as we see it at the pres-
time is our midst? Is it not one that
tracts from the poor their hard-earned money
for the purpose of building splendid churches
and supporting cunning priests? Now
church claims to be the church, and that
head the Pope, occupies the place once
by Peter. She claims to be righteous,
exclusive, and that all who are not her
lowers are heretics, and will, as they ou-
be damned. Now as the Catholics claim
to

Apothecary Store.
MRS. E. HAYDEN returns thanks to her friends and the public, for their long-continued patronage, and offers an enlarged stock of superior Family Medicines, selected with care.
Also, various articles for invalids, such as prepared Barley, Farina, Grains, cracked Wheat, Sago, Tapioca, Oat-flour, Corn Starch, Broom, &c. Jellies, Raspberry and Lemon Syrup, Gums, Elixirs, &c. Shoulder Braces and Supporters of various kinds, Gum Elastic Breast Pumps, Glass Pipes and Shells, patent nursing Shields, Tubes, and Bottles, spread Plasters, Glass and Metal Syringes, Rod-pans, Horse-hair Mittens, Wash Brushes, &c. &c.
Fresh European Leeches always on hand.
Physicians' prescriptions put up with care and attention.
She is also receiving the new and popular medicines of the day, as they appear in this and other States. Washington-st., rear of Stone Temple. Quincy, Nov. 1. 45d
Over 100,000 Boxes Sold in Five Months.
DEVINE'S COMPOUND PITCH LOZENGES.
THE GREAT REMEDY IS AT LAST DISCOVERED! for Colds, Coughs, Whooping Cough, Croup, Asthma and Consumption. Certificates of cures may be found in the Circulars, and the world is challenged to produce such cures as are effected by faithfully using this cheap and pleasant luxury. Manufactured by S. D. FULLER & Co., No. 4 Wilson's Lane, Boston.
P. R. SLATER & Co., General Wholesale and Retail Agents No. 3 Tremont Temple, Boston, Mass. Sent by Druggists and Merchants generally throughout the country; also, by the Manufacturers, No. 4 Wilson Lane, Boston, Mass.
Paper Hangings.
JUST received new styles of Paper Hangings and for sale cheap for cash.
DANIEL BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, March 25. 4f
CALEB PACKARD.
DEALER IN SILKS, SHAWLS, FURS, Dress and Domestic Goods of every description.
Also—White Goods, Laces, Dress and Cloak Trimmings, Gimps, Braids, and Miscellaneous, a large lot of Hosiery, and a great variety of fancy articles.
GENTS' and BOYS' Ready Made Clothing,
FURNISHING GOODS: BOOTS, SHOES, TRUNKS, VALISES, CARPET BAGS, UMBRELLAS, HATS, CAPS, &c. &c.
FURITURE,
of every description constantly on hand, or furnished at the shortest notice.
Also—MATTRESSES and FEATHERS of every quality. I would ask the particular attention of the public to this branch of my business.
MILLINERY GOODS!
Customers wishing Goods of this class, will find always a carefully selected Stock, of the most and best styles. BONNETS, made and trimmed.
CARPETINGS,
Every style and quality; Crochery, China, Glass, and Britannia Ware, Solar Lamps and a general assortment of House-keeping Goods. I would respectfully invite the attention of my friends and customers, to my present varied Stock, to which I am constantly making addition, and solicit a call from all desiring Goods of any kind in my line.
Quincy, Dec. 24. 4f
Dried Apples.
2000 POUNDS for sale cheap for cash.
DANIEL BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, March 25. 4f
Soaps and Perfumes.
CHOICE Soaps and Perfumes, and various other articles for the Toilette.
Glenn's Pearl Powder; Harrison's Magnolia Balls; Shand's Lily White; Swift's Ointment and Bulk Balls; Chase's Men Fun, a celebrated Toilet Powder; French's Bell Powder for infants; Puff Boxes; etc. etc. For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, March 11. 4f
Porte Monies.
JUST received at the QUINCY BOOK-STORE, a large and handsome variety of new patterns. Beautiful styles of Ladies' Porte Monies, &c., selling at lower prices than ever before.
Quincy, Oct. 21. 3c
Almanacs for 1855.
OLD FARMER'S ALMANAC, by Robert B. Thomas.
Brown's Almanac, Pocket Memorandum and Account Book; Family Christian Almanac; and any others—call at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE.
Quincy, Oct. 21. 4f
Croup, Pains, &c.
WATER'S Hooping Cough Syrup, for External Use, and Internal Use, in bottles of three and six—good for trial bottles.
Also—CRAPOL'S LINIMENT.
For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Feb. 11. 4f
Tooth Ache!
WELL every person you meet, who is afflicted with the Tooth Ache, that he may find relief at Dr. MARDEN'S which will effect an instantaneous and permanent cure without the aid of the lancet or the least danger of injury from the application of the remedy.
Quincy, Dec. 24. 4f
For the Complexion.
COMPTON'S Orange Flower Lotion, Fox-tame's Balm of the Thousand Flowers, Milk of Sassafras for Tan Sunburn &c. &c. For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, May 7. 4f
Butter! Butter!!
0 TO 40 tubs of first rate DAIRY BUTTER, for sale cheap for cash.
D. BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, Oct. 29. 4f

THE QUINCY PATRIOT.

DEVOTED TO MORALS, EDUCATION, AGRICULTURE, NEWS AND GENERAL LITERATURE.

VOLUME XIX. QUINCY, MASS., SATURDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1854. NUMBER XLIX.

OFFICE OF PUBLICATION,
Over I. W. Munroe's Store, on Hancock Street.
JOHN A. GREEN, Editor.

CONDITIONS.
Two Dollars per annum in advance, and if delayed until the end of the year, then THREE Dollars will be required.
No subscription nor advertisement will be discontinued previous to the payment of all arrears, unless at the option of the publisher.
Advertisements correctly and conspicuously inserted at the customary prices, and will be charged for until ordered out.
The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to their own immediate business.
Letters and communications, postage paid, will receive early attention.

AGENTS.
The following gentlemen are authorized to receive pay and requested to procure subscribers.
Railway Village, JOSIAH BABCOCK.
West District, GEORGE H. LOCKE.
Milton, CHARLES BRECK.
Dorchester, OLIN P. BACON.
Weymouth, F. A. KINGSBURY.
Abington, JOSEPH CLEVERLY.
South Scituate, SAMUEL A. TURNER.
New York City, FREEMAN HUNT.
Brooklyn, (N. Y.) GERSHOM DREW.

Miscellaneous.

For the Patriot.

Remarks for Catholics and Protestants.

MR. EDITOR:—If the intelligent sons and daughters of America are true to themselves and their country; if they see to it that the school-house and meeting-house are protected in their purity, then can we rest assured that the Romish church and all the evils that grow out of it, can never gain the ascendancy in the land of Washington. In the sixteenth century Popery received a severe blow—one from which it can never recover. It may live on for years, for centuries, but it never again can recover the vigor it once possessed. The reformers were men of genius, learning and courage, and done their work thoroughly,—so thoroughly, that altho' the Romish church has ever since been plotting to overthrow it, and once more gain her power, it has steadily gathered around it the very flower of humanity until at this present day millions glory, and with perfect safety, in the name of heretic. Penance, auricular confessions, indulgences, holy water, pictures of the Virgin, Ave Marias, beads, incense, masses, and other Tom fooleries, are not based upon any authority of the Bible. They are by no means a part of that faith which Christians claim to possess; he that repairs to such a spring to quench his thirst after religion, will probably return as dry as the calf did who chased a bull nine miles for a suck. If Romanism is pure and holy, why is it afraid to teach its children? Why does it forbid its followers to read the Bible? Does it not seek to keep the word of God out of the hands of the people? Certainly it does. It even goes so far as to try and keep it out of our common schools,—a thing which we believe can never be done. What is the Catholic church as we see it at the present time in our midst? Is it not one that extracts from the poor their hard-earned money for the purpose of building splendid churches, and supporting cunning priests? Now the church claims to be the church, and that their head the Pope, occupies the place once held by Peter. She claims to be righteous, just, exclusive, and that all who are not her followers are heretics, and will, as they ought, be damned. Now as the Catholics claim to be so just and benevolent, and are possessed of ample means for building spacious churches, sumptuous, &c., would it not be well for them to build a big poor-house in every county for the support of their paupers, whose name is legion; and a prison for their criminals; for it is a fact, that three-quarters of the crime is committed by the followers of his holiness the Pope. This would be attended by two advantages. First, it would lessen the tax Americans have to bear by ridding them of a burden that does not rightly belong to them. Secondly, it would preserve the purity of Catholic morals by keeping them from mixing with vile heretics in American almshouses and prisons. Now I insist on it, if Romanism is sincere in her great fuss about exclusiveness, she will show it as much by taking care of her criminals and paupers, as by keeping her people from Protestant worship, in attempting to eject the Bible from our common schools. I go in for papal prisons and poor-houses,—let their poor and wicked be kept from among Protestants—let us have exclusiveness all thro'. They will then have houses not only for their holy fathers, and mothers, and young ones, but also for their poor and wicked. Let us see the church do something besides crowd down the poor and ignorant, and until she does enlighten her followers, let us hear no more from her about political power, or if we do, let us do as was done in the recent election,—show her that Americans can, and will, rule the country. Keep an eye open boys,

"put none but Americans on guard," and that promising boy "Sam" will grow into a stout and vigorous man,—one who, having a country and rights, will maintain them.
Tom Muddle.

Know Nothingism Reviewed.

MR. EDITOR:—Now that the election is over, and people are beginning to return to their usual tranquility, the question is often asked, who are the men who have triumphed? And upon what principles has that triumph been achieved?

I propose to examine the leading principles of the new party, to review their policy, and to correct some of the many misrepresentations which have been circulated by the organs of the party, through the press, and elsewhere, misrepresentations which have contributed in no small degree to their success.

I know that many persons will think it a thankless and a bootless task, to argue with men who have adopted a course of policy, which they say is a right course, and who have full power to carry out their views; but there are many men who voted for that party, under the impression that all what their leaders said was true, and I know that in the mind of most Americans, the love of truth and fair play is predominant. To that feeling I appeal, and I claim to be heard in my own defence, and not to be condemned in secret without either accusation or trial.

In these remarks I do not appeal either to the passions or the prejudices of any man, but to truth, reason, and history. The order has many members in this community, and has just elected two representatives who have the special charge of defending their interests and expressing their opinions, and I will be thankful to either of them, to correct me when I fall into any errors, or make any mis-statements.

The political creed, or platform (the fashionable term in these days) of the Know Nothing party, is composed of several planks, the chief of which are the following: 1—The removal of all foreign born citizens from office, and disqualifying them from holding offices under government. 2—The prevention of emigration from Europe. 3—The repeal of the Naturalization Laws. 4—The prevention of foreign born citizens from serving in the militia. And 5—The disqualification of native born Americans, from all these, if they profess the Roman Catholic Religion. These may be narrowed down to two points, opposition to Catholics, and foreigners.

To sustain their side of the question, they resort to all manner of means, and represent themselves as the only party, who represent at the present day, the men of '76. Let us examine their claim to that honor.

One of the grievances complained of in the Declaration of Independence, was that the King used his influence to hinder emigration to the colonies, and thus retard their prosperity, and for this he was declared to have forfeited his right to govern this country, by the men of '76. Hancock, the Adamses, Jefferson, and the rest of the signers, declared that a crime, which the men of to-day declare to be the purest patriotism, and yet these men say that they represent the men of '76; if they do, it is the Tories they represent in this particular. The Know Nothings say that a foreigner is unfit to serve in the American Army. Washington gave foreigners his intimate confidence, fought by their side, recommended them to Congress, and invited them to his table. Lafayette was one of his truest friends; Fitzgerald his favorite Aid-de-Camp. Has the time come when it is necessary to quote the name of Richard Montgomery, to shield his countrymen in America from the shafts of calumny? John Paul Jones was a Scotchman, John Barry was an Irishman. The first battle on the sea was won by an O'Brien, an Irishman; Cooper in his Naval History calls it the Lexington of the Sea. Barry was the first American Commodore, the first to unfold the "Starry Banner," the father of the American Navy, in which his children are not to be allowed to serve, if the new "Patriots" are successful. Steuben was a German, as was De Kalb. To the former America owes her present military system, and if America again will need defenders, the "Patriots" of to-day may find a practical lesson in the death of De Kalb, and the occasion of it.

In that dark hour when all seemed lost, when "our over-the-water cousins" were rejoicing over the defeat of the "rebel" Washington, and burying themselves in preparing a scaffold for him, Lafayette was arguing with his guardian, and preparing succor from his own private fortune, for those rebels whom he called Patriots. His noble reply to the American Envoy, his voyage, and his conduct until the victory at Yorktown, which he contributed so much, need not be

repeated now to even the most forgetful Know Nothings. But if he lived in Massachusetts to-day, they would deny him the right of citizenship, for having the good, or ill fortune of being a foreigner, and a Roman Catholic. As it is, they misquote his letters, and misconstrue his meaning, in order to make him write a lie.

From these facts and many more I could quote, it will be seen, that to be a foreigner, or a Catholic, was not regarded as a disqualification, by the Fathers of this Republic. These men shared the dangers and privations, the success and triumph, of Washington. Congress honored them and received them into its most secret councils, and none were ever found to betray them; the people idolized them, and erected monuments in their honor, which ought to be a silent reproach to their maligners.

In making a man's religion, or birth-place, a ground of disqualifying a man from his civil rights, the Know Nothing of to-day differs radically from the principles and conduct of the men of '76, and he must come down to some later period to find some reason for saying that adopted citizens, or Roman Catholic Natives are not entitled to equal rights with their fellow citizens. CIARE.

From "Barnum's Autobiography." A Crammed Circus Company.

In the spring of 1836 I started through the country with Turner's Travelling Circus, being over one-fifth part of the establishment.

Aaron Turner, the joint proprietor of the circus, was an original genius; a good judge of human nature, a man from whom much information might be derived. He was without a practical joker. By his untiring industry he amassed a large fortune, and was not a little proud to inform the world that he commenced life without a shilling. Frequently have I heard him say, "Every man who has good health and common sense is capable of making a fortune, if he only resolves to do so. As a proof of it, look at me. Who am I? I don't know who I am, or where I came from. I never had father nor mother, and I know of; at all events, I must have started from the lowest depths of degradation. I never had any education; I commenced life as a shoemaker. What little I can read, I picked up myself after I was eighteen years of age; and as for writing, why the way I first learned that was by signing my name to notes of hand! I used at first to make my mark, but being a poor devil, I had occasion to give my note so often that I finally learned to write my name, and so I have got along by degrees. You see what I am now. I have become so by industry, perseverance and economy; and any man may become rich who will determine to do so. There is not such a word as 'cannot' in the English language. Never say you can't do a thing—and never cry 'broke' till you are dead."

While in Annapolis, Md., Turner played a trick upon me which I shall never forget. We arrived there late on a Saturday evening. We had been doing a highly profitable business, which made me feel pretty rich, and I went out that night and bought me a fine suit of black clothes. We were all strangers in that town, never having been there before. On Sunday morning, feeling proud of my new suit, I dressed myself and started to stroll about the town. I passed through the bar-room of the hotel. About twenty persons were there, among whom was Turner, who had by that time made their acquaintance. After I passed out, Turner, pointing in the direction which I had taken, remarked to the company, "I think it's very singular you permit that rascal to march your streets in open day. It wouldn't be allowed in Rhode Island, and I suppose that is the reason the black-coated scoundrel has come down this way."

"Why, who is he?" ejaculated half a dozen at once.
"Don't you know? Why, that is the Rev. E. K. Avery, the murderer of Miss Cornell!" answered Turner.

"Is it possible!" they exclaimed, all starting for the door, eager to get a look at me, and several swearing vengeance against the hypocritical priest.

Turner having thus put the ball in motion, quietly took a seat, while every person in the bar-room started in pursuit of me. I had turned a corner of the street, and was very innocently, though rather pompously, strutting down the side-walk, when I was overtaken by a dozen or more persons, whose number increased every moment. I observed, as

"The then recent murder of Miss Cornell in Rhode Island, her discovery in a stack-yard, and the trial of Rev. Ephraim K. Avery for the deed, created unparalleled excitement. Leading Methodists defended the accused, but in vain. The general sentiment of the whole country condemned him, and though acquitted by the law, he sunk into disgrace and obscurity. The Lord knows all the facts, and will judge righteously."

they passed me, that each person looked back and stared at me with apparent wonder. I believe I must have been uncommonly proud of that suit of clothes, for I was vain enough to believe that my new suit was what attracted such special attention. I however soon awoke from the happy illusion. The mob passed me five or ten rods, and waited till I came up to them. As I passed, I heard several observations like the following: "The lecherous old hypocrite!"—"the sanctified murderer!"—"the black-coated villain!"—"let's tar and feather him!"—"lynch the scoundrel," etc. etc. I passed along totally unconscious that these remarks could possibly have any reference to me. The denouement, however, soon came. The mob, which now numbered at least one hundred, overtook me as I passed another corner, and one fellow seized me by the collar, while five or six others appeared, bearing a rail between them.

"Come," says the man who had collared me, "old chap, you can't walk any farther; we know you, and as we always make gentlemen ride in these parts, you may prepare to straddle that rail!"

My surprise may well be imagined. "Good heavens!" I exclaimed, as they all pressed around me, "gentlemen, what have I done?" "Oh, we know you," exclaimed half a dozen voices; "you need n't roll your sanctimonious eyes; that game don't take in this country. Come, straddle the rail, and remember the stack-yard!"

I grew more and more bewildered; it seemed like a dream; I could not imagine what possible offence I was to suffer for, and I continued to exclaim, "Gentlemen, what have I done? Don't kill me, gentlemen, but tell me what I have done."

"Come, make him straddle the rail; we'll show him how to hang poor factory girls," shouted some chap from the crowd.

The man who had me by the collar then remarked, "Come Mr. Avery, it's no use, you see we know you, and we'll give you a touch of lynch law, and start you for home again."

"My name is not Avery, gentlemen; you are mistaken in your man," I exclaimed.

"Come come, none of your gammon; straddle the rail, Ephraim," said the man who had me by the collar.

The rail was brought to such a level as to allow me to be "straddled" on it without difficulty, and I was about to be placed according to orders, as the truth flashed upon me.

"Gentlemen," I exclaimed, "I am not Avery; I despise that villain as much as you can; but my name is Barnum; I belong to the circus which arrived here last night, and I am sure Old Turner, my partner, has hoaxed you with this ridiculous story."

"If he has, we'll lynch him," said one of the mob.

"Well, he has, I'll assure you," I replied; "so just walk to the hotel with me, and I'll convince you of the fact."

This arrangement they reluctantly consented to, keeping, however, a close hand upon me. As we walked up the main street on which the new State House is situated, the mob received a reinforcement of some fifty or sixty, and I was marched like a malefactor up to the hotel. Old Turner stood on the piazza ready to burst with laughter. I appealed to him for heaven's sake to explain this matter, that I might be liberated. He continued to laugh, but finally told them "he believed there was some mistake about it. The fact is," said he, "my friend Barnum has a new suit of black clothes on, and it makes him look so much like a priest, I concluded it must be Avery."

The mob saw the joke. Some apologized to me for the rough manner in which I had been handled, (for they had torn my coat off my back, and rolled me in the dirt considerably,) while others swore that Old Turner deserved the fate intended for me; but the majority of the people roared with laughter, declared it was a good joke, and advised me to look sharp, and pay my partner off for it. I was exceedingly vexed, and when the mob had dispersed, I asked Old Turner what on earth could induce him to play such an outrageously mean trick upon me.

"My dear Barnum," said he, "it was all for our good. Remember, all we need to insure success is notoriety. You will see that this will be noised all about town as a trick played by one of the circus managers upon the other, and our pavilion will be crammed to-morrow night."

It turned out as he conjectured. The joke was in every person's mouth. We soon became acquainted with the whole town, and had immense audiences during our stay. This, however, did not induce me to forgive Old Turner, for I knew full well that self-interest was an after consideration in this case, the joke being prompted solely by a desire to see some fun, no matter at whose expense.

A peculiar incident occurred at Hanover Court House in Virginia. In consequence of heavy rains we could not perform there, and concluded to start for Richmond immediately.

ly after dinner. The landlord however informed us that as our agent had engaged three meals and lodging for the company, our bill would be the same if we departed that day as if we remained to breakfast next morning. We backed our remonstrance with an offer to pay for dinner and a portion of the balance of the bill, to compensate for provisions obtained and not consumed, but the landlord stubbornly refused to abate a jot of his first demand.

It was now about eleven o'clock in the forenoon. Mr. Turner was very angry at what he considered the unreasonable demands of the landlord, and told him it would be much to our benefit if we could proceed at once to Richmond.

"I don't prevent you," said the stubborn hotel keeper; "but you must pay for supper lodging and breakfast. I have made provision according to order, and I must be paid for it."

"At what hours can we have our meals?" asked Turner.

"Whenever you please," was the reply. "Very well, sir. We will have dinner at twelve o'clock, and supper at half-past twelve. We will lodge at one o'clock this afternoon, and breakfast at half-past one," said Turner.

The landlord was amazed alike by the fact and manner of this announcement. "You don't want three meals at once, do you?" said he.

"No," said Turner, "nor will we have three at once. You shall set the table and cook us a good dinner. We will eat it. The table shall then be nicely cleared off and reset with clean dishes, and our supper shall be placed upon it. We will eat that, and finish it by one o'clock. Then we will go to bed; and do you see that the supper table is cleared off, and a good breakfast cooked, with plenty of good coffee, and let it be all ready when we arise at half-past one o'clock. And, mind you, don't think you can re-hush one meal and make it answer for another. We won't stand that. We pay for the best, and we will have the best."

The landlord said it was all right, and started to prepare the dinner. I followed him, and tried again to effect a compromise, but he would hear to nothing of the kind.

A good dinner was on the table at twelve o'clock. We did full justice to it, and Turner then ordered the table to be cleared off and supper brought in at once. It was done punctually by half-past twelve o'clock, and we all did our best towards eating it. By one o'clock we had devoured as much as we possibly could. "Now show us to bed," said Turner, each man by his demand being provided with a lighted candle. The landlord showed us our rooms, and we all (thirty-six in number) undressed and tumbled into bed, previously to which, however, Old Turner halloed to the landlord from the top of the stairs, "Do you see, sir, that our breakfast is all ready and on the table smoking hot in half an hour."

No response was heard to this request. Turner maintained his gravity, and so did the landlord. Both were angry, and made a serious time of it, but for myself, I was convulsed with laughter at the absurdity of the whole thing. All the company, indeed, were in great glee; but we felt that the tavern-keeper was unreasonable, and therefore we not only obeyed the orders of Turner, but did our best to get the worth of our money. We were up and dressed in half an hour, but our beds exhibited every appearance of having been devoted to at least one night's lodging.

We then marched down to breakfast. Every thing was cooked and prepared in the best order, and a stranger would have thought, had he seen the victuals disappear, that we had been on short allowance for a fortnight. It has ever been a mystery to me how we managed to live through such a stuffing as we all underwent on that occasion. I have seen my father cram turkeys for weeks preparatory to serving them for a thanksgiving dinner, but that was not a "circumstance" to the crammed circus company.

A Sermon for the Season.

Winter is at hand. The cold already begins to bite. There is frost on the fields and ice in the streets. Provisions are high. Fuel is dear. Money is scarce. The times are hard—and it passes our comprehension how men, with hearts in their bodies and money in their pockets, can escape some thought about the homeless, houseless, ill-fed and worse clad unfortunate, who are to be found at almost any hour, night or day, in storm or sunshine, in the highways and byways of the city. There is no better opportunity for enjoying what the moralists call the luxury of doing good than that which a large city like this presents every day and every night in the year.

One meets with so much misery that with little aid might be transformed into happiness—so much wretchedness that might be converted into comfort—so much suffering

and sorrow that might be alleviated at little cost—that the inquiry is often provoked—are the two hundred churches in this opulent city, which preach the doctrines of the Saviour every Sunday, only the witnesses of what men affect to be, rather than what they really are? If there is one principle greater than another, taught by that Saviour while sojourning on earth, it was charity,—charity in its most enlarged and comprehensive sense. He had but few promises for the rich,—that is to say, for the possessors of mere worldly wealth for mere worldly ends. The poor had his work of encouragement and comfort often,—but the rich that was clothed in fine linen and fared sumptuously every day, had his prototype only in the miserable Dives, while his claims to enter the Kingdom of Heaven were narrowed down to the desperate chance of a camel's going through the eye of a needle.

Advice to the Consumptive.

Never attempt to force an appetite. Avoid salt meat, pastries and condiments. Take your meals at equal and regular intervals, and do not follow the practice advised by many, of eating a little, and often. This is injudicious, for in disease, the stomach partakes of the debility of the body, and requires rest. Fresh meats, game, poultry and fresh fish, with plain vegetables, rice, bread, milk and weak tea or coffee should make up the diet of the consumptive invalid. Whatever is taken, the stomach should be able to transform into good nourishment. A cup of boiled milk, with a table spoonful of tea or coffee of the usual strength in it, is generally acceptable. All set diets are objectionable. The stomach must always be consulted. Though I deny the indulgence of morbid cravings after that which is injurious, I do not on the other hand, fix upon any exclusively fish, farinaceous, milk or vegetable diet, but leave the appetite to roam over all, selecting from each that for which it has the greatest relish.

Exercise should be taken in the open air, daily, to the extent the strength will permit. The best exercise, all things being favorable, is on horse-back; a carriage drive should be taken every fine day, being careful to avoid currents of air, and facing the wind. If the carriage is a close one, open the window on the side from which there is the least wind.

As a protection to the chest against cold, wear flannel next to the skin; over which, a shirt made of chamous skin. This should come well up about the neck, and descend below the waist.

The Half-Hour Out of Time.

Ah! the beautiful sunshine, the soft stillness, the sweet solemnity, the hallowed hush of the Sabbath day! how they tranquilize this great, restless human heart of ours! The throbbing pulse of ambition is rebuked into humility. The impetuous robe of pride falls away, and in its stead descends the sweet mantle of meekness; the inner crust of selfishness cracks and the undying love of humanity gushes through from its hidden fount in the centre of being. The heart is full of gentleness and love, and the busy brain of noble thoughts and plans. What a child-like mood steals over you! You know not why you do it, but you take your little Bible—sure to be the gift of the best beloved one, mother, father, wife or husband—and go to the window. You open wide the shutters, loop away the curtains, and sit down where the sunshine envelopes you in its golden mist, to read and reflect?—perchance to dream!

Ay, I thought so; already the little book lies on your lap, with your forefinger clasped between its leaves, and your eyes are performing a wonderful metamorphosis in the object about you. Unconsciously you are converting that monotonous street below you into a broad, bright, flashing stream; that near line of horizon, formed by the roofs of houses on the opposite side of the street, and the sky has widened away to an ample and dreamily beautiful distance, the small parallelogram of blue sky above you stretches out into a gloriously grand firmament; your little station becomes the roomy recess of an old "bay window," in the old homestead, standing on the sunny brow of a hill overlooking this wondrous scene, and the fall from it to the street, a grassy lawn, with fine shrub-beries sliding gently from your feet to lave in the flowing stream. In the room behind you, you hear the low sweet singing of her who was the idol of the household—mother, dear mother! You know who sits by her side, so kind, so handsome, so good—your best idea of God is, that He is like Father! and ever and anon voices as childish as your own, when you try it, rouse you from your reverie. For in a reverie you are recalling that reverie. Ay, I thought so. And very unconsciously you have forgotten the little

1854.

George Savil & Co.,
GOODNOW'S BUILDING,
Corner HANCOCK & GRANITE STS.,
QUINCY.

ARE daily receiving NEW STYLES GOODS
for Fall and Winter, to which the attention
of purchasers is requested. We have now on

PRINTS,
DELAINEES,
CASHMEREES,
ALPACAS,
ALPINES,
MOURNING CRAPE,
MOHAIR LUSTRE,
MADONNAS,
LYONNESE,
THIBETES,
GALA PLAIDS,
BLACK SILKS,
LADIES' CLOTHS,
VELVETS,
WOOLLEN & CASHMERE SHAWLS,
DRESS & CLOAK TRIMMINGS,
EMBROIDERIES,
SHEETINGS,
SHIRTINGS,
BLANKETS,
COTTON FLANNELS,
DENTINS,
TICKINGS,
DIAPERS,
WOOLLEN YARNS,
CAMBRICS,
SILKES,
PATCHES,
TABLE COVERS,
WROUGHT COLLARS,
UNDER SHIRTS,
HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c., &c.

WOOLLEN GOODS.
CLOTHS,
CASHMEREES,
DOESKINS,
SATINETTS,
VESTINGS,
We have also in Store, of our own Manufacture,
our usual assortment of

READY MADE CLOTHING.
Consisting in part of

OVERCOATS,
DRESS FROCKS,
BUSINESS FROCKS,
PANTS,
VESTS,
OVERALLS.

Boys' Jackets, Coats, Pants and
Vests.

Gents' Furnishing Goods
IN GREAT VARIETY.

Shirts,
Bosoms,
Dickies,
Gloves,
Stocks,
Neck Ties,
Handkerchiefs,
Under Shirts,
Drawers,
Suspenders,
Socks,
Hats, Caps, Umbrellas, &c.

—ALSO—

In connection, at all times, can be found in the
Hall and Rooms above, a complete assortment of

FURNITURE,

Consisting in part of—
SOFAS,
BUREAUX,
STUFFED ROCKING CHAIRS,
PARLOR and COMMON CHAIRS,
PAINTED CHAMBER SETS,
COTTAGE and COMMON BEDSTEPS,
WASH SINKS and STANDS, and
CARD TABLES, round and square,
CENTRE and COMMON TABLES, and
LOOKING GLASSES, made and set
MATTRESSES, and all other articles
FEATHERS, &c., &c.

CARPETINGS,
PAINTED CANVASS,
STRAW MATTINGS,
BOOKINGS

Paper Hangings.
A large lot of Paper Hangings, comprising
a great variety of styles and prices.

—Please call and examine for yourselves, as
we are confident we can offer you Goods at prices
which will give you perfect satisfaction. For
Quincy, Oct. 14, 1854.

Boston Advertisements.

COLLECTED BY
B. R. RICHARDSON & CO.'S

General Advertising House,
36 KILBY STREET, BOSTON.

PRINTERS who may be in want of
INK, TYPE or PAPER, by addressing us,
can have their orders executed without delay.

600,000 BOTTLES have been SOLD.
ROSEMARY and CASTOR OIL.

PROF. CLINTON'S HAIR DYE.
FRENCH'S HAIR REMOVER.

THE best articles in the World for the hair
are patronized by all the beauty, wealth and
fashion of Boston. Sole American Proprietor,
J. RUSSELL SPAULDING,
Manufacturing Chemist and Apothecary, 27
Tremont Row, Boston, Mass., where all or-
ders must be addressed. Sold by dealers every-
where.

DAVID B. STETSON is our Agent in
Quincy.

WILSON, FAIRBANK & CO.,
43 & 45 HANOVER STREET,
(BOSTON, MASS., 1730)

(Nearly opposite the American House.)
WHOLESALE DEALERS and IMPORTERS OF
FRENCH and ENGLISH

DRUGS, CHEMICALS,
and FOREIGN LECCHES.

AGENTS for
JAYNE'S
Celebrated Dr. Conine's
Medicine, of
SINGEN
Acetic Oil, of
M. L. V. A.
Pain Killer, of
Hollen's
Dysentery of the
CORDIAL, of

AGENTS for
JAYNE'S
Celebrated Dr. Conine's
Medicine, of
SINGEN
Acetic Oil, of
M. L. V. A.
Pain Killer, of
Hollen's
Dysentery of the
CORDIAL, of

AGENTS for
JAYNE'S
Celebrated Dr. Conine's
Medicine, of
SINGEN
Acetic Oil, of
M. L. V. A.
Pain Killer, of
Hollen's
Dysentery of the
CORDIAL, of

AGENTS for
JAYNE'S
Celebrated Dr. Conine's
Medicine, of
SINGEN
Acetic Oil, of
M. L. V. A.
Pain Killer, of
Hollen's
Dysentery of the
CORDIAL, of

AGENTS for
JAYNE'S
Celebrated Dr. Conine's
Medicine, of
SINGEN
Acetic Oil, of
M. L. V. A.
Pain Killer, of
Hollen's
Dysentery of the
CORDIAL, of

AGENTS for
JAYNE'S
Celebrated Dr. Conine's
Medicine, of
SINGEN
Acetic Oil, of
M. L. V. A.
Pain Killer, of
Hollen's
Dysentery of the
CORDIAL, of

AGENTS for
JAYNE'S
Celebrated Dr. Conine's
Medicine, of
SINGEN
Acetic Oil, of
M. L. V. A.
Pain Killer, of
Hollen's
Dysentery of the
CORDIAL, of

AGENTS for
JAYNE'S
Celebrated Dr. Conine's
Medicine, of
SINGEN
Acetic Oil, of
M. L. V. A.
Pain Killer, of
Hollen's
Dysentery of the
CORDIAL, of

AGENTS for
JAYNE'S
Celebrated Dr. Conine's
Medicine, of
SINGEN
Acetic Oil, of
M. L. V. A.
Pain Killer, of
Hollen's
Dysentery of the
CORDIAL, of

AGENTS for
JAYNE'S
Celebrated Dr. Conine's
Medicine, of
SINGEN
Acetic Oil, of
M. L. V. A.
Pain Killer, of
Hollen's
Dysentery of the
CORDIAL, of

AGENTS for
JAYNE'S
Celebrated Dr. Conine's
Medicine, of
SINGEN
Acetic Oil, of
M. L. V. A.
Pain Killer, of
Hollen's
Dysentery of the
CORDIAL, of

AGENTS for
JAYNE'S
Celebrated Dr. Conine's
Medicine, of
SINGEN
Acetic Oil, of
M. L. V. A.
Pain Killer, of
Hollen's
Dysentery of the
CORDIAL, of

AGENTS for
JAYNE'S
Celebrated Dr. Conine's
Medicine, of
SINGEN
Acetic Oil, of
M. L. V. A.
Pain Killer, of
Hollen's
Dysentery of the
CORDIAL, of

AGENTS for
JAYNE'S
Celebrated Dr. Conine's
Medicine, of
SINGEN
Acetic Oil, of
M. L. V. A.
Pain Killer, of
Hollen's
Dysentery of the
CORDIAL, of

AGENTS for
JAYNE'S
Celebrated Dr. Conine's
Medicine, of
SINGEN
Acetic Oil, of
M. L. V. A.
Pain Killer, of
Hollen's
Dysentery of the
CORDIAL, of

AGENTS for
JAYNE'S
Celebrated Dr. Conine's
Medicine, of
SINGEN
Acetic Oil, of
M. L. V. A.
Pain Killer, of
Hollen's
Dysentery of the
CORDIAL, of

AGENTS for
JAYNE'S
Celebrated Dr. Conine's
Medicine, of
SINGEN
Acetic Oil, of
M. L. V. A.
Pain Killer, of
Hollen's
Dysentery of the
CORDIAL, of

AGENTS for
JAYNE'S
Celebrated Dr. Conine's
Medicine, of
SINGEN
Acetic Oil, of
M. L. V. A.
Pain Killer, of
Hollen's
Dysentery of the
CORDIAL, of

AGENTS for
JAYNE'S
Celebrated Dr. Conine's
Medicine, of
SINGEN
Acetic Oil, of
M. L. V. A.
Pain Killer, of
Hollen's
Dysentery of the
CORDIAL, of

AGENTS for
JAYNE'S
Celebrated Dr. Conine's
Medicine, of
SINGEN
Acetic Oil, of
M. L. V. A.
Pain Killer, of
Hollen's
Dysentery of the
CORDIAL, of

AGENTS for
JAYNE'S
Celebrated Dr. Conine's
Medicine, of
SINGEN
Acetic Oil, of
M. L. V. A.
Pain Killer, of
Hollen's
Dysentery of the
CORDIAL, of

AGENTS for
JAYNE'S
Celebrated Dr. Conine's
Medicine, of
SINGEN
Acetic Oil, of
M. L. V. A.
Pain Killer, of
Hollen's
Dysentery of the
CORDIAL, of

AGENTS for
JAYNE'S
Celebrated Dr. Conine's
Medicine, of
SINGEN
Acetic Oil, of
M. L. V. A.
Pain Killer, of
Hollen's
Dysentery of the
CORDIAL, of

AGENTS for
JAYNE'S
Celebrated Dr. Conine's
Medicine, of
SINGEN
Acetic Oil, of
M. L. V. A.
Pain Killer, of
Hollen's
Dysentery of the
CORDIAL, of

AGENTS for
JAYNE'S
Celebrated Dr. Conine's
Medicine, of
SINGEN
Acetic Oil, of
M. L. V. A.
Pain Killer, of
Hollen's
Dysentery of the
CORDIAL, of

AGENTS for
JAYNE'S
Celebrated Dr. Conine's
Medicine, of
SINGEN
Acetic Oil, of
M. L. V. A.
Pain Killer, of
Hollen's
Dysentery of the
CORDIAL, of

AGENTS for
JAYNE'S
Celebrated Dr. Conine's
Medicine, of
SINGEN
Acetic Oil, of
M. L. V. A.
Pain Killer, of
Hollen's
Dysentery of the
CORDIAL, of

AGENTS for
JAYNE'S
Celebrated Dr. Conine's
Medicine, of
SINGEN
Acetic Oil, of
M. L. V. A.
Pain Killer, of
Hollen's
Dysentery of the
CORDIAL, of

AGENTS for
JAYNE'S
Celebrated Dr. Conine's
Medicine, of
SINGEN
Acetic Oil, of
M. L. V. A.
Pain Killer, of
Hollen's
Dysentery of the
CORDIAL, of

AGENTS for
JAYNE'S
Celebrated Dr. Conine's
Medicine, of
SINGEN
Acetic Oil, of
M. L. V. A.
Pain Killer, of
Hollen's
Dysentery of the
CORDIAL, of

AGENTS for
JAYNE'S
Celebrated Dr. Conine's
Medicine, of
SINGEN
Acetic Oil, of
M. L. V. A.
Pain Killer, of
Hollen's
Dysentery of the
CORDIAL, of

QUINCY PATRIOT.

Boston Advertisements.

Zinc Paints! Zinc Paints.

KEEPS always for sale his unrivalled
White and Colored French Ground
Paints—desirable and durable colors for out-
side painting, of 50 different shades, furnis-
hed to order from his specimen patterns. Also
unchangeable Ground Work and Medium, for
Oil and Discoloring Graining.

THOMAS D. MORRIS,
18 School Street—Boston.

FIRE AND MARINE
INSURANCE.

James H. Prince & Co.,
OFFICE 1 & 3 KILBY ST., BOSTON.

HAVING for many years been engaged in
the General Insurance Business, have fa-
cilities for effecting Insurance, both FIRE and
MARINE to any amount in reliable Stock
Companies representing a

Capital of Two Millions Dollars,
Without any extra charge to the Applicants,
and thereby saving much time and trouble.

All Orders will meet prompt attention.

BURR & PERRY,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF
ENGLISH AND AMERICAN

PATENT MEDICINES,
Hair Restoratives, Toilet Articles, Per-
fumery, Hair Dyes, &c.

Proprietors for FERRY'S Celebrated

Hungarian Balm for the Hair,
AND GENERAL AGENTS FOR
Dr. Rogers' Syrup of Liverwort, Tar and
Canchalagua,
Dr. Marshall's Headache and Catarrh Snuff,
Dr. Morse's Invigorating Cordial,
Dr. McLean's Celebrated Vermifuge and Liv-
er Pills,
Dr. Warren's New Remedy for Consumption,
Dr. Warren's Compound Cod Liver Oil, Phos-
phate of Lime and Sugar of Milk,
Kennedy's Medical Discovery,
Dr. Allen's Magical Pain Extractor,
And all the Popular Medicines in use, all of
which will be sold at the lowest prices for
Cash.

1 CORNHILL—BOSTON.

Mrs. E. HAYDEN, Agent for Quincy.

HOEBSACK'S
Worm Syrup & Liver Pills

ARE daily performing the most astonishing
cures—there is not a day passes by but
what we receive some testimony in favor of
their superior virtues. The following letter,
received from a lady, speaks volumes in favor
of these celebrated Medicines:

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 12, 1854.
Dr. J. N. Hoebsack, Dear Sir—I can
scarcely find words to express the grateful
feelings I experience for the great benefit your
medicine has done for my child. For several
years back she has been subject to diarrhea
in the head, swelling of the stomach and vomit-
ing of blood. I have had several doctors to
see her, all of whom were unable to state the
nature of her disease, and pronounced her in-
curable. As a last resort, I purchased a bottle
of your Worm Syrup, and after having given
her three doses, she discharged over a hundred
worms, since which time she has been like a
different child.

With respect,
GATHARINE CAVANAUGH.
Dr. J. N. Hoebsack, Proprietor, Philadel-
phia.

P. R. SLATER & CO., General Whole-
sale Agents for the New England States, No.
3 Tremont Temple, Boston.

For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN, Quincy.

THE ORIGINAL DR. S. T. BIR-
MINGHAM, the Indian Native Physi-
cian, would inform the inhabitants of Boston
and vicinity, that he will open his new office
at the store on the North East corner of Corn-
bridge and Chamber streets, October 14th,
where he would be happy to wait on his old
friends and the public generally, on Mondays,
Tuesdays and Wednesdays, from 10 A. M. to
4 P. M. Ladies can consult a Female Physi-
cian on the above days. Don't forget the place.
Medicine may be bought any day dur-
ing the week.

With respect,
GATHARINE CAVANAUGH.

Dr. J. N. Hoebsack, Proprietor, Philadel-
phia.

P. R. SLATER & CO., General Whole-
sale Agents for the New England States, No.
3 Tremont Temple, Boston.

For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN, Quincy.

THE ORIGINAL DR. S. T. BIR-
MINGHAM, the Indian Native Physi-
cian, would inform the inhabitants of Boston
and vicinity, that he will open his new office
at the store on the North East corner of Corn-
bridge and Chamber streets, October 14th,
where he would be happy to wait on his old
friends and the public generally, on Mondays,
Tuesdays and Wednesdays, from 10 A. M. to
4 P. M. Ladies can consult a Female Physi-
cian on the above days. Don't forget the place.
Medicine may be bought any day dur-
ing the week.

With respect,
GATHARINE CAVANAUGH.

Dr. J. N. Hoebsack, Proprietor, Philadel-
phia.

P. R. SLATER & CO., General Whole-
sale Agents for the New England States, No.
3 Tremont Temple, Boston.

For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN, Quincy.

THE ORIGINAL DR. S. T. BIR-
MINGHAM, the Indian Native Physi-
cian, would inform the inhabitants of Boston
and vicinity, that he will open his new office
at the store on the North East corner of Corn-
bridge and Chamber streets, October 14th,
where he would be happy to wait on his old
friends and the public generally, on Mondays,
Tuesdays and Wednesdays, from 10 A. M. to
4 P. M. Ladies can consult a Female Physi-
cian on the above days. Don't forget the place.
Medicine may be bought any day dur-
ing the week.

With respect,
GATHARINE CAVANAUGH.

Dr. J. N. Hoebsack, Proprietor, Philadel-
phia.

P. R. SLATER & CO., General Whole-
sale Agents for the New England States, No.
3 Tremont Temple, Boston.

For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN, Quincy.

THE ORIGINAL DR. S. T. BIR-
MINGHAM, the Indian Native Physi-
cian, would inform the inhabitants of Boston
and vicinity, that he will open his new office
at the store on the North East corner of Corn-
bridge and Chamber streets, October 14th,
where he would be happy to wait on his old
friends and the public generally, on Mondays,
Tuesdays and Wednesdays, from 10 A. M. to
4 P. M. Ladies can consult a Female Physi-
cian on the above days. Don't forget the place.
Medicine may be bought any day dur-
ing the week.

With respect,
GATHARINE CAVANAUGH.

Dr. J. N. Hoebsack, Proprietor, Philadel-
phia.

P. R. SLATER & CO., General Whole-
sale Agents for the New England States, No.
3 Tremont Temple, Boston.

For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN, Quincy.

THE ORIGINAL DR. S. T. BIR-
MINGHAM, the Indian Native Physi-
cian, would inform the inhabitants of Boston
and vicinity, that he will open his new office
at the store on the North East corner of Corn-
bridge and Chamber streets, October 14th,
where he would be happy to wait on his old
friends and the public generally, on Mondays,
Tuesdays and Wednesdays, from 10 A. M. to
4 P. M. Ladies can consult a Female Physi-
cian on the above days. Don't forget the place.
Medicine may be bought any day dur-
ing the week.

With respect,
GATHARINE CAVANAUGH.

Dr. J. N. Hoebsack, Proprietor, Philadel-
phia.

P. R. SLATER & CO., General Whole-
sale Agents for the New England States, No.
3 Tremont Temple, Boston.

For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN, Quincy.

THE ORIGINAL DR. S. T. BIR-
MINGHAM, the Indian Native Physi-
cian, would inform the inhabitants of Boston
and vicinity, that he will open his new office
at the store on the North East corner of Corn-
bridge and Chamber streets, October 14th,
where he would be happy to wait on his old
friends and the public generally, on Mondays,
Tuesdays and Wednesdays, from 10 A. M. to
4 P. M. Ladies can consult a Female Physi-
cian on the above days. Don't forget the place.
Medicine may be bought any day dur-
ing the week.

With respect,
GATHARINE CAVANAUGH.

Dr. J. N. Hoebsack, Proprietor, Philadel-
phia.

P. R. SLATER & CO., General Whole-
sale Agents for the New England States, No.
3 Tremont Temple, Boston.

For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN, Quincy.

THE ORIGINAL DR. S. T. BIR-
MINGHAM, the Indian Native Physi-
cian, would inform the inhabitants of Boston
and vicinity, that he will open his new office
at the store on the North East corner of Corn-
bridge and Chamber streets, October 14th,
where he would be happy to wait on his old
friends and the public generally, on Mondays,
Tuesdays and Wednesdays, from 10 A. M. to
4 P. M. Ladies can consult a Female Physi-
cian on the above days. Don't forget the place.
Medicine may be bought any day dur-
ing the week.

With respect,
GATHARINE CAVANAUGH.

Dr. J. N. Hoebsack, Proprietor, Philadel-
phia.

Boston Advertisements.

BROWN & ALLEN,
Piano Forte Makers,

Hayward Block, 354 Washington St.
OUR PIANO FORTES are distinguished
for purity and evenness of tone, fine
elastic action, and all qualities requisite to the
perfection of this desirable and popular in-
strument.

N. B. Mr. Brown was of the firm of Brown
& Hallett, subsequently ten years foreman for
the late JAMES CHICKERING, Esq.

DR. F. MORRILL'S
FEMALE SPECIFIC.

THIS remedy, which has been so success-
fully used in all cases of Suppression and
Irregularity incidental to Married and Single
Ladies, is only to be procured at the
Office, 15 Howard Street, Boston.

The testimony as to the invaluable virtue
of this curative over all others, is incontest-
ible.

Sent by mail to all parts of the Union, or
by express, at \$5, \$10, \$15 and \$20 per bot-
tle. All letters enclosing \$1, for advice, duly
attended to.

F. MORRILL, M. D.,
15 HOWARD STREET, BOSTON.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 15th, 1852.
Dr. Morrill, Dear Sir—I have experi-
enced so much benefit from your Remedy, that I
beg to tender you my most sincere thanks.
I am, sir, respectfully,
M. ALMONT.

AMARIAH STORRS,
DEALER IN EVERY VARIETY OF
Cards, Card Board, R. R. Ticket
Stock, Fancy Papers, etc.

54 & 56 CORNHILL, BOSTON.

Papers of every shade manufactured to
order, and Cards or Tickets cut to patterns, at
short notice.

IRA H. BICKFORD & CO.,
NOS. 72 AND 74 TREMONT ST.,
(Formerly of the old stand of S. S. Houghton.)
HAVE just received from New York Aus-
trian, large and well assorted Stock of

BONNET RIBBONS,
CAP RIBBONS,
EMBROIDERIES, LACES,
HOSIERY AND GLOVES, MUSLIN
Hdk's., Curtain Muslins, Black and
Colored Velvet Trimmings,
Of every description, BLACK SILKS; also a
large assortment of

FALL DRESS GOODS,
Wholesale and Retail,
AT A SMALL ADVANCE
FOR CASH.

STORE OPPOSITE TREMONT HOUSE, BOSTON.

Important Notice.
DR. SPEAR'S WOMAN'S FRIEND is
unquestionably the only remedy ever
discovered for that distressing complaint, Fall-
ing of the Womb, obviating all necessity of
resorting to instruments. It is put up in pack-
ages, and can be sent to any part of the world.
Thousands are suffering from pressing down
pains, pain in the groin and across the hips
and small of the back—also very low down
the back, with heat and swelling of the water,
with some affection of the liver, great weak-
ness and prostration of strength, nervous de-
bility, &c. Much exercise, walking, standing,
riding or lifting, greatly increase the above
symptoms. In advanced stages of the disease
the sufferer is deprived of all exercise, and is
obliged to be confined to the house, and fre-
quently to her bed. These are the symptoms of
this complaint, all of which can be radical-
ly cured by the use of this extraordinary medi-
cine. Price \$3 per package.

DR. SPEAR'S GOLDEN BITTERS.
This valuable and popular specific stands
unrivalled for the cure of Female Weakness,
Nervousness, Barrenness, Flux, &c. &c.
For common cases of weakness in the stomach,
in male or female, they form an invaluable
remedy. If these Bitters were appreciated as
their virtues demand, they would find their
way into every family. They correspond
exactly for those complaints which often
form the prelude to many others of a more se-
rious character—such as excessive Nervous-
ness, Prostration of Strength, Bloating of the
Bowels, Dropsy, Consumption, Palpitation of
the Heart, Scirrhus, Cancer in the Womb,
Pressing Down of the Bowels, &c. Price \$1
per package, or six packages for \$5.

E. D. SPEAR, the celebrated Indian Doc-
tor, No. 12 Kneeland Street, Boston, may be
consulted at his office, or by letter, upon all
diseases which afflict humanity, free of charge.
Dr. S. invites those who are pronounced in-
curable to consult him, as he believes that in
many cases he will be able to restore them to
health.

All letters strictly attended to; and answer-
ed promptly.

WALTER A. TAYLOR & CO.,
FRUIT DEALERS,
9 and 11 1-2 Merchants' Row, Boston.

FRUIT DEALERS,
9 and 11 1-2 Merchants' Row, Boston.

FRUIT DEALERS,
9 and 11 1-2 Merchants' Row, Boston.

FRUIT DEALERS,
9 and 11 1-2 Merchants' Row, Boston.

FRUIT DEALERS,
9 and 11 1-2 Merchants' Row, Boston.

FRUIT DEALERS,
9 and 11 1-2 Merchants' Row, Boston.

FRUIT DEALERS,
9 and 11 1-2 Merchants' Row, Boston.

FRUIT DEALERS,
9 and 11 1-2 Merchants' Row, Boston.

FRUIT DEALERS,
9 and 11 1-2 Merchants' Row, Boston.

FRUIT DEALERS,
9 and 11 1-2 Merchants' Row, Boston.

FRUIT DEALERS,
9 and 11 1-2 Merchants' Row, Boston.

FRUIT DEALERS,
9 and 11 1-2 Merchants' Row, Boston.

FRUIT DEALERS,
9 and 11 1-2 Merchants' Row, Boston.

FRUIT DEALERS,
9 and 11 1-2 Merchants' Row, Boston.

FRUIT DEALERS,
9 and 11 1-2 Merchants' Row, Boston.

FRUIT DEALERS,
9 and 11 1-2 Merchants' Row, Boston.

QUINCY PATRIOT,

Poetry.

For the Patriot.
King Phillip.
A Clipper Ship launched at Quincy Point,
Nov. 11th, 1854.

Ah! she looketh so much like a thing of life
As she moves to the deep from 'neath solid
ground,
And with the wild billows she enters the strife,
Where the sea-bird flits, and the rude Dol-
phin bounds.

Ah! she looks like a duck as she takes the sea,
And leaveth the shores of her fond cradled
home;
Yet we know not what her destiny will be,
As she dances along on the billows foam.

Ah! she bears in her breast the shades of a god,
Who, swift as the lightning, had roamed o'er
our plain;
A Chief of the Red Man, at whose marshaled nod,
The tribes of the West and the pale-faced
were slain.

Ah! she takes of the spirit whose name she bears,
For she wildly moveth at such melody,
As the storm-cloud breathes when her white
wings it tears,
And vibrates with pleasure at such minstrelsy.

Ah! her Swan-like form is befitting such glee
As with towering neck she rides o'er the wave,
And yields to the freaks of the liquid sea
As a war-god meets the hearts of the brave.

Ah! right skillful are the hands that carved thy
frame,
And gave to thy form such an ease and lov'd
grace;
And wise were the minds who applied that proud
name,
A Chief of his tribe; thou art Prince of thy
race.

Directed to the Owners and Builders of the
clipper ship KING PHILLIP, by Rev. L.
HARLOW, Quincy, Nov. 12, 1854.

For the Patriot.
Come Open your Door.

BY JENNY—NEW YORK.

Come unbar your gate, 'tis fastened too strong,
For a beggar there stands, forsaken, forlorn,
She gazeth up to thee—so childlike with the cold,
O, speak to her kindly—she's trembling, she is
old.

O, speak to her gently—come open your door,
And grant her one morsel from your plentiful
store,
For the winds whistle wildly, and bleak is the
hour,
That drives the poor beggar to your merciless
door.

O, look on in pity—come open your door,
For the cravings of hunger know at her heart's
core,
While her eyes gleam so strangely, how piteous
her mourn,
As she stands there benumbed by the rude, pel-
ting storm.

She pleadeth so sadly, come open your door—
If to give but the crumbs that may fall to your
floor;
She is humble, she asketh but these, and no
more—
O, give them, and list to the cries of the poor.

Turn not away from your window, to let her
pass on
So weary in heart, unprotected and lone—
But give her a shelter, some warm clothing find,
To wrap her wan form from the cold piercing
wind.

Come unbar your hearts, if of steel they are made,
And give this poor soul on the verge of the grave;
Mark her tottering footsteps—she is feeble and
poor;
O, grant her one morsel—come open your door.

Anecdotes.

English Traveller. "Hi say, sir, hain hi
on the right road for 'Artford'?"
Jonathan. "Well, you be."

Traveller. "Ow far shall I 'ave to go be-
fore hi get there?"
Jonathan. "Well, if you turn round and
go 'tother way, may be you'll have to travel
about ten miles. But if you keep on the
way you are going, you'll have to go about
eight thousand, I reckon."

John, what do you do for a living?
Oh! me preach.
Preach! and do you get paid for it?
Sometimes me get a shilling, sometimes
two shilling.

And isn't that mighty poor pay?
Oh! yes,—but it's mighty poor preaching.

Aunt Rosy was dividing a mince-pie among
the boys, and when Jim, who had wickedly
pulled the cat's tail, asked for his share, the
dame replied:
"No, Jim, you are a wicked boy, and the
Bible says there is no peace for the wicked."

"Mr. Brown, you said the de'centest w's
honest and intelligent. What makes you
think so—are you acquainted with him?"
"No, sir, I never seed him."

"Why, then, do you come to such a con-
clusion?"
"Cause he takes ten newspapers and pays
for them in advance." Verdict for defendant.

A French author says, "When I lost my
wife every family in town offered me another,
but when I lost my horse no one offered to
make it good."

Toys and Fancy Articles.

BY calling at DR. MARDEN'S, corner of
B HANCOCK and GRANITE STREETS, you
will find a splendid assortment of
TOYS AND FANCY ARTICLES,
Such as Dolls, Horses, Lions, Elephants, Dogs,
Cats, Rabbits, Monkeys, and Fowls of all descrip-
tions.
Also—Wagons, Buggies, Chaises, Cabs,
Sleighs;—Villages, Military Companies, Dining
Sets, Tea Sets, Nine Pins, Tops, Rattles, Wan-
dels, Flageolets, Clarinets, Trumpets, Harmoni-
cas, Harmoniums;—Fancy Glass Boxes, Fancy
Baskets, Kaleidoscopes, Bird Cages, Paint Boxes
and Brushes, Transparent Plates, &c. &c., and
at reduced prices, as a natural result of the Mas-
sachusetts Elections.
Quincy, Nov. 18.

IMPORTANT
TO THE
Farmer, Farrier & Stage Proprietor.

GEO. W. MERCHANT'S
CELEBRATED GARGLING OIL
UNPARALLELED IN THE HISTORY OF MEDICINE
As the most remarkable External Application ever
discovered.



"They can't keep House without it."

Experience of more than sixteen years has established
the fact that Merchant's Celebrated Gargling Oil, or Uni-
versal Family Embrication, will cure most diseases, and re-
lieve all such as
Scurvy, Sweeney Ringbone, Windfalls, Pol.
Evil, Callous, Cracked Heels, Galls of all
kinds, Fresh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Flia-
tula, Stiffness, Sand Cracks, Strains, Lameness,
Foundered Feet, Scratches, or Gores, Mange,
Rheumatism, Bites of Animals, External Poi-
sons, Painful Nervous Affections, Frost Bites,
Boils, Corns, Whitlows, Burns and Scalds,
Chilblains, Chapped Hands, Cramps, Con-
tractions of the Muscles, Swellings, Weakness
of the Joints, Caked Breasts, &c. &c. &c.
The unequalled success of this Oil, in the cure of dis-
eases in Horses and Cattle, and even in human flesh, is
only becoming more known to the farming community.
It can hardly be credited except by those who have been
in the habit of keeping it in their stables and houses, what
a vast amount of pain, suffering and loss, are saved by
the timely application of this N. Y. is bottled in the side
of the bottle, and in its handwriting over the cork.
All orders addressed to the proprietor will be promptly
attended to.
Get a Pamphlet of the Agent, and see what wonders
accomplished by the use of this medicine.
Sold by respectable dealers generally, in the United
States and Canada. Also by
Mrs. E. HAYDEN, QUINCY.

Also by Wm. T. Rand, Dedham; Geo. W.
Birch, Brookline; Zenas Snow, Randolph; D. M.
Swift, Milton; Wholesale and retail by Weeks &
Potter, P. R. Slater & Co. and D. Taylor, Jr.,
& Co., Boston.
Quincy, Nov. 18.

GRANITE SALOON.

THE subscriber would most respectfully in-
form his friends and the public, that he has
opened the Granite Room, in Goodnow's
Building, on Granite Street, where he intends to
keep a good supply of
Oysters, Fruits and Refreshments.

He hopes, by constant attention to the wants of
the public, to merit a share of patronage in the
profession.
LORING A. FRENCH.
Quincy, March 25.

DR. S. STOCKING,
DENTAL SURGEON,
No. 53 Tremont Row, (on stairs.) Boston.

Terms for the Season.

ENTIRE Sets of Teeth, from \$25 to \$50.
Full upper or under set, from \$15 to \$40.
Parts of Sets, in favorable cases, from \$1.50 to
\$3.50 per tooth. Pivotal Teeth from \$1.50 to
\$3.50. Filling with Gold, from 50 cents to
\$3.00. Extracting 25 cents without, and
50 cents with, the use of the most modern and
operations warranted, and the finest gold used.

Opinions of the Boston Press.
"The long experience and correct taste of
Dr. Stocking, of this city, eminently qualify
him to set artificial teeth, that look well, feel
well, wear well, and work well; and, what is
rather remarkable, he seems to be better pleased
with furnishing good work than with exorbi-
tant prices for it—a trait not common with
the profession."—Evening Traveller.

"We advise all toothless persons to call on
Dr. Stocking, of this city, and procure some
artificial teeth of his manufacture. We offer
this advice with the more confidence, because
whatever he undertakes to do, he does well.
One who is acquainted with him can doubt
that Nature designed him for a dentist, of the
right stamp."—Morning Post.

"No Dentist among us is better qualified to
improve the condition of the mouth, by set-
ting, filling, extracting, cleansing, regulating,
&c. of the teeth, than Dr. Stocking of this
city. His reputation, and a thorough knowl-
edge of all the intricacies of the business."—
Boston Journal.

"Dr. Stocking of this city, possesses the right
qualifications for his profession;—requiring,
as it does, a combination of patience, care,
skill, gentleness, with a thorough knowl-
edge of all the intricacies of the business."—
Boston Journal.

"If any of our readers have got the tooth-
ache, and wish to know who can extract it
with the least pain, we should say, Dr. Stock-
ing; or, if they want their teeth filled, and
filled right, we should say, by all means go to
Dr. Stocking. And, above all, if you wish
for artificial teeth that every body calls the
perfection of art, he is the one to furnish them,
and at a reasonable price."—Daily Times.
Boston, March 25.

Cure for Canker, etc.
DR. WEAVER'S Canker Cure. GREN-
VILLE'S Vegetable Extract, for canker,
sore-throat and scarlet fever.
ATWOOD'S Canker Drops.
For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Feb. 11.

FLANNELS.
BLUE, Blue Mixed, Red, Yellow, and White
Flannels, twilled and plain—for sale cheap,
at
I. W. MUNROE'S.
Quincy, Oct. 23.

WHITE & FRENCH,

Attorneys at Law,
Exchange Street, --- BOSTON.
GEORGE WHITE. ASA FRENCH.
May 20.

HENRY A. RANSOM,
AUCTIONEER,
RESPECTFULLY offers his services to the
public in the disposal of Real and Personal
property, and hereby solicits a share of patronage.
Quincy, April 8.

KIRK & TRAVIS,
Dealers in Teas and Coffees
OF THE PUREST QUALITY.
Also, West India Goods, and pure old Wines
and Liquors as imported, and suitable for in-
valids and sickness.
Also, London Porter and Scotch Ale, and Ha-
vanna Cigars.
H. B. KIRK, and
WM. E. TRAVIS.
No. 106 Kneeland Street.
Boston, April 16, 1853.

ALL KINDS OF
Job Printing,
SUCH AS
POSTERS, BILLS, OF ALL KINDS,
BILL-HEADS, BLANKETS, CARDS,
AND EVERY VARIETY OF
BOOK PLAIN, AND FANCY
PRINTING,
Neatly Executed at the Quincy Patriot Office,
WITH CHEAPNESS AND DESPATCH.

NATHANIEL WHITE,
--- HAS FOR SALE ---
LUMBER,
Nails, Lime, Brick and Sand
--- ALSO ---
Coal, Hard and Soft Wood,
QUINCY CANAL WHARF.
July 10, 1852.

William E. Colburn's
Quincy and Boston Express
LEAVES BOSTON DAILY,
At 2 1/2 o'clock, P. M.,
From 24 and 25 Brattle Street, and 29
South Market Street.
All orders promptly attended to.
April 2, 1853.

ISRAEL W. MUNROE,
DEALER IN
Dry Goods, Crockery, Glass and
Hardware,
together with a full assortment of choice
W. I. GOODS & GROCERIES,
all of which will be sold at the very lowest prices
and delivered at any part of the Town free of ex-
pense.
Quincy, Jan. 22, 1853.

FISHER A. KINGSBURY,
Counsellor at Law,
Commissioner for the States of
MAINE, NEW HAMPSHIRE, VER-
MONT, CONNECTICUT, RHODE
ISLAND AND NEW YORK.
Weymouth, Mass.
Nov. 26.

JOSEPH G. BRACKETT.
--- DEALER IN ---
LUMBER;
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
--- ALSO ---
Lime, Sand, Bricks and Hair.
Dimension Frames furnished at short notice.
Purchasers will find it for their interest to
call and examine, before purchasing else-
where, as they will find a full assort-
ment at the lowest prices.
Quincy, June 12.

ARNOLD'S
Patent Sash Lock,
The best Fastening for bottom or top Sashes
yet invented, sold by
JOHN O. FOYE,
Owner of the Patent Right.

DEALER IN
Hardware, Pumps, Doors, Sashes,
Blinds, Glass, &c. &c.,
Weymouth Landing, Mass.
Sept. 9.

Francis Marden
WOULD inform the public that he has recent-
ly fitted up the shop lately occupied by Mr.
SAMUEL COPELAND, and is ready to furnish all
with Meats of the very best quality.
Quincy, April 2.

Horse and Cattle Medicines.
T. K. VERY'S Arabian Horse Powders,
for Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Horse Ail-
s, &c. &c.
VERY'S Horse and Cattle LOTION.
DADD'S Horse and Cattle Medicines.
For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Jan. 25.

Perfumery, Oil, etc.
CHOICEST Perfumery, Cosmetics, Hair Oil,
Hair Dye, Dentrifices, etc., at
DR. MARDEN'S.
Goodnow's Building.
Quincy, Dec. 10.

Blankets.
ALL sizes and qualities—just received and for
sale low, at
I. W. MUNROE'S.
Quincy, Oct. 28.

For Sale Cheap,
A LOT 4-4 DOMET FLANNEL, by
I. W. MUNROE.
Quincy, Oct. 21.

QUINCY
Marble & Granite Works.

MONUMENTS,
Grave Stones, Tablets, &c.
McGrath, Mitchell & Co.,
RESPECTFULLY invite
attention to this estab-
lishment, now opened near the
--- South Quincy Depot ---
where MONUMENTAL work
of every description, from the
simplest Grave Stone or Table-
t to the most elegant and
elaborate Monument is execu-
ted in the very best style.
Long experience in the busi-
ness, and a thorough compe-
tency in the Art of Designing, en-
ables the Conductor of these works to carry out
the ideas and suit the various tastes and re-
quirements of persons in need of such articles.

--- ALSO ---
GRANITE WORK,
--- in all its forms ---
FRONTS FOR BUILDINGS,
MONUMENTS, STEPS,
TOMB FRONTS, FENCE POSTS,
Underpinning, Cellular Stones, etc, etc,
furnished to order, by
C. R. & C. itchell.

A large collection of Monumental Designs, (all
drawn in the Establishment,) and which, as well
as the work, attest the skill and competency of the
Proprietors, and on the public are respectfully in-
vited to call and inspect them.
Orders sent by Mail will be faithfully ex-
ecuted with despatch and at reasonable prices.
Quincy, July 22.

STOVES! STOVES!!
THE subscriber has
re-opened his Shop
on Hancock Street, near
opposite the Stone
Temple, where will be
found a NEW AS-
SORTMENT of
Stoves, Tin, Japan
and Britannia Ware
as can be found
in the market.

Also—Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Work done to
order, in a neat and workmanlike manner.
The subscriber would invite his old patrons and
the public generally, to give him a call where he
will be found personally to attend to them, and all
orders delivered by strict attention to business
and a desire to please to merit a share of pub-
lic patronage.
CHARLES HOLMES.
Quincy, July 22.

Insurance against Fire.
THE QUINCY MUTUAL FIRE INSUR-
ANCE COMPANY of Massachusetts, in-
sures Real and Personal Property against the haz-
ard of Fire, for five years or less, on favorable
terms.
Farmers, Mechanics, Householders, Traders,
Merchants, and all Owners of Property not ex-
posed to extraordinary risks, are solicited to patronize this Com-
pany; every effort will be made to accommodate
customers.
Letters, by mail or otherwise, from persons re-
siding at a distance, relating to Fire Insurance,
will be promptly attended to.
PRESIDENT,
WILLIAM S. MORTON;
TREASURER,
ISRAEL W. MUNROE;
SECRETARY,
STEPHEN BATES;
DIRECTORS,
Quincy, Milton,
William S. Morton, George Thompson,
Israel W. Munroe, Charles Breck,
Gideon F. Thayer, Dorchester,
Thomas C. Webb, H. W. Blanchard,
Albert Thompson, Cohasset,
Whitecomb Porter, Solomon J. Beal,
Stephen Bates, South Hingham,
William B. Duggan, Alfred Corning,
Thomas Curtis, North Bridgewater,
Randolph, Sumner A. Hayward,
Royal W. Turner, Barnstable,
South Braintree, George Marston,
Apollon Randall.

References, by permission:
Hos. GEORGE T. BIGELOW of Boston,
Hos. JOSIAH QUINCY, Jr., of Boston,
Hos. AMASA WALKER of North Brookfield,
Hos. JAMES MAGUIRE of Randolph,
Hos. SOLOMON LINCOLN of Hingham,
Hos. CHARLES F. ADAMS of Quincy,
JOSIAH BRIGHAM, Esq., of Quincy.

OFFICE,
Washington Street, Quincy, near of Stone Temple,
Quincy, April 1.

New Provision Store.
THE subscriber would inform the public, that
he has fitted up the Store lately occupied by
Mr. Gridley TOWN, as a
MARKET HOUSE,
and is ready to supply the public with all kinds of
MEATS and VEGETABLES, of the best quality,
cheap for cash.
Also—BUTTER, CHEESE, DRIED AP-
PLES, BEANS, PICKLES, TRIPE, LARD,
etc., constantly on hand.
H. A. RANSOM.
Quincy, March 18.

Pills and Bitters—Sick Headache.
D. SOULE'S Oriental Sovereign Balm Pills.
HOOPLAND'S SICK HEADACHE
REMEDY.
For sale by
Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Jan. 28.

AYER'S
PILLS.

FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A
FAMILY PHYSIC.
THERE has long existed a public demand for an
effective purgative pill which could be relied on as
sure and perfectly safe in its operation. This has
been prepared to meet that demand, and an exten-
sive trial of its virtues has conclusively shown with
what success it accomplishes the purpose designed.
It is easy to make a physical pill, but not easy to
make the best of all pills—one which should have
none of the objections, but all the advantages, of
water. This has been attempted here, and every
other effort. Many of them produce so much
gripping pain and revulsion in the system as to more
than counterbalance the good to be derived from
them. These pills produce no irritation on pain,
unless it arise from a previously existing obstruc-
tion or derangement in the bowels. Being purely
vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any
quantity; but it is better that any medicine should
be taken judiciously. Minute directions are ap-
pended to the box. Among the complaints which
may be relieved by their use, we mention Liver Com-
plaint, in its various forms, Biliousness, Head-
ache, Indigestion, Leucorrhoea, and Gonorrhea,
Bilious Fever, and Ague, Pain in the Side
and Loins; for, in truth, all these are but the con-
sequence of diseased action in the liver. As an
aperient they afford prompt and sure relief in Cos-
tiveness, Piles, Colic, Dysentery, Humors, Scrofu-
lous and Scirrhous swellings of the body, Ulcers
and impurity of the blood; in short, any and
every case where a purgative is required. They
have also produced some singularly suc-
cessful results in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel,
Erysipelas, Pimples of the Face, Pains in the
Back, Stomach, and Side. They should be freely
taken in the spring of the year, to purify the blood,
and prepare the system for the change of seasons,
and an occasional dose stimulates the stomach and
bowels into healthy action, and restores the ap-
petite and vigor. They purify the blood, and by their
stimulant action on the circulatory system, reno-
vate the strength of the body, and restore the
vital or dissipated energies of the whole organism.
Hence an occasional dose is advantageous, even
though no serious derangement exists; but un-
necessary dosing should never be resorted to, for
over-stimulating the system reduces the strength,
when taken to excess. The thousand cases in which
a physic is required cannot be enumerated here, but
they suggest themselves to the reason of every
person who has used them. A better power than any thing which has
hitherto been available to mankind. When their
virtues are once known, the public will no longer
hesitate to employ them when in need of a
cathartic medicine. Being sugar-wrapped they are
pleasant to take, and being purely vegetable, no
harm can arise from their use in any quantity.
For minute directions see wrapper on the Box.

PREPARED BY
JAMES C. AYER,
Practical and Analytical Chemist,
LOWELL, MASS.
Price 25 cents per Box. Five Boxes for \$1.

AYER'S
CHERRY PECTORAL,
For the rapid Cure of
COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS,
BRONCHITIS, WHOOPING-COUGH,
CROUP, ASTHMA, AND
CONSUMPTION.

THIS remedy has won for itself such notoriety
from its cures of every variety of pulmonary disease,
that it is entirely unnecessary to recount the cri-
ticism of its virtues in any community where it
has been employed. So wide is the field of its use-
fulness, and so numerous the cases of its cures,
that almost every section of the country abounds
in persons publicly known, who have been restored
from alarming and even desperate diseases of the
lungs by its use. When one speaks of its superiority
over every other medicine of its kind it is too ap-
parent to escape observation, and where its virtues are
known, the public no longer hesitate what article to
employ for the distressing and dangerous affec-
tions of the pulmonary organs which are incident
to our climate. And not only in formidable at-
tacks upon the lungs, but for the milder varieties
of Coughs, COLIC, HOARSENESS, &c.; and for
CHILDREN it is the pleasantest and safest medicine
that can be obtained.

As it has long been in constant use throughout
this section, we need not do more than assure the
people its quality is kept up to the best that ever
has been, and that the genuine article is sold by
Mrs. E. HAYDEN, SOLE AGENT.
Quincy, Oct. 28.

Building Materials.
THE subscriber having erected a large and
convenient Store, at Weymouth Land-
ing, for the sale of Building Materials, HARD-
WARE, etc.,
Will keep constantly on hand, a large assort-
ment of
Doors, Blinds, Sashes and Glass,
OF ANY QUALITY.
--- ALSO ---
Copper, Wood and Chain PUMPS, new and
beautiful patterns.
Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, Zinc, Nails; Barn
Doors, Rails and Posts, for top and bottom; Oven
Doors, Fumel Irons, Blind Hinges and Fast-
Patent Window Springs, Tarred Paper, Fence
and Stair Balusters; Framing Pins, turned.
FIRE and GARDEN ENGINES—the latest
and best kind.
In short, nearly every article usually needed in
the erection of any common building, all of which
will be sold very low.
PAINTED BLINDS and GLAZED SASHES
always on hand.
WINDOW FRAMES made to order.
Carpenters and Builders are respectfully in-
vited to call and examine my Stock.
JOHN O. FOYE.
Weymouth, Sept. 9.

Fruits.
FRESH Lemons, Oranges and Figs; also—
Dates, Prunes, Tamarinds, Eve's Apples,
etc. etc. For sale at Dr. MARDEN'S.
Quincy, Dec. 10.

Blankets.
12 PAIR 10-4 heavy Whitney Blankets
for sale at a discount.
I. W. MUNROE.
Quincy, Feb. 4.

Rats and Mice.
LYON'S MAGNETIC POWDER—For the
destruction of Rats, Mice, Moths, Bugs and
other Vermin, without poison.
Parson's and Warren's RAT EXTERMINA-
TOR, and various other articles for the same pur-
pose. For sale by
Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Sept. 30.

Apothecary Store.

MRS. E. HAYDEN returns thanks to her
friends and the public, for their long-conti-
nued patronage, and offers an enlarged stock of sup-
erior Family Medicines, selected
with care.
Also—various articles for
invalids, Pearl and prepared
Barley, Farina, Groats, cracked
Wheat, Sago, Tapioca, Oat-
meal, Corn Starch, Brooms, &c.
Jellies, Raspberry and Lem-
on Syrup, Guava Paste, &c.
Shoulder Braces and Sup-
porters of various kinds, Gum
Elastic Breast Pumps, Glass
Pipes and Shells, patent nur-
sing Shields, Tubes, and Bot-
tles, spread Plasters, Glass
Flesh Brushes, &c. &c.
Fresh European Leeches always on hand.
Physicians' prescriptions put up with care and
attention.
She is also receiving the new and popular medi-
cines of the day, as they appear in this and other
States. Washington-st., rear of Stone Temple,
Quincy, Nov. 1.

Over 100,000 Boxes Sold in Five Months.

DEVINE'S COMPOUND
BITON LOZENGES.
THE GREAT REMEDY IS AT LAST
DISCOVERED! for Colds, Coughs,
Whooping Cough, Croup, Asthma, and
Bronchitis. Certificates of cures may be found in
the Circulars, and the world is challenged to
produce such cures as are effected by faith-
fully using this cheap and pleasant luxury.
Manufactured by S. D. FULLER & Co.,
No. 4 Wilson's Lane, Boston.

P. R. SLATER & Co., General Wholesale
and Retail Agents, No. 3 Tremont Temple,
Boston, Mass. Sold by Druggists and Mer-
chants generally throughout the country;
also, by the Manufacturers, No. 4 Wilson Lane,
Boston, Mass.
Boston, Sept. 23.

Paper Hangings.
JUST received new styles of Paper Hangings
and for sale cheap for cash.
DANIEL BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, March 25.

CALEB PACKARD.
DEALER IN SILKS, SHAWLS, FURS,
Dress and Domestic Goods of every de-
scription.
Also—White Goods, Laces, Dress and Cloak
Trimnings, Gimps, Braids and Embroid-
eries, a large lot of Hosiery, and a
great variety of fancy articles.
GENT'S and BOY'S
Ready Made Clothing,
AND
FURNISHING GOODS!
BOOTS, SHIRTS, TRUNKS, VALISES,
CARPET BAGS, UMBRELLAS,
HATS, CAPS, &c., &c.

FURNITURE,
of every description constantly on hand, or
furnished at the shortest notice.
Also—MATTRESSES and FEATHERS
of every quality. I would ask the particular
attention of the public to this branch of my
business.

MILLINERY GOODS!
Customers wishing Goods of this class, will
find always a carefully selected Stock, of the
latest and best styles. BONNETS, made and
trimmed.
CARPETS,
of every style and quality: Crockery, China,
Glass and Britannia Ware, Solar Lamps and
Shades, and a general assortment of House-
keeping Goods. I would respectfully re-
quest the attention of my friends and customers, to
my present varied Stock, to which I am con-
stantly making addition, and solicita call from
all desiring Goods of any kind in my line.
Quincy, Dec. 3d.

Dried Apples.
2000 POUNDS for sale cheap for cash
by
DANIEL BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, March 25.

Soaps and Perfumes.
CHOICE Soaps and Perfumes, and various
other articles for the Toilette.
Glenn's Pearl Powder; Harrison's Magnolia
Balm; Scented Lily White; Swift's Oris and
Chalk Balls; Chinese Meen Fan, a celebrated
Toilette powder, French's Bell Powder for in-
fants; Puff Boxes; etc. etc. For sale by
Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, March 11.

Porte Monies.
JUST received at the QUINCY BOOK-
STORE, a large and handsome variety of
many new patterns. Beautiful styles of Ladies'
Porte Monies, &c., selling at lower prices than
ever before.
Quincy, Oct. 21.

Almanacs for 1855.
OLD FARMER'S ALMANAC, by Robert B.
Thomas.
Brown's Almanac, Pocket Memorandum and Ac-
count Book; Family Christian Almanac; and
many others—sold at the
QUINCY BOOKSTORE.
Quincy, Oct. 21.

Cramps, Pains, etc.
DYER'S Healing Embrication, for External
and Internal Use, to relieve Rheumatism, pain,
rheumatism, etc. Put up in bottles of three
sizes—small for trial bottles.
Also—CRAPO'S LINIMENT.
For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Feb. 11.

Tooth Ache!
TELL every person you meet, who is afflicted
with the Tooth Ache, that he may find an
article at Dr. MARDEN'S which will effect an
instantaneous and permanent cure without the cold
steel or the least danger of injury from the applica-
tion of the remedy.
Quincy, Dec. 24.

For the Complexion.
TOMPKIN'S Orange Flower Lotion, For-
taine's Balm of a Thousand Flowers, Milk of
Roses, Ammandine for Tan Suburn &c. &c. For
sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, May 7.

Apothecary Store.

MRS. E. HAYDEN returns thanks to her friends and the public, for their long-continued patronage, and offers an enlarged stock of superior Family Medicines, selected with care.

Also—various articles for invalids, Pearl and prepared Barley, Farina, Grains, cracked Wheat, Sage, Tapioca, Oat-flour, Corn Starch, Broom, &c. Jellies, Raspberry and Lemon Syrup, Guava Paste, &c. Shoulder Braces and Supporters of various kinds, Gum Elastic Breast Pumps, Glass Pipes and Shells, patent Nursing Shields, Tubes, and Bottles, spread Plasters, Glass and Metal Syringes, Red-pans, Horse-hair Mittens, and Metal Syringes, &c. &c.

Fresh European Lozenges always on hand.

Physicians' prescriptions put up with care and attention.

She is also receiving the new and popular medicines of the day, as they appear in this and other States. Washington-st., rear of Stone Temple Quincy, Nov. 1.

Over 100,000 Boxes Sold in Five Months.

DEVINE'S COMPOUND PITCH LOZENGES.

THE GREAT REMEDY IS AT LAST DISCOVERED! for Colds, Coughs, Whooping Cough, Croup, Asthma and Consumption. Certificates of cures may be found in the Circulars, and the world is challenged to produce such cures as are effected by faithfully using this cheap and pleasant luxury. Manufactured by S. D. FULLER & Co., No. 4 Wilson's Lane, Boston.

P. R. SLATER & Co., General Wholesale and Retail Agents, No. 3 Tremont Temple, Boston, Mass. Sold by Druggists and Merchants generally throughout the country; also, by the Manufacturers, No. 4 Wilson Lane, Boston, Mass.

Paper Hangings.

JUST received new styles of Paper Hangings and for sale cheap for cash.

DANIEL BAXTER & Co.

Quincy, March 25.

CALEB PACKARD.

DEALER IN SILKS, SHAWLS, FURS, Dress and Domestic Goods of every description.

Also—White Goods, Laces, Dress and Cloak Trimmings, Gimps Braids and Embroideries, a large lot of Hosiery, and a great variety of fancy articles.

GENT'S AND BOYS

Ready Made Clothing,

AND FURNISHING GOODS! BOOTS, SHOES, TRUNKS, VALISES, CARPET BAGS, UMBRELLAS, HATS, CAPS, &c., &c.

FURNITURE,

of every description constantly on hand, or furnished at the shortest notice.

Also—MATTRESSES and FEATHERS of every quality. I would ask the particular attention of the public to this branch of my business.

MILLINERY GOODS!

Customers wishing Goods of this class, will find always a carefully selected Stock, of the latest and best styles. BONNETS, made and trimmed.

CARPETINGS,

of every style and quality; Crochery, China, Glass, and Britannia Ware, Solar Lamps and Shades, and a general assortment of House-keeping Goods. I would respectfully invite the attention of my friends and customers, to my present varied Stock, to which I am constantly making addition, and solicited call from all desiring Goods of any kind in my line.

Quincy, Dec. 24.

Dried Apples.

2000 POUNDS for sale cheap for cash.

DANIEL BAXTER & Co.

Quincy, March 25.

Soaps and Perfumes.

CHOICE Soaps and Perfumes, and various other articles of Toilet.

Glen's Pearl Powder; Harrison's Magnolia Balls; Shand's Lily White; Swift's Ointment and Chalk Balls; Chinese Moss Fun, a celebrated Toilette Powder; French's Bell Powder for infants; Puff Boxes; etc., etc. For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.

Quincy, March 11.

Port Monies.

JUST received at the QUINCY BOOK-STORE, a large and handsome variety—many new patterns. Beautiful styles of Ladies' Port Monies, &c., selling at lower prices than ever before.

Quincy, Oct. 21.

Almanacs for 1855.

OLD FARMER'S ALMANAC, by Robert B. Thomas.

Brown's Almanac, Pocket Memorandum and Account Book; Family Christian Almanac; and many others—sold at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Quincy, Oct. 21.

Cramps, Pains, etc.

DEVINE'S Healing Embrocation, for External and Internal Use, to relieve cramps, pains, rheumatism, etc., etc. Put up in bottles of three and six—small for trial bottles.

Also—CRAPO'S LINIMENT.

For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.

Quincy, Feb. 11.

Tooth Ache!

EVERY person who meets, who is afflicted with the Tooth Ache, that he may find relief at DR. MARDEN'S which will effect an instantaneous and permanent cure without the cold or the least danger of injury from the application of the remedy.

Quincy, Dec. 24.

For the Complexion.

COMPEN'S Orange Flower Lotion, Fennel's Balm of a Thousand Flowers, Milk of Meas, Amaline for Tan Sunburn, &c. &c. For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.

Quincy, May 7.

Butter! Butter!!

50 TO 40 tubs of first rate DAIRY BUTTER, for sale cheap.

D. BAXTER & Co.

Quincy, Oct. 29.

THE QUINCY PATRIOT.

DEVOTED TO MORALS, EDUCATION, AGRICULTURE, NEWS AND GENERAL LITERATURE.

VOLUME XIX.

QUINCY, MASS., SATURDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1854.

NUMBER L.

OFFICE OF PUBLICATION.

Over J. H. Moore's Store, on Hancock Street.

JOHN A. GREEN, Editor.

CONDITIONS.

TWO DOLLARS per annum in advance, and if delayed until the end of the year, then THREE DOLLARS will be required.

No subscription nor advertisement will be discontinued previous to the payment of all arrears, unless at the option of the publisher.

Advertisements correctly and conspicuously inserted at the customary prices, and will be charged for until ordered out.

The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to their own immediate business.

Letters and communications, postage paid, will receive early attention.

AGENTS.

The following gentlemen are authorized to receive pay and requested to procure subscribers.

Railway Village, West District, Milton, Dorchester, Weymouth, Abington, South Scituate, New York City, Brooklyn, (N. Y.)

JOSEPH BABCOCK, GEORGE H. LOCKE, CHARLES BECK, ORIN P. BACON, F. A. KINGSBURY, JOSEPH CLEVELY, SAMUEL A. TURNER, FREEMAN HUNT, GERSHOM DREW.

Miscellaneous.

Old Year Realities.

New Year Anticipations.

BY MRS. JOSEPH H. HANAFORD.

Though at times my spirit fails me,
And the bitter tears drop fall,
Though my lot is hard and lonely,
Yet I hope—I hope through all.

MRS. NORTON.

Hope on—hope ever!—by the sudden springing
Of green leaves which the winter had so long;
And by the burst of free, triumphant singing,
After cold, silent months the words among;
And by the reading of the frozen chains,
Which bound the glorious river of the plains,
Hope on—hope ever.—MRS. HEMANS.

"Are all things ready for to-morrow?"
asked the tenant of a lordly mansion of her housekeeper.

"Yes, Mrs. Athearn," answered the person addressed, a portly, well-dressed matron, who bore the honors and responsibilities of her station with becoming dignity and professional fidelity; "all that you have requested is prepared. The cake is in the closet, ready for cutting; the wine is marked, and ready to be brought from the cellar; those grapes have arrived, and the flowers from the conservatory are already arranged, and will keep fresh enough till to-morrow. Is there anything which you have not mentioned, that you would like? we have yet time to attend your pleasure."

"Nothing more, Marston," was the reply, in languid tones, and the housekeeper left the room, and its wealthy occupant.

The brightly blazing anthracite rendered the room as warm as the sweet, sunny days of spring, while the ample arrangements for ventilation permitted no unpleasantness of atmosphere. The altar lamp shed a soft light around the richly-carved and stuffed chairs, sofa, and other furniture of the room. A piano, open, and with music-shells scattered upon it, occupied a convenient place. Books, with costly binding, gleaming in crimson and gilt, were strewn upon the center-table. The mantel ornaments and candelabra were superb. Rare and beautiful specimens of painting and sculpture filled their appropriate niches, and a few exotics from the conservatory bloomed in beauty beside them.

Mary Athearn, the dweller amid such splendor, was seated on a low ottoman near the fire. She was attired in the most fashionable style, and the richness of her velvet dress, and the flashing gems she wore, were in perfect keeping with the apartment in which she sat, or rather crouched, for her head was bent forward, and leaned upon the arm of a large rocking-chair, which stood before the fire.

Mrs. Athearn's face bore the traces of beauty, but she was pale, and her whole expression at this time was of sadness, and a yearning for something as yet unpossessed, though wealth sufficient for many, many wants was all about her.

"Must we have wine to-morrow?" she murmured. Her beautiful pet spaniel, hearing her voice, arose from his place upon the soft rug, and walking gently toward her, placed his head upon her lap.

"Marco," said Mrs. Athearn, "are you my only friend to-night? Oh, that my husband loved me as you do! Oh, that he loved me half as well as he loves the wine-cup! If he knew how I loved him still, though he neglects me so much, would he not be here to-night, Marco? You are only a dog, Marco," and she patted his head affectionately, "but you love those that love you. Alas! that another New Year's eve should come, and find my Alfred still at the club-room. I suffered last New Year's, but, oh, it is worse now! for then I had the hope that when our little one was older he would love home better,

and stay with me more, and now I find he is no different, and I have no more to hope."

She bowed her head still lower, and the torrent of her tears attested that however the servants in that princely abode might enjoy their New Year's Eve, its mistress was indeed unhappy. High station, and wealthy surroundings, are not antidotes for sorrow, else would Mary Athearn never have known suffering, for these, from her birth, had been shared by her.

She yawned bitterly for a season, and then arose, as if from some sudden impulse, she took the silver lamp in her hand, and proceeded to the chamber where slept her only child. Soon she was bending over the sleeping infant. Its round limbs and rosy cheeks seemed to speak of health, and the fond mother felt no pang of fear lest it might not be spared to her; she thought only of her greatest sorrow, and softly whispered,

"Oh, Eva! sweet Eva! would that your father loved you as I do!" The little girl smiled in her sleep, and her mother hailed the omen with delight. "Perhaps he will yet be restored to me. I will still trust in God, and in the mean time strive to fulfil my own duty. Perhaps it was for my spiritual good that I was thus tried, for I might never have sought Him in truth, if earth had been a path of roses always. In the ball-room, at the concert and opera, and theater, I forgot God; but here at home, alone, the neglect of my intemperate husband has been the means of leading me to reflect on my course, and seek the true riches. I trust I am no longer a butterfly of fashion, and, oh, Father! restore my husband!"

She sank upon her knees there by the bedside of her cherished child, and besought, as she had often done before, the reformation of her husband. For her child's sake, as well as for her own, she desired it, that they might train her together for heaven. She did not need his reformation that he might be more successful in business, for wealth enough was theirs already, but she asked it no less earnestly. True prayer always leads to the performance of duty, and as she rose with more spirit-calmness, she began to reflect upon the scenes of the past day, with the question, whether every duty had been accomplished. Suddenly a thought flashed across her mind—Did not God, the Great Father, send it?

She descended to the parlor, after imprinting a fond kiss upon the cheek of her sleeping babe, and rang the bell. A servant appeared.

"Bring my cloak and hat. I wish to go out. And ask Marston to prepare to attend me with a basket of provisions. John may accompany us to carry it, and a lantern."

The servant was surprised at such unusual orders from his mistress, who seldom ventured forth in the evening without her husband. He knew not that, in the bustle of preparation for New Year's Day, she had omitted attending to the wants of a poor family, of whom she had only on that day heard. Partly as a kind of penance for her neglect of duty, and partly from a wish to pass away the evening hours more pleasantly than when sitting in her splendid parlor, brooding over her sorrows, she resolved to go herself. While the servant is performing her bidding, let us go before her.

The humble dwelling which we will now enter, bears no resemblance to the stately edifice of the Athearns. Poverty seems stamped upon this, as wealth seemed written legibly on that. Ascending the creaking stairs, we enter a low, and not very large room, where sits a woman of nearly the same age as Mrs. Athearn—not more than thirty—sewing as if her life depended upon the rapid motion of her needle. A few articles of furniture about her speak of "better days," but every thing, even to the lean cat far in upon the scarcely warm hearth, now tell in trumpet-tones of want, and privation, and misery. The broken window, with old clothes placed in the aperture to keep out, if possible, the fierce blast, is a great contrast to the windows at Mrs. Athearn's home, where the rich folds of damask curtains permit no breeze to enter. The worn chairs and table speak of long and hard usage. In one corner of the room is the bedstead of the parents, and the trundle-bed of the two children, who were sent to bed, an hour ago, because they cried with the cold. Every thing which the tender heart of the mother could suggest and her slender means allow, was done for their comfort, but she had no more wood, nor money to buy any, and her intemperate husband none would trust. One little child, the youngest, cried for food, and the first-born lushed him, saying, "Mother has given us all she had, and she has eaten nothing herself since morning."

Oh, ye who have "enough and to spare," remember that this is, alas! no fancy sketch—would that it were! But around your own doors, perchance, are those whose children have begged for bread to-night, and the mother, who loved them as dearly as you love

your, wealthy parent, could give them none. Oh, give of your abundance! Seek them out! The daughters of poverty, but not of shame, they are, and your sisters still. Then make the New Year glad to them, and go, as Mrs. Athearn did, even in the face of winter's cold and piercing blast, if you would share her joy.

But I anticipate. Behold the poor woman once more. Her last stick is upon the fire. She must burn it, or her fingers will be so benumbed that she can not sew, and finish the piece of work in her hands, which is to bring the bread for those dear children on the morrow. At last it is finished. The weary fingers cease their motion; the last portion of wood flickers upon the hearth; the lamp burns dimly, and the aspect of all around is dreary and sad.

Hark! the mother listens. Perhaps she hears her husband's footsteps, and, oh, that he may be sober enough not to treat her with unkindness! Harsh words she often has from him, but blows are so dreadful. It is not his step, and she kneels to ask, with Mrs. Athearn, the reformation of her husband. And she has yet more to ask for. She knows what it is to pray, "Give us this day our daily bread," for she knows what it is to be without the means of obtaining food for the coming day. A few short years before, and youth and beauty was her portion as well as that of Mrs. Athearn; but while Mary Athearn had been from childhood surrounded by wealth, Lucy Elwood had been obliged early in life to earn her own living. But never till the present time had she been so sadly without the means of livelihood. An intemperate husband and a home of poverty were her youth were early clouded, and the dark cloud was that of intemperance. For a while she had a happy home, but ere long she found that the "worm of the still" was gnawing at the root of domestic peace and felicity.

Footsteps approach. A tap at her door, and as she opens it, she perceives relief is at hand. Mrs. Athearn and her attendants entered. The basket of provisions is soon opened, and the furnishing mother requested to partake freely. She hesitates, with maternal anxiety, fearing to rob her children, but ere long Mrs. Athearn came in full possession of her story, and she was urged to satisfy the demands of her own hunger, and fear not for her children.

"I have 'enough and to spare,'" said Mrs. Athearn, "and you shall never suffer again for food if I can prevent it. I will furnish you with work, and you shall be paid punctually, for I make it a point to pay all who work for me immediately, knowing that a dollar to them may be of more value than a hundred to me, and they can not well wait for it."

The servant, John, was then dispatched to the nearest proper place, in order to purchase some fuel. Tears of gratitude course down the pale, attenuated cheeks of the sorrowing mother, and the lamp of hope is re-lighted in that lowly habitation, as Mrs. Athearn promises to find employment for the husband if he will be temperate. Mrs. Athearn's heart ached, as she required temperance of Mr. Elwood ere she would provide him with work, for she knew that her own husband could not get employment upon such terms at present; and though he drank wine and brandy, instead of rum and whisky, his condition afterward was no higher or more desirable than that of the less wealthy inebriate.

The old housekeeper aided Mrs. Elwood in preparing a pleasant fire, and comfortable meal for herself and children, who had been aroused from their slumbers by the voices of the charitable visitors, and soon nothing was wanting to make the poor mother's heart happy but the presence of her husband in sobriety and kindness. The Old Year had been one of painful realities. The New Year was about to dawn with brighter anticipations. A familiar footstep caused the mother and children to start, and gaze toward the door of the humble apartment, with mingled emotions of hope and dread. Was the husband and father coming to disturb them with the freaks of drunkenness? His step was firmer than usual. There was no sound of ribald song and silly jest. Could he be sober? It was almost too much for the exhausted mother to hope, and suspense was soon at an end, as Mr. Elwood entered, and courteously addressed the inmates of the room. He was sober, and when sober, all ways polite and kind. Intemperance was his misfortune rather than his fault. The overtasked system of the hard-working and suffering mother could not endure such an unusual occurrence, without evincing the shock which such a sudden transition from despair to hope had caused. Her husband had hardly time to reach her, ere she fell, fainting, to the floor. Restoratives were immediately applied, but the most powerful of all was the husband's words—"Lucy, dear Lucy, I have signed the Pledge."

"Thank God! thank God!" were the first exclamations of the now happy wife. She had not needed or desired wealth to make her happy. Her husband's restoration to the path of virtue was enough, and the cup of her joy seemed full. Husband and wife mingled their tears together over the past, and together now indulged in brighter hopes for the future.

It can not be supposed that Mrs. Athearn, young, handsome, rich, and talented, could look upon all this unmoved, for, however much of those blessings she possessed, she, too, had need of Mrs. Elwood's consolation. Her tears, and those of her kind-hearted housekeeper, attested their sincerity, as they thus sympathized with the reunited family. With the true delicacy of a Christian woman, Mrs. Athearn felt that she and her attendants should remain no longer, and they departed; but all along their homeward pathway, but one subject rested on her mind, and that called forth the frequent mental exclamation, "What God hath joined together, intoxicating liquors ought not to put asunder!"

It was almost midnight when they arrived at their own residence, but as Mrs. Athearn knew her husband seldom inquired how she occupied herself in his absence, and she could scarcely hope, either, to find him at home, she did not fear a chiding for being abroad at such a late hour.

Mrs. Athearn noticed a light in her child's chamber, and wondering at the unusual circumstance, immediately proceeded thither. The door was slightly open. A low murmuring, as of the voice of prayer, reached her ears. How her heart thrilled at such an unwonted sound, and a thrill of unutterable joy pervaded her whole being as she softly pushed open the door, and beheld her husband, so long lost to virtue and duty, upon his knees by the bedside of his child. The young wife stood speechless. He paused in his prayer, and bowed his head in silence on the pillow of his infant daughter. His wife felt, though she could not see, that he was weeping, and tears flowed down her own cheeks, but they were tears of joy. For a season no sound was heard in that chamber of emotion, and then that emotion became uncontrollable, and Mrs. Athearn's sobbings informed her husband of her presence. He advanced toward her,

"Mary," said he, "we will be happy together once more. I have signed the Pledge."

"Oh, how thankful I am!" exclaimed Mrs. Athearn. "I can now understand the feelings of the poor woman I have been visiting," added she, after a short pause; "her husband signed the Pledge to-night, and she was so happy, but not happier than I am, I think."

"What was her name?" inquired Mr. Athearn.

"Elwood," was the reply.

"Elwood! A tall, black whiskered man, about thirty?"

"Yes."

"Why, he was the very man who rose, and related his experience first as a moderate drinker, and then as a common drunkard, in the temperance meeting which curiosity, or the hand of God, led me to attend this evening, as I was on my way to my Club. He told me a story of his wife and children, and pictured his wife's patience, and forbearance, and love for him, even in his worst moments, that my heart was touched. I thought of my own gentle wife. I knew she was not suffering as his wife was for the necessities of life, but you suffered in mind from my neglect and unworthiness. My gentle Mary! how I have caused you to suffer!"

"Say no more, Alfred; all is forgiven. But how did you know that the speaker was Elwood?"

"Why, after his narration of his sad experience he complied with a previous invitation, and signed his name to the Pledge, saying, as he did so, 'I will sign my name, and it will be the best New Year's present I can make to my wife.' I followed him and wrote my name under his, thinking of the joy my dear wife would have."

"Oh, yes, how happy I am now!" exclaimed Mrs. Athearn. "As long as I live I shall feel grateful to Mr. Elwood, as the instrument by whom you were led to give me such joy."

"And all that time my wife was giving joy to Elwood's family," remarked her husband; "I am glad it was so."

On the following morning, Mr. Athearn himself called on Mr. Elwood, and offered him employment, which was thankfully accepted. At his return he found the New Year's table spread, as usual, but his joyful wife whispered to him, as he entered, "I have not placed any wine upon the table."

"That is right," replied he; "I wish no intoxicating liquors of any kind upon my table henceforth."

"But do you not think our callers will be surprised?"

"I presume so, and for that reason I shall

remain with you until some of them have been informed of the cause."

Mrs. Athearn smiled her thanks, and but a short time elapsed ere one of Mr. Athearn's boon companions entered, and after the usual compliments, seeing no wines, ventured to ask after an exhilarating draught.

"I shall never permit alcoholic mixtures upon my board again, Williams. I have signed the temperance pledge," was the calm and noble reply of Mr. Athearn. His friend bit his lip in silence, for politeness would not allow him to offer the bitter retort which arose in his mind, and Mr. Athearn proceeded to narrate, in words most eloquent, the reasons which led to such a blessed result. His wife stood near attesting her sympathy by the fast-flowing, though unbidden tears. Gradually the visitors present had drawn toward him, till he had quite an audience, and his words were far from falling powerless upon their ears. Mr. Williams had a wife at home who had too often suffered as the inebriate's wife alone can suffer, and his heart was touched by Mr. Athearn's words, till at the close of his remarks, Mr. Williams exclaimed:

"Hand me a pledge, Athearn, and I will sign it, too, and go home and tell my wife of it."

"So will I!" "So will I!" echoed several others. With heartfelt joy, Mrs. Athearn prepared the pledge, and soon the signatures of every man in the room were appended, and they departed to make glad the hearts of their families.

That was, indeed, a pleasant and profitable New Year's Day, and not one of those who then signed the noble Temperance Pledge ever failed to keep it. Elwood was faithful also, and to both rich and poor the blessings of temperance proved alike acceptable.

Reader, have you signed a similar Pledge? If not, why not imitate Athearn and Elwood, and perhaps you will make some heart joyful, and change the Old Year sad realities into New Year's bright anticipations, which coming seasons shall see happily realized.

Color and Dress.

Red Drapery. Rose-red cannot be put in contact with the rosiest complexions without causing them to lose some of their freshness. Dark red is less objectionable for certain complexions than rose-red, because, being higher than this latter, it tends to impart whiteness to them in consequence of contrast of tone.

Green Drapery. A delicate green is, on the contrary, favorable to all fair complexions which are deficient in rose, and which may have more imparted to them without inconvenience; but it is not so favorable to complexions that are more red than rosy, nor to those that have a tint of orange mixed with brown, because the red they add to this tint will be of a bristly red hue. In the latter case a dark green will be less objectionable than a delicate green.

Yellow Drapery. Yellow imparts violet to a fair skin, and in this view it is less favorable than a delicate green. To those skins which are more yellow than orange it imparts white; but this combination is very dull and heavy for a fair complexion. When the skin is tinted more with orange than yellow, we can make it rosy by neutralizing the yellow; it produces this effect upon the black-haired type, and it is thus that it suits brunettes.

Violet Drapery. Violet, the complementary of yellow, produces contrary effects; thus, it imparts some greenish yellow to fair complexions; it augments the yellow tint of yellow and orange skins. The little blue there may be in a complexion it makes green. Violet, then, is one of the least favorable colors to the skin, at least when it is not sufficiently deep to whiten it by contrast of tone.

Blue Drapery. Blue imparts orange, which is susceptible of alloying itself favorable to white and the light flesh tints of fair complexions, which have already a more or less determined tint of this color. Blue is, then, suitable to most blondes, and in this case justifies its reputation. It will not suit brunettes, since they have already too much of orange. Orange is too brilliant to be elegant; it makes fair complexions blue, whitens those which have an orange tint, and gives a green hue to those of a yellow tint.

White Drapery. Drapery of a lustreless white, such as cambric muslin, asserts well with a fresh complexion, of which it relieves the rose color; but it is unsuitable to complexions which have a disagreeable tint, because white always exalts all colors by raising their tone; consequently, it is unsuitable to those skins which, without having this disagreeable tint, very nearly approach it. Very light white draperies, such as muslin, plaited or point lace, have an entirely different aspect.

Black Drapery. Black draperies, lowering the tone of the colors with which they are in juxtaposition, whiten the skin; but if

the vermilion or rosy parts are to a certain point distant from the drapery, it will follow that, although lowered in tone, they appear relatively to the white parts of the skin, contiguous to this same drapery, redder than if the contiguity to the black did not exist.—*Harmony of Colors, by M. E. Chevreul.*

Kind Words.

They never blister the tongue or lips. And we have never heard of any mental trouble arising from this quarter. Though they do not cost much, yet they accomplish much. They help one's own good nature and good will. Soft words soften our own soul. Angry words are fuel to the flame of wrath, and make it blaze more fiercely. Kind words make other people good natured. Cold words freeze people, hot words scorch them, and bitter words make them bitter, and wrathful words make them wrathful. There is such a rush of all other kind of words in our day, that it seems desirable to give kind words a chance among them. There are vain words, and idle words, and hasty words, and spiteful words, and silly words, and empty words, and profane words, and boisterous words, and warlike words. Kind words also produce their own image on men's souls. And a beautiful image it is. They smooth, and quiet, and comfort the hearer. They shame him out of his sour, morose, unkind feelings. We have not yet begun to use kind words in such abundance as they ought to be used.—*Pascal.*

For the Patriot.

Lyceum Lectures.

Mr. ENRON.—The Lecture on Wednesday evening, was delivered by Rev. Mr. Waterston. Subject—*Switzerland.*

The Lecturer described his entrance into Basle; its fine library, containing fifty thousand volumes and eight thousand manuscripts. It was here Erasmus lived, whom he praised as one of the great men of that period. On entering Switzerland you were struck with the appearance of the peasantry, who were working in the fields—women as well as men—and always addressed a salutation to the passer-by. The bridges were covered and on the interior were paintings representing various scenes—some of sacred history, and on one were scenes in the early history of Switzerland. The children also were taught the songs of the country, which kept alive the spirit of freedom among them.

The scenery in Switzerland was of the grandest kind; his description of the lake and mountain scenery is too familiar with your readers to need repetition. The spot where Tell escaped is still shown, and also where Gessler fell. There is a statue in the market place of Altorf, on the spot where young Tell stood, and another where the bold archer drew his bow.

He visited Chillon, and saw the dungeon where Bonivard was imprisoned. Bonivard was imprisoned by the Duke of Savoy, for his liberal sentiments, but the people rose and rescued him, after an imprisonment of five years. He quoted Lord Byron's description of Chillon, and said it was a correct one. There was a statue of the Virgin, before which prisoners of state were required to kneel, and told that if they did so, they would be set at liberty; they were then told to go out by a certain door, and at the fourth step they were precipitated down a steepify fast deep, on a revolving machine, on which were naked sword blades, and the poor wretch received his liberty by being cut to pieces.

He ascended the St. Bernard, and met the usual perils of the ascent. He told the old anecdote of Napoleon and his guide. This monastery was founded by St. Bernard in the ninth century, for the relief of travellers. It is kept now by the Monks of St. Augustine. Their duty was to watch for wanderers on the mountain; two of them leave the convent every day, one towards Italy, and the other towards Switzerland, each had one of those famous dogs, and succor for any one they may meet.

He visited Chamouni, and said it was beautiful in the extreme. His description of Geneva was about the same as that given by all tourists. The church in which Calvin preached was still standing, and the same sounding board was over the pulpit yet. Geneva was famous as the residence of Rousseau, Voltaire, and Madame De Staël. Here Lord Byron wrote some of the most beautiful portions of *Childe Harold*. The Glaciers were some of the most wonderful sights of Switzerland; they were the source of many rivers, which waters different countries of Europe.

The lecture was brought to an abrupt conclusion by an alarm of fire, which caused a stampede among the boys, and the speaker finding the tide against him, gave in with a good grace.

The lecture was both instructive and entertaining, to those among the audience who

"BORN TO NO MASTER, OF NO SECT ARE WE."

CLAM CHOWDER. This favorite dish will be served up at the Granite Saloon, to-day, in season for dinner.

A very handsome set of books presented by the Swiss Confederation to the United States has been sent to the Congress Library.

At Braintree Neck, on the 12th inst.,
Thomas L., son of Mr. Thomas and Mrs. Mel-
lora Lines, aged 2 years 8 months.

Whoever has found the same shall be suitably
rewarded on leaving it at I. W. MUKKOS's store.
Quincy, Dec. 9. if

JOSEPH G. BRACKETT,
Quincy, August 12. Brackett's Wharf.

we are confident we can offer you Goods at prices
which will give you perfect satisfaction.

Published in Five Months

Poetry.

The Dream.

BY N. L. FARRIS.

In dreams last night my fancy wandered home;
I saw the blue mist o'er the hills arise;
I saw the village church and the bright dome
Gleaming in sunlight of my native skies.
Alas! I knew too well, with glad surprise,
By the brook's side the leafy poplar tall,
The orchard, meadow, dove-cote, barn and all,
That kissed the infant lips of my young eyes!
Oh! how my heart with rapture pants to tell,
As real, what in sleep, she pictured all too well!

Then came a troop of glad ones, young and gay,
Shouting and frisking, o'er the mossy green;
Another generation—these were they
Now would have laughed, though I had never been.
Ah! they were full of life and joy, I ween,
As though the earth had nothing else but bloom:
No cares—no sickness—no insatiate tomb!
Ah! let them play: be Earth the mossy screen,
To hide from their young eyes the insidious snare!
The blasted hopes—the death—the hell of after years!

An aged mother, too, with sightless eyes,
Did yearn to clasp her long-lost, wayward son.
Till my full heart ran over with surprise,
To mark the little hand which Time had done:
Sisters and brothers crowded, one by one,
Filling each pause up with delicious joy—
And beaming faces Time cannot destroy—
Quenched as stars, and radiant as the sun—
Till the dead weight of fifteen years did roll
Back from my heart, and gave up all my boyish soul!

And they all clustered round, and listened there,
Intent, at what I told of other climes;
Of "antres vast, and deserts idle," where
The death-hell daily doles out funeral chimes—
Where murder holds low rank with darker crimes;
Of lakes, lagoons, large rivers, forests hoar;
Of halls and churches filled with antique lore;
Of names all incompatible with rhyme;
And as I touched upon a tender theme,
The light within nine eyes stole and lo! 'twas
But a dream!

Morning.

Farewell to night, the dawning light
Breaks o'er the eastern sky,
The shadows flee, far o'er the sea,
As day advances nigh.
The sun appears, and bathed in tears
Each flower, and blade of grass,
The zephyr lingers, just waked from night,
Breathes gently, as they pass.

O! a glorious sight, the morning bright,
From night's embrace awakes,
When the stars grow white, in the dawning light,
And night her leave is taking.
The sun comes now, with smiling brow,
To greet the earth, so fair,
While blossoms shine, from every vine,
And fragrance fills the air.

The robin sings, as he gaily springs,
High up in the old oak tree,
That stands by the wall, where the acorns fall,
When the wind blows merrily.
The little brook, with a quiet loquacity,
Runs through the banks of green,
While mirrored there, are flowers fair,
And clouds of silvery sheen.

Anecdotes.

"Sir! you shall hear from me," said a fellow with a thundering voice and chimney-back from to an editor who had published something he construed as too hard upon his party "you shall hear from me!" and he shook his finger significantly.

"That's right, dew," said Jonathan, bowing politely; "write occasionally, and let us know how you're getting along."

"Why don't you give us a little Greek and Latin occasionally?" asked a country deacon of the new minister.

"Why, do you understand these languages?"

"No, but we pay for the best, and we ought to have it."

A coxcomb talking of the transmigration of souls, said:

"In the time of Moses, I have no doubt I was the golden calf."

"Very likely," replied a lady, "time has robbed you of nothing but the gilding."

"Bob! by sitting on that side of the ears, you are missing all the sights on this side."

"Never mind, Tim, I am sighting all the misses on this side."

"If you say another crooked word I'll blow your brains out," said a blacksmith to his wife.

"Ram's horns, you dog," exclaimed his hopeful helpmate, "ram's horns, if I die for it."

A doctor once asked a lawyer what was meant by "docking an entail?"

"Why, doctor," replied the attorney, "it is doing what you will not do with your patients; it is suffering a recovery!"

A distinguished clergyman used the following language:

"My brethren, Paul was a Know Nothing, for he says, 'I determined to know Nothing among you save Jesus Christ and him crucified.' Let us be like him."—*Boston Journal*.

An editor became married and was created a captain. On parade, instead of "Two paces in front—advances," he unconsciously exclaimed, "Cash—two dollars a year in advance."

He was court-martialed and sentenced to read his own paper.

An Irishman being asked which was the oldest, he or his brother, said:

"I am the oldest, but if 'Taddy' lives three years longer, we shall then both be of an age."

Toys and Fancy Articles.

BY calling at Dr. MARDEN'S, corner of Hancock and GRANT STREETS, you will find a splendid assortment of TOYS AND FANCY ARTICLES, Such as Dolls, Horses, Lions, Elephants, Dogs, Cats, Rabbits, Monkeys, and Fowls of all descriptions. Also—Wagons, Buggies, Caisles, Cabs, Sleighs—Villages, Military Companies, Dining Sets, Tea Sets, Nine Pins, Tops, Rattles, Whistles, Flageolets, Clarinets, Trumpets, Harmonicas, Hammocks—Fancy Glass Boxes, Fancy Baskets, Kaleidoscopes, Bird Cages, Paint Boxes and Brushes, Transparent Slates, &c., &c., and at reduced prices, as a natural result of the Massachusetts Elections.

Quincy, Nov. 18.

IMPORTANT TO THE Farmer, Farrier & Stage Proprietor.

GEO. W. MERCHANT'S CELEBRATED GARGLING OIL

(UNPARALLELED IN THE HISTORY OF MEDICINE) As the most remarkable External Application ever discovered.



"They can't keep house without it."

Experience of more than sixteen years has established the fact that Merchant's Celebrated Gargling Oil, or Universal Family Emollient, will cure most cases, and relieve all such as Spasms, Soreness, Ringworms, Windgalls, P.O. Evil Calves, Cracked Heels, Galls of all kinds, Fresh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Fists, Stiff, Sand Grains, Strains, Lameness, Foundered Feet, Scratches or Grease, Mange, Rheumatism, Itches of Animals, External Poisons, Painful Nervous Affections, Frost Bites, Boils, Corns, Whitlows, Burns and Scalds, Chills, Chapped Hands, Cramps, Contractions of the Muscles, Swellings, Weakness of the Joints, Caked Breasts, &c., &c.

The unrivaled success of this Oil in the cure of diseases in Horses and Cattle, and even in human flesh, is only because more known to the farming community. It can hardly be credited, except by those who have been in the habit of keeping it in their stables and houses, what a vast amount of pain, suffering and time are saved by the timely application of this Oil.

It is the name of the sole proprietor, GEORGE W. MERCHANT, Lockport, N. Y., is blown in the side of the bottle, and in his hand written over the cork.

All orders addressed to the proprietor will be promptly responded to.

Get a Pamphlet of the Agent, and see what wonders are accomplished by the use of this medicine. It is sent free of charge to all who send for it generally, in the United States and Canada. Also by

Mrs. E. HAYDEN, QUINCY.

Also by Wm. T. Rand, Dedham; Geo. W. Bird, Brookline; Zenas Snow, Randolph; D. M. Swift, Milton; Wholesale and Retail by Weeks & Potter, P. K. Slater & Co. and D. Taylor, Jr. & Co., Boston.

Quincy, Nov. 18.

GRANITE SALOON.

THE subscriber would most respectfully inform his friends and the public, that he has fitted up the Basement Room, in Goodnow's Building, on Granite Street, where he intends to keep a good supply of

Oysters, Fruits and Refreshments.

He hopes, by constant attention to the wants of the public, to merit a share of patronage.

LORING A. FRENCH.

Quincy, March 25.

DR. S. STOCKING, DENTAL SURGEON, No. 51 Tremont Row, (op stairs), Boston. Terms for the Season.

ENTIRE Sets of Teeth, from \$35 to \$50. Full upper or under set, from \$15 to \$30. Parts of Sets, in favorable cases, from \$1.50 to \$3.50 per tooth. Pivot Teeth from \$1.50 to \$3.00. Filling with Gold, from 50 cents to \$3.00. Extracting 25 cents without, and 50 cents with, the use of ether. All operations warranted, and the finest gold used.

Opinions of the Boston Press.

"The long experience and correct taste of Dr. Stocking, of this city, eminently qualify him to set artificial teeth, that look well, feel well, wear well, and work well; and, what is rather remarkable, he seems to be better pleased with furnishing good work than with exorbitant prices for it—a trait not common with the profession."—*Evening Traveller*.

"We advise all toothless persons to call on Dr. Stocking, of this city, and procure some artificial teeth of his manufacture. We offer this advice with the more confidence, because whatever he undertakes to do, he does well. No one who is acquainted with him can doubt that Nature designed him for a dentist of the right stamp."—*Morning Post*.

"No Dentist among us is better qualified to improve the condition of the mouth, by setting, filling, extracting, cleansing, regulating, &c., of the teeth, than Dr. Stocking of this city. His reputation for dental skill is too well established to be doubted."—*Evening Transcript*.

"Dr. Stocking of this city, possesses the right qualifications for his profession—requiring, as it does, a combination of patience, care, skill and gentleness, with a thorough knowledge of all the intricacies of the business."—*Boston Journal*.

"If any of our readers have got the tooth-ache, and wish to know who can extract it with the least pain, we should say, Dr. Stocking; or, if they want their teeth filled, and filled right, we should say, by all means go to Dr. Stocking. And, above all, if you wish for artificial teeth that every body calls the perfection of art, he is the one to furnish them, and at a reasonable price."—*Daily Times*.

Boston, March 25.

Cure for Canker, etc. DR. WEAVER'S Canker Cure. GREENVILLE'S Vegetable Extract, for canker, sore-throat and scurvy fever.

For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.

Quincy, Feb. 11.

FLANNELS. BLUE, Blue Mixed, Red, Yellow, and White Flannels, twilled and plain—for sale cheap.

By I. W. MUNROE'S.

Quincy, Oct. 28.

For Sale Cheap, LOT 44 DOMET FLANNEL, by I. W. MUNROE.

Quincy, Oct. 21.

WHITE & FRENCH, Attorneys at Law,

Room No. 15, Webster Bank Building, Exchange Street, --- BOSTON. GEORGE WHITE. ASA FRENCH. May 20.

HENRY A. RANSOM, AUCTIONEER,

RESPECTFULLY offers his services to the public in the disposal of Real and Personal property, and hereby solicits a share of patronage.

Quincy, April 8.

KIRK & TRAVIS, Dealers in Teas and Coffees OF THE PUREST QUALITY.

Also, West India Goods, and pure old Wines and Liquors as imported, and suitable for invalids and sickness.

Also, London Porter and Scotch Ale, and Havana Cigars.

H. B. KIRK, WM. E. TRAVIS.

No. 106 Kneeland Street.

Boston, April 16, 1853.

ALL KINDS OF Job Printing,

SUCH AS POSTERS, BILLS, OF ALL KINDS, BILL-HEADS, BLANKETS, CARDS, AND EVERY VARIETY OF BOOK PLAIN, AND FANCY PRINTING, Neatly Executed at the Quincy Patriot Office, WITH CHEAPNESS AND DESPATCH.

NATHANIEL WHITE, —HAS FOR SALE—

LUMBER, Nails, Lime, Brick & Sand —ALSO— Coal, Hard and Soft Wood, QUINCY CANAL WHARF.

July 10, 1852.

William E. Colburn's Quincy and Boston Express

LEAVES BOSTON DAILY, At 2 o'clock, P. M., From 24 and 25 Beane Square, and 29 South Market Street.

All orders promptly attended to.

April 2, 1853.

ISRAEL W. MUNROE, DEALER IN

Dry Goods, Crockery, Glass and Hardware, together with a full assortment of choice W. I. GOODS & GROCERIES, all of which will be sold at the very lowest prices and delivered at any part of the Town free of expense.

Quincy, Jan. 22, 1853.

FISHER A. KINGSBURY, Counsellor at Law,

Commissioner for the States of MAINE, NEW HAMPSHIRE, VERMONT, CONNECTICUT, RHODE ISLAND AND NEW YORK.

Nov. 26.

JOSEPH G. BRACKETT, —DEALER IN—

LUMBER; OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. —ALSO— Lime, Sand, Bricks and Hair. Dimension Frames furnished at short notice.

For sale by Mr. J. G. Brackett, at the lowest prices.

Quincy, June 12.

ARNOLD'S Patent Sash Lock,

The best Fastening for bottom or top Sashes yet invented, sold by JOHN O. FOYE, Owner of the Patent Right.

DEALER IN Hardware, Pumps, Doors, Sashes, Blinds, Glass, &c., &c., Weymouth Landing, Mass.

Sept. 9.

Francis Marden

WOULD inform the public that he has recently fitted up the shop lately occupied by M. SAMUEL COPELAND, and is ready to furnish all with Meats of the very best quality.

Quincy, April 2.

Horse and Cattle Medicines.

T. K. VERRY'S Arabian Horse Powders, for Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Horse Ail, &c., &c.

Also, Verry's Horse and Cattle LOTION. DADD'S Horse and Cattle Medicines.

For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.

Quincy, Jan. 28.

Perfumery, Oil, etc.

CHOICEST Perfumery, Cosmetics, Hair Oil, Hair Dye, Dentifrices, etc., at DR. MARDEN'S.

Quincy, Dec. 10.

Blankets.

ALL sizes and qualities—just received and for sale low, at I. W. MUNROE'S.

Quincy, Oct. 28.

For Sale Cheap, LOT 44 DOMET FLANNEL, by I. W. MUNROE.

Quincy, Oct. 21.

QUINCY Marble & Granite Works.

MONUMENTS, Grave Stones, Tablets, &c.

McGrath, Mitchell & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY invite attention to this establishment, now opened near the South Quincy Depot—where every description of work of every description, from the simplest Grave Stone or Tablet to the most elegant and elaborate Monument is executed in the very best style.

Long experience in the business, and a thorough competency in the Art of Designing, enables the Contractor of these works to carry out the ideas and suit the various tastes and requirements of persons in need of such articles.

—ALSO—

GRANITE WORK,

—in all its forms—FRONTS FOR BUILDINGS, MONUMENTS, STEPS, TOMB FRONTS, FENCE POSTS, Underpinning, Cellar Stones, &c., &c., furnished to order, by C. R. & C. Mitchell.

A large collection of Monumental Designs, (all drawn in the Establishment,) and which, as well as the work, attest the skill and competency of the Proprietors, are on hand, and the public are respectfully invited to call and inspect them.

Orders sent by Mail will be faithfully executed with despatch and at reasonable prices.

Quincy, July 22.

STOVES! STOVES!!

THE subscriber has re-opened his Shop on Hancock Street, near the State Temple, where will be found a NEW ASSORTMENT OF Stoves, Tin, Japan and BRASSWARE as can be found in the market.

Also—Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Work done to order, in a neat and workmanlike manner.

The subscriber would invite his old patrons and the public generally, to give him a call where he will be found personally to attend to them, and all orders done to satisfaction.

The subscriber hopes by strict attention to business and a desire to please to merit a share of public patronage.

CHARLES HOLMES.

Quincy, July 22.

Insurance against Fire.

THE QUINCY MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Massachusetts, insure Real and Personal Property against the hazard of Fire, for five years or less, on favorable terms.

Farmers, Mechanics, Householders, Traders, Merchants, and all Owners of Property not extraordinary, are solicited to patronize this Company; every effort will be made to accommodate customers.

Letters, by mail or otherwise, from persons residing at a distance, relating to Fire Insurance, will be promptly attended to.

PRESIDENT, WILLIAM S. MORTON;

TREASURER, ISRAEL W. MUNROE;

SECRETARY, STEPHEN BATES;

DIRECTORS, Quincy, Milton, William S. Morton, George Thompson, Israel W. Munroe, Charles Brock, Gideon F. Thayer, Dorchester, Thomas C. Webb, H. W. Blanchard, Albert Thompson, Cohasset, Whitecomb Porter, Solomon J. Beal, Stephen Bates, South Hingham, William B. Duggan, Alfred Loring, Thomas Curtis, North Bridgewater, Sumner A. Hayward, Royal W. Turner, Barnstable, South Braintree, George Marston, Apollon Randall.

References, by permission:

Hon. GEORGE T. BIGELOW of Boston, Hon. JOSIAH QUINCY, JR., of Boston, Hon. AMASA WALKER of North Brookfield, Hon. JAMES MAGUIRE of Randolph, Hon. SOLOMON LINCOLN of Hingham, Hon. CHARLES F. ADAMS of Quincy, JOSIAH BRIGHAM, Esq., of Quincy.

OFFICE,

Washington Street, Quincy, near of Stone Temple, Quincy, April 1.

New Provision Store.

THE subscriber would inform the public, that he has fitted up the Store lately occupied by Mr. Gridley.

MARKET HOUSE, and is ready to supply the public with all kinds of MEATS and VEGETABLES, of the best quality, cheap for cash.

Also—BUTTER, CHEESE, DRIED APPLES, BEANS, PICKLES, TRIPE, LARD, etc., constantly on hand.

H. A. RANSOM.

Quincy, March 18.

Pills and Bitters—Sick Headache.

D. SOULE'S Oriental Sovereign Balm Pills. Dr. Eastman's Celebrated SICK HEADACHE REMEDY.

For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.

Quincy, Jan. 28.

AYER'S PILLS.

FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A FAMILY PHYSIC.

THERE has long existed a public demand for an effective purgative pill which could be relied on as sure and perfectly safe in its operation. This has been prepared to meet that demand, and an extensive trial of its virtues has conclusively shown with what success it accomplishes the purpose designed.

This is not a medicine, but a physical pill, but not easy to make the best of all pills—one which should have none of the objections, but all the advantages, of every other. This has been attempted here, and with every success we would respectfully submit to the public decision. It has been unfortunate for the patient hitherto that almost every purgative medicine is acrimonious and irritating to the bowels, and every case where a purgative is required, with much griping and revulsion in the system as to more than counterbalance the good to be derived from them. These pills produce no irritation or pain, unless it arise from a previously existing obstruction or derangement in the bowels. Being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use. Among the complaints which have been speedily cured by them, we may mention Liver Complaint, in its various forms of Jaundice, Indigestion, Languor and Loss of Appetite, Listlessness, Irritability, Bilious Headaches, Bilious Fever, Fever and Ague, Pain in the Side and Loins; for, in truth, all these are but the consequence of diseased action in the liver. As an aperient, they afford relief in Constipation, Piles, Colic, Dysentery, Hemorrhoids, Scrofula and Scum, Colds with soreness of the body, Ulcers and impurity of the blood; in short, any and every case where a purgative is required.

They have also produced some singularly successful cures in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel, Erysipelas, Pimples of the Face, Pains in the Bowels, Stomach, and Side. They should be freely taken in the spring of the year, to purify the blood and prepare the system for the change of seasons. An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and invigorates the system, and restores the appetite and vigor. They purify the blood, and, by their stimulant action on the circulatory system, renovate the system, and restore the strength of the whole organism. Hence an occasional dose is advantageous, even though no serious derangement exists; but unnecessary dosing should never be carried too far, and taken to excess. The thousand cases in which a physic is required cannot be enumerated here, but they suggest themselves to the reason of every body; and it is confidently believed that this pill will answer a better purpose than any thing which has hitherto been available to mankind. When their virtues are once known, the public will no longer doubt what remedy to employ in need of a cathartic medicine. Being sugar-coated they are pleasant to take, and being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

For minute directions see wrapper on the Box.

PREPARED BY JAMES C. AYER, Practical and Analytical Chemist, LOWELL, MASS.

Price 25 Cents per Box. Five Boxes for \$1.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL,

For the rapid Cure of COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, BRONCHITIS, WHOOPING-COUGH, CROUP, ASTHMA, AND CONSUMPTION.

This remedy has won for itself such notoriety from its cures of every variety of pulmonary disease, that it is entirely unnecessary to recount the evidences of its virtues in any community where it has been employed. So wide is the field of its usefulness, and so numerous the cases of its cures, that almost every section of the country abounds in persons publicly known, who have been restored to health, and even desperate diseases of the lungs by its use. When once tried its superiority over every other medicine of its kind is too apparent to escape observation, and where its virtues are known, the public no longer hesitate what to do to employ for the distressing and dangerous affections of the pulmonary organs which are incident to our climate. And not only in formidable attacks upon the lungs, but for the milder varieties of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, &c.; and for CHILDREN it is the pleasantest and safest medicine that can be obtained.

As it has long been in constant use throughout this section, we need not do more than assure the people its quality is kept up to the best that it ever has been, and that the genuine article is sold by—

Mrs. E. HAYDEN, SOLE AGENT.

Quincy, Oct. 28.

Building Materials.

THE subscriber having erected a large and convenient Store, at Weymouth Landing, for the sale of Building Materials, HARDWARE, &c.

Will keep constantly on hand, a large assortment of ANY QUALITY.

—ALSO— Copper, Wood and Chain PUMPS, new and beautiful patterns. Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, Zinc, Nails; Barn Door Rolls and Rods, for top or bottom; Oven Doors, Furnel Irons, Blind Hinges and Fasteners, Patent Window Springs, Tarred Paper, Fence and Stair Balusters; Framing Pins, turned. FIRE & GARDEN ENGINES—the latest and best kinds.

In short, nearly every article usually needed in the erection of any common building, all of which will be sold very low.

PAINTED BLINDS AND GLAZED SASHES always on hand.

Carpenters and Builders are respectfully invited to call and examine my Stock.

Weymouth, Sept. 9.

JOHN O. FOYE.

Fruits.

FRESH Lemons, Oranges and Figs; also—Dates, Prunes, Tamarinds, Etc., Apples, &c., etc. For sale at DR. MARDEN'S.

Quincy, Dec. 10.

Blankets.

12 PAIR 10-1 heavy Whitney Blankets—for sale at a discount.

I. W. MUNROE.

Quincy, Feb. 4.

Rats and Mice.

LYON'S MAGNETIC POWDER—For the destruction of Rats, Mice, Moths, Bugs and other Vermin, without poison.

Parson's and Warren's RAT EXTERMINATOR, and various other articles for the same purpose.

For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.

Quincy, Sept. 30.

Apothecary Store.

MRS. E. HAYDEN returns thanks to her friends and the public, for their long-continued patronage, and offers an enlarged stock of superior Family Medicines, selected with care.

Also—various articles for Invalids: Pearl and prepared Barley, Farina, Soups, Cracked Wheat, Sago, Tapioca, Oat Flour, Corn Starch, Brown, &c. &c. Serravallo's Tonic, and other Elastic Breast Pumps, Glass Pipes and Shells, patent Urinary Shields, Tubes, and Bladders, spread Plasters, Goggles and Metal Syringes, Bed-pans, Horse-hair Mittens, Flesh Brushes, &c., &c.

Fresh European Leeches always on hand. Physicians' prescriptions put up with care and attention.

She is also receiving the new and popular medicines of the day, as they appear in this and other States, Washington-st, rear of Stone Temple, Quincy, Nov. 1.

Over 100,000 Boxes Sold in Five Months.

DEVINE'S COMPOUND FITON LOZENGES.

THE GREAT REMEDY IS AT LAST DISCOVERED! for Colds, Coughs, Whooping Cough, Croup, Asthma and Consumption. Certificates of cures may be found in the Circulars, and the world is challenged to produce such cures as are effected by faithfully using this cheap and pleasant luxury. Manufactured by S. D. FULLER & Co., No. 4 Slater's lane, Boston.

P. R. SLATER & Co., General Wholesale and Retail Agents, No. 3 Tremont Temple, Boston, Mass. Sold by Druggists and Merchants generally throughout the country; also, by the Manufacturers, No. 4 Wilson lane, Boston, Mass.

Boston, Sept. 23.

Paper Hangings.

JUST received new styles of Paper Hangings and for sale cheap for cash.

DANIEL BAXTER & Co.

Quincy, March 25.

CALEB PACKARD.

DEALER IN SILKS, SHAWLS, FURS, Dress and Domestic Goods of every description.

Also—White Goods, Laces, Dress and Cloak Trimmings, Gimps Braids and Embroideries, a large lot of Hosiery, and a great variety of fancy articles.

GENTS AND BOYS

Ready Made Clothing,

AND FURNISHING GOODS! BOOTS, SHOES, TRUNKS, VALISES, CARPET BAGS, UMBRELLAS, HATS, CAPS, &c., &c.

FURNITURE, of every description constantly on hand, or furnished at the shortest notice.

Also—MATTRESSES AND FEATHERS of every quality. I would ask the particular attention of the public to this branch of my business.

MILLINERY GOODS! Customers wishing Goods of this class, will find always a carefully selected Stock, of the latest and best styles. BONNETS, made and trimmed.

CARPETINGS, of every style and quality; Crockery, China, Glass and Britannia Ware, Solar Lamps and Shades, and a general assortment of House-keeping Goods. I would respectfully invite the attention of my friends and customers, to my present varied Stock, to which I am constantly making addition, and solicit a call from all desiring Goods of any kind in my line.

Quincy, Dec. 3d.

Dried Apples.

2000 POUNDS for sale cheap, at DANIEL BAXTER & Co.

Quincy, March 25.

Soaps and Perfumes.

CHOICE Soaps and Perfumes, and various other articles for the Toilette. Glenn's Pearl Powder; Harrison's Magnolia Balls; Shand's Lily White; Swift's Oris and Chalk Balls; Chinese Men Fun, a celebrated Toilette Powder; French's Bell Powder for infants; Puff Boxes; etc., etc. For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.

Quincy, March 11.

Porte Monies.

JUST received at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE, a large and handsome variety—many new patterns. Beautiful styles of Ladies' Porte Monies, &c., selling at lower prices than ever before.

Quincy, Oct. 21.

Almanacs for 1855.

OLD FARMER'S ALMANAC, by Robert B. Thomas. Brown's Almanac, Pocket Memorandum and Account Book, Family Christian Almanac; and many others—sold at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Quincy, Oct. 21.

Cramps, Pains, etc.

DYER'S Healing Embrocation, for External and Internal Use, to relieve cramps, pains, rheumatism, etc., etc. Put up in bottles of three sizes—small for trial bottles.

Also—CRAPO'S LINIMENT.

For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.

Quincy, Feb. 11.

Tooth Ache!

TELL every person you meet, who is afflicted with the Tooth Ache, who may find an article at Dr. MARDEN'S, which will effect an instantaneous and permanent cure without the cold steel or the least danger of injury from the application of the remedy.

Quincy, Dec. 24.

For the Complexion.

TOMPKINS' Orange Flower Lotion, For taints the Balm of a Thousand Flowers, Milk of Roses, Ammoniac for Tan, &c., &c. For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.

Quincy, May 7.

Butter! Butter!!

30 to 40 tubs of first rate DAIRY BUTTER, for sale cheap for cash by DANIEL BAXTER & Co.

Quincy, Oct. 29.

DEVOT

VOLUME XIX.

OFFICE OF PUBLICATION

Over I. W. Munroe's Store, on Hancock Street.

JOHN A. GREEN, Editor.

CONDITIONS.

Two Dollars per annum in advance, delayed until the end of the year, or Dollars will be required. No subscription nor advertisement continued previous to the payment of arrears, unless at the option of the publisher. Advertisements correctly and consorted at the customary prices, and will for until ordered out.

The privilege of annual advertisers, their own immediate business. Letters and communications, postage receive early attention.

AGENTS.

The following gentlemen are authorized to receive and requested to procure advertisements for the Quincy Patriot.

Railway Village, JOSIAH B. B. West District, GEORGE H. Milton, CHARLES B. Dorchester, ORIN P. B. Weymouth, F. A. KING'S Abington, JOSEPH C. South Scituate, SAMUEL A. New York City, FREEMAN D. Brooklyn, (N. Y.) GERSHOM D.

Miscellaneous.

The New Cloak; —OR— "Mind Your Own Business."

"There! I declare, if Mrs. Burton got a new cloak!" exclaimed Mrs. to her intimate friend, Miss Viney, came out of church one Sunday.

"I see she has," replied Miss Viney, "I know her husband can't afford to be the ruin of him yet."

"I suppose they know their own best. At any rate, it is a blessing, or I am not accountable for his misdeeds. Miss Viney, who, though what I called termed an 'old maid,' was not class who have been slanderously styled and busy bodies. And we have introduced her to refute the foul that 'old maids' are all meddlers—and sure that all spinsters will be grateful for the service."

"I don't know about that," returned Waxwell, with a dubious shake

THE QUINCY PATRIOT.

DEVOTED TO MORALS, EDUCATION, AGRICULTURE, NEWS AND GENERAL LITERATURE.

VOLUME XIX.

QUINCY, MASS., SATURDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1854.

NUMBER LI.

OFFICE OF PUBLICATION,
Over I. W. Munroe's Store, on Hancock Street.

JOHN A. GREEN, Editor.

CONDITIONS.

TWO DOLLARS per annum in advance, and if delayed until the end of the year, then THREE DOLLARS will be required.
No subscription nor advertisement will be discontinued previous to the payment of all arrears, unless at the option of the publisher.
Advertisements correctly and conspicuously inserted at the customary prices, and will be charged for until ordered out.
The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to their own immediate business.
Letters and communications, postage paid, will receive early attention.

AGENTS.

The following gentlemen are authorized to receive pay and requested to procure subscribers.

Railway Village, JOSHUA BABCOCK.
West District, GEORGE H. LOCKE.
Milton, CHARLES HECK.
Dorchester, ORIN P. BACON.
Weymouth, F. A. KINGSBURY.
Abington, JOSEPH CLEVELY.
South Scituate, SAMUEL A. TURNER.
New York City, FREEMAN HUNT.
Brooklyn, (N. Y.) GERSHOM DREW.

Miscellaneous.

The New Cloak;

"Mind Your Own Business."

"There! I declare, if Mrs. Burton hasn't got a new cloak!" exclaimed Mrs. Waxwell, for her intimate friend, Miss Viney, as they came out of church one Sunday.

"I see she has," replied Miss Viney, very quietly.

"I know her husband can't afford it; she will be the ruin of him yet."

"I suppose they know their own business best. At any rate, it is a blessing that you or I are not accountable for his misdeeds," said Miss Viney, who, though what is technically termed an 'old maid,' was not of that class who have been slanderously styled gossip and busy bodies. And we have purposefully introduced her to refute the foul calumny that 'old maids' are all meddlers—and we are sure that all spinsters will be grateful to us for the service.

"I don't know about that," returned Mrs. Waxwell, with a dubious shake of the head; "Mr. Burton owes my husband three hundred dollars, and I don't believe he ever will get his pay, if things go on in this way. That cloak could not have cost less than thirty dollars."

"I presume they could afford it, or they would not have bought it—at any rate they know best."

"Mrs. Burton is a vain, conceited, proud woman, and pride will have a fall one of these days."

"I hope not."

"I hope she will have a fall; she would drop some of those airs then."

"I never thought she was what might be termed a vain woman."

"She is; she is an impudent minx, and the sooner she is brought down on a level with her circumstances, the better for her and the world."

"She has the reputation of being a very kind hearted person, and an excellent neighbor."

"I don't care if she has; she likes to 'lord' it through the village, and for one I won't be ruled by her."

"Really, I do not understand you; she is as amiable and humble as any one need be."

"Amiable and humble, indeed! What did she buy that new cloak for, except to excite the envy of half the town, and make them think she is somebody?"

"I hope there is no one so silly as to envy her," and Miss Viney cast a significant glance full into the face of her companion.

"I don't for one; but I should like to teach her that she is no better than the rest of the world."

"She don't profess to be; she visits the neighborhood, and I am sure there is no better person in sickness than she is."

"All that may be."

"When you had the erysipelas, you remember she watched with you when no one else would."

"I know it, but is one to be tyrannized over forever, because she watched a few nights with me?"

"How strange you talk."

"Do I? Didn't she buy that cloak on purpose to cut a figure through the town, and make everybody feel cheap?"

"No, I am sure she did not; she had no such motive," replied Miss Viney, smartly.

"I don't believe it, there!"

"She is not such a woman as that!"

"Yes, she is, just such a woman as that!"

"I have seen none but you, who feels bad about it."

"But me! La sakes! I wouldn't have you think I feel bad about it. She can wear what she's mind to, for all me; only I hope she can afford it, that's all."

"I think she can; she has the reputation of being a pretty careful woman."

"I don't care but I feel it my duty to warn my husband to look about his debt. When things get to be so awful extravagant, there's no knowing what may happen."

"Mr. Burton is doing very good business, people say."

"Nobody knows anything about what he's doing. All I know is, that when Squire Smith sold him two cords of wood last week, and carried in the bill, he couldn't pay it. He actually put the Squire off till next week. That looks as though they could afford thirty dollar cloaks, don't it?"

With these sage reflections, Mrs. Waxwell turned down the lane that led to her home, leaving Miss Viney to pursue her way and ponder on the extravagance of some folks.

Mrs. Waxwell loved fine clothes quite as much as any other woman of the nineteenth century, and this is saying a great deal. But then her husband was parsimonious, and she loved nice things very much, she loved money more—which we take it, amounts to nothing more nor less than meanness.

Mr. Waxwell was a farmer and well off in the world. The advent of the railroad into his native town had turned things topsy-turvy in general, and the heads of the women in particular—to use Mr. Waxwell's language. Time was when they were content to wear a straw bonnet and calico gown to meeting; but now they had to rig out in silks and satins, with furbelows and all sorts of rigging attached to them, for all the world just like a clown in the circus. Such were Mr. Waxwell's views of the social influence of the railroad.

Society began to be a little 'select,' folks put on airs, and were so stuck up that you couldn't touch them with a ten foot pole.

Farmer Waxwell did not like this state of things—it cost money on the one hand, and he did not like to be thrown into the shade on the other. He was about the richest man in the place; but ten dollar bonnets and thirty dollar cloaks were abominations that he could not tolerate. Mrs. Waxwell didn't like to be outdone in the matter of dress, and when she bought a new merino cloak the previous season, she had not a doubt but it would be unsurpassed for two seasons, at least. When Mrs. Burton came out with the thirty dollar velvet, she found the wind was taken out of her sail, and she was as indignant as the case demanded.

In the rise and progress of the village since the advent of the railroad, two new stores had gone into operation, one of which was conducted by Mr. Burton, an enterprising young man from the metropolis, who had brought a city wife and a great many city notions into the place with him.

As with a great many who go from the city to the country, he was exceedingly annoyed by that disinterested charitable attention to other people's business which so extensively prevails in many rural districts. Mr. Burton kept his affairs to himself, and this bothered and perplexed the gossips. His wife had a way of attending to her own concerns—she had been brought up where people do not even know their next door neighbor. If she wanted a new dress or a new bonnet, she never deemed it necessary to consult the neighbors in regard to ability to afford it, or about the style and material.

Poor Mrs. Waxwell! her star began to decline when Mrs. Burton came to the village. She was no longer the leader of the town, and her heart was burning with envy. Though she often received the kind offices of the store-keeper's wife, both in sickness and health, she would willingly have crushed her. That new cloak was the cap sheaf of the indignities which she fancied had been heaped upon her, and she determined that her unconscious rival should suffer the consequences of her temerity.

Her first demonstration was upon her husband, whom she found no difficulty in convincing that Mr. Burton must be ruined by the extravagance of his wife, and that unless he immediately collected his debt, he would certainly lose it.

As soon as she had done her washing on Monday, she 'made some calls,' and embraced the opportunity of commenting freely upon that new cloak. The women told their husbands that Mr. Burton would certainly fail; and before three days had elapsed, there was quite a ferment in the place.

Nobody knew anything about Mr. Burton's affairs; he seemed to be doing a good business, though no one knew of his having any money. He did not even own the house in which he lived; he had no property, apparently, but his stock. The careful old farmers, to whom in the course of trade he had become indebted for produce which he sent to Boston, began to be alarmed by these rumors.

It was in the State of New Hampshire; and at the time of which I write, the 'grab law,' was in force and is still, for aught I know.

One morning, as Mr. Burton returned from a journey to a neighboring town, he found his stock attached to the claim of Farmer Waxwell—and all on account of that new cloak his wife had worn to meeting on the preceding Sunday.

He had not the means to pay the note at that moment, and while he was considering a plan to extricate himself from the dilemma, the news that his goods had been attached, spread all over the place. All the creditors were in hot haste to follow the track of Farmer Waxwell—for it was 'first come, first served'—and in less than two hours a dozen had fastened upon the stock of the store.

This was a tremendous result to follow in the train of a thirty dollar cloak, and a gossiping old woman.

"What do you think now, Miss Viney?" asked Mrs. Waxwell, as they met, soon after the storekeeper's disaster had been made public.

"I hope Mr. Burton will be able to pay his debts."

"But he won't—I know he won't!"

"Probably if they have given him any notice of their intention to demand the payment of their claims, he would have been prepared to meet them."

"I guess Mrs. Burton will not feel quite so stuck up after this."

"I hope you have done nothing to bring about this sad result."

"But I have, I made my husband sue his note, and when he put on, the others did. Thirty dollar cloak indeed!"

"I am sorry you have done this; you may ruin Mr. Burton by it."

"That's just what I mean to do!" and Mrs. Waxwell's malignant expression betrayed the jealousy she had so long harbored.

"You did. It was very unkind and ungrateful in you to do so," replied Miss Viney, indignantly.

"Humph!"

"Any trader would be likely to come out badly to have all his creditors pounce upon him without giving him a chance to collect his debts."

"I don't believe he has any to collect."

"Even your husband, as well off as he is, might be embarrassed if suddenly called upon to pay his debts," and Miss Viney looked significantly at her angry companion.

"I doubt it."

"He may have a trial," said the maiden lady, as she moved towards the store.

"What can she mean by that?" thought Mrs. Waxwell.

Miss Viney had some property of her own, and it was all in the hands of Farmer Waxwell, who had, on his own account, invested the greater part of it in railroad stock.

That is what she meant. She would claim the three thousand dollars her husband owed her, and a cold chill passed through her veins as she thought struck her. Farmer Waxwell was rich in houses, lands and stock, all of which yielded him a good income; but he had not three thousand dollars in money, and it might cost him some trouble to raise it.

"Don't cry, my dear, I have enough due me in Boston to pay these debts, ten times over," said Mr. Burton to his wife, who was much alarmed by the storm which threatened them.

"What will people think?"

"What will they think when I pay them all? the whole amount is not nine hundred dollars!"

Just then, Miss Viney entered the house. In a few words, she explained the circumstances which had led to the sudden 'strike,' among the creditors.

Mrs. Burton, kind soul, shed a flood of tears when she heard how cruel Mrs. Waxwell had been—she whom she nursed with all the tenderness of a mother, when her frightened neighbors fled from the contagious disease.

"Never mind it, my dear. We may expect anything from a meddler, a gossip, a slanderer," said Mr. Burton. "I must start for Boston in the noon train."

"Allow me, Mr. Burton, to offer you the money to discharge these liabilities. I have three thousand dollars in the hands of Mr. Waxwell."

"You are very kind and I accept your offer," replied Mr. Burton, "and next week I shall have the means of repaying you. I assure you I am worth at least five thousand dollars."

In proof of his assertion, he showed her various notes, mortgages, and certificates of stock.

"I presume if the people here knew that I was not a bankrupt, they would not have molested me. In spite of all my amiable neighbor, Mrs. Waxwell, may say, I think I am abundantly able to give my wife a thirty dollar cloak."

"I never doubted it," replied Miss Viney as she hastened on to the village lawyer, to put her note in course of collection.

Farmer Waxwell was at dinner, when the lawyer, who was a personal friend, called upon him.

"Sorry to trouble you, but I am instructed to collect this note," said he.

"The devil!" exclaimed Farmer Waxwell. "The ugly hussy," added Mrs. Waxwell, as she perceived Miss Viney's prophetic words had been burdened with a meaning.

"I beg your pardon, madam," said the lawyer, "but if I understand it rightly, you have publicly boasted that you brought about all this difficulty."

"I!"

"Yes, madam; that new cloak did the business; you set your husband on, and all the rest followed him, so Miss Viney tells me."

"My gracious!"

"And now she wants the money to assist Mr. Burton out of the difficulty into which you have plunged him."

"That's a plain speech, Squire."

"I can't raise the money."

"Then I must sue."

"Can't we compromise?"

"Burton is worth at least five thousand dollars, and when he gets a remittance from Boston will pay all."

"I will dissolve my attachment, and be bound to the payment of the others. Will that do it?"

"Yes, if Miss Viney will consent."

Miss Viney did consent—she was a kind hearted lady—and the matter was compromised.

"Now, wife," said Waxwell, as he put the three hundred dollars in his pocket, which Burton had paid, minus thirty dollars which he held in his hand, "here's thirty dollars, and I think you'd better go and buy one of them 'ere cloaks. Your envy like to have got me into the cussedest scrape I ever got into in my life."

She would not take it; she was too mean to dress well herself, and too envious to permit others who were able to do so in peace. But she gathered from the events of our story, a healthy experience of the wisdom of that excellent maxim—"Mind Your Own Business."

Origin of Various Plants.

Every gentleman farmer ought to be somewhat acquainted with the origin and history of all ordinary plants and trees, so as to know their nature, country, and condition. Such knowledge, besides being a great source of pleasure, and very desirable, will often enable him to explain phenomena in the habits of many plants, that otherwise would appear inexplicable.

What although considered by some as a native of Sicily, originally came from the central table-land of Tibet, where it yet exists as a grass, with small mealy seeds.

Rye exists wild in Siberia.

Barley exists wild in the mountains of Himalaya.

Oats were brought from Native Africa.

Millet, one species, is a native of India, another Egypt and Abyssinia.

Maize, Indian Corn, is a native growth in America.

Rice was brought from South Africa, whence it was taken to India, and thence to Europe and America.

Peas are of unknown origin.

Vetches are native of Germany.

Buckwheat came originally from Siberia and Tartary.

The Garden Bean from the East Indies. Cabbage grows wild in Sicily and Naples. The poppy was brought from the East.

The Sunflower from Peru.

Hops come to perfection as wild flowers in Germany.

Saffron came from Egypt.

The Onion is also a native of Egypt. Horseradish is from South Europe.

Tobacco is a native of Virginia, Tobago, and California. Another species has also been found wild in Asia.

The grasses are mostly native plants, and so are the clovers, except Lucerne, which is a native of Sicily.

The Gourd is an Eastern plant.

The Potatoe is a well known native of Peru and Mexico.

Coriander grows wild near the Mediterranean.

Anise was brought from the Grecian Archipelago.

Never Despise Your Business.

"No man of sense," it has been observed, "despises his bread and butter." It is only the weak who are ashamed of laboring for a livelihood, or who affect to scorn the branch of business which they especially pursue.

The first duty every one owes to himself, to his family, and to his fellow citizens, is not to become a burden pecuniarily to society.

That commonwealth also is the most flourishing in which the proportion of drones is

the fewest: indeed the idea of a perfect State involves the necessity of every member of it being a producer. Hence it is that work is always honorable. The most ordinary handicraft employment is as worthy, if exercised honestly, as the professions of law or medicine. Each citizen should follow that avocation for which he is best suited, and when he does this he fulfills the law of his existence; but never otherwise. A bad lawyer is less truly respectable than a good mechanic, and an able doctor is no more meritorious than an honest laborer. To do one's duty, in the walk where he can be most efficient, is to be honorable; to neglect it, or to seek some other walk, is to become really disgraceful. By this standard, and this only, should we judge of men's respectability.

It is time that we republicans banished the arbitrary lines of caste, as applied to the pursuits of life, which are derived from feudal Europe.

Yet there are thousands of men who are at heart ashamed of their business. Are they retail vendors? They scorn continuing to make money in their old way, and long to embark in the wholesale line. Are they jobbers? They think if they could only be shippers that their glory would culminate. Are they mechanics? They regret they are not lawyers. Are they farmers? They wish to be in business in town. Such persons in their hearts, worship absurd distinctions, inherited from the social life of England, and regard the physician, the politician, or the banker, as really greater men than common human call. These are what Thackeray calls 'snobs'; men of pretence and weak folly; men who despise their own bread and butter. The wise man, on the contrary, seeks independence, by steadily attending to his business, well aware that an independence, honestly acquired, is his best claim to esteem. It is young men or rather lads, that are oftentimes victims to this weakness. Tens of thousands have been shipwrecked in life from having chosen a pursuit unsuitable to them, tempted thereto by false notions of the valour of a trade, and the superior dignity of commerce or a profession.

General Putnam.

Among the worthies who flourished during the era of the American revolution, perhaps there was none possessing more originality of character than that of Gen. Putnam, who was eccentric and fearless, blunt in his manners, the daring soldier without the polish of a gentleman. He might well be called the Marion of the north, though he disliked disguise, probably from the fact of his lisp, which was very apt to overthrow any trickery, he might have in view.

At this time a stronghold called Horseneck, some miles from New York, was in the hands of the British. Putnam, with a few sturdy patriots was lurking in the vicinity, bent on driving them from the place. Tired of lying in ambush, the men became impatient, and importuned the general with questions as to when they were going to have a bout with the foe. One morning he made a speech something to the following effect, which convinced them that something was in the wind.

"Fellows, you have been idle too long, and so have I. I'm going to Bush's, at Horseneck in an hour, with an ox team and a load of corn. If I come back I will let you know the particulars; if I should not, let them have it, by hoky!"

He shortly afterwards mounted his ox-cart dressed as one of the commonest order of Yankee farmers, and was at Bush's tavern, which was in possession of the British troops. No sooner did the officers spy him than they began to question him as to his whereabouts, and finding him a complete simpleton as they thought, they began to quiz him, and threatened to seize the corn and fodder.

"How much do you ask for your whole concern?" asked they.

"For mercy sake, gentlemen," replied the mock clodhopper, with the most deplorable look of entreaty, "only let me off and you shall have my hull team and load for nothing, and if that won't dew, I'll give my word I'll return to-morrow, and pay you heartily for your kindness and condescension."

"Well," said they, "we'll take you at your word; leave the team and provender with us, and we won't require bail for your appearance."

Putnam gave up the team and sauntered about for an hour or so, gaining all the information he wished; he then returned to his men and told them of the foe, and of his plan of attack.

The morning came, and with it sallied out the gallant band. The British were handled with rough hands, and when they surrendered to Gen. Putnam, the clodhopper, he sarcastically remarked—

"Gentlemen, I have kept my word. I told you I would call and pay you for your kindness and condescension."

For the Patriot. Know Nothingism Reviewed.

MR. EDITOR:—I think I have proved that the Patriots of "76" did not agree in principle, or practice, with the Know Nothings of "54," in their opposition to foreign born citizens. The history of this country will show that in all her perils, adopted citizens have done their duty; they have shared the dangers, and the triumphs, of the native born citizen; they have stood side by side on the battle-field and on the ocean in the war of 1812, and in the Mexican war it was seen that there was not much "Know Nothingism" in the face of an enemy. In those times there was no objection to foreigners, as such, and men were appointed to office, or elected by the people, and if they were fit for their station, their birth-place was no objection.

The attempt of the new party to prevent emigration from foreign countries, is only what must be expected from juvenile statesmen. They never trouble themselves to consider how much this emigration has tended to develop the resources, and add to the wealth of America.

Those who talk loudest of the greatness of America, mostly always point to her population and her wealth as the principle elements of her power; in both of these elements emigrants have added something to the general fund. In 1790 the population of the United States was 3,929,827; allowing these to double their numbers every generation, which is commonly estimated at thirty-three years, in 1833 it would be 7,859,654, and in 1856, 15,719,308. But the estimated population for 1856, according to the census, is 27,595,662; the increase must be owing to emigration, and this would give no more than nine to the square mile, while among the other great powers it averages about two hundred to the square mile of territory. If labor is an addition to the wealth of a nation, the emigrant is not a mere dependent on, nor an incumbrance to the soil. More than two thirds of the emigrants to these shores are between the ages of fifteen and thirty-five, the very prime of life; and a great proportion of the manual labor done in the United States is performed by foreigners. Massachusetts has declared herself the foremost State of the Union, in the crusade against foreigners; let us see what injury the State has sustained by emigration. The number of foreigners in the State in 1850 was 163,598—this is much less than the number at present, but it will do for an example; of these, more than one half are males between fifteen and forty, being 81,790; the average wages may be set down at one dollar per day, say eighty thousand dollars. The wages of females working in manufacturing establishments and in families may be stated at twenty thousand dollars more, making a total of one hundred thousand dollars daily, or in round numbers 30,000,000 dollars yearly. In this calculation the number of foreign capitalists in the State who give employment to native laborers and mechanics is not included. Of this 30,000,000, the largest proportion is spent in the State for house rent, provisions, &c., and gives a good living to many a "Know Nothing storekeeper, house carpenter, and the various tradesmen who live by labor. The profits which capitalists derive from this labor is another item to the credit side of the account for the foreigner. The price of the raw material used in 1850 in Manufactures, Mining, and the Mechanic arts was

\$85,856,771

The product was 151,137,143

Leaving profit to the capitalist of \$65,280,374

It may be safely said that one half of this is the product of foreign hands, it gives the nice sum of \$32,640,187, derived from the emigrants labor.

But the Know Nothing says we are supporting all the foreign paupers. I will show what burden they are to the State. The whole number of paupers in poor-houses in the State on the first of June, 1850, was 3,712, of these 1,006 were born in foreign countries, 803 being from Ireland, 203 from other countries, allowing one dollar a week for the support of each pauper, they would cost the State in one year \$52,312. As an offset to this there was paid into the State Treasury for each emigrant landing in the State \$2.50 head money. In 1847, there arrived in the State 20,848 emigrants; in 1852, 21,439—taking the lowest number, it would give \$50,220 received from emigrants; the balance is not a great burden on a State so rich and philanthropic as Massachusetts.

I think I have shown that emigration has been a positive benefit to the State. If the Know Nothings could succeed in driving all the foreigners out of the State, the effect of such a measure would soon be felt. If all the foreigners in Quincy left it to-morrow, would it be a benefit to the town? The Granite contractors, and Boot manufacturers can answer for themselves, whether they derive any profit from the labor of foreigners.

Apothecary Store.

MRS. E. HAYDEN returns thanks to her friends and the public, for their long-continued patronage, and offers an enlarged stock of superior Family Medicines, selected with care.

Also—Various articles for Invalids, Patent and prepared Barley, Farina, Groats, cracked Wheat, Sage, Tapioca, Oat-flour, Corn Starch, Brown, &c. Jellies, Raspberry and Sage or Stamp, Guava Paste, &c. Shoulder Braces and Supporters for various kinds, Gum Elastic Breast Pumps, Glass Pipes and Shells, patent Nursing Shields, Tubes, and Bottles, spread Plasters, Glass and Rubber, Horse-hair Mittens, and Brushes, &c., &c. Fresh European Leeches always on hand. Physicians' prescriptions put up with care and precision.

She is also receiving the new and popular medicines of the day, as they appear in this and other places. Washington-st, rear of Stone Temple, Quincy, Nov. 1. 45tf

Over 100,000 Boxes Sold in Five Months.

DEVINE'S COMPOUND PITCH LOZENGES.

THE GREAT REMEDY IS AT LAST DISCOVERED! for Colds, Coughs, Whooping Cough, Croup, Asthma and Consumption. Certificates of cures may be found in the Circulars, and the world is challenged to produce such cures as are effected by faithfully using this cheap and pleasant luxury. Manufactured by S. D. FULLER & Co., No. 4 Wilson's lane, Boston.

P. R. SLATER & Co., General Wholesale and Retail Agents, No. 3 Tremont Temple, Boston, Mass. Sold by Druggists and Merchants generally throughout the country; also, by the Manufacturers, No. 4 Wilson lane, Boston, Mass.

Boston, Sept. 23. 6m

Paper Hangings.

JUST received new styles of Paper Hangings and for sale cheap for cash.

DANIEL BAXTER & Co. Quincy, March 25. 4f

CALEB PACKARD.

DEALER IN SILKS, SHAWLS, FURS, Dress and Domestic Goods of every description.

Also—White Goods, Laces, Dress and Cloak Trimmings, Gimps Bands and Embroideries, a large lot of Hosi

The ledge men and stone cutters give employment to teamsters, blacksmiths, and others; the bootmakers are the cause of giving employment to boot makers, boot treas, boot crimpers, boot fitters, and some others. Now many of these are known to be suffering from their success, the blow would recoil upon themselves, and they should seek other employment for their support.

It would be a loss to the State if 163,598 inhabitants left it, of \$60,000,000 annually, and if the two millions of foreigners, as some estimate, or four millions, as others say are in the Union, sought another home, the nation would be so much poorer, in the present, and their increase for the future would go to enrich another, and a rival nation.

Before closing, I would ask your correspondent, "Tom Muddie," one question. When, or where, have Catholics as individuals, or the Catholic Church as a body, prohibited education? I want a definite answer, and it will save time when that question comes in review.

CIARE.

THE QUINCY PATRIOT.

Saturday, December 23d, 1854.

"BORN TO NO MASTER, OF NO SECT ARE WE."

The Official Reports to Congress.

The Postmaster General's annual report recommends a new system of registration of valuable letters, and thinks the government had better purchase the California mail steamers, unless the contractors will give a weekly service for the amount at present paid to them by the post office.

The Secretary of the Navy says that the Darien ship route is impracticable. He asks for an increase of twenty-five hundred men, but no officers; proposes a substitute for flogging, and recommends the construction of a marine basin and railway at San Francisco; compliments Com. Perry on the results of the expedition to Japan, and Lieut. Maury upon his various achievements in the coast survey, &c. The Secretary of War calls for an augmentation of the military force on the frontiers, and hopes the Seminoles will have been removed by next year. He proposes an addition of three brigadier generals.

The Secretaries, both of War and the Navy, recommend that merit rather than seniority, shall be made the basis of promotion. The actual strength of the army is 10,745, the authorized number 14,216, but the deficiency is fast being made up.

The Pension Office reports that the number of pensioners, June 30, 1854, was 14,065, and the annual amount paid to them \$1,172,051 63. Of these pensioners 1063 were revolutionary soldiers.

The Commissioner of Patents states that the arrears in business in his office have been well pushed forward by increasing the number of examiners. Since the 1st of January, sixteen hundred patents have been issued, and the whole number for the year will reach nineteen hundred, or double that of 1853. The principal recommendations are that the examining force be permanently augmented, that better provisions be made in taking testimony in cases of appeal, and a new rate of fees established.

CHRISTMAS. We are rejoiced to see preparations are being made to celebrate this day in our town to an unusual extent. This is truly excellent. If there is one occasion more than another that should be commemorated, it is Christmas. Judging from what we saw to-day at Dr. Marden's, we feel that we risk nothing in saying that Santa Claus, should he bend his steps this way as usual, will find no difficulty in making his visits as interesting as they have been on former occasions. There will no doubt be a rush this evening.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE. The late excellent Message of President Pierce is thus commended by that veteran paper, and sterling Whig advocate, the National Intelligencer of Washington City:—

We are gratified to find that all which was predicted of its unexceptionable character has been substantially verified. It is certainly distinguished by moderation of tone and a freedom from all exciting and capricious appeals. It is an unambitious and perspicuous account of public affairs, announcing an unprecedented state of prosperity and progress at home, and of peace and amity in our relations abroad.

It is a new thing, and certainly a subject of congratulation, to find the message of a democratic President so free from appeals to the passions of the country, so simple, clear, and unostentatious in its exposition of the administrative concerns of the government, and so commendable for the justness of sentiment touching international rights and duties with which the message opens.

ROBBERY AT EAST BRIMINGTON. On Sunday night last, the house of Mr. Turner R. Holbrook was entered through the window of one of the sleeping rooms, and a trunk containing valuable papers and seventy-two dollars in money taken therefrom. The family were absent at the time. On examination it was discovered that the thief had laid boards from the grass, in the rear of the house over soft ground, to the window, to prevent being tracked by his footsteps.

A NEW AND CHOICE GIFT. Petridge & Co. of Boston, have just published an appropriate and very pretty bound book, entitled "Little Folks' Own," being Stories, Sketches, Poems and Paragraphs, designed to benefit and amuse the young, by Mrs. L. S. Goodwin, and which is dedicated to "young folks," who desire to become great in knowledge and worth. The selections in this volume are of an interesting and moral character, well calculated to excite in the youthful mind a just sense of duty and right, and illustrated with several excellent engravings. The book answers well for a Christmas or New Year's present.

It is for sale at the Quincy Book Store.

SUDDEN DEATH. Capt. Frederic Hardwick, whose demise will be found recorded elsewhere, was in the usual enjoyment of health the day previous to his death. While engaged in conversation, on Wednesday afternoon last, he fell from his seat in a paralytic fit, which completely benumbed one half of his body, and in this situation he lingered until Thursday afternoon, when death relieved him of his sufferings. Capt. Hardwick had been a storekeeper in this town many years, having succeeded his father in that business, and retired only a few years ago. He was known to many citizens of adjoining towns, who esteemed him as an agreeable and worthy man.

QUINCY LYCEUM. A correspondent asks us—How long since did Theodore Parker deliver the lecture in this town, which he repeated before the Lyceum last Wednesday evening? He wishes, moreover, to know if the Directors have so much funds as to pay fifteen dollars to have a lecture pulsed off upon the Lyceum two years in succession.

WELL BESTOWED. S. B. Phinney, the popular editor of the Barnstable Patriot, has received a commission as Justice of the Peace for that county.

Friend Phinney, what has become of the Patriot? A stray number occasionally reaches us.

AN EXCELLENT APPOINTMENT. Col. E. J. Stepien has been appointed Governor of Utah, in place of Brigham Young, the Mormon Prophet, whose term of office has expired. The new governor is already in the territory with a body of United States soldiers.

CLAW CHOWDER. Lovers of this favorite dish are reminded that it will be served up at the Granite Saloon, in Mr. French's usual good style, this day, in season for dinner. Those who prefer it for supper can also be accommodated.

Summary of Intelligence.

ORIGINAL AND SELECTED.

An individual of East Killingly (Conn.) recently dropped his wallet, containing some thirteen dollars in bills, into his pig pen, when one of the pigs seized upon and devoured it as a sort of desert.

Byard Taylor, the great traveller, says that he prefers Mexico for the beauty of its scenery, Germany for its society, California, specially for its climate, and the United States for its government.

An Irishman who refused to pay the five cents extra demanded of him in the Fitchburg cars for not providing himself with a ticket beforehand, was marched up before a Fitchburg magistrate, and made to pay nine dollars for his contumacy.

The Comptroller of the City of New York estimates the expenditures of the year 1855 at six millions. Last year it was four and a half millions.

A jury in St. Louis, after acquitting a man of murder, adjourned to his cell, having been invited to do so, where they indulged in a regular carousal, one half of them becoming drunk. The St. Louis Intelligencer publishes their names.

A prohibitory tax of fourteen hundred dollars has been imposed on retail liquor establishments of Tusculum, (Ala.) by a vote of the people of that place.

The Boston military have received their pay for service in the Burns fugitive case, from the United States Treasury.

It is said that the coldest day ever known in the city of London, was December 25, 1795, when the thermometer was sixteen degrees below zero. Quicksilver was frozen hard at Moscow, Jan. 14, 1810.

The streets of Philadelphia are about to be swept by machinery, the apparatus having arrived at New York in the Baltic on her last trip.

The police made a descent on a cockpit recently in Philadelphia (Pa.) and arrested thirty-one persons who were present encouraging and promoting the sport.

The journeymen tailors in an establishment in New York City, have "struck," in order to compel the proprietor to abandon the use of a sewing machine.

It is said that some of the Mormon women go in for a plurality of husbands, in the belief that it is an ungodly connubial rule that wont "work both ways."

It is estimated that thirty-two thousand persons have left the Roman Catholic church in Ireland and joined the Protestant Church.

SLOOP OF WAR ALBANY. It is stated that the Navy Department, at Washington City, has received positive information from the sloop-of-war Albany, being at Carthage, on the 12th of October. Lieut. John Quincy Adams of this town, is one of the officers of this vessel. It is a gratification to his many friends to learn that he is safe.

In France, every newspaper writer, or editor, is obliged to sign his name to his production, the official organ alone excepted.

Special Notices.

SINGING SCHOOL. The members of the Class and all others interested, are respectfully informed that the Singing School will commence at LYCEUM HALL, on TUESDAY EVENING next, at 6 1-2 o'clock.

The services of Mr. BALL of Boston, Professor of Music, and favorably known as a scientific Teacher and tasteful Performer of Music, have been happily secured. The Class already numbers about one hundred, with a strong guaranty that it will be still greatly increased, embracing a large proportion of the best musical talent in Quincy. It will meet but one evening in a week. The first evening will be free for all who anticipate becoming members of the School. Afterwards, none will enter without tickets, which may be had at the Store of Dr. MARDEN, or at the door.

The Class will decide at the first meeting what Book shall be used; also, the hour of meeting.

It is expected that a thorough elementary course of instruction will be given, and that all who attend will enjoy a good opportunity to acquire a scientific knowledge of one of the most pleasing and delightful studies.

Per order of Committee of Arrangements.

Quincy, Dec. 23. 1w

NEW BOOKS—Of all kinds, just received at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE—just right for Presents.

Also—A great variety of FANCY GOODS. This is the place to get Christmas and New Year's Gifts.

Quincy, Dec. 23. 1w

QUINCY LYCEUM. The next lecture before this Institution will be delivered on WEDNESDAY EVENING, Dec. 27th, by AVERT PARKER, Esq., of J. RUSSELL LOWELL.

A meeting of the Adams Literary Association will take place at their Hall, on MONDAY EVENING next, at 7 1-2 o'clock.

The following is the question for debate: "Would the success of the Allied Armies in the East be conducive to the welfare of the world?"

The public generally are invited to attend.

J. JAMESON, President.

WILLIAM BAXTER, Secretary.

DR. CARL V. MYERS'

Homoeopathic Balm.

A highly Medicated Syrup, devoid of all unpleasant taste, and one dose of which will cure any common cold; one canister will eradicate the most stubborn cough of any character except that attending the last stages of Consumption. It is a safe and immediate cure for Croup, Croup, and Dyspepsia, and likewise an excellent Remedy for many other Diseases, which the Directions will fully explain.

Dr. S. O. RICHARDSON, No. 51 Hanover street, Boston, General Agent.

Also, for sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN, Quincy, Oct. 21. 3w*

Marriages.

In this town, on the 21st inst., by Rev. W. P. Lunt, Mr. John P. Halsey of Chicago, (Ill.) to Miss Susan B., daughter of Whitcomb Porter, Esq. of Quincy.

Much joy to our friends, who in the consummation of their wishes, did not forget us. May brighter visions illumine their journey through life, crowning every phase with the choicest blessings, and at last the Christian realization of a home without cares or troubles beyond this mundane sphere.

On the 19th inst., by Wm. R. Dugan, Esq., Mr. Simon B. Corliss to Miss Mary Kahor.

Deaths.

In this town, on the 19th inst., Luther Munn, Esq., of the late firm of Munn, Richards & Co. of Boston, aged 55 years.

On the 21st inst., very suddenly, of paralysis, Capt. Frederic Hardwick, aged 56 years and 9 months. His funeral will be attended at his late residence, Sabbath (tomorrow) afternoon. Friends and relatives generally are invited to attend.

Lost.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has either lost or mislaid a Certificate in his name of Three Shares in the Capital Stock of the Fall River Railroad Company, and that he shall apply for a new or second Certificate in lieu thereof in the Capital Stock of the Old Colony and Fall River Railroad Co., and this notice is hereby given in conformity with the By-Laws of said Company.

JOSEPH DYER.

South Braintree, Dec. 23, 1854. 2w*

Two Beautiful Annuals.

THE Boston Almanac for 1855.

For sale at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Quincy, Dec. 23. 3w

Account Books.

FOR the New Year. C. GILL & Co. are well supplied with an excellent lot, good paper, well bound. Sold low.

Quincy, Dec. 23. 3w

1855.

MAGAZINES FOR JANUARY—Commencement of new Volumes. Now is the time. Call and get them at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Quincy, Dec. 23. 3w

Special Notice.

ALL persons indebted to me, are respectfully requested to call and settle, at my residence, from 7 1/2 to 9 o'clock in the evening, to enable me to meet my demands without any reluctance whatever. What I receive shall be put in circulation.

N. B. Short accounts make long friends.

GEO. B. NIGHTINGALE.

Quincy, Dec. 23. 4w

Notice.

THE Annual Meeting of the Members of the Weymouth and Braintree Institution for Savings, for the choice of Officers for the year ensuing, will be held at the Office of the Corporation, on MONDAY, January 2nd, 1855, at 2 o'clock P. M. A. S. WHITE, Secretary.

Weymouth, Dec. 23. 3w

Insolvent Notice.

BEFORE SAMUEL B. NOYES, Esquire, Commissioner of Insolvency, in and for the County of Norfolk.

The second meeting of the Creditors of

JOHN K. HAMILTON,

of Quincy, in said County, Master Mariner, an insolvent debtor, will be held at the Office of Wm. S. Morton, Esq., in Quincy, on the twenty-sixth day of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims, and latest fashion.

The subscriber has been appointed Assignee of the estate of said Insolvent Debtor.

WM. S. MORTON, Assignee.

Quincy, Dec. 23. 2w

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

NORFOLK ss. Probate Office, Dec. 16, A.D. 1854.

EDMUND MARSH, Executor of the Will of

ELISHA T. CRANE,

late of Quincy, in said County, Cordwainer, deceased, having presented his account in his said capacity for allowances—Edmund notify all persons interested therein that they may appear and be heard concerning the same at a Court of Probate to be held at Roxbury, in said County, on the thirtieth day of January, A.D. 1855, by publishing this Order three weeks successively in the newspaper called the Quincy Patriot, printed at Quincy.

W. S. LELAND, Judge of Probate.

Quincy, Dec. 23. 2w

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

NORFOLK ss. Probate Office, Dec. 9, A.D. 1854.

UPON the petition of WILLIAM B. DUGAN, praying that he may be appointed Administrator of the goods and estate of

JAMES BRYANT,

late of Milton, in said County of Norfolk, Stone Cutter, deceased—That said petitioner notify and cite all persons interested in the estate of said deceased, that they may appear and be heard concerning the same, at a Court of Probate to be held at Roxbury, in said County, on the thirtieth day of December, A.D. 1854, at two o'clock in the afternoon, by causing this order to be published once a week for three successive weeks, in the newspaper called the Quincy Patriot, printed at Quincy.

W. S. LELAND, Judge of Probate.

Dec. 16. 3w

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

NORFOLK ss. Probate Office, Dec. 9, A.D. 1854.

PRICE GREENLEAF, WILLIAM G. APPLETON and EBERNEZER WOODWARD, the Executors of the Will of

THOMAS GREENLEAF,

late of Quincy, in said County, Esquire, deceased, having presented their account in their said capacity for allowances—That said Executors notify all persons interested therein that they may appear and be heard concerning the same, at a Court of Probate to be held at Roxbury, in said County, on the thirtieth day of December, A.D. 1854, by publishing this order three weeks successively in the newspaper called the Quincy Patriot, printed at Quincy.

W. S. LELAND, Judge of Probate.

Quincy, Dec. 16. 3w

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

NORFOLK ss. Probate Office, Dec. 9, A.D. 1854.

NOAH TORREY, the Administrator of the estate of

DEBORAH PORTER,

late of Weymouth, in said County, Singlewoman, deceased, having presented his account in his said capacity for allowances—That said Administrator notify all persons interested therein that they may appear and be heard concerning the same, at a Court of Probate to be held at Roxbury, in said County, on the thirtieth day of December, A.D. 1854, by publishing this order three weeks successively in the newspaper called the Quincy Patriot, printed at Quincy.

W. S. LELAND, Judge of Probate.

Dec. 16. 3w*

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

NORFOLK ss. Probate Office, Dec. 9, A.D. 1854.

JOSIAH RICHARDS, the Administrator of the estate of

THOMAS COLSON,

late of Weymouth, in said County, Boat Manufacturer, deceased, having presented his account in his said capacity for allowances—That said Administrator notify all persons interested therein that they may appear and be heard concerning the same, at a Court of Probate to be held at Roxbury, in said County, on the thirtieth day of December, A.D. 1854, by publishing this order three weeks successively in the newspaper called the Quincy Patriot, printed at Quincy.

W. S. LELAND, Judge of Probate.

Quincy, Dec. 16. 3w

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

NORFOLK ss. Probate Office, Dec. 9, A.D. 1854.

JOSIAH RICHARDS, the Administrator of the estate of

THOMAS COLSON,

late of Weymouth, in said County, Boat Manufacturer, deceased, having presented his account in his said capacity for allowances—That said Administrator notify all persons interested therein that they may appear and be heard concerning the same, at a Court of Probate to be held at Roxbury, in said County, on the thirtieth day of December, A.D. 1854, by publishing this order three weeks successively in the newspaper called the Quincy Patriot, printed at Quincy.

W. S. LELAND, Judge of Probate.

Quincy, Dec. 16. 3w

Hingham and Quincy

Bridge & Turnpike Corporation.

THE Proprietors of this Corporation are hereby notified that their Annual Meeting will be held at the HANCOCK HOUSE, in Quincy, on MONDAY the first day of January next, at one o'clock P. M. for the election of Officers and the transaction of such other business as may then come before them.

By order of the Directors.

LEWEL BRACKETT, Clerk.

Quincy, Dec. 16. 3w*

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

EVERYBODY wishes to know about this time, where he can obtain some beautiful Holiday Presents. The season for such enjoyments is fast approaching, and already expectation and hope have confidently revived. Little ones are growing clamorous and older ones are looking thoughtful all expecting a little harmless and innocent gratification.

You are authorized to say, Mr. Editor, that every rational wish of this nature can be easily gratified by calling at Dr. MARDEN'S. His stock is new and judiciously selected; and nothing but "Modest" prevents his saying that he will sell CHEAPER than can be purchased in the city or elsewhere. Please give him a call and satisfy yourself.

Quincy, Dec. 9. 1w

FOR SALE,

AT THE—
QUINCY BOOKSTORE,
THE USUAL VARIETY OF
BOOKS
AND
Fancy Goods,
SUITABLE FOR
CHRISTMAS
AND
NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS.

Every exertion will be made to supply the wants of our patrons in a satisfactory manner in every respect.

C. GILL & CO.

Quincy, Dec. 16. 1w

Millinery and Dress Making.

MRS. L. CLAPP

WOULD respectfully inform the Inhabitants of Quincy and vicinity, that she has opened a Shop near the Book Store in Quincy, where she will do MILLINERY and DRESS MAKING in the best styles and latest fashions.

Grave Clothes and Mourning Goods constantly on hand or made to order.

A good assortment of Ribbons and Dress Trimmings constantly on hand.

A share of patronage is solicited.

L. CLAPP.

Quincy, Oct. 28. 1w

New Fashions! New Goods!!

Just Received

FALL AND WINTER

Bonnets, Ribbons, Flowers, &c.

BONNETS made to order, altered, bleached, pressed and colored at all seasons of the year.

Grave Clothes and Mourning Goods constantly on hand.

Goods guaranteed to be as low (of the same quality) as at any other Establishment.

With a wish to execute orders to the satisfaction of all—and to appreciate favor for the past five years, a continuation of the same and the public patronage is respectfully solicited.

A. J. KENISON.

Quincy, Oct. 7. 1w

Fall and Winter

REPORT OF FASHIONS,

AT

Liberty Hall Clothing Store,

Over C. & L. CURTIS'S Grocery Store,

Corner of Franklin and Liberty street,

D. D. RING, Merchant Tailor and Dealer

Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, Ready made Clothing,

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, &c.

Together with a choice selection of Fancy SILK VELVET

Those in want of good fitting garments can depend upon getting them at this Establishment.

N. B. Particular attention given to BOYS' CLOTHING.

Gentlemen furnishing their own Cloths will be strictly attended to.

Quincy, Oct. 7. 1w

CLOTHING

For the Winter of 1854,

RUSSELL & Co's,

Town Hall Building.....Quincy.

THE Subscribers having REPLENISHED their Stock, with

New Goods and New Styles,

adapted to the coming season, would invite all purchasers of CLOTHS and CLOTHING, ready made or made to order, to examine their Stock; and they promise that garments shall be cut and made in the most thorough manner. Our aim will be to sustain the reputation already gained of keeping the best place in Norfolk County for the purchaser of clothing—where he can get good Goods and get also his Money's worth.

We have got on hand, a rare assortment of rich Velvet Vestings,

FURNISHING GOODS always on hand.

JOHN RUSSELL & Co.

Quincy, Sept. 30. 1w

New Tailoring Goods.

J. A. HOLDEN,

WOULD inform the inhabitants of Quincy and vicinity, that he has

Just Replenished his Stock,

with a choice selection of Goods, suitable for

AUTUMN and WINTER.

He invites the attention of such as expect punctuality and good workmanship, for cash only, such being his rule of business, and the reduced rates at which he sells, rendering any other mode of doing business impracticable.

Geo. Savil & Co.'s Column.

1854.

George Savil & Co.,
GOODNOW'S BUILDING,
Corner HANCOCK & GRANT STS.,
QUINCY.

ARE daily receiving NEW STYLES GOODS
for Fall and Winter, to which the attention
of Purchasers is requested. We have now on
hand a good assortment of—

PRINTS,
DELAINEES,
CASHMEREES,
ALPACAS,
ALPINEES,
MOURNING CLOTHES,
MOHAIR LUSTRE,
MADONNAS,
LYONNESE,
THIBETS,
GALA PLAIDS,
BLACK SILKS,
LADIES' CLOTHES,
VELVETS,
WOOLLEN & CASHMERE SHAWLS,
DRESS & CLOAK TRIMMINGS,
EMBROIDERIES,
SHEETINGS,
SHIRTINGS,
BLANKETS,
COTTON FLANNELS,
DENIMS,
TICKINGS,
DIAPERS,
WOOLLEN YARNS,
CAMBRICS,
SILECIA,
PATCHES,
TABLE COVERS,
WROUGHT COLLARS,
UNDER DRESS,
UNDER SLEEVES,
HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c.,

which we shall sell at a small advance from
cost.

WOOLLEN GOODS.

CASHMEREES,
DOESKINS,
SATINETTS,
VESTINGS,
which will be sold by the yard or manufac-
tured into Garments to order, in a
Superior Manner.

We have also in Store, of our own Manufac-
ture, our usual assortment of

READY MADE CLOTHING

consisting in part of

OVERCOATS,
DRESS FROCKS,
BUSINESS FROCKS,
PANTS,
VESTS,
OVERALLS.

Boys' Jackets, Coats, Pants and
Vests.

Gents' Furnishing Goods
IN GREAT VARIETY.

Shirts,
Bosoms,
Dickies,
Gloves,
Stocks,
Neck Ties,
Handkerchiefs,
Under Shirts,
Drawers,
Suspenders,
Hats, Caps, Umbrellas, &c.

—ALSO—

connection, at all times, can be found in the
Room above, a complete assortment of

FURNITURE,

consisting in part of—

SOFAS,
BUREAUX,
STUFFED ROCKING CHAIRS,
PARLOR and COMMON CHAIRS,
PAINTED CHAMBER SETS,
COTTAGE and COMMON BEDSTEADES,
WASH STANDS and STANDS,
CARD TABLES,
CENTRE and COMMON TABLES,
LOOKING GLASSES,
MATTRESSES,
FEATHERS, &c. &c.

CARPETINGS,

PAINTED CANVASS,

STRAW MATTINGS,
DOCKINGS.

Paper Hangings.

large lot of Paper Hangings, comprising
all variety of styles and prices.

Please call and examine for yourselves, as
we are confident we can offer you Goods at prices
which will give you perfect satisfaction.

Quincy, Oct. 14.

Boston Advertisements.

COLLECTED BY

B. R. RICHARDSON & CO.'S

General Advertising House,

36 KILBY STREET, BOSTON.

PRINTERS who may be in want of
INK, TYPE or PAPER, by addressing us,
can have their orders executed without delay.

600,000 BOTTLES have been SOLD.

ROSEMARY and CASTOR OIL.

PROF. CLINTON'S HAIR REMOVER.

THESE articles in the World for the hair
—patronized by all the beauty, wealth and
fashion of Boston. Sole American Proprietor.

J. RUSSELL SPAULDING,
Manufacturing Chemist and Apothecary, 27
TREMONT ROW, Boston, Mass., where all or-
ders must be addressed. Sold by dealers eve-
rywhere.

DAVID B. STETSON is our Agent in
Quincy.

WILSON, FAIRBANK & CO.,

43 & 45 HANOVER STREET,
BOSTON, MASS.

(Nearly opposite the American House.)

WHOLESALE DEALERS AND IMPORTERS OF

FRENCH AND ENGLISH

DRUGS, CHEMICALS,

AND FOREIGN LEECHES.

AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF

JAYNE'S

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Medicines, Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Boston Advertisements.

Zinc Paints! Zinc Paints.

KEEPS always for sale his unrivalled
K. White and Colored French Ground
Paints—desirable and durable colors for out-
side Painting, of 50 different shades, furnish-
ed to order from his specimen patterns. Also
Dr. Morrill's Ground Work and Medium, for
Oil and Distemper Graining.

THOMAS D. MORRIS,
18 School Street—Boston.

FIRE AND MARINE

INSURANCE.

James H. Prince & Co.,

OFFICE 1 & 3 KILBY ST., BOSTON.

HAVING for many years been engaged in
the General Insurance Business, have facili-
ties for effecting Insurance, both FIRE and
MARINE to any amount in reliable Stock
Companies representing a

Capital of Two Millions Dollars.

Without any extra charge to the Applicants,
thereby saving much time and trouble.

All Orders will meet prompt attention.

BURR & PERRY,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN

PATENT MEDICINES,

Hair Restoratives, Toilet Articles, Per-
fumes, Hair Dyes, &c.

Proprietors for PERRY'S Celebrated

Hungarian Balm for the Hair,

AND GENERAL AGENTS FOR

Dr. Rogers' Syrup of Liverwort, Tar and

Canchalagua,

Dr. Marshall's Headache and Catarrh Snuff,

Dr. McLean's Celebrated Vermifuge and Liv-
er Pills,

Dr. Warren's New Remedy for Consumption,

Dr. Warren's Compound Cod Liver Oil, Phos-
phate of Lime and Sugar of Milk,

Kennedy's Medical Discovery,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Dr. J. C. Fernald & Co.,

Boston Advertisements.

BROWN & ALLEN,

Piano Forte Makers,

Hayward Block, 254 Washington St.,
Constantly on hand, Hooks, Twines & Lines.

WM. PEARCE—PLUMBER,

33 & 35 Congress Street, Boston, Mass.,
and 28 Market Square, Portland, Me.

FORCE PUMPS, Water Closets, Bathing
Apparatus, Plumbing Work and Water
Fixtures of every description, executed in the
best manner, in every part of the Union, with
despatch.

J. C. FERNALD & CO.,

GROCERS, — AND SOLE AGENTS FOR

DAVIS' Celebrated Coffee,

Warranted better flavor and 39 per cent
cheaper than any other.

458 Washington St., Liberty Tree Block,
BOSTON.

Spiritualists' Home.

THE FOUNTAIN HOUSE,

BY GARDNER & ORVIS,

Corner of Harrison Avenue and Beach Street,
BOSTON.

H. F. GARDNER. JOHN ORVIS.

SAMPSON & CAPEN,

Wholesale Grocers,

SHIP CHANDLERY, &c.

NO. 3 LONG WHARF, BOSTON.

JONES & FARLEY,

DEALERS IN

Segars, Tobacco, Oranges, Lemons, Rais-
ins, Figs, Dates, Nuts, &c.

135 State, corner of India Street, Boston.

FANCY GOODS WAREHOUSE.

KELLEY & LEVIN,

NO. 5 KILBY STREET, BOSTON.

Invite the attention of Purchasers to their large
Stock of

Perfumery, Brushes, Combs, Cul-
lery, Accessories, &c.

LONDON, PARIS and VIENNA

FANCY ARTICLES,

The selections of our Mr. Kelley, the Past and
Present Season, in Europe.

CHARLES COPELAND,

CONFECTIONER, 85 & 87 Court St. Boston.

CONSTANTLY on hand, the best Ice
Creams, Plum Fancy Cakes, Pastry and
Confectionery. Parties supplied, in addition
to the above articles, with Frozen Sherbet,
Jelly Blane Mangle, and Table Ornaments.

Collector's Notice.

ALL Taxes assessed upon the people of Quincy,
for the year 1854 are due on or before Janu-
ary 1st, 1855.

Many persons suppose they make it right, when
they delay payment, by paying interest.

Such persons are hereby informed—

1st. That the Collector has no authority to lend
the Town's money.

2nd. If he had such authority, it would not be
considered a prudent business transaction, to lend
money to men who could not readily raise cash
enough to pay their taxes, when due.

3rd. The legal mode of interest on taxes, is 6 per
cent.

Taxes will be received at Israel W. Munroe's
Store, every evening, from 7 to 9 o'clock,
all January 1st, 1855. Also at the same place, all
day Saturday, December 30th. Any person not
having received a bill is requested to call for it.

A male person residing in Quincy May 1st,
1854, who was of the age of 20 years and up-
wards, were liable to be taxed.

Information wanted in regard to the present resi-
dence of some persons, who have left this town
since May 1st, 1854.

STEPHEN MORSE, Jr., Collector.

Quincy, Nov. 10.

Superior Articles for Cooking.

EXTRACTS of Orange, Lemon, Vanilla,
Almonds, Nectarine, Rose, Nutmeg, Pe-
mento, Cinnamon, &c., (Burnett's best); Rose
and Peach Water; Cox's Sparkling Gelatine;
French do.; Russia and Cooper's Isinglass;
Sugar Syrup; Sarsaparilla; Sweet Marjoram;
Thyme, pressed and pulverized. For sale by
MRS. E. HAYDEN.

Quincy, Nov. 25.

Cure for Canker.

MRS. ANDREWS' VEGETABLE CAN-
KER SYRUP. This Medicine is not of-
fered as a remedy for any other disease, but is
considered an effectual and permanent cure for
Canker in all its forms.

For sale by
MRS. E. HAYDEN.

Poetry.

For the Patriot.
Lines,
Inscribed to Mrs. L. T. Babcock, Milton, Ms.

BY JENNY-NEW YORK.

Months have elapsed since first we met,
Since last these flowers were culled by thee;
Still memory, with its magic sweet,
Brings thine image back to me.

Fresh garlands rare, at morn were twined,
To cheer the lonely stranger's heart,
Each tiny bud wrought then a spell,
Now breathes thou'rt not forgot.

For I have treasured each fond gaze
From those soul-lit orbs of thine,
And offer thee a poet's heart,
To breathe at friendship's shrine.

And humbly renew those perished flowers,
With fresh gems to cheer thy heart,
And place amid their fragrant leaves
This simple flower—Forget-me-not.

And like those flowers on memory's page,
Shalt thou, friend, e'er remain—
And brighter grow each fond, fond hope,
That we may meet again.

December.

BY WILLIAM OLAND ROUSE.

I have December in my heart,
And piercing winds blow cold and keen—
They rudely rend the robes apart,
In which my spring-time Hope was seen.

With frosty hand I strive to wind
The scattered things around my frame—
And some broad oak to get behind,
To wake my love-life's dying flame.

In my bright greenwood I behold
The once-lived trees all stripped and bare,
And, shivering, I endure the cold,
Leafless, like them, in my despair.

The hills which once I loved to climb
In buoyant toil, with Hope in view,
Have lost the spirit's summer time,
And wear a dead, unwelcome hue.

My soul's wide fields of ripening grain,
That promised golden harvests all,
Are blighted with untimely rain,
And scorching droughts, and sere brown fall.

The silver stream that flowed along
In Joy's bright day, a sparkling tide,
Is frozen, and the boatman's song
Is hushed—my oar is laid aside.

The trees where once I gathered fruit
Creak with the pain of frost-bitten limbs,
And sitting at the sapless root,
The driving snow my sight bedims.

How fall life's storms upon my way?
How pass life's years from birth till death?
The Spring is Autumn in a day,
And Summer brings me Winter's breath.

It is December! and erewhile
My sorrowing years shall all be past!
My dying Hope on Sorrow's isle,
Asks: "Shall December always last?"

The winds sweep by, nor heed my woe—
The frost makes crystals of my tears—
While all around the drifting snow
In trackless plains my grave appears.

Yet comes there, 'mid the old year's toll,
In one faint gleam of Hope's pure ray,
The answer, "No! Endure, O, soul!
December shall be turned to May!"

The Printing Press.

The Printing Press, there is a mighty power
In the flap of its iron wing;
It finds its way to the peasant's bower,
And the palace of the king;
It scatters the seeds of death or life,
Like dew drops over the land;
And soothes to peace or wakes to strife,
As with a talismanic wand.

What glorious things achieved have been
By a free and fearless Press,
Telling earth's crushed ones how and when
For their wrongs to seek redress—
Rich treasures from mines of mystic lore,
"Mong the nations hath it spread;
And truths of science sealed of yore,
To the millions open made.

Then, ho! for a free, unshackled Press!
With its thunderbolts to bear
On the bulwarks of unrighteousness,
And oppressions everywhere,
Till men shall freely fraternize,
And hallowed offerings bring,
To welcome from their upper skies,
Their everlasting king.

Anecdotes.

The following is the best anecdote of
church sleepers that we have ever read—
"In one of our churches, and old gentle-
man, a worthy member of the Christian per-
son, fell asleep and began dreaming that
he was on a hunting excursion. All of a
sudden, and to the astonishment of every-
body, he belated out,—"Fetch him, Dash!
a glorious shot; three woodcocks with one
barrel! hurrah for me!" he roared with
his seat and cheered lustily. He woke him-
self by his hallooing, and immediately seized
his hat and walked out, and blushing like a
red pepper.—Cincinnati Commercial.

"How are ye Smith?" says Jones.
Smith pretended not to know him, and re-
plies hesitatingly.
"Sin you have the advantage of me."
"Yes," says Jones; "everybody has that's got
common sense."

"Now, then, Thomas, what are you burn-
ing off my writing table?" said, an author to
his servant.
"Only the paper that's written all over; I
haven't touched the clean," was the reply.

Toys and Fancy Articles.

BY calling at Dr. MARDEN'S, corner of
HAWKOCK and GRANITE STREETS, you
will find a splendid assortment of
TOYS AND FANCY ARTICLES,
Such as Dolls, Horses, Lions, Elephants, Dogs,
Cats, Rabbits, Monkeys, and Fowls of all descrip-
tions.
Also—Wagons, Buggies, Chaises, Cabs,
Sleighs—Villages, Military Companies, Dining
Sets, Tea Sets, Nine Pins, Tops, Rattles, Whis-
tles, Flageolets, Clarinets, Trumpets, Harmoni-
cas, Harmoniums—Fancy Glass Boxes, Fancy
Baskets, Kaleidoscopes, Bird Cages, Paint Boxes
and Brushes, Transparent Slates, &c. &c., and
at reduced prices, as a natural result of the Massa-
chusetts Election.
Quincy, Nov. 18. if

IMPORTANT
TO THE
Farmer, Farrier & Stage Proprietor.

GEO. W. MERCHANT'S
CELEBRATED GARGLING OIL.
UNPARALLELED IN THE HISTORY OF MEDICINE
As the most remarkable External Application ever
discovered.



"They can't Keep House without it."
Experience of more than sixteen years has established
this Oil as the most reliable and effective remedy for
all throat and lung diseases, and for all other affec-
tions of the throat, lungs, and chest, and for all
other ailments of the human system.

Also by Wm. T. Rand, Dedham; Geo. W.
Bird, Brookline; Zenas Snow, Randolph; D.
M. Swift, Milton; W. H. White, and retail by Wm.
& Potter, in F. R. Slater & Co., and D. Taylor, Jr.,
& Co., Boston.
Quincy, Nov. 18. if

GRANITE SALOON.
THE subscriber would most respectfully in-
form his friends and the public, that he has
fitted up the Basement Room, in Goodnow's
Building, on Granite Street, where he intends to
keep a good supply of

Oysters, Fruits and Refreshments.
He hopes, by constant attention to the wants of
the public, to merit a share of patronage.
LORING A. FRENCH.
Quincy, March 25. if

DR. S. STOCKING,
DENTAL SURGEON,
No. 53 Tremont Row (up stairs), Boston.
Terms for the Season.

ENTIRE Sets of Teeth, from \$35 to \$50.
Full upper or under set, from \$15 to \$40.
Parts of Sets, in favorable cases, from \$1.50 to
\$3.50 per tooth. Pivot Teeth from \$1.50 to
\$3.00. Extracting 25 cents without, and
50 cents with, the use of ether. All
operations warranted, and the finest gold used.

Opinions of the Boston Press.
"The long experience and correct taste of
Dr. Stocking, of this city, eminently qualify
him to set artificial teeth, that look well, feel
well, wear well, and work well; and, what is
rather remarkable, he seems to do better pleas-
ed with furnishing good work than with exor-
bitant prices for it,—a trait not common with
the profession."—Evening Traveller.

"We advise all toothless persons to call on
Dr. Stocking, of this city, and procure some
artificial teeth of his manufacture. We offer
this advice with the more confidence, because
whatever he undertakes to do, he does well.
No one who is acquainted with him can doubt
that Nature designed him for a dentist of the
right stamp."—Morning Post.

"No Dentist among us is better qualified to
improve the condition of the mouth, by set-
ting, filling, extracting, cleansing, regulating,
&c. of the teeth, than Dr. Stocking of this
city. His reputation for dental skill is too
well established to be doubted."—Evening
Transcript.

"Dr. Stocking of this city, possesses the right
qualifications for his profession;—requiring, as
it does, a combination of patience, care,
skill and gentleness, with a thorough knowl-
edge of all the intricacies of the business."—
Boston Journal.

"If any of our readers have got the tooth-
ache, and wish to know who can extract it
with the least pain, we should say, Dr. Stock-
ing; or, if they want their teeth filled, and
filled right, we should say, by all means go to
Dr. Stocking. And, above all, if you wish
for artificial teeth that every body calls the
perfection of art, he is the one to furnish them,
and at a reasonable price."—Daily Times.
Boston, March 25. 9m.

Cure for Canker, etc.
DR. WEAVER'S Canker Cure. GREEN-
sore-throat and scarlet fever.
ATWOOD'S Canker Drops.
For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Feb. 11. if

FLANNELS.
BLUE, Blue Mixed, Red, Yellow, and White
Flannels, twilled and plain—for sale cheap,
at Quincy, Oct. 23. if

WHITE & FRENCH,

Attorneys at Law,
Room No. 15, Webster Bank Building,
Exchange Street, --- BOSTON.
GEORGE WHITE. ASA FRENCH.
May 20. if

HENRY A. RANSOM,
AUCTIONEER.

RESPECTFULLY offers his services to the
public in the disposal of Real and Personal
property, and hereby solicits a share of patronage.
Quincy, April 8. if

KIRK & TRAVIS,
Dealers in Teas and Coffees
OF THE PUREST QUALITY.

Also, West India Goods, and pure old Wines
and Liquors as imported, and suitable for in-
valuable and sickness.
Also, London Porter and Scotch Ale, and Ha-
vana Cigars.
H. B. KIRK.
WM. E. TRAVIS.
No. 106 Kneeland Street.
Boston, April 16, 1853. if

ALL KINDS OF
Job Printing,
SUCH AS
POSTERS, BILLS, OF ALL KINDS,
BILL-HEADS, BLANKS, CARDS,
AND EVERY VARIETY OF
BOOK PLAIN, AND FANCY
PRINTING,
Neatly Executed at the Quincy Patriot Office,
WITH CHEAPNESS AND DESPATCH.

NATHANIEL WHITE,
---HAS FOR SALE---
LUMBER,
Nails, Lime, Brick & Sand

Coal, Hard and Soft Wood.
QUINCY CANAL WHARF.
July 10, 1852. if

William E. Colburn's
Quincy and Boston Express
LEAVES BOSTON DAILY,
At 2 o'clock, P. M.,
From 24 and 25 Brattle Square, and 29
South Market Street.

At 4 o'clock, P. M.,
From 24 and 25 Brattle Square, and 29
South Market Street.
Quincy, Jan. 22, 1853. if

ISRAEL W. MUNROE,
DEALER IN
By Goods, Crockery, Glass and
Hardware,

together with a full assortment of choice
W. I. GOODS & GROCERIES,
at or delivered at any part of the Town free of ex-
pense.
Quincy, Jan. 22, 1853. if

FISHER A. KINGSBURY,
Counsellor at Law,
Commissioner for the States of
MAINE, NEW HAMPSHIRE, VER-
MONT, CONNECTICUT, RHODE
ISLAND and NEW YORK.

Nov. 26. if
JOSEPH G. BRACKETT.
---DEALER IN---
LUMBER;
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Also—
Lime, Sand, Bricks and Hair.
Dimension Frames furnished at short notice.
Purchasers will find it for their interest to
call and examine, before purchasing else-
where, as they will find a full assort-
ment at the lowest prices.
Quincy, June 12. if

ARNOLD'S
Patent Sash Lock,
The best Fastening for bottom or top Sashes
yet invented, sold by
JOHN O. FOYE,
Owner of the Patent Right.

DEALER IN
Hardware, Pumps, Doors, Sashes,
Blinds, Glass, &c., &c.,
Weymouth Landing, Mass.
Sept. 9. 3m

Francis Marden
WOULD inform the public that he has recent-
ly fitted up the shop lately occupied by Mr.
SAMUEL COPELAND, and is ready to furnish all
with Meats of the very best quality.
Quincy, April 2. if

Horse and Cattle Medicines.
T. K. VERN'S Arabian Horse Powders,
&c., &c.,
Vern's Horse and Cattle LOTION.
DADD'S Horse and Cattle Medicines.
For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Jan. 25. if

Perfumery, Oil, etc.
CHOICE Perfumery, Cosmetics, Hair Oil,
Hair Dye, Dentifrice, &c., &c.,
DR. MARDEN'S.
Quincy, Dec. 10. Goodnow's Building.

Blankets.
ALL sizes and qualities—just received and for
sale low, at
Quincy, Oct. 28. if

For Sale Cheap,
A LOT 4-4 DOMET FLANNEL, by
I. W. MUNROE'S.
Quincy, Oct. 21. if

QUINCY

Marble & Granite Works.
MONUMENTS,
Grave Stones, Tablets, &c.

McGrath, Mitchell & Co.,
RESPECTFULLY invite
attention to this estab-
lishment, now opened near the
---South Quincy Depot---
where MONUMENTAL work
of every description, from the
simplest Grave Stone or Table-
tomb to the most elegant and
elaborate Monument is execu-
ted in the best style.
Long experience in the busi-
ness, and a thorough competen-
cy in the Art of Designing, en-
ables the Conductors of these works to carry out
the ideas and suit the various tastes and re-
quirements of persons in need of such articles.

Also—
GRANITE WORK,
---in all its forms---
FRONTS FOR BUILDINGS,
MONUMENTS, STEPS,
TOMB FRONTS, FENCE POSTS,
Underpinning, Cellar Stones, &c., &c.,
furnished to order, by
C. R. & C. Mitchell.

A large collection of Monumental Designs, (all
drawn in the Establishment,) and which, as well as
the work, attest the skill and competency of the
Proprietors, are on hand, and the public are re-
spectfully invited to call and inspect them.
Orders sent by Mail will be faithfully ex-
ecuted with despatch and at reasonable prices.
Quincy, July 22. if

STOVES! STOVES!!
THE subscriber has
re-opened his Shop
on Hancock Street, near
opposite the S. to m.
Temple, where there will
be found a NEW AS-
SORTMENT OF
Stoves, Tin, Japan
Ware, as can be found
in the market.

Also—Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Work done
to order, in a neat and workmanlike manner.
The subscriber would invite his old patrons and
the public generally, to give him a call where he
will be pleased to attend to them, and all
orders done to satisfaction.
The subscriber hopes by strict attention to busi-
ness and a desire to please to merit a share of public
patronage.
Quincy, July 22. if

Insurance against Fire.
QUINCY MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
INCORPORATED
1851.
The Quincy Mutual Fire Insur-
ance Company of Massachusetts, in-
sures Real and Personal Property against the haz-
ard of Fire, for five years or less, on favorable
terms.
Farmers, Mechanics, Householders, Traders,
Merchants, and all Owners of Property exposed
to the hazard of fire, are solicited to patronize this Com-
pany; every effort will be made to accommodate
customers.
Letters, by mail or otherwise, from persons re-
siding at a distance, relating to Fire Insurance,
will be promptly attended to.

PRESIDENT,
WILLIAM S. MORTON;
TREASURER,
ISRAEL W. MUNROE;
SECRETARY,
STEPHEN BATES;
DIRECTORS,
Quincy, Milton,
William S. Morton, George Thompson,
Israel W. Munroe, Charles Breck,
Gideon F. Thayer, Dorchester,
Thomas C. Webb, H. W. Blanchard,
Albert Thomson, Coleridge,
Whitcomb Porter, Solomon J. Beal,
Stephen Bates, South Hingham,
William B. Duggan, Alfred Loring,
Thomas Curtis, North Bridgewater,
Royal W. Turner, Sumner A. Hayward,
South Braintree, Barnstable,
Apollon Randall, George Marston.

References, by permission:
Hon. GEORGE T. BIGELOW of Boston,
Hon. JOSIAH QUINN, Jr., of Boston,
Hon. AMASA WALKER of North Brookfield,
Hon. JAMES MAGUIRE of Randolph,
Hon. SOLOMON LINCOLN of Hingham,
Hon. CHARLES F. ADAMS of Quincy,
Hon. JOSIAH BRIGHAM, Esq., " "

OFFICE,
Washington Street, Quincy, near of Stone Temple,
Quincy, April 1. 1y

New Provision Store.
THE subscriber would inform the public, that
he has fitted up the Store lately occupied by
Mr. Gridley Totman, as a

MARKET HOUSE,
and is ready to supply the public with all kinds of
MEATS and VEGETABLES, of the best qual-
ity, cheap for cash.

Also—BUTTER, CHEESE, DRIED AP-
PLES, BEANS, PICKLES, TRIFLE, LARD,
etc., constantly on hand.
Quincy, March 18. if

Pills and Bitters—Sick Headache.
D. SOULE'S Oriental Sovereign Balm Pills.
HOOFLAND'S German Bitters.
Dr. Eastman's Celebrated SICK HEADACHE
REMEDY.
For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Jan. 25. if

AYER'S

PILLS.
FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A
FAMILY PHYSIC.

There has long existed a public demand for an
effective purgative pill which could be relied on as
safe and perfectly safe in its operation. This has
been prepared to meet that demand, and an exten-
sive trial of its virtues has conclusively shown that
it successfully accomplishes the purpose designed.
It is easy to make a physical pill, but not easy to
make the best of all pills—one which should have
none of the objections, but all the advantages, of
every other. This has been attempted here, and
with success we would respectfully submit to
the patient, hitherto almost every purgative
medicine is acrimonious and irritating to the bow-
els. This is not. Many of them produce so much
gripping pain and revulsion in the system as to re-
quire the use of opiates to relieve the patient. These
pills produce no irritation or pain,
neither do they produce any of the deleterious ef-
fects of a purgative. Being purely vegetable, no
harm can arise from their use in any quantity;
but it is better that any medicine should be
used in the several diseases to which they are ap-
plicable are given on the box. Among the com-
plaints which have been speedily cured by them, we
mention Liver Complaint, in its various forms
of Jaundice, Indigestion, Langor and Loss of Ap-
petite, Lisslessness, Irritability, Bilious Headache,
Fever and Ague, Pain in the Side
and Loins; for, in truth, all these are but the con-
sequence of diseased action in the liver. As an
aperient they afford prompt and sure relief in Con-
stipation, Piles, Colic, Dysentery, Humors, Scrofu-
la and Scoury, Colds with soreness of the body,
Ulcers and impurity of the blood; in short, any
and every case where a purgative is required, but
which have also produced some singularly suc-
cessful cures in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel,
Erysipelas, Pimples of the Face, Pain in the
Back, Stomach, and Side. They should be freely
taken in the spring of the year, to purify the blood
and prepare the system for the change of seasons.
An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and
appetite, invigorates the system, and restores the
vital energy. They purify the blood, and, by their
stimulant action on the circulatory system, re-
new the strength of the body; and, by restoring the
vital energy, they are valuable in all cases where
there is a general debility of the system. Hence an
occasional dose is advantageous, even though
no serious derangement exists; but, in cases of
nervous debility, where the system is too far
run down to be benefited by a single dose, a
course of these pills is necessary to restore the
strength, when taken to excess. The thousand cases in which
a physic is required cannot be enumerated; but every
body is acquainted with the reason of every
body; and it is confidently believed that this pill
will answer a better purpose than any thing else
that can be used to purify the system. When their
virtues are more generally known, the public will no longer
doubt what remedy to employ when in need of a
purgative. Being purely vegetable, no harm
can arise from their use in any quantity.
For minute directions see wrapper on the box.

PREPARED BY
JAMES C. AYER,
Practical and Analytical Chemist,
LOWELL, MASS.
Price 25 Cents per Box. Five Boxes for \$1.

AYER'S
CHERRY PECTORAL,
For the rapid Cure of
COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS,
BRONCHITIS, WHOOPING-COUGH,
CROUP, ASTHMA, AND
CONSUMPTION.

This remedy has won for itself such notoriety
from its cures of every variety of pulmonary disease,
that it is entirely unnecessary to recount the evi-
dences of its virtues in any community where it
has been employed. So wide is the field of its ap-
plication, and so numerous the cases of its cures,
that almost every section of the country abounds
in persons publicly known, who have been restored
from alarming and even desperate diseases of the
lungs by its use. When once tried its superiority
over every other medicine of its kind is too appar-
ent to escape observation, and where its virtues are
known, the public no longer hesitate what antidote
to employ for the distressing and dangerous affec-
tions of the pulmonary organs, and not only in formidable
attacks upon the lungs, but for the milder varieties
of COLDS, COUGHS, HOARSENESS, &c.; and for
Children it is the pleasantest and safest medicine
that can be obtained.

As it has long been in constant use throughout
this section, we need not do more than assure the
people its quality is kept up to the best that it ever
has been, and that the genuine article is sold by
Mrs. E. HAYDEN, SOLE AGENT.
Quincy, Oct. 28. 1y

Building Materials.
THE subscriber having erected a large and
convenient Store at Weymouth Land-
ing, for the sale of Building Materials, HARD-
WARE, &c.,
Will keep constantly on hand, a large assort-
ment of
OF ANY QUALITY.
---Also---
Copper, Wood and Chain PUMPS, new and
beautiful patterns.
---Leads, Pipes, Sheet Lead, Zinc, Nails; Barn
Doors, Roll and Rods, for top and bottom; Oven
Doors, Funnel Irons, Blind Hinges and Fast-
eners, Patent Window Springs, Tinned Paper, Fence
and Stair Balusters; Framing Pumps, turned
FIRE and GARDEN ENGINES—the latest
and best kinds.
In short, nearly every article usually needed in
the erection of any common building, all of which
will be sold very low.

PAINTED BLINDS and GLAZED SASHES
always on hand.
WINDOW FRAMES made to order.
---Carpenters and Builders are respectfully in-
vited to call and examine my Stock.
JOHN O. FOYE.
Weymouth, Sept. 9. 3m

Fruits.
FRESH Lemons, Oranges and Figs; also—
Dates, Prunes, Tamarinds, &c., &c.,
Quincy, Dec. 10. Goodnow's Building.

Blankets.
12 PAIR 10-4 heavy Whitney Blankets—
for sale at a discount.
Quincy, Feb. 4. 1y

Rats and Mice.
LYON'S MAGNETIC POWDER—For the
destruction of Rats, Mice, Moths, Bugs and
other Vermin, without poison.
Parson's and Warren's RAT EXTERMINA-
TOR, and various other articles for the same pur-
pose. For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Sept. 30. if

Apothecary Store.

MRS. E. HAYDEN returns thanks to her
friends and the public, for their long-con-
tinued patronage, and offers an enlarged stock of su-
perior Family Medicines, select-
ed with care.

Also—various articles for
invalids, Pearl and prepared
Barley, Farina, Grains, cracked
Wheat, Sage, Tonica, Oat-
flour, Corn Starch, &c., &c.,
Jellies, Raspberry and Tem-
on Syrup, Guava Paste, &c.,
Shoulder Braces and Sup-
porters of various kinds, Gum
Elastic Breast Pumps, Glass
Pipes and Shells, patent nursing
Shields, Tubes, and Bot-
tles, spread Plasters, Glass
Flash Brushes, &c., &c.
Fresh European Leeches always on hand.
Physicians' prescriptions put up with care and
attention.

She is also receiving the new and popular med-
icines of the day, as they appear in this and other
States. Washington-st., rear of Stone Temple.
Quincy, Nov. 1. 43d

Over 100,000 Boxes Sold in Five Months.

DEVINE'S COMPOUND
PITON LOZENGES.

THE GREAT REMEDY IS AT LAST
DISCOVERED! for Colds, Coughs,
Whooping Cough, Croup, Asthma and Con-
sumption. Certificates of cures may be found
in the Circulars, and the world is challenged
to produce such cures as are effected by faith-
fully using this cheap and pleasant luxury.
Manufactured by S. D. FULLER & Co.,
No. 4 Wilson's Lane, Boston.

P. R. SLATER & Co., General Wholesale
and Retail Agents, No. 3 Tremont Temple,
Boston, Mass. Sold by Druggists and Mer-
chants generally throughout the country;
also, by the Manufacturers, No. 4 Wilson's Lane,
Boston, Mass.

Boston, Sept. 23. 6m

Paper Hangings.
JUST received new styles of Paper Hanging—
for sale cheap for cash.
DANIEL BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, March 25. if

CALEB PACKARD.
DEALER IN SILKS, SHAWLS, FURS,
Dress and Domestic Goods of every de-
scription.

Also—White Goods, Laces, Dress and Cloak
Trimnings, Gimps Braids and Embroid-
eries, a large lot of Hosiery, and a
great variety of fancy articles.
GENT'S and BOY'S
Ready Made Clothing,
AND
FURNISHING GOODS!
BOOTS, SHOES, TRUNKS, VALISES,
CARPET BAGS, UMBRELLAS,
HATS, CAPS, &c., &c.

FURNITURE,
of every description constantly on hand, or
furnished at the shortest notice.

Also—MATTRESSES and FEATHERS
of every quality. I would ask the particular
attention of the public to this branch of my
business.

MILLINERY GOODS!
Customers wishing Goods of this class, will
find always a carefully selected Stock, of the
latest and best styles. BONNETS, made and
trimmed.

of every style and quality; Crockery, China,
Glass and Britannia Ware, Solar Lamps and
Stoves, and a general assortment of House-
keeping Goods. I would respectfully invite
the attention of my friends and customers, to
my present varied Stock, to which I am con-
stantly making addition, and solicit a call from
all desiring Goods of any kind in my line.
Quincy, Dec. 3d. if

Dried Apples.
2000 POUNDS for sale cheap for cash
DANIEL BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, March 25. if

Soaps and Perfumes.
CHOICE Soaps and Perfumes, and various
other articles for the Toilette.
Glen's Pearl Powder; Harrison's Magnolia
Balls; Shand's Lily White; Swift's Orris
and Chalk Balls; Chinese Meen Fan, a celebrated
Toilette Powder; French Bell Powder for in-
ants; Puff Boxes; &c., etc. For sale by
Mrs. E. HAY

THE QUINCY PATRIOT.

DEVOTED TO MORALS, EDUCATION, AGRICULTURE, NEWS AND GENERAL LITERATURE.

VOLUME XIX.

QUINCY, MASS., SATURDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1854.

NUMBER LII.

Apothecary Store.

MRS. E. HAYDEN returns thanks to her friends and the public, for their long-continued patronage, and offers an enlarged stock of superior Family Medicines, selected with care.

Also—various articles for invalids, Pearl and prepared Barley, Farina, Grains, cracked Wheat, Sage, Tapioca, Oat-flour, Corn Starch, Bisma, &c. Jellies, Raspberry and Lemon Syrup, Guava Paste, Kid Shoulder Braces and Supporters of various kinds, Gum Elastic Breast Pumps, Glass Pipes and Shells, patent surgical Shields, Tubes, and Bottles, spread Plasters, Glass and Metal Syringes, Bed-pans, Horse-hair Mittens, Flesh Brushes, &c., &c.

Fresh European Leeches always on hand.

Physicians' prescriptions put up with care and attention.

She is also receiving the new and popular medicines of the day, as they appear in this and other States. Washington-st., rear of Stone Temple. Quincy, Nov. 1.

Over 100,000 Boxes Sold in Five Months.

DEVINE'S COMPOUND

PITON LOZENGES.

THE GREAT REMEDY IS AT LAST DISCOVERED! for Colds, Coughs, Whooping Cough, Croup, Asthma and Consumption. Certificates of cures may be found in the Circulars, and the world is challenged to produce such cures as are effected by faithfully using this cheap and pleasant luxury. Manufactured by S. D. FULLER & Co., No. 4 Wilson's Lane, Boston.

P. R. SLATER & Co., General Wholesale and Retail Agents, No. 3 Tremont Temple, Boston, Mass. Sold by Druggists and Merchants generally throughout the country; also, by the Manufacturers, No. 4 Wilson Lane, Boston, Mass. Boston, Sept. 23. 6m

Paper Hangings.

JUST received new styles of Paper Hangings and for sale cheap for cash. DANIEL BAXTER & Co. Quincy, March 25.

CALEB PACKARD.

DEALER IN SILKS, SHAWLS, FURS, Dress and Domestic Goods of every description.

Also—White Goods, Laces, Dress and Cloak Trimmings, Gimps Braids and Embroideries, a large lot of Hosiery, and a great variety of fancy articles.

GENTS' and BOYS'

Ready Made Clothing,

AND

FURNISHING GOODS!

BOOTS, SHOES, TRUNKS, VALISES, CARPET BAGS, UMBRELLAS, HATS, CAPS, &c., &c.

FURNITURE,

of every description constantly on hand, or furnished at the shortest notice.

Also—MATTRESSES and FEATHERS of every quality. I would ask the particular attention of the public to this branch of my business.

MILLINERY GOODS!

Customers wishing Goods of this class, will find always a carefully selected Stock, of the latest and best styles. BONNETS, made and trimmed.

CARPETINGS,

of every style and quality; Crockery, China, Glass and Britannia Ware, Solar Lamps and Shades, and a general assortment of House-keeping Goods. I would respectfully invite the attention of my friends and customers, to my present varied Stock, to which I am constantly making addition, and call from all desiring Goods of any kind in my line.

Quincy, Dec. 3d.

Dried Apples.

POUNDS for sale cheap for cash. DANIEL BAXTER & Co. Quincy, March 25.

Soaps and Perfumes.

CHOICE Soaps and Perfumes, and various other articles for the Toilette. Glen's Pearl Powder; Harrison's Magnolia Balls; Shand's Lily White; Swift's Ointment and Chalk Balls; Chinese Nerve Pain; Toilet Powder; French Bell Powder for infants; Puff Boxes; etc., etc. For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN. Quincy, March 11.

Porte Monies.

JUST received at the QUINCY BOOK-STORE, a large and handsome variety of new patterns. Beautiful styles of Ladies' Porte Monies, &c., selling at lower prices than ever before. Quincy, Oct. 21.

Almanacs for 1855.

OLD FARMER'S ALMANAC, by Robert B. Thomas. Brown's Almanac, Pocket Memorabilia and Account Book, Family Christian Almanac; and many others—sold at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE. Quincy, Oct. 21.

Cramps, Pains, etc.

DYER'S Heating Embolism, for External and Internal Use, to relieve cramps, pains, rheumatism, etc., etc. Put up in bottles of three sizes—small for trial bottles.

Also—CRAP'S LINIMENT.

For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN. Quincy, Feb. 11.

Tooth Ache!

Tell every person you meet, who is afflicted with the Tooth Ache, that he may find an article at Dr. MARDEN'S which will effect a permanent and permanent cure without the cold steel or the least dangerous injury from the application of the remedy. Quincy, Dec. 24.

For the Complexion.

TOMPKINS' Orange Flower Lotion, For the Face, the Skin of a Thousand Flowers, Milk of Roses, Ammonia for Tan Scurf, &c., &c. For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN. Quincy, May 7.

Butter! Butter!!

30 TO 40 tubs of first rate DAIRY BUTTER, for sale cheap for cash. D. BAXTER & Co. Quincy, Oct. 26.

OFFICE OF PUBLICATION,

Over J. W. Munroe's Store, on Hancock Street

JOHN A. GREEN, Editor.

CONDITIONS.

TWO DOLLARS per annum in advance, and if delayed until the end of the year, then THREE DOLLARS will be required. No subscription nor advertisement will be discontinued previous to the payment of all arrears, unless at the option of the publisher. Advertisements correctly and conspicuously inserted at the customary prices, and will be charged for until ordered out. The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to their own immediate business. Letters and communications, postage paid, will receive early attention.

AGENTS.

The following gentlemen are authorized to receive pay and requested to procure subscribers. Railroad Village, West District, Milton, Dorchester, Weymouth, Abington, South Scituate, New York City, Brooklyn, (N. Y.)

JOSEPH BABCOCK. GEORGE H. LOCKE. CHARLES BRECK. ORIN P. RACON. F. A. KINGSBURY. JOSEPH CLEVELY. SAMUEL A. TURNER. FREEMAN HUNT. GERSHOM DREW.

Miscellaneous.

Mated at Last;

—OR—

A Bold Stroke for a Husband.

CHAPTER I.

Miss Penelope Penrose sat in her comfortable sitting-room with her feet upon the fender. Everything around her looked neat and cheerful. In one corner of the room stood a piano, but it was shut, and had been all day—Penelope had no disposition to play. Why should she! There was no one to play to. If, now, she had a husband—

It was upon this very point that Penelope Penrose was meditating. The fact was, Miss Penelope wanted but six months of being thirty, and thus far, no one had made her a proposal!

It was rather singular that it should be so. Penelope was good looking—had received an excellent education—was skilful in music, had a good temper, and I verily believe, would have made a husband happy. But such things can't be accounted for. She has seen the most unpromising of her companions—even to ugly little Miss Henderson, with not an accomplishment in the world and moreover a face pitted with the small pox, married off in quick succession—and yet there she sat, on that cloudy morning in December, a devotee to single blessedness, and likely to remain so. Was there ever a woman who did not consider a married life preferable to a single one, provided she could get the right companion? I believe not.

To revert to Miss Penelope. In addition to her other specified attractions, she owned the next cottage which she occupied, and a sufficient sum in the funds to give her an income amply sufficient to live upon with comfort and even elegance. Surely, all the beaux must have been blind!

"Something must be done, and that quickly!" said Miss Penelope, as the thoughts of her approaching thirtieth birthday came with startling emphasis to her mind. *Something must be done!* But what? That is the question. Such is the state of society that woman is hemmed in on all sides. She has not even the privilege of choosing a companion for life, but must wait weekly till some one comes along, and take him or nobody. It's wrong, decidedly wrong.

Miss Penelope was in a suitable state of mind, at that moment, to become an out and out advocate of Woman's Rights. Meanwhile it was growing dark, and Penelope rang the bell.

"Sally," said she to her hand-maiden, "you may bring in lights and the evening paper."

The hand-maiden vanished, and presently the articles desired made their appearance. "That will do, Sally, you may go."

Penelope looked at the marriages—it was no more than natural—then at the deaths. Finding that none of her acquaintances had committed either the one or the other, she turned to the advertisements. One in particular arrested her attention. We will look over her shoulder as she reads.

"To HOUSEKEEPERS.—The undersigned is desirous of securing the services of a competent housekeeper, to take charge of his establishment. As he keeps two servants, his chief duty will be to superintend and preside at the table. Early application is desirable."

GREGORY McKIM.

"Gregory McKim!" exclaimed Miss Penelope. "I remember to have heard of him as a bachelor, inheriting a large fortune from his father. I suppose he must be thirty-five by this time. So it seems he wants a housekeeper. I wonder whether, supposing I were to apply, he would give me the situation!"

It was a new idea, and the novelty of it struck Penelope so favorably, especially as she had become heartily tired of her present mode of life, that after a little consideration, she determined to carry out the plan, and if

successful in her application, retain the situation for a month or so. Possibly another thought recommended the adoption of this course, but we must not inquire too particularly into a lady's motives.

The next morning, at an early hour, Miss Penelope summoned her hand-maiden.

"Sally," said she, "I am thinking of going out of town for a month or so, and during that time I shall close up the house. If you have friends that you would like to visit you are at liberty to do so. Your wages, however, will be continued as before, and you will let me know where you go, in order that I may call upon you if I should return unexpectedly."

This proposal suited very well with Sally's inclinations, as will readily be believed, and though she was at loss to conceive what had all at once sent such a home body as her mistress, on a travelling expedition, she was very well disposed to take advantage of it.

Eleven o'clock found Miss Penelope in the cars, flying with all that speed could impart towards her destination.

CHAPTER II.

Mr. Gregory McKim, as our readers have already been informed, was a bachelor of thirty-five. Inheriting a large fortune from his father, it was a matter of no little wonderment of his numerous friends, that he called no one to his side to share it. But Gregory was one of those easy men that never take trouble to go after anything. If it is within his reach, well and good; otherwise, the exertion would be too great, and he voted it a bore. He seemed content to live on, as he had ever lived—in single blessedness—quite ignorant of the greater blessings of matrimony.

It was after dinner, and as was his wont, he was leaning back in his rocking-chair, plunged into the pleasing state of dreaminess, superinduced by a choice Havana, when the bell was heard to ring.

"Plague take it!" said he, rousing himself unwillingly. "Some visitor—I wish they would choose a better time."

"A lady," announced the servant, throwing the door wide open, and ushering in Miss Penelope Penrose.

"Your servant, madame," said Gregory, bowing. "Most happy to see you. Pray be seated."

"This is Mr. McKim, if I mistake not?" said the lady.

"The same at your service."

"I noticed a-a-an advertisement of yours in the paper."

"Ah, yes! for a housekeeper. Can you recommend one?"

"I have come to offer myself for the situation. Being an interested party," said Miss Penelope, smiling slightly, "perhaps it would be as well not to recommend myself very highly."

"Oh—ah—ahem—! Have you ever served in that capacity before?" said Mr. McKim, a little embarrassed.

"No, I can not say that I have. I believe, however, that I am acquainted with the duties which would devolve upon me."

"As I believe I stated in the advertisement your chief duty would be that of superintendence, and presiding at my table. As I keep two other servants they would be sufficient for all household duties. What are your terms?"

"That point is quite immaterial with me," said Miss Penelope, a little amused at the novelty of her situation.

"Shall I say four dollars a week?—Will that content you?"

"Perfectly; it is quite liberal. One thing I should like to stipulate. As unforeseen circumstances may arise to change my plans, I should prefer to engage at first for but four weeks."

"As you please. When will you be in readiness to come?"

"At once. As soon, at least, as I have found means to convey my trunk hither."

"Where have you left it?"

"At the hotel."

"Do not trouble yourself about it I will send for it immediately. Oh, I had quite forgotten one thing—your name?"

Penelope had not provided herself for this. To give her own name was a thing she hardly ventured upon. After a short pause, she said:

"You may call me Julia Malcom."

"Miss, I presume?" said Mr. McKim.

"Yes," said Penelope, blushing slightly.

In two hours from that time Miss Penelope's trunk arrived, the keys were put into her hands, and the servants introduced to their new mistress. We may then consider her fairly installed in her office. Let us see how she finds it.

CHAPTER III.

Mr. McKim's establishment was a large one. Being situated but a few miles out of the city, in a delightful neighborhood, many visitors were drawn to it in the summer season.

Sometimes half a dozen at a time were visiting it. Miss Penelope Penrose was well qualified to preside at the table, having always been accustomed to do so at her own. She did so with a mingled grace and elegance that Mr. McKim was as much surprised as delighted. Still further, her education qualified her to mingle in the conversation with a degree of intelligence which betrayed that she was very well read. This qualification, so rare in a housekeeper, pleased Mr. McKim not a little, and arrested the attention of his guests.

"Certainly, McKim," said a friend, "you have a paragon of a housekeeper. Where in the world did you pick her up?"

"One of the advantages of advertising."

"Then, hereafter, I shall always believe in it. You must take care McKim, or some of these days, you will marry her, and faith, I should not much blame you if you did."

"It seems to me from your enthusiasm that you are much more likely to get caught," retorted his friend.

The company were sitting in the parlor on a tranquil summer's evening. The lights had been removed on account of the mosquitoes which they would be likely to attract. Conversation had gradually ceased, and a feeling of quiet, such as is apt to come over the mind at such a season, had stolen upon all.

"How pleasant it is," said one of the company, "to sit here in the quiet moonlight. But one thing is wanting to complete the enchantment."

"And that is—"

"Music."

"I was just thinking of it," said McKim, "and wishing we had some one present who could play. Gentlemen, are any of you so fortunate as to be gifted in that way?"

The answer was a general negative.

"Perhaps," interposed the housekeeper, quietly "in lieu of a better, you would wish me to play?"

"What, Miss Malcom, do you play?" asked McKim in surprise.

"A little."

"Then you will confer a great favor by giving us a specimen of your skill."

Miss Penelope was an accomplished musician, having cultivated assiduously her natural talent, which was very considerable. In addition to this she sang tastefully. Without farther ado, she proceeded to the piano and played with her accustomed execution a variety of pieces, some of them of a very difficult character. Then pausing a moment, she accompanied herself on the instrument, with the words of a popular song, after which she arose and left the piano.

The company were completely taken by surprise, and this circumstance added to the quiet of the hour which rendered them more than usually qualified to appreciate and enjoy good music, led them perhaps to overrate the skill and ability of the musician. Warm encomiums and flattering compliments were lavished upon the singer, who received them with due modesty, and shortly afterwards retired. After this Penelope's musical talents, as may readily be judged, were frequently called into requisition.

It was about a fortnight after this, Penelope, who had left directions to forward letters, with a friend who was in the secret, received a letter informing her, that her sister who had been abroad was expected daily, and would probably proceed at once to her residence. This made her immediate departure imperative, and so she informed Mr. McKim.

"Leave me?" said Mr. McKim in a troubled tone. "You are not dissatisfied, I trust."

"Not at all. But my sister's presence will render it necessary."

"And will you not return?"

"I do not think I shall be able, as my sister will probably wish me to remain with her."

Mr. McKim paced the room in some perturbation, and then suddenly drew up a chair and sat down by Penelope.

"I do not think I can give you up," said he, "and I have therefore, another proposal to make. If you will not stay with me as a housekeeper, will you as a wife?"

"This is so—so unexpected," murmured Penelope.

"But you won't refuse?"

"Let me make an explanation first, and then you shall be at liberty to do as you please. Know that I am possessed of an independent fortune, and merely assumed the post of housekeeper to gratify a whim of my own, and that the time—four weeks—for which I had resolved to keep up the disguise, has past. Moreover my name is not Julia Malcom, but Penelope Penrose."

This explanation only made Mr. McKim press his suit more vehemently, and, in short, it was only a month from that time that our heroine promised to become a "housekeeper for life."

For the Patriot.

Lycium Lecturer.

MA. EDITOR:—The Lecture on Wednesday evening, was delivered by Rev. Theodore Parker of Boston. Subject—*The Anglo-Saxons.*

The human family is divided into five great races—the African, the American, the Malay, the Mongolian, and the Caucasian. These races, though resembling each other in the general features which characterize the human species, still differed from each other in color, in habits, and in civilization. He gave several illustrations of the characters of the different races, and pointed out their positions on the globe.

Of these the Caucasian race was in his opinion the youngest, and the most civilized, and most powerful. All the constitutional forms of government in the world, all the improvements of life, all forms of religion, letters, science, the arts, were the products of the Caucasian race. They subdued the other races, and were seldom subdued by them.

He then described the various families into which the Caucasian race were divided, and the geographical position which they occupied in ancient times. Leaving out the Eastern portion of the race, he turned to the European families. The Basques, who inhabited the shores of the Bay of Biscay, the northern part of France and a portion of Spain. These were conquered by the Celts, and mixing with that people, were called Celtiberians, and were afterwards conquered by the Romans. The Celts were once a powerful people, inhabiting the British Isles, France, Belgium, Switzerland, the Tyrol, a part of Italy; some portions of them penetrated to the Danube; and it was to a Celtic city, Galatia, that St. Paul wrote his Epistle to the Galatians. These people were conquered by the Italo Greeks, or Romans, and mixing with them, formed one people. The Celts now were to be found unmix in the mountains of Wales, the highlands of Scotland, and portions of Ireland. In France the people had mixed with others so often, that there were few, if any pure Celts among them; but he was confident that the Celtic blood predominated in the 35,000,000 of inhabitants who composed her population.

But as the Caucasians were the first among the races of men, so were the Teutons the first among the families of that race. The Teutons is the name by which that people are known who speak the German language, or any of the dialects derived from it. They were distinguished by three peculiarities—their aggressive disposition, their love of freedom, and their disposition to exterminate their enemies.

The Anglo-Saxon is the most powerful and intelligent branch of this family. Early in history we find a Saxon people uniting themselves with the Angles; they became powerful, and following out their aggressive disposition, they penetrated into Germany and founded the Kingdom of Saxony. When the Romans, who had conquered a portion of Britain, but could not subdue Scotland or Wales, withdrew their troops from that island, the unsubdued Celts attacked those who had been under the Romans, the latter begged the assistance of the Saxons, who were only too glad to grant it—for they were filibusters from the beginning—and immediately landed to the number of several thousand, with their wives and children, and proceeded to exterminate the native inhabitants. The Danes, another Teutonic people, subdued the Saxons, thus making it a Danco-Anglo-Saxon. Soon after another flock of Northmen, landed in France, and having settled there, under William the Conqueror, landed in England and subdued the country, thus making it a Norman-Danish-Anglo-Saxon people. Then it was—

The Norman saw in Saxon oak The Saxon neck in Norman yoke.

From this mixture of races sprung the English people and their descendants, who, true to their filibuster principles, were always enlarging their dominions, and craving for more. An Anglo-Saxon farmer was always coveting all the land round him, and an Anglo-Saxon people always coveted their neighbor's territory. Wherever they set their foot, they exterminated the natives. When the Anglo-Saxon landed in America, he found three obstacles to his progress—the wild woods, the wild beasts, and the wild men. True to his nature he proceeded to clear the land of its human incumbrance first. He did this with the least amount of cruelty, but he did it effectually. The Frenchman landed on the banks of the St. Lawrence, converted the native, and treated him as a human being. They both hunted in the same forest, knelt at the same altar, lived in the same wigwam, and slept on the same blanket. The Frenchman took an Indian wife, and when his own daughter grew up, she was wooed and wed by the dusky son of the forest. The Anglo-Saxon converted the Indian, but he refused to acknowledge him as an equal. He told him that in the next

world they would meet as brethren; but in this, the red man must worship apart from his white brother. There was once a law in Massachusetts which made it a capital crime for a white man to be father to a child of which a red woman was the mother; the haughty Anglo-Saxon refused to mix his blood with an inferior race.

The Celts were a military people, and loved glory; the Anglo-Saxon cared nothing for glory, but loved comfort, which was a word of his invention, and could not be found in any other language. All the terms in use among military men, were of Celtic origin, but the Anglo-Saxons gave their names to all things connected with steam. The Celt did not care much for liberty, but loved equality; the Anglo-Saxon loved liberty, but did not care about equality. In France the people submitted to a despotism, to which each man was alike subject. In England the people would not do so, but every eighth man was a pauper; supported at the public expense and buried by the parish. There were more landed proprietors in the little State of Rhode Island, than in all England. The Marquis of Westminster could ride through England from sea to sea, without leaving his own land; the Duke of Sutherland owned broad Scotland from sea to sea. The parliament of England appropriated more money for the Queen's hounds, than for the education of the people. The English nobility were the best educated in Europe; the people were the most ignorant. In America this was not the case; land was more equally distributed, and the people more intelligent, but in America every eighth man was a slave, and a man could be punished for teaching her child how to spell the name of God. The Celt is a man of ideas, the Anglo-Saxon a man of facts. Mr. Webster and Sir Robert Peel, as statesmen, were superior to M. Guizot, but the latter had the fixed principles of the Celt, the former the expedients which characterize the Anglo-Saxon. The Anglo-Saxon now was the most powerful family of the Caucasian race; they owned one-sixth of the globe, and commanded one-fifth of the inhabitants. They owned nine-tenths of the shipping of the world, and no doubt they would correct their faults, and then the future of this race would be such as the world had not yet seen.

The Lecture was a very able one. Mr. Parker is evidently familiar with the history of the human race, and conveys his knowledge to his hearers in a clear and forcible manner, illustrating his discourse with many anecdotes, which explained his meaning. His assertion of the Teutonic supremacy is an old question, and may have disputed it, Jonathan is an Anglo-Saxon according to Mr. Parker, but this is not undisputed. He admitted that the Celt was foremost in the arts, but said that the Teuton was superior in poetry and science. When he mentioned Shakespeare as a great poet, he forgot Dante, Tasso and Petrarch, but we must allow something for the Anglo-Saxon nature of the lecturer. He did not claim so much for the Teuton, as when he lectured on the same subject before, about two years ago. Taking his arguments as facts, they destroy the theory of Teutonic supremacy. He admitted that the Celt was superior as a soldier, and also that the Teuton was deficient in ideas, and did not understand principles. If the Celt is the teacher of principles and ideas, and the master of military science, to carry out these principles and ideas, the Celt must be the superior. In admitting this much, Mr. Parker gave up the entire argument.

Milkey.

It is related of a man and wife, who bore the euphonious names of John and Mary, that the former loved to frequent the tavern and the other was addicted to the habit of blowing up her worse half whenever he indicated on his return at night that he had had a merry time. John bore with resignation the attacks he could not parry, and always sued for quarters under a promise not to offend in a like degree again. One night, John, on approaching his domicile, came to the conclusion that he was, as usual, quite mellow, and pondered in his mind how he should pass for sober in the presence of his wife, who he well knew would remain up until he appeared. He decided that if he showed a lively interest in the housekeeping department it would allay suspicion and put the lynx-eyed woman off her guard. Throwing open the door with a slam that might have been heard over the neighborhood, he pitched forward into the entry, and having steadied himself with the door latch on the one side and the bannister on the other, exclaimed—"Ma-Mary!"

"Well, John," came up from the sitting-room in a calm voice.

"Mary, where's the mil-milk?"

"In the pantry, John."

Down went John, slamming the doors in his attempts to steady himself as he passed

them in succession. Reaching the pantry he began to fumble about, when down went one pan of milk, followed by a crash, and then another, and finally a whole row was swept off by his arm as he groped about in the dark, when, thinking to reassure his wife and gain a little assistance in his search, he called out "Ma-Mary?"

"Well, John," answered a voice that showed no signs of an approaching storm.

"Ma-Mary, is the mil-milk put up in lo-loose, or is it done up in pa-paper parcel?"

American Ingenuity.

The Yankee boy, before he's sent to school, well knows the mysteries of that magic tool, the pocket-knife. To that his wistful eye turns, while he hears his mother's lullaby; his hoarded cents he gladly gives to get it, then leaves no stone unturned until he can whet it; and in the education of the lad no little part that implement hath had. His pocket-knife to the young whittler brings a glowing knowledge of material things.

Projectiles, music, and the sculptor's art, his chesnut whistle, and his shingle dart, his elder pop-gun with its hickory rod, his sharp explosion and rebounding wad, his corn-stalk fiddle, and the deeper tone that nummers from his pumpkin-stalk trombone, conspire to teach the boy. To these succeed his bow, his arrow of a feathered reed, his wind-mill, raised the passing breeze to win, his water-wheel, that turns upon a pin; or, if his father lives upon the shore, you'll see his ship, "beam ends upon the floor," full rigged with raking masts, and timbers staunch, and awaiting, near the wash-tub, for a launch.

Thus by his genius and his jack-knife driven, ere long he'll solve you any problem given; make any jim-crack, musical or mute, a plough, a coach, an organ or a flute; make you a locomotive or a clock, cut a canal, or build a floating-dock,—or lead forth Beauty from a marble block,—make anything, in short, for sea or shore, from a child's rattle to a seventy-four; make it, said I?—Ay, when he undertakes it, he'll make the thing and the machine that makes it.

And when the thing is made,—whether it be to move on earth, in air, or on the sea;—whether on water, o'er the waves to glide, or upon land to roll, revolve or slide; whether to whirl or jar, to strike or ring, whether it be a pistol or a spring, wheel, pulley, tube, sonorous, wood or brass, the thing designed shall surely come to pass; for, when his hand's upon it, you may know that there's go in it, and he'll make it go.—Humorous Speaker.

Ten Years' Mercantile Blindness.

"A man may be very sharp-sighted in one respect, and blind in another. He may be so intent on seeing pennies as to miss the dollars, and he may boast of the found penny when you know he has missed the dollar. We saw one of these interesting specimens the other day, who very enthusiastically asserted that he had been in business ten years and never advertised at all! And what did that prove? What reason was that in

THE QUINCY PATRIOT.

Saturday, December 30th, 1854.

"BORN TO NO MASTER, OF NO SECT ARE WE."

The Commercial Crisis.

The Southern papers are copying, with comments, from the Review of Commercial Affairs in the December number of *Hunt's Merchants Magazine*.

The *Mobile Evening News* says, by way of introduction to an extract from the article alluded to above—"In this number (December) we find some remarks upon the present tightness of the times, which is felt more intensely at the North and West. We look upon this magazine as indisputably the very highest authority in such matters, and the facts and suggestions made are as reliable as any human speculation may be." "We are glad," continues the *News*, "to see the statement, from this source, of the belief that, 'the convulsion has reached its height, and that having passed the crisis, affairs must now mend.'"

The *New Orleans Commercial Bulletin*, a leading commercial journal in that city, copies largely from the same article and endorses Mr. Hunt's views, prefacing his remarks with a high eulogium on the character of the Magazine. The *Bulletin* says—"The review of November's business may be read with pleasure and profit, particularly the brief account of the causes which have led to the existing financial embarrassments in the North," and adds—"Nothing ever drops from the pen of Freeman Hunt, which is not useful and important." The editors of the *Bulletin* endorse the "opinions" of the editor of the Magazine concerning "the secure condition of our planters," and agrees with him in the opinion that "they are stronger now than they have been for years, and will be prepared to meet all liabilities as they accrue." "Nous verrons," as the veteran editor of the *Richmond Enquirer* was wont to say.

The War in the East.

By the arrival of the Steamship America, from Liverpool, we have news from Europe, to December 9th.

There is no change in the aspect of affairs at the seat of War. The British are occupied in fortifying their position, and the Russians seem to have got enough of sorties and attacks for some time. It is reported the Russians have received reinforcements to the amount of 20,000 men.

The Allies are making strenuous efforts to send reinforcements to the army. All the vessels at their disposal are being despatched as soon as possible. It is said that the French army is to be increased by 30,000 men, and the English will send all their disposable forces as soon as possible.

The English papers are filled with the details of the battle of Inkermann, in which they say their men performed wonders. It is certain that they were surprised, and had it not been for the timely aid of the French, they must have been defeated. Cotchett's division lost 700 men. The second division had only 6 field officers and 12 captains leaving the field; its complement of Captains was 60. There are only 3 officers in the 7th Fusiliers who survived the battles of the Alma and Inkermann. The 88th regiment lost 140 men, and of 4 companies engaged. From this it will be seen that the carnage was terrible, the oldest campaigners never saw such scenes before. The Russians seem to mark the officers, and it is also said that they stab the wounded as they lay on the ground. The English have a Russian Baron as prisoner of war; they intend to try him by Court Martial, and if it can be proved that he was one of those who stabbed a British officer as he lay wounded, they threaten to hang him before the walls of Sebastopol.

The storm in the Black Sea proved more destructive than anticipated. One steamship and 6 transports were wrecked in Balaklava harbor, and it is said that all the crew perished, except 30 or 40 men. Six were wrecked in lateka, and five more at Eupatoria, other vessels have been lost at sea. The fleets are about to be sent home, and the troops are preparing to winter in the Crimea.

A treaty has been concluded between Austria, France and England, by which Austria seems to have joined the Western Powers. It is also said that Prussia has acceded to this arrangement, and that peace may soon be looked for. Russia has proposed certain terms to the cabinet of Vienna, as the basis of a definite peace, but they do not meet the approval of the English public.

The London Times says that the first condition of peace must be the demolition of Sebastopol, and the destruction of the Russian Fleet in the Black Sea. It is not likely that the man who now occupies the seat of Peter the Great will submit to such terms until he is more humbled than he is yet. However, if Austria and Prussia join the Western League he must perforce submit, and bide his time for his revenge, a thing which Russia never forgets.

CLAM CROWDER. To draw a crowd at the Granite Saloon, it is enough to say that Mr. French will serve up a chowder to-day, in his usual style. Go to dinner.

A TURKEY. The young friend whose substantial remembrance of us in the form of a fine turkey, which we had the pleasure of discussing, and to quote from the beautiful liturgy of "the Church," "inwardly digesting" on Christmas day, will ever be held in grateful remembrance. The amiable character of the giver imparted additional zest to the gift. Were we not persuaded that his merit and his modesty would be pained to find that his left hand knew what his right hand did, we should be pleased and proud to give the name of the donor.

A MODEL COMPANY. The Nassau Fire Insurance Company of Brooklyn, of which Wm. M. Harris, Esq. is President, is said to be one of the best managed companies in the State of New York. Its President is a very sagacious, upright and practical business man.

PETERSON'S NATIONAL MAGAZINE. With the January number this cheap and popular work enters upon a new year of its existence. Mrs. Ann S. Stephens, who is associated with the proprietor—C. J. Peterson, Esq.—in the editorial conduct of the work, is one of the most vigorous female writers of America, and her contributions to each number form no small part of the generally attractive and readable character of this favorite monthly. Besides the plate of fashions for the ladies, we have two fine engravings on steel—"The Guardian Angels" and "Love at first sight." The "Children's New Year's Party" is hardly in keeping with the other illustrations, which are generally excellent.

Pettridge & Co., Boston, Agents; for sale at the Quincy Bookstore.

GRAHAM'S MAGAZINE. This truly American periodical for January comes to us richly laden with original tales, sketches and poems, from some of the best pens in polite literature. Among the contributors to the present number we notice the names of J. T. Headley, Henry William Herbert, James Russell Lowell, Thomas Buchanan Reed, Mrs. S. Ann Lewis and others almost equally well known and popular writers. "Hakon's Lay," by Lowell, is a poem of great power and beauty. The Historical Sketches of Washington, by Headley, are written in the usually graphic and glowing style of that successful delineator of life and character. The engravings illustrative of scenes and events in the history of our country, are in the best style of the art, reflecting credit to the skill of the artists, as well as liberality on the part of the spirited and enterprising publisher.

Pettridge & Co., Boston, Agents; for sale at the Quincy Bookstore.

GLEASON'S PICTORIAL. The number published this day completes another volume of this world-wide popular journal. The success that has marked the progress of the "Pictorial" is unprecedented in the annals of newspaper literature. Mr. BALLOT, who recently purchased the establishment of Gleason, the founder, contributed more than any other individual to its great popularity, as its editor in years past, and we trust, now that he has become its sole editor and proprietor, he may be amply rewarded for his efforts to give character and standing to such a publication. With taste, genius and education as an editor, and liberality, industry and integrity as a publisher, Mr. Ballot's future must be one of hope, promise, and fruition. Its circulation is steadily increasing, and reaches at this time some hundred and ten thousand copies weekly.

SOCIAL ASSEMBLY. There is to be a Social Assembly of the citizens of Quincy, at the Hancock House, on Wednesday evening next, as will be seen in another column. An excellent Board of Managers has been selected, which affords a sure guarantee that the affair will be got up and carried through in the most satisfactory manner. White's Quadrille Band will be in attendance and discourse most excellent music for all who wish to use the light, fantastic toe in the agreeable and health-giving dance. Major French's reputation as a caterer for the creature luxuries and comforts so indispensable on such occasions, is too well established at home and abroad to require one line from our pen in his behalf. No special invitations are given—all our citizens are invited to participate in the festivities of the occasion. Price of tickets two dollars.

AN EDITORIAL CANDIDATE. Hiram Fuller, Esq., the able editor of the New York Mirror, has been spoken of as the candidate of the "Know Nothing" or American party, for United States Senator, in place of Hon. Wm. H. Seward, whose term of office expires on the 4th of March, 1855. Mr. Fuller, it will be recollected, was the first to place the name of General Taylor at the head of his paper for the Presidency.

SENATORIAL VOTE. The official vote for Senators, as examined by the Governor and Council, has been published. The vote for Senators in Norfolk County is as follows: Whole number of ballots 10,804 Necessary for a choice 5,403

Bradford K. Pierce of Roxbury 7,777 James E. Carpenter of Foxboro' 7,441 Benj. F. White of Weymouth 7,863

THE NEW YEAR. No better custom prevails in our community than that of commemorating the season of Christmas and New Year by an interchange of gifts among parents and children, and friends. It creates and keeps alive all holy and pure affections, it brightens the links of friendship, it makes pleasant the recollection, and also the anticipation of this Holiday season. Among the most acceptable and valuable articles used as the medium of this kindly feeling, we first rank Books—instructive, interesting, beautiful and significant. Our neighbors at the Quincy Bookstore are well provided with such an assortment in anticipation of the wants of their friends for the New Year. We never have seen a better variety, suitable for all ages, and all sorts of people. Do not forget to give them a call and let them see that enterprise, and an unfeigned desire to meet the wants of our people, cannot fail of being amply rewarded. We notice also an unusually beautiful variety of *Fancy Goods*—Porte Monies, Brushes, &c.—which it is useless for us to speak of particularly, but which need only to be seen to give to every one wishing to purchase, most entire satisfaction.

Edwin H. Chapin's Discourses. "Humanity in the City." Just published by DE WITT & DAVENPORT, New York City. Handsomely bound, with steel Portraits. Price \$1 00.

This eminent philanthropist and divine, who is probably not only one of the most effective and powerful speakers of the day, but also seems to have caught a portion of the holy fire which animated his Master, and to emulate his example, who, when upon earth, went about healing the sick, feeding the poor, and administering to the necessities, both mental and spiritual, of all with whom he mingled. His humble follower in words that breathe, and thoughts that burn, brings home to the heart and consciences of men the conditions of Humanity in this great city, the metropolis of the Western World; points out the vice, degradation, and misery that fill our streets, and the pitiful abodes of the poor, their sources, and effects, and the remedies which should be used by the benevolent to aid the cause of suffering humanity. He shows also, with a fearless pen, the evils that exist in the higher walks of life—that the strife for precedence, where every one seeks to be greatest, and provided he can attain his end, is unscrupulous about the means—the love of money, and the luxury and grandeur obtained by it, are the fruitful sources of that moral degradation and perversion of our nature, which, particularly at this time, show themselves in those from whom both education and profession leads us to hope for better things. He also speaks as a father to the young and inexperienced, showing how misery and a life-long repentance lurk in the Circean cup that is offered to their taste, and urged upon their acceptance, with all the blandishments of painted beauty and false and honied words. That to touch not, taste not the accursed thing, is not only the way to secure health and content here, but the prospect of eternal happiness in mansions beyond the skies, when time shall be no more. He holds also our public authorities to a severe accountability, that they do not by the powers with which they are vested, withdraw from the public many temptations, to which the thoughtless and unguarded are needlessly exposed. There is nothing polemical or sectarian in these discourses. They breathe the very essence of Christian forbearance and good will, and, written in chaste and elegant language, are not only most valuable as guides of life but perfect gems in a literary point of view.

LYCEUM LECTURES. The Rev. Frederick West Holland of Cambridge, who lectured in this town last year on Palestine, has been overruled with applications to lecture on "Turkey." Besides preaching two sermons every Sunday, he has lectured before Lyceums in different parts of the State twice a week during the past month.

BUSINESS FOR SHOEMAKERS. We have heard that one of the Boot Manufacturers of Randolph has received an order for several thousand pairs of Boots for the Russian Army.

Quincy Canal. The Stockholders of Quincy Canal are hereby notified that their Annual Meeting will be held at the HANCOCK HOUSE in Quincy, on TUESDAY, the 9th of January next, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the choice of Officers and the transaction of such other business as may come before them.

A full attendance is requested. JOSIAH BRIGHAM, Clerk, Quincy, Dec. 30.

Particular Notice. THE Subscriber will close his business on the 15th of March ensuing, disposing of what remains after that time at public auction, and therefore gives this notice to all indebted to make immediate payment, and requests all who have claims to present them.

MEATS, PROVISIONS, &c. will be kept until the above time, and sold at the lowest prices, for cash. FRANCIS MARDEN, Quincy, Dec. 30.

Wood at Auction. WILL be sold at public auction, on THURSDAY, the 4th day of January next, at 9 o'clock A. M., a large number of Logs of HARD WOOD, of 25 years' growth, on land of Hon. Josiah Quincy, being on the westerly part of his Wood Lot.

If very stormy, sale the next fair day. Enquire of LEWIS BASS, Quincy, Dec. 30.

Wood at Auction. WILL be sold at public auction, on THURSDAY, the 4th day of January next, at 9 o'clock A. M., a large number of Logs of HARD WOOD, of 25 years' growth, on land of Hon. Josiah Quincy, being on the westerly part of his Wood Lot.

If very stormy, sale the next fair day. Enquire of LEWIS BASS, Quincy, Dec. 30.

Special Notices.

SOCIAL ASSEMBLY. The first of a Series of Social Assemblies will take place at the HANCOCK HOUSE, WEDNESDAY EVENING, Jan. 3d, 1855.

Committee of Arrangements: Francis M. Johnson, Joseph Field, Charles A. Spear, Maj. T. C. Webb, Franklin Curtis, Wm. N. Shepard, Henry A. Ransom, Eleazer Frederick, Walter White, Daniel P. Nye, James White, W. M. French.

Music—White's Quadrille Band. Tickets Two Dollars—to be had at the door—Supper included. Quincy, Dec. 30. 1w

A meeting of the Adams Literary Association will take place at their Hall, on MONDAY EVENING next, at 7 1/2 o'clock, for the choice of Officers. A punctual attendance is requested. J. JAMESON, President. WILLIAM BAXTER, Secretary.

QUINCY LYCEUM. The next lecture before this Institution will be delivered on WEDNESDAY EVENING, Jan'y 3d, by Hon. JOHN C. PARK. Quincy, Dec. 30. 1w

R. L. G. Comrades! Remember the next meeting of the Company, on FRIDAY EVENING next. Be on hand precisely at 7 1/2 o'clock. Try and bring in good members. Per Order.

NEW BOOKS.—Of all kinds, just received at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE—just right for Presents.

Also—A great variety of FANCY GOODS. This is the place to get Christmas and New Year's Gifts. Quincy, Dec. 23. 1f

DR CARL V. MYERS' Homoeopathic Balm. A highly Medicated Syrup, devoid of all unpleasant taste, and one dose of which will cure any common cold; one canister will eradicate the most stubborn cough of any character except that attending the last stages of Consumption. It is also a sure and immediate cure for Coughs, Croup, and all other Disorders, which the Directions will fully explain. Dr. S. O. RICHARDSON, No. 51 Hanover street, Boston, General Agent. For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN, Quincy, Oct. 21. 3m

Marriages.

In this town, on the 10th of Oct., by Rev. W. W. Dean, Mr. Samuel H. Litchfield to Miss Lucy L. Marsh, both of Hingham. On the 24th inst., by the same, Mr. Francis W. French to Miss Emily Chubbuck.

Deaths.

In this town, on the 25th inst., Jane, daughter of Mr. William and Mrs. Barbara Talbot, aged 18 years. On the 27th inst., Susannah B., wife of Mr. Albert Pratt, aged 35 years. In Somerville, on the 25th inst., Mrs. Martha M. Grimes, (mother of Mrs. Wm. S. Morton of this town,) aged 58.

Real Estate and Furniture, AT AUCTION.

WILL be sold at public auction, on THURSDAY, January 4, at 12 o'clock P. M., at the house of Mr. G. Francis Thayer, on Hancock street, FURNITURE, consisting of Chairs, Mahogany Tables, Looking Glasses, Toilet Table, Bedsteads, Aspid. Entry and other Lamps, Sink, Bureau, Refrigerator, Plates, Warmer, Clock, Kitchen Utensils, and many other articles, too numerous to mention.

Also—At 4 o'clock P. M., on the premises—the valuable ESTATE owned by Mr. Thayer, on Hancock street, containing five-eighths of an acre of Land, a valuable Dwelling House and Barn and many Fruit Trees, of excellent varieties of Fruits. The House is in good repair, large and commodious, adapted to one or two families—pleasantly located in the immediate vicinity of the different churches and schools—three minutes' walk from Depot—very desirable, either for investment or a residence.

Conditions at the time of sale. GEO. H. FRENCH, Auctioneer. Quincy, Dec. 30. 1w

Messenger's Notice.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts. NORFOLK ss. Weymouth, Dec. 23, 1854. SAMUEL B. NOYES, Esquire, Commissioner of the Land Office, in and for the said County of Norfolk, has issued a Warrent against the Estate of

JONATHAN WILD, of Braintree, in said County, Physician, an Insolvent Debtor, and the payment of any Debts, and the delivery of any Property, belonging to said Insolvent Debtor, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any Property, by him, are forbidden by law.

A meeting of his Creditors will be held at Court of Insolvency, at the office of John J. Clarke, Esq. of Roxbury, in said County, on the tenth day of January next, at nine o'clock, forenoon, for the proof of Debts, and the choice of an Assignee or Assignees.

SILAS BINNEY, Dep'ty Sh'ff. Quincy, Dec. 30. 3w

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

NORFOLK ss. Probate Office, Dec. 23, A.D. 1854. EDMUND MARSH, Administrator of the Estate of—

REBECCA CRANE, late of Quincy, in said County, Widow, deceased, having presented his account in his said capacity for allowance—

Ordered—That said Edmund notify all persons interested therein that they may appear and be heard concerning the same, at a Court of Probate to be held at Roxbury, in said County, on the thirteenth day of January, A. D. 1855, by publishing this Order three weeks successively in the newspaper called the Quincy Patriot, printed at Quincy.

W. S. LELAND, Judge of Probate. Quincy, Dec. 30. 3w

Quincy Loan Fund Association. THE regular monthly meeting will be held at the Lyceum Room, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, Jan. 3d, at 7 o'clock.

LOUIS CONGON, Secretary. Quincy, Dec. 30. 1w

Selling Off

AT PRICES

To Compare with the Times!

MY ENTIRE STOCK OF— DRY GOODS, CARPETINGS, CROCKERY WARE, FURNITURE, CLOTHING, FANCY GOODS, Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Hats, Caps, &c., Will be offered to Customers at prices which will convince them that I am determined to sell.

I will not state any Prices, but assure the public that if they will give me a call they will find Goods at Prices which will ensure their Sale.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS, should lose no time before examining my Stock, which consists of a good assortment of every description. **CALEB PACKARD,** Quincy, Dec. 30. 1f

How the Warm Weather

AND A

Tight Money Market

DRIVES THE BOSTON TRADERS TO

Sacrifice their Goods!

BE SURE AND GET

A NEW SUIT

At the following Low Prices, viz:

\$1 1-2 to 2. Good Pants, of various fabrics.

\$2 1-2. Cassimere, Doeskin, and Broadcloth Pants, at this low price, for a few days, to reduce Stock.

\$2 3-4. Custom Made Doeskin Pants, Canvas Bottoms, and made of as good materials as the Pants for which you usually pay \$5. Closing sale of Winter Clothing.

\$3 to \$5. Fancy Cassimere, Doeskin, and Cloth Pants, of very desirable patterns, being at least 25 per cent. less than the same are usually sold.

\$8 00. A nice Affair for a Gentleman. Over Garments, custom made, usually sold for much more.

\$10 to 12. A Fine Custom Made Overcoat or Sack, made from Drab, Blue, and Black Pilot Cloth, Broadcloth, and Beaver Cloth, for this low price. Will guarantee that the same garments are sold at from \$15 to \$20.

\$8 to 16. Talmas—An entirely new style of Over Garment, combining gentility with ease and comfort.

\$3 1-2. For an Office and Business Coat—to close out the Stock.

\$8 to 12. Dress and Frock Coats, from Superfine Broadcloth and Doeskins, made up in good style and in a faithful manner. All will be sold at these low prices, to close out stock.

\$1 to 1 1-2. Vests, of the latest fashions, for these low prices.

\$2 to 3 1-2. For a Nice Fancy Sack in Vest. Also Black or Navy Silk do, made up in the latest styles. Gentlemen's Dressing Gowns very low prices.

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

37 1-2 to 150 Cts. Assorted lot of Shirts and Drawers.

50. to 200 " Fine Shirts, Linen Bosoms and Collars.

12 1-2 to 50 " Fine Linen Bosoms.

5 to 15 " " Collars.

17 to 25 " Socks.

25 to 150 " Stocks and Cravats.

25 to 100 " Silk Pocket Hdks.

10 to 50 " Suspenders.

37 to 200 " Umbrellas.

6 to 17 " Tooth Brushes.

6 to 100 " Hair Brushes.

\$5 00. Travelling Shawls.

Together with a great variety of Fancy Goods, to be closed up cheap.

Boys' Department.

\$2 to **\$5.** Over Sacks.

\$1 1-2 to \$1. Jackets.

\$1 1-2 to \$2. Suit Jacket and Pants.

\$1 to **\$3.** Cassimere, Cloth and Doeskin Pants.

50 Cts. to \$2. Vests.

Very truly, the above are low prices! Purchasers, however, are requested to bring this advertisement with them, and they will then acknowledge the fact, as we are determined to close up the Stock of Winter Clothing.

A copy of the New Book, "Oak Hall Pictorial," gratis, to every purchaser.

ONE PRICE, CASH SYSTEM.

OAK HALL,

34 NORTH STREET, BOSTON.

Dec. 30 3m

To Let,

THE large and convenient Stable, formerly occupied by Simon Gillett and lately by Galen Bowditch.

Application may be made to Mr. BOWDITCH, or to JOSIAH BRIGHAM.

Quincy, Dec. 30. 1f

Express Team at Auction.

WILL be sold at public auction, on MONDAY, Jan'y 1, at 4 o'clock P. M., at the Hancock House, Quincy; 2 first rate Horses, Harnesses and Wagon, &c.

Conditions at sale. GEO. H. FRENCH, Auctioneer. Quincy, Dec. 30. 1w

Geo. Savil & Co.'s Column.

1854.

George Savil & Co., GOODNOW'S BUILDING, Corner HANCOCK & GRANITE ST'S, QUINCY.

ARE daily receiving NEW STYLES GOODS for Fall and Winter, to which the attention of Purchasers is requested. We have now on hand a good assortment of—

PRINTS, DELAINES, CASHMERE, ALPACCAS, ALEPINES, MOURNING CRAPE, MOHAIR LUSTRE, MADONNAS, LYONESE, THIBETS, GALA PLAIDS, BLACK SILKS, LADIES' CLOTHS, VELVETS, WOOLLEN & CASHMERE SHAWLS, DRESS & CLOAK TRIMMINGS, EMBROIDERIES, SHEETINGS, SHIRTINGS, BLANKETS, COTTON FLANNELS, DENIMS, TICKINGS, DIAPERS, WOOLLEN YARNS, CAMBRICS, SILECIA, PATCHES, TABLE COVERS, WROUGHT COLLARS, UNDER HDKFS, UNDER SLEEVES, HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c., which we shall sell at a small advance from Cost.

WOOLLEN GOODS.

CLOTHS, CASHMERE, DOESKINS, SATINETTS, VESTINGS, which will be sold by the yard or manufactured into Garments to order, in a Superior Manner.

We have also in Store, of our own Manufacture, our usual assortment of

READY MADE CLOTHING

Consisting in part of

OVERCOATS, DRESS FROCKS, BUSINESS FROCKS, BUSINESS SACKS, PANTS, VESTS, OVERALLS, Boys' Jackets, Coats, Pants and Vests.

Gents Furnishing Goods

IN GREAT VARIETY.

Shirts, Bosoms, Dickies, Gloves, Stocks, Neck Ties, Handkerchiefs, Under Shirts, Drawers, Suspenders, Socks, Hats, Caps, Umbrellas, &c.

—ALSO—

In connection, at all times, can be found in the Hall and Rooms above, a complete assortment of

FURNITURE,

Consisting in part of—SOFAS, BUREAUX, STUFFED ROCKING CHAIRS, PARLOR AND COMMON CHAIRS, PAINTED CHAMBER SETS, COTTAGE AND COMMON BEDSTEADS, WASH SINKS AND STANDS, CARD TABLES, CENTRE AND COMMON TABLES, LOOKING GLASSES, MATTRESSES, FEATHERS, &c. &c.

CARPETINGS,

PAINTED CANVASS, STRAW MATTINGS, BOCKINGS.

Paper Hangings.

A large lot of Paper Hangings, comprising a great variety of styles and prices. Please call and examine for yourselves, as we are confident we can offer you Goods at prices which will give you perfect satisfaction. Quincy, Oct. 14. 1f

Lost.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has either lost or mislaid a Certificate name of Three Shares in the Capital Stock of the Quincy Railroad Company, and that he applies for a new or second Certificate in lieu of the Capital Stock of the Old Colony and River Railroad Co., and this notice is hereby given in conformity with the By-Laws of said company. JOSEPH DEAN. South Braintree, Dec. 23, 1854. 2w

Two Beautiful Annuals

THE Boston Almanac for 18

Poetry.

For the Patriot.

Why Don't he Come?

BY JENNY-NEW YORK.

Why don't he come? the sunset hour
Is drawing near its close,
The dew-drops gather in mine eyes,
As dew-drops in the rose.

Why don't he come? the little birds
That have carolled all the day,
Have sought their nests with folded wings;
Why should he longer stay?

Why don't he come? for well he knows
My heart is full of sorrow,—
I cannot bear these watchful hours,
Nor cannot wait the morrow.

My Broken Bud.

Selected for MELORA, on the death of her child.

I had a precious gift from heaven;—
Oh! it was passing fair,
It was a bud of promise sweet,
Adorned with beauty rare.

I gave it sunshine and air;—
"Twas watered by the dew;
I watched it as each coming day
Unfolded beauties new.

Rich odors from its heart it breathed,
Of most surpassing sweet,
It was a bright celestial bud,
For our cold clime unmet.

There was a fragrance not of earth,
Around my fairy blossom,
And with a thrill of ecstasy,
I placed it in my bosom.

Never was a thing more dearly loved
Than my fair beauteous flower;—
And closer to my heart of hearts,
I wore it every hour.

The dream, the wild and dream of woe,
Came never to my heart,
That from my own sweet bud of bliss,
I might be called to part.

One day, upon its tender stem,
It could not lift its head,—
And with a shudder through its heart
Its petals bright were shed.

Alas! one had been near my flower,
With icy shivering breath,
Which chilled it to its very core;—
It was the blight of Death.

Sadly we raised its drooping head,—
We watered it with tears,—
And night and day hung over it,
With agony and fears.

We strove to stay the withering blight;—
We strove, but strove in vain,
No sunshine could revive it now,
Nor dew nor gentle rain.

And yet we prayed, and yet we hoped,
Still cheered by some slight token,
One morn I found,—Oh agony!—
My cherished bud was broken.

But could it be that all my hopes,—
My dreams of bliss were fled?—
Oh could it—could it be, alas,
My darling bud was dead?

Sad,—the change that had passed o'er,
My blossom fair and bright!
They tore it from my bleeding heart,—
They put it from my sight.

And now my broken bud doth lie
Beneath the damp earth sod,
From the sweet sunlight all shut out—
Wasting beneath the cloud.

But I shall see my bud again,—
"Midst fairest flowers of heaven,
Oh! then in bright celestial bloom
"Twill back to me be given.

Anecdotes.

A man praising porter said it was so excellent a beverage, that, taken in great quantities, it made one fat.

"I have seen the time," said another, "when it made you lean."

Two Irishmen were in prison, one for stealing a cow, and the other for stealing a watch.

"Mike," said the cow stealer, one day, "what o'clock is it?"

"Faix, Pat, I haven't my watch handy, but I think it's about milking time."

An advocate having gained a suit for a poor young lady, she remarked—

"I have nothing to pay you with but my heart."

"Hand it over to the clerk, if you please; I wish no fee for myself," replied he.

As John Randolph was walking one day, he met a man, who walked straight on, remarking that he did "not turn out for a rascal."

"I do," quickly rejoined Randolph, and immediately stepping aside, he let the ruffian pass.

"A lawyer," said Lord Brougham, in a facetious mood, "is a learned gentleman who rescues your estate from your enemies and keeps it himself."

"Why are you forever humming that air?" asked Foote of a man without a sense of tune in him.

"Because it haunts me."

"No wonder," said Foote; "you are forever murdering it."

Rates and Rules of Advertising.

In the Newspapers in Norfolk and Plymouth Counties, adopted at a meeting of Editors and Publishers, in said Counties, August 21, 1854.

PROBATE NOTICES.
Citations, 3 weeks, \$1.50
Allowance of Accounts, 3 weeks, 1.00
Application for Appointment as Guardian, 3 weeks, 1.50
Application for Appointment as Administrator, 3 weeks, 1.50
Application for Appointment as Executor, 3 weeks, 1.50

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICES, 3 weeks, 1.25
Executors' Notices, 3 weeks, 1.25
Commissioners' Notices, 6 weeks, 2.25
Petition to Judge of Probate, and Order of Notice thereon, 3 weeks, (per square) 1.25

CHANCERY NOTICES.
Messengers Notices, 2 weeks, 1.50
Assignees' " 3 " 1.25

COMMISSIONERS' AND COURT NOTICES.
County Commissioners' Notices of Roads, &c., 3 weeks, 5.00
Legislative and Court Advertisements, and other Legal Notices not embraced above, 3 weeks or less, (per square) 1.25

TRANSIENT ADVERTISEMENTS.
All Transient Advertisements, 3 weeks or less, (per square) 1.25
All Transient Advertisements, 2 weeks or less, (per half square) .75

SPECIAL NOTICES.
All Special Notices, 1 or 2 weeks, (per sq.) 1.25
" " 3 " (per half sq.) 1.50
" " 1 " (per half sq.) 1.00
" " 1 " 1 " 75

EDITORIAL NOTICES.
All Editorial Notices, (per line) 10

YEARLY ADVERTISEMENTS.
Advertisements running one year, (per sq.) 12.00
" " half " 7.00
" " 3 months " 4.00

To be changed at the option of the Advertiser, not often, however, than once a month.
All Advertisements running one year without being renewed, (per square) 10.00

BUSINESS CARDS.
Business Cards, not exceeding half a square, one year, not less than 5.00

ADVERTISING AGENTS.
All Advertising Agents to be charged at the same rates specified in the above scale.

CHARITABLE SOCIETIES.
No Advertisements to be inserted gratuitously for Charitable or other Societies, Companies, or Public Institutions.

EXHIBITIONS AND CONCERTS.
Notices of Transient Exhibitions and Concerts to be charged at full prices.

ONE SQUARE.
Twelve lines of Minion or Nonpareil type shall constitute a square.

(Signed)
JOHN A. GREEN, Quincy Patriot.
BLOSSOM & EASTBROOK, Hingham Journal.
L. B. & O. E. W. V. West, North Scituate.
O. PUTNAM BACON, Dorchester Chronicle.
CHARLES A. S. PERKINS, Plymouth Rock.
H. O. HILDETH, Dedham Gazette.
JAMES THURBER, Old Colony Memorial.
GEORGE PHINNEY, N. Bridgewater Gazette.
WILLIAM BENNE, Massapog Journal.

To be inserted in the several Newspapers published in Norfolk and Plymouth Counties.
Per order.
JOHN A. GREEN, Chairman.
O. PUTNAM BACON, Secretary.

GRANITE SALOON.
THE subscriber would most respectfully inform his friends and the public, that he has fitted up the Basement Room, in Goodnow's Building, on Granite Street, where he intends to keep a good supply of

Oysters, Fruits and Refreshments.
He hopes, by constant attention to the wants of the public, to merit a share of patronage.
LORING A. FRENCH.
Quincy, March 25.

DR. S. STOCKING,
DENTAL SURGEON,
No. 5½ Tremont Row, (up stairs,) Boston.

Terms for the Season.
ENTIRE Sets of Teeth, from \$35 to \$50.
Full upper or under set, from \$15 to \$40.
Parts of Sets, in favorable cases, from \$4.50 to \$3.50 per tooth. Pivot Teeth from \$1.50 to \$3.00. Filling with Gold, from 50 cents to \$3.00. Extracting 25 cents without, and 50 cents with, the use of ether. All operations warranted, and the finest gold used.

Opinions of the Boston Press.
"The long experience and correct taste of Dr. Stocking, of this city, eminently qualify him to set artificial teeth, that look well, feel well, wear well, and work well; and, what is rather remarkable, he seems to be better pleased with furnishing good work than with exorbitant prices for it—a trait not common with the profession."—Evening Traveller.

"We advise all toothless persons to call on Dr. Stocking, of this city, and procure some artificial teeth of his manufacture. We offer this advice with the more confidence, because whatever he undertakes to do, he does well. No one who is acquainted with him can doubt that Nature designed him for a dentist of the right stamp."—Morning Post.

"No Dentist among us is better qualified to improve the condition of the mouth, by setting, filling, extracting, cleansing, regulating, &c. of the teeth, than Dr. Stocking of this city. His reputation for dental skill is too well established to be doubted."—Evening Transcript.

"Dr. Stocking of this city, possesses the right qualifications for his profession;—requiring, as it does, a combination of patience, care, skill and gentleness, with a thorough knowledge of all the intricacies of the business."—Boston Journal.

"If any of our readers have got the tooth-ache, and wish to know who can extract it with the least pain, we should say, Dr. Stocking; or, if they want their teeth filled, and filled right, we should say, by all means go to Dr. Stocking. And, above all, if you wish for artificial teeth that every body calls the perfection of art, he is the one to furnish them, and at a reasonable price."—Daily Times.

Boston, Feb. 25.

FLANNELS.
BLUE, Blue Mixed, Red, Yellow, and White Flannels, twilled and plain—for sale cheap, at I. W. MUNROE'S.

Quincy, Oct. 25.

WHITE & FRENCH,

Attorneys at Law,
Room No. 15, Webster Bank Building,
Exchange Street, --- BOSTON.

GEORGE WHITE. ASA FRENCH.
May 20.

HENRY A. RANSOM,
AUCTIONEER,
RESPECTFULLY offers his services to the public in the disposal of Real and Personal property, and hereby solicits a share of patronage.
Quincy, April 8.

KIRK & TRAVIS,
Dealers in Teas and Coffees
OF THE PUREST QUALITY.

Also, London Porter and Scotch Ale, and Havana Cigars.
H. B. KIRK,
WM. E. TRAVIS.
No. 106 Kneeland Street.
Boston, April 16, 1853.

ALL KINDS OF
Job Printing,
SUCH AS

POSTERS, BILLS, OF ALL KINDS,
BILL-HEADS, PLAINERS, CARDS,
AND EVERY VARIETY OF

BOOK PLAIN, AND FANCY
PRINTING.
Neatly Executed at the Quincy Patriot Office,
WITH CHEAPNESS AND DESPATCH.

NATHANIEL WHITE,
--- HAS FOR SALE ---
LUMBER,
Nails, Lime, Brick and Sand

--- ALSO ---
Coal, Hard and Soft Wood,
QUINCY CANAL WHARF.

July 10, 1852.

William E. Colburn's
Quincy and Boston Express
LEAVES BOSTON DAILY,
At 2½ o'clock, P. M.,
From 24 and 25 Brattle Square, and 29
South Market Street.

--- All orders promptly attended to. ---
April 2, 1853.

ISRAEL W. MUNROE,
DEALER IN
Dry Goods, Crockery, Glass and
Hardware,

together with a full assortment of choice
W. I. GOODS & GROCERIES,
all of which will be sold at the very lowest prices
and delivered at any part of the Town free of expense.
Quincy, Jan. 22, 1853.

FISHER A. KINGSBURY,
Counsellor at Law,
Commissioner for the States of
MAINE, NEW HAMPSHIRE, VER-
MONT, CONNECTICUT, RHODE
ISLAND and NEW YORK.

Weymouth, Mass.
Nov. 26.

JOSEPH G. BRACKETT,
--- DEALER IN ---
LUMBER;
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

--- ALSO ---
Lime, Sand, Bricks and Hair.
Dimension Frames furnished at short Notice.
--- Purchasers will find it for their interest to
call and examine, before purchasing else-
where, as they will find a full assort-
ment at the lowest prices.

Quincy, June 12.

ARNOLD'S
Patent Sash Lock,
the Best Fastening for bottom or top Sashes
yet invented, sold by

JOHN O. FOYE,
Owner of the Patent Right.

--- DEALER IN ---
Hardware, Pumps, Doors, Sashes,
Blinds, Glass, &c., &c.,
Weymouth Landing, Mass.

Sept. 9.

Francis Marden
WOULD inform the public that he has recent-
ly fitted up the shop lately occupied by Mr.
SAMUEL COPPELAND, and is ready to furnish all
with Meats at the very best quality.
Quincy, April 2.

Horse and Cattle Medicines.
T. K. VERRY'S Arabian Horse Powders,
for Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Horse Ail,
&c., &c.
Verry's Horse and Cattle LOTION.
DADD'S Horse and Cattle Medicines.
For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Jan. 25.

Perfumery, Oil, etc.
CHOICEST Perfumery, Cosmetics, Hair Oil,
Hair Dye, Dentrifices, etc., at
DR. MARDEN'S.
Quincy, Dec. 10.

Blankets.
ALL sizes and qualities—just received and for
sale low, at
I. W. MUNROE'S.

Quincy, Oct. 28.

For Sale Cheap,
A LOT 4-4 DOMET FLANNEL, by
I. W. MUNROE.

Quincy, Oct. 21.

QUINCY

Marble & Granite Works.

MONUMENTS,
Grave Stones, Tablets, &c.

McGrath, Mitchell & Co.,
RESPECTFULLY invite
attention to this estab-
lishment, now opened near the
--- South Quincy Depot ---
where MONUMENTAL work
of every description, from the
simplest Grave Stone or Tablet
to the most elegant and
elaborate Monument is executed
in the very best style.

Long experience in the business,
and a thorough competency
in the Art of Designing, enables
the Contractor of these works to carry out
the ideas and suit the various tastes and requirements
of persons in all such articles.

--- ALSO ---
GRANITE WORK,
--- in all its forms ---
FRONTS FOR BUILDINGS,
MONUMENTS, STEPS,
TOMB FRONTS, FENCE POSTS,
Underpinning, Cellar Stones, etc., etc.,
furnished to order, by
C. R. & C. Mitchell.

A large collection of Monumental Designs, (all
drawn in the Establishment,) and which, as well as
the work, attest the skill and competency of the
Proprietors, are on hand, and the public are re-
spectfully invited to call and inspect them.

Orders sent by Mail will be faithfully executed
with despatch and at reasonable prices.
Quincy, July 22.

STOVES! STOVES!!
THE subscriber has
re-opened his Shop
on Hancock Street, near
opposite the Stone
Temple, where will be
found a NEW AS-
SORTMENT of
Stoves, Tin, Japan
and Britannia
Ware as can be found
in the market.

Also—Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Work done
to order, in a neat and workmanlike manner.

The subscriber would invite his old patrons and
the public generally, to give him a call where he
will be found personally to attend to them, and all
orders done to satisfaction.

The subscriber hopes by strict attention to busi-
ness and a desire to please to merit a share of public
patronage.
CHARLES HOLMES.
Quincy, July 22.

Insurance against Fire.

JAMES C. AYER,
Practical and Analytical Chemist,
LOWELL, MASS.

Price 25 Cents per Box. Five Boxes for \$1.

AYER'S
CHERRY PECTORAL,
For the rapid Cure of
COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS,
BRONCHITIS, WHOOPING-COUGH,
CROUP, ASTHMA, AND
CONSUMPTION.

This remedy has won for itself such notoriety
from its cures of every variety of pulmonary disease,
that it is entirely unnecessary to recount the evi-
dences of its virtues in any community where it
has been employed. So wide is the field of its use-
fulness, and so numerous the cases of its cures,
that almost every section of the country abounds
in persons publicly known, who have been restored
from alarming and even desperate diseases of the
lungs by its use. When once tried its superiority
over every other medicine of its kind is too appar-
ent to escape observation, and where its virtues are
known, the public no longer hesitate what antidote
to employ for the distressing and dangerous affec-
tions of the pulmonary organs which are incident
to our climate. And not only in formidable at-
tacks upon the lungs, but for the milder varieties
of COLDS, COUGHS, HOARSENESS, &c.; and for
CHILDREN it is the pleasantest and safest medicine
that is in use. It is kept up to the best that it ever
has been, and that the genuine article is sold by

Mrs. E. HAYDEN, SOLE AGENT.
Quincy, Oct. 28.

Cure for Canker, etc.
DR. WEAVER'S Canker Cure. GREN-
VILLE'S Vegetable Extract, for canker,
sores, with scurf, &c., &c.
ATWOOD'S Canker Drops.
For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Feb. 11.

Fruits.
FRESH Lemons, Oranges and Figs; also—
Dates, Prunes, Tamarinds, Eve's Apples,
etc., etc. For sale at DR. MARDEN'S,
Quincy, Dec. 10.

Blankets.
12 PAIR 10-4 heavy Whitney Blankets—
for sale at a discount.
I. W. MUNROE.
Quincy, Feb. 4.

Rats and Mice.
LYON'S MAGNETIC POWDER. For the
destruction of Rats, Mice, Moths, Bugs and
other Vermin, without poison.
Parson's and Warren's RAT EXTERMINA-
TOR, and various other articles for the same pur-
pose. For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Sept. 30.

For the Complexion.
TOMPKIN'S Orange Flower Lotion, Fon-
taine's Balm of a Thousand Flowers, Milk
of Roses, Amaline for Tan Sunburn &c., &c. For
sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, May 7.

Butter! Butter!!
30 TO 40 tubs of first rate DAIRY
BUTTER, for sale cheap
for cash by D. BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, Oct. 29.

Cramps, Pains, etc.
DYER'S Healing Embrocation, for External
and Internal Use, to relieve cramps, pains,
rheumatism, etc., etc. Put up in bottles of three
drams—small for trial bottles.
Also—CRAPO'S LINIMENT.
For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Feb. 11.

Pills and Bitters—Sick Headache.
DR. SOULE'S Oriental Sovereign Balm Pills.
DR. HOOFLAND'S German Balm Pills.
DR. EASTMAN'S Celebrated SICK HEADACHE
REMEDY.
For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Jan. 23.

AYER'S

PILLS.

FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A
FAMILY PHYSIC.

There has long existed a public demand for an
effective purgative pill which could be relied on as
safe and perfectly safe in its operation. This has
been prepared to meet that demand, and an exten-
sive trial of its virtues has conclusively shown with
what success it accomplishes the purpose designed.
It is easy to make a physical pill, but not easy to
make the best of all pills—one which should have
none of the objections, but all the advantages, of
every other. This has been attempted here, and
with what success we would respectfully submit to
the public decision. It has been unfortunate for
the patient hitherto that almost every purgative
medicine is acrimonious and irritating to the bow-
els. This is not. Many of our modern purgatives
griping pain and revulsion in the system as to more
than this. These pills produce no irritation or pain,
unless it arise from a previously existing obstruc-
tion or derangement in the bowels. Being purely
vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any
quantity; but it is better that any medicine should
be taken judiciously. Minute directions for their
use in the several diseases to which they are ap-
plicable are given on the box. Among the com-
plaints which have been speedily cured by them, we
may mention Liver Complaint, in its various forms
of Jaundice, Indigestion, Langour and Loss of Ap-
petite, Listlessness, Irritability, Bilious Headache,
Bilious Fever, Fever and Ague, Pains in the Side
and Loins; for, in truth, all these are but the con-
sequence of diseased action in the liver. As an
aperient they afford prompt and sure relief in Con-
stipation, Piles, Colic, Dysentery, Hemorrhoids, Scru-
la and Scoury, Colds with soreness of the body,
Ulcers and impurity of the blood; in short, any
and every case where a purgative is required.

They have also produced some singularly suc-
cessful cures in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel,
Erysipelas, Pimples of the Face, Pains in the
Back, Stomach, and Side. They should be freely
taken in the spring of the year, to purify the blood
and prepare the system for the change of seasons.
An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and
bowels into healthy action, and restores the ap-
petite and vigor. They purify the blood, and by their
stimulating action on the circulatory system, re-
new the strength of the body, and restore the
wasted or dissipated energies of the whole organism.
Hence an occasional dose is advantageous, even
though no serious derangement exists; but un-
necessary dosing should never be carried too far,
as every purgative medicine reduces the strength,
when taken to excess. The thousands of cases in which
a physic is required cannot be enumerated here, but
they suggest themselves to the reason of every
body; and it is confidently believed this pill will
answer a better purpose than any thing which has
hitherto been available to mankind. When their
virtues are once known, the public will no longer
doubt what remedy to employ in need of a
cathartic medicine. Being sugar-wrapped they are
pleasant to take, and being purely vegetable, no
harm can arise from their use in any quantity.
For minute directions see wrapper on the Box.

Prepared by
JAMES C. AYER,
Practical and Analytical Chemist,
LOWELL, MASS.

Price 25 Cents per Box. Five Boxes for \$1.

AYER'S
CHERRY PECTORAL,
For the rapid Cure of
COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS,
BRONCHITIS, WHOOPING-COUGH,
CROUP, ASTHMA, AND
CONSUMPTION.

This remedy has won for itself such notoriety
from its cures of every variety of pulmonary disease,
that it is entirely unnecessary to recount the evi-
dences of its virtues in any community where it
has been employed. So wide is the field of its use-
fulness, and so numerous the cases of its cures,
that almost every section of the country abounds
in persons publicly known, who have been restored
from alarming and even desperate diseases of the
lungs by its use. When once tried its superiority
over every other medicine of its kind is too appar-
ent to escape observation, and where its virtues are
known, the public no longer hesitate what antidote
to employ for the distressing and dangerous affec-
tions of the pulmonary organs which are incident
to our climate. And not only in formidable at-
tacks upon the lungs, but for the milder varieties
of COLDS, COUGHS, HOARSENESS, &c.; and for
CHILDREN it is the pleasantest and safest medicine
that is in use. It is kept up to the best that it ever
has been, and that the genuine article is sold by

Mrs. E. HAYDEN, SOLE AGENT.
Quincy, Oct. 28.

Cure for Canker, etc.
DR. WEAVER'S Canker Cure. GREN-
VILLE'S Vegetable Extract, for canker,
sores, with scurf, &c., &c.
ATWOOD'S Canker Drops.
For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Feb. 11.

Fruits.
FRESH Lemons, Oranges and Figs; also—
Dates, Prunes, Tamarinds, Eve's Apples,
etc., etc. For sale at DR. MARDEN'S,
Quincy, Dec. 10.

Blankets.
12 PAIR 10-4 heavy Whitney Blankets—
for sale at a discount.
I. W. MUNROE.
Quincy, Feb. 4.

Rats and Mice.
LYON'S MAGNETIC POWDER. For the
destruction of Rats, Mice, Moths, Bugs and
other Vermin, without poison.
Parson's and Warren's RAT EXTERMINA-
TOR, and various other articles for the same pur-
pose. For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Sept. 30.

For the Complexion.
TOMPKIN'S Orange Flower Lotion, Fon-
taine's Balm of a Thousand Flowers, Milk
of Roses, Amaline for Tan Sunburn &c., &c. For
sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, May 7.

Butter! Butter!!
30 TO 40 tubs of first rate DAIRY
BUTTER, for sale cheap
for cash by D. BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, Oct. 29.

Cramps, Pains, etc.
DYER'S Healing Embrocation, for External
and Internal Use, to relieve cramps, pains,
rheumatism, etc., etc. Put up in bottles of three
drams—small for trial bottles.
Also—CRAPO'S LINIMENT.
For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Feb. 11.

Apothecary Store.

MRS. E. HAYDEN returns thanks to her
friends and the public, for their long-contin-
ued patronage, and offers an enlarged stock of im-
proved Family Medicines, selected
with care.

Also—various articles for
invalids, Pearl and prepared
Barley, Farina, Grounds, cracked
Wheat, Sago, Tapioca, Oat-
flour, Corn Starch, Broma, &c.
Jellies, Raspberry and Lemon
Syrup, Guava Paste, &c.
Shoulder Braces and Sup-
porters of various kinds, Gum
Elastic Breast Pumps, Glass
Pipes and bells, patent Nurs-
ing Shields, Tubes, and Bot-
tles, spread Plasters, Glass
and Metal Syringes, Bed-pans, Horsehair Mit-
tens, Flesh Brushes, &c., &c.
Fresh European Leeches always on hand.
Physicians' prescriptions put up with care and
attention.

She is also receiving the new and popular me-
dicine of the day, as they appear in this and other
States. Washington St., rear of Stone Temple.
Quincy, Nov. 1.

IMPORTANT
TO THE
Farmer, Farrier & Stage Proprietor.

GEO.